

during the last three days has been only seven ounces. Died quietly at 9.45 a.m. to-day.

AUTOPSY 48 HOURS AFTER DEATH.

Kidneys, right.—Small, lobulated externally. To the feel, apparently made up of purulent cysts. On section the whole organ is seen to be converted into a mass of cysts, containing a fluid through which numerous white flocculi are scattered. The fluid is not properly pus. The cysts are about a dozen in number, averaging the size of a walnut, and communicating together; their walls are in places infiltrated with tuberculous matter, and on stripping off the capsule numerous tubercular masses are found on the surface of the cortex. **Left.** Very large, more than three times the size of the right. On section, the pelvis is dilated, the walls thick, covered with a dirty exudation of a greyish colour. The calyces are also dilated, and their walls in a similar condition. The pyramids are injected and contain in many places small round collections of pus. Throughout the cortex, which is swollen, numerous suppurating foci exist. On stripping off the capsule, the surface of the organ is found studded over with similar bodies. Many of them came away with the capsule looking like small tubercles in its substance. Section of these white masses in the kidneys shows them to be firm and usually solid throughout, occasionally softened in the centre, in which case the periphery is dense, from which it would appear that the pathological process is *tubercular* not suppurating.

Bladder.—Mucous membrane roughened and ulcerated. The healthy portions of the membrane are reddened and injected. Quite three-fourths of the entire membrane is destroyed by ulceration, the destruction having extended in many places deep into the muscular walls.

Lungs contained a few scattered small masses of caseous tubercle. With this exception there was nothing abnormal in the general condition of the other organs,