welfare by the Colonial Committee. It will be noticed that the Commilice are not only desirons of sending out Missionaries, and maintaining them till settled, but also of aiding in the erection of churches and assisting weak congregations to support their ministers.

It will bo noticed that the allowanco by the Committee to the missionary of $£ 150$ per annum closes on lis taking a charge. This should net as an incentive to vacant congregations to offer a respectable incomo to their ministers, at least equal to the stipend secured by the Committeo. There is now every prospect of our receiving a grod supply of labourers; let our people show their gratitude for this seasomable help by liberality. The memoranda are as follow:

## colontat cillincies.

The attention of intending candidates for Colonial appointments is directed to the following statement:-

## yevorasda.

1. The Crlonial Committee of the Church of Scotland allow their missionarics in British America 5150 sterling per annum.
2. The allowance for Outfit, in addition to Passage-money, is f25.
3. The missionaries appointeci are directed to labour under and trithin tho bounds of some Presbytery, and are requested to send to the Committee certificatot from the Presbytery, within whose bounds they are employed, previously to drawing their half-year's salary.
4. In the event of missionaries receiving n call to any fixed charge in the colonies, the arrangement made with the Committec terminates.
5. The appointments made to other parts of tho world are in all cases to fired charges. These appointments, then racant, are adrertised. The Outfit allowance to the West Indics is $£ 30$; to Australia and Ceylon, $£ 35$.
c. Licentiates and Ministers, desirous of devoting themselres to missionary rork, must send in their applications, with Presbyterial certificate and other testimonials, to the Secretary, Gunerni Assembly's Colonin! Committee, 22 Queen Street Edinburgh.
GRANTS IS ADD OF SALAIE:

Tho Committee are prepared to cousiaicr applications from any Coloninl Congregation unable from its ourn resources to provide a sufficient stipend for its minister, prorided these applications be approved of and strongly recommended by the Presbytery of the bounds.

## meildng grants.

The Colonial Committec are prepared to consider applicatious for aid in erecting suitablo places of roorship in the Colonics. But theso grants are in no instance made-1. Until the Presbytery of the bounds certify the necessity of tho casc. 2. Till such a sum be contributed bs the people themselves as, with the donation granted by the Committec, rill leare the cdifice cntirely frec of debz. 3. Until a certified copy of the title-deceds, inalienably nttaching the building to the Church of Scotland, be transmitted to the Committec.
J. C. FOFFLER, L.L. D.,

Conrencr.
THE FRENCTI MISSION.
In the present number we insert the Report of the Commiture on the French

[^0]Mission as submitted to the last meeting of the Synod, together with the Synod's deliverance upon it. We do so in the hope that the strtements contained therein may meet with the altention they deservc. The Mission is a móst important and interesting one; the Church is pledged, solemnly and repeatedly pledged, to its prosecution. At present it may be said to be in a state of incipient resuscitation, having had to struggle in its past history with difficulties and reverses that had well nigh threatened its utter extinction from among the Christian enterprises of our Church. The Committee have formed new plans and are making new experiments, in the carrying out of which they study anaiously and prayerfally so to act as to command the fullest approbation of their Christian brethren; they are pre-pared-past experience has taught them to prepare-to work and to wait patiently, being fully aware of the strong opposition which from the very nature of the Mission must be encountered, yet confident that the cause they have espoused is one which the Lord will own by ultimately bleesing the labours of such as are faithfully engaged in promoting it. Their chief anxiety arises, it is mortifying to conless, from the backivardness which exists throughout the Church to supply them with the necessary funds; they have come under an obligation of $£ 60$ to Mr . Leger for his services as Catechist during the summer months; yet this small expenditure they will be unable to meet unless a more general support be given them. By act of Synod an annual collection is appointed to be made for this Miesion on the first Sabbath of Junc. That day is long past for the present year, and all that has been received, as will be seen by the Treasurer's acknowiedgments in this number, is $£ 21$. ls. 3 d . The Church has approved of the plans of the Committee; yet the Church is leaving the Committee to incur pecuniary obligitions with the paltriest promise of aid. Present eflouts will be fruitless uniess they can be continued without interruptior ; the interruption most to be lamented is at present an empty treasury, Mr. Leger returns to College at the commencement of the ensuing sessron. Is the Mission to come to a stand-still then? The Committce are seeking the assistance of a new labourer ; they have received good testimony in favour of one whose services are immediately arailable; but what promise can thes give of anything like support? Congregations that have made no collection or contribution, are most carnestly implored to do so; and there should be no delay in forwarding any sums that may be raised. Do not say it in a good cause and leave the Committec without the means of prosecuting it; let not Ministers in Srnod. give their approval of the Commitice's operations and views, and out of Spnoll give no opportunity to their congregations of doing something to further them.

LETTER FROM INDIA-THE CALOUTTA ORPHANAGE.-PLEADING FOR PRAY-ER.-APPEAl TO OPEN A SCHOOL.
While all eyes are looking engerly towards India, the ensuing letter from Calcutta, with which we have beon favoured, will be read with deep interest, and wo trust that many will respond earnestly to the appeal with which the letter closes, "Pray for us." The struggle seems to be indeed betwean light and darkness. Old customs are falling, idolatry is shaken to its base, and is putting forth a derperate efiori to regain supremacy. We doubt not it will be frustrated, for we know that in lis own good time " the idols He shall utterly abolish."

We direct particular attention to the appeal for aid to open a "Camadian School," so pointedly urged by Miss Itebron.

One of our wealthier congregations could easily spare $\mathfrak{£ 3 0}$ per annum for that purpose, or several could unite, and thus easily overtake it. We will gladly receive contributions for this object, no matter however small in amount, or partics feeling interested may correspond with Mr. l'aton, Kingston, who would have pleasure in arranging the ananner of supporting it. Neanwhile, now that so many of our children have their hearts knit to the cause of Indian Missions, there is the more urgent call upon us to pray for the missionaries in India and to be instant in supplication to the Father of Mercies that He would bring light ut of darkness, and restoro peace to that benighted land.

## SCOTTISI ORPHANAGE, <br> io Lowra Crbcclar Road <br> Carcetra, lith June, 1857.

Jy dear Sin,-It gave me great pleasure to recerive your letter of the 4 th of April, and, as thereby an opening has been made of direct communication between the Orplanage and Canada, I beg to offer my thanks and kind Christian regards to yourself, and the sereral Churcles, for the warm interest they have taken in this Institution. It will indeed gire me great plea:uro to correspond with you from time to time. On looking over your list, I find me barc only 6 names out of the 18, two are no more-but I write to Mr. Wright by the last mail that I had got another child in the stcad of Mary Hamitton (deccased), called by the same name, for the Hamilton School children, and, as Mr. Wright snid you wisked for a pronising child, ns you wished her to bo brought up as a tcacher, I haro appropriated this one to Canada as sho is quick and lively. Most of the Indian children are slow and apathetic, but there aro exceptions, and these I endearour to bring ap as icachers. Wo have a Normal class, and, when thes are a little adranced in their studies $\pi \mathrm{c}$, , place them there. As soon as I haro another unappropriated child, I shall put her in the place of Catherine Mathicson, as we are trying to fill up the old list before making over L $^{-}-$fresh names.
Te hare lost 9 cciluren siace Norember, 1856. Sume died of Smail Pox, and others from the effects of the discase. I am thankful to Eay they are all in good licalth at present 48 in number. You nok in jour letter Whether there is an opening for a teacher or catechist; we shall indecd be thankfal if yoa mill sapport a teacher. Besides the Orphenage I haro three


[^0]:    - The Ontat allorance is in all rases understood to which crpenses infurred In traveiling to the port from

