

Malarial Neuralgia.—Papine in one or two teaspoonsful doses every three hours.

Peritonitis.—Begin with one teaspoonful every two hours, increasing the dose to three and four teaspoonsful every three hours.

INFANTILE DIARRHOEA.

By G. L. HAGEN, M.D., Minneapolis, Minn.

Your product, Glyco-Thymoline, has proven in my hands the best remedial agent in all cases where the different mucous membranes are involved in a catarrhal and inflamed condition. I could give you several cases in which I have used Glyco-Thymoline with brilliant results but will relate one extremely chronic case.

A three months' old bottle fed baby in the month of August, 1906, had chronic infantile diarrhoea and inanition. I used everything known in the line of artificial food products and every other remedial agent to suit the case but with no improvement. His mouth at last got so inflamed that even water seemed to irritate it and he could not retain anything. He was a mere bunch of small bones—everything but dead. I then began to give him the following treatment:

R Glyco-Thymoline.....	3 i
Mel. Despumatum.....	3 i ss.
Aquae dist.....	q.s.a.d. 3 iv

M. Sig. one teaspoonful every two hours. The baby made a rapid and complete recovery and is to-day the finest little patient I have ever had.

H. K. MULFORD'S SCIENTIFIC EXHIBIT.

DEAR SIR,—The object of our scientific Exhibit at the recent annual meeting of the American Medical Association at Chicago, was to illustrate by specimens, models and descriptions the production of Antitoxin, curative sera, smallpox vaccine, bacterial vaccines and tuberculin. The exhibit is part of the permanent museum now being developed in connection with our Scientific Department and School of Instruction. Hitherto, it has been considered necessary by manufacturers to conceal their methods as far as possible with the view of protecting capital invested in the business. We are making a radical departure from this and have adopted a new way, namely, the way of publicity, believing that the more physicians have the opportunity of knowing just what we are doing and how we are doing it, the greater will be the confidence of the profession