forward, as in their complete originality. For the most pare, the paper offords highly interesting reading and food for reliection. The following will show the view of the enter in relation to a future state:—"The pody is creat d for no purpose but to become a mould in which to cast a soul. It is a mere mould for such a casting, and it is destacyed as soon as the casting is completed. In all the conditions of life there is merely a common understanding that our lives are in some way necessary for the preparation of a life beyond the death that awaits all."

Formic Adid is recommended as the most rapid destroyer of bacteria.

SHEEP'S HORN is used in Lyons for making horse shoes which will retard slipping on smooth pavements.

A French Balloon, reported to have travelled several miles in a pre-determined course against the wind, has faited on a second trial.

A RUSSIAN AERONALT is constructing a cigar shaped balloon which is to carry sails, hold a steam engine, a crew of 16 men and a large amount of ballast.

LUMINOUS key hole trimmings and door knobs are said to be in great favor with bibulous inclined persons, and convenient for others. They are made of glass, covered with luminous paint, and may be seen on the darkest nights.

EYCICLE CAPABILITIES may be considered as amongst the wonders of the age. The distance between London and Edinburg, 400 miles, has been covered in two days and nine hours, considerably more than half the distance reing travelled in the first twenty-four hours.

## MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A Psychial Society is to be organized in Montreal. Will not some one move for one in Toronto?

Chatham, Ont., is agitating the subject of a water-suppry.

An international health exhibition s proposed for New York city.

The health o-neer of St. P all intends to prosecute for h gleet in the proper construction and location of cesspools.

The socitary department of Memphis spent last year \$39,681.72. The M impoians believe theirs is the cleaness city in the world.

Is Boston, an asso iation has been f rmed with a capital stock of \$250,000, in shares of \$100, to provide homes f r the working population of that city.

Sir Messs Monrestore, at the age of one hundred, has recovered from a severe artack of pneumonia.

Miss Form, a young teacher in Massachusetts, recently marshalled three hundred and fifty children in the s hool building, that was already a sheet of flame, with such order and discipline that every child was saved.

A CASE of scarlet fever in a canary is reported (Brit. Med. Jane.). The bird was in a room where two children lay sick with the disease. Its skin became bright scarlet, its throat apparently sore, and it finally died.

A CHILD recently died in St. Louis, Mo., from narcotism, superinduced by doses of Bull's cough syrup.

A LADIES' Protective Health Association has been organized and will be incorporated in New York city.

Saginaw, Mich., a city of 30,000 inhabitants, has fourteen and a half miles of sewers.

The Glasgow sanitary protection association has 206 members.

FALSE ECONOMY.—Horace Mann says: "Seeing that the atmosphere is forty miles deep all around the globe, it is a useless piece of economy to breathe it more than once."

St. Louis, Mo., has 7,000 wells and an effort is being made to have them filled up where hydrant water can easily be obtained. At a special meeting of the medico-chirurgical society of that city it was voted that all wells and vaults in the city should be closed at the earliest possible moment, in view of the probable appearance of cholera in the spring

A CONSERENCE of local boards of health in Minnesota will be held in St. Paul during this winter.

The outbreak of the p culiar and fat il disease in Vir inta and K ntucky, according to the Philadelphia Medeal Times is attributed to a prolonged drought, which has made the water supply low, the streams being more than usually charged with mineral and vegetable substances.

OF THE SMALL-POX in Hungerford, the medical health officer of that municipality reports that there were 205 cases of small-pox in the township during the recent epidemic. Of these 46 proved f.tal. Phere had been probably 12 deaths from the disease in other townships.

M. Pasteun andicipates (Secentific American) that bisulps ide of carbon will become the most efficaerons of all antiseptics, as it is also the cheapest, costing but a marion of a penny per pound in large quantity. It is also the best insecticide known, and for this purpo e may perhaps be useful to preserve woodwirk in tropical countries. As first produced it is very foul smelling but it is capable of purification till all offensive odor is removed, and is sufficiently pure almost to mix with a performe. It will probably also prove a cheap and valuable disinf count for disinfecting rooms in which patients have suffered from contagi us diseases. Indeed it is recommended by Pasteur and others for this purpose and as the least injurious to the furniture, or articles of metal in the room.