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Sells it
per pound.

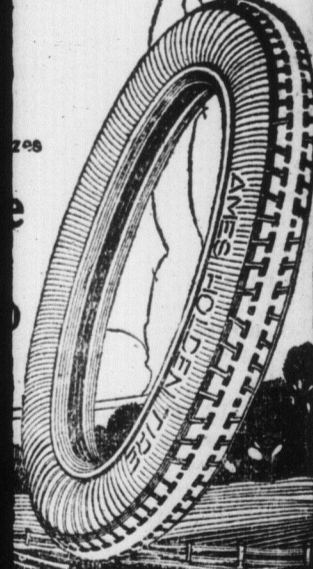
Ferrys
Seeds in Stock

Wheelbarrows
Plowers
Garden Planters
Saw Engines
Green Doors
Hammocks

of builders
Kitchen
Angs

HEEMAN
CHINERY
N. S.

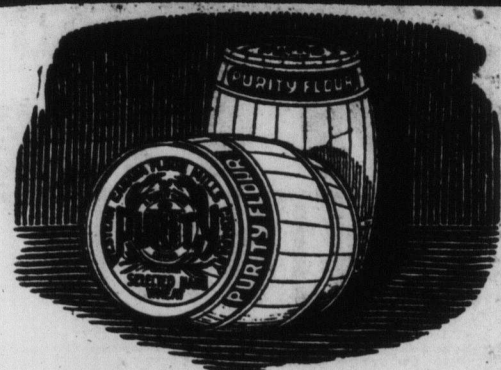
ATM
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LES

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job.
a "SHARPLES"
e, no pulsaters, just
lamp socket.
h a "SHARPLES"
clean at any speed.
il or a call from our

n Bros.
Berwick, N. S.



A barrel of Purity Flour makes more, larger, lighter loaves than a barrel of ordinary flour because Purity Flour is milled to perfection from the famous, hard, glutinous wheat of Western Canada.

PURITY FLOUR

"More Bread and Better Bread"



The Golden Glow

A cup of Blue Bird Orange Pekoe sends a warm radiance, a glow, a gentle uplift above trouble that seems like a golden glow.

Blue Bird Tea

"Brings Happiness"

Why the Ford is the "Universal Car"

Because the simplicity of the Ford Car adapts it to every driver.
—because the power of the Ford car carries it wherever the driver wants to go.
—because its durability and rugged strength make it the car for every condition or usage.
—because of its low first cost and low cost of operation and maintenance. The Ford Car is a good car for you to own.

FORD PRICES— Touring Car, \$675; Runabout, \$615; Coupe, \$1,100; Sedan, \$1,200; Chassis, \$850; Truck Chassis, \$750. Prices are F. O. B., Ford, Ont.

L. B. DODGE, Ford Dealer
MIDDLETON, N. S.

SLAUGHTER SALE

On and after **May 18th**, all goods in my store will be sold at a
25 Per Cent Discount, for Cash, Until June 1st.
Call and select your **SUMMER SUITS, OVERCOATS and GENTS' FURNISHINGS** while they last.

G. O. THIES
MERCHANT TAILOR
RALPH PLANE, Manager

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BRIAR PIPES

A new line of
CIGARS in boxes of 10 especially put up for picnic and auto trips.
O. P. COVERT, Hair Dresser and Tobacconist
Sole Agent and Dealer in Booster the Great Hair Restorer.

Of interest to Farmers

RECOGNIZING BROOD DISEASES OF BEES

(Experimental Farms Note.)
Identification is the first step in the control and eradication of the brood diseases of bees. A wrong diagnosis, especially where American foul brood is concerned, may result in spreading instead of controlling the disease.
There are three diseases affecting the brood of bees and usually the main characters are sufficient to determine which disease is present. To be able to detect any unnatural condition in the brood it is necessary to know the appearance of healthy brood.

The healthy larva, up to the time it is capped over, lies curled up in the base of the cell and is of a glistening pearly white colour. As soon as it is capped over it assumes a lengthwise position in the cell preparatory to transformation to a pupa. Cappings over healthy brood are uniform in convexity and colour; the latter, however, may vary from yellow to dark brown according to the age of the comb.

Brood affected with American foul brood usually dies after it is sealed over. The cappings covering dead brood are darker and more concave than those covering healthy brood. These cappings may also be perforated. The dead larva or pupa will be stretched out along the lower wall of the cell. It will be dark brown in colour and strikingly viscid, so that if a splint of wood is thrust into the dead larva and then slowly withdrawn, the decaying mass will rope out in a fine thread to one or more inches in length. The dead larva dries up and forms a dark coloured scale extending along the lower wall of the cell. These scales are difficult to remove without breaking the cell wall. A disagreeable odour is always present with the disease.

European foul brood may be recognized by the fact that the larva usually dies before it is capped over. Affected larvae change from white to light yellow in colour and assume unnatural positions in the cell. Later the colour changes to gray or brown and the larvae sink down and form a greasy-looking mass in the bottom of the cell. Some of the larvae retain the curled up position and gradually dry up and form grayish-brown scales that have a segmented appearance. In some cases a slight viscidness may be present, but the dead mass does not stretch out as in American foul brood. The threads are lumpy and formed by the dead larvae drying up and are easily removed from the cells, therefore very few scales may be present. A putrefactive odour is sometimes present.

Larvae dead of Sacbrood will be found in both capped and uncapped cells. The position of the larvae will be lengthwise in the cells, with the anterior end turned towards the upper wall of the cell. The colour may vary from light brown to almost black. After death the body wall becomes toughened, so that the larvae may be easily removed intact. After removal from the cell the dead larva looks like a small closed sac. The scales are black in colour and are easily removed by the bees; therefore, scales may not be present. There is no ropiness or odour with sacbrood.

C. B. GOODERHAM, Apiarist

THE FOURTH SPRAY

By G. E. Sanders.

From ten days to two weeks after the blossoms fall this spray should be applied.

A Bordeaux made up of 3 lbs. of bluestone, 10 lbs. of hydrated lime, 1 lb. of arsenate of lime to 40 gallons of water should be used.

It is dangerous to use lime sulphur at this period and soluble sulphur does not remain efficient over long enough periods to make it desirable for the last summer application.

The use of Bordeaux at this period gives practically no fruit russeting, while its superior lasting qualities make it particularly desirable for use at this period.

The arsenate of lime will at this period control the Tussock moth and fall webworm better than at any other period and will to a great extent control Green fruit worms, Budmoths and Codling Moth. Bordeaux at this period controls pit or Brooks fruit spot better than at any other and Bordeaux is superior to any other spray in the control of this disease.

Which spray is most important in the control of apple scab of course depends on weather conditions. It may be the first, the second, the third or the fourth. One thing is certain the fourth spray has to give protection over a longer period than any other, and Bordeaux is recognized as being a better sticker and remaining efficient as a fungicide over a longer period than sulphide sprays.

In the control of storage rots and inky spot which develops in storage, Bordeaux applied as a fourth or fifth spray is most efficient. Bordeaux will usually prevent any trace of inky spot whereas sulphide sprays do not last long enough to greatly retard it. Bordeaux sprayed applied will usually develop only about one-third the amount of rot in storage as those sprayed with sulphur sprays or unsprayed.

If dust is being used instead of liquid sprays, use more material than on the earlier applications, and try to apply it on a damp as well as a still morning in order to get the best adherence. Copper arsenic or Bordeaux dust has always proved a better fungicide than sulphur dust and at this period will give practically no russeting.

In using dust at this period, it would of course be best to make two applications on different mornings when the air draft was in opposite directions.

The Teacher's Impression!

The restless nature of the doctor's son made him something of a torment to his teacher at times, and one afternoon he kept him after the others were dismissed and had a serious talk with him. She was a little afraid that her admonitions were falling on stony ground and finally said: "I certainly will have to ask your father to come and see me."

"Don't do it," said the boy. The teacher thought she had made an impression.

"Yes," she repeated, "I must send for your father."

"You better not," said the boy. "Why not?" inquired the teacher.

"Cause he charges \$2 a visit," said the scamp.

SOAKS HIS BREAD

An Englishman signed the pledge after much persuasion on the part of a clergyman, but the minister saw the man's daughter hastening homeward with a pail of beer. He stopped and said:—"My dear child, where are you taking that beer?"

"Home—to father."
"But surely your father doesn't drink beer after signing the pledge?"

"Oh, no, sir," said the girl. "He doesn't drink it. He only soaks his bread in it."

Where Hell Is

A young man, converted during appeal evangelistic meetings, held in a mining village, desirous of doing something for God, bought some tracts. He was distributing these books one day when he met some of his old companions, who derided him, as he spoke to them of Jesus.
"Here," said one of his companions, "can you tell me where hell is?"
After a moment's hesitation, the young man looked up and said: "Yes, it's at the end of a Christmas life."

NOT A STANDING ADVERTISEMENT

The proprietor of the second-hand store was not as tidy as he might have been. One day, while standing in front of the store, a man approached him and said:

"Have ye any clean shirts in yer shop?"

"Sure I have," answered the clothing man, anxious for a sale. "Lots of them; as clean as anything."

"Well," said the man, moving away, "go in and put one of them on."

EMBARGO ON EXPORT TAX ON CANADIAN PULPWOOD

Anyone who can travel on our railroads and see the immense amount of pulpwood piled alongside the tracks all through Quebec, Ontario, and New Brunswick for shipment out of the country, or who will visit Sherbrooks, Campbellton, or McAdam in the busy seasons and see trainloads after trainloads of pulpwood being shipped away from our Canadian mills, or will visit our seaports and see steamer loads after steamer loads shipped to Portland, Maine, and knowing that every trainload and every steamerload is shortening the life of our pulp and paper and lumber industries, and can see this all going on and not lift a hand to help stay the same, is to say the least, not a good Canadian.

The American mills in their activity for the removal of the embargo on the shipment of Crown land wood do not expect to succeed in having any restrictions removed, but are simply agitating this generation with the hope that it may prevent the placing of a further embargo or export tax on the shipment of fee land wood, which is now furnishing them with a million and a quarter cords of pulpwood annually and shortening the life of our own mills to this same extent.

This agitation is instigated principally by one of the larger American paper companies that has a small supply on its own lands in the United States and is, therefore, selfishly interested. Many American manufacturers freely admit that they are surprised that Canada has not taken steps to prevent the export of pulpwood long before this.

Our first duty should be to stop the shipment of raw wood out of the country; our second, renewed and increased fire protection for our forests; our third, reforestation.

I say first stop the shipment of wood. Why should we protect our forests from fire and plant seedlings while we are continually shipping mature trees out of the country faster than we are planting them?

The next matter of importance, is the retention for our own manufacturers of our other raw materials, and the further development of our coal mines and water powers.

Furthermore, as far as possible, our railroads should be run by electricity rather than by coal. We are saving that we should make by the prevention of the loss of the timber alone, which is burned up annually by our railroads, would more than pay the interest on the entire cost for their electrification.

An actual embargo is the only measure that will prevent the shipment of raw pulpwood to the United States. However, an export tax of \$10.00 per cord is the next best measure. This would not check shipment in any way, but would at least give Canada an additional revenue of \$12,000,000 per year on the million and a quarter cords now being shipped annually to the United States. This \$10.00 per cord would simply be paid by the American consumer, so that, by the imposition of this tax, no Canadian interest would be affected or injured in the slightest degree, and the country would be receiving some slight compensation for the loss of one of its most valuable assets.

Surely a measure that will increase Canada's revenue to the amount of \$12,000,000 without detriment to any one in the Dominion calls for immediate enactment.

FRANK J. D. BARNJUM
Annapolis Royal, N. S.
May 20th, 1921.

VISITING THE VALLEY

Mrs. Horace MacDongall and Miss Linda Whidden, both of Truro, were in Halifax Wednesday. They have been on a motor trip through the Annapolis Valley accompanied by Master Ernest Shatford of Acadia School.

OTHER TABLETS NOT ASPIRIN AT ALL

Only Tablets with "Bayer Cross" are Genuine Aspirin



If you don't see the "Bayer Cross" on the tablets, you are not getting Aspirin—only an acid imitation.

The "Bayer Cross" is your only way of knowing that you are getting genuine Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and proved safe by millions for Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and Pain generally. Made in Canada, the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company, Ltd., will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn* In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

Exact Copy of Wrapper. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Farms Wanted

We have over 1000 inquiries in our office for Valley Real Agency such as the following:
A Scotch immigrant now living in Truro wishes a small farm capable of carrying five or six cows with poultry, small fruit and some orchard, price \$4000 to \$4500, about \$3000 to pay down.
A St. John man wants large mixed farm, price about \$8000 will pay \$5000 cash.
A former Nova Scotian, now living in Saskatchewan wants nicely located small fruit farm with good buildings, price \$5000 to \$7000, will pay cash in full.
A North Sydney man wants small place near town, suitable for gardening and poultry with small orchard, location near sea or river, required cash to pay down about \$3000.
Cumberland County man wants \$4000 stock farm with large pasture.
Man from New Germany will pay cash for small, well located mixed farm with some pasture, price about \$3500.
Dartmouth man will pay \$1500 cash on good mountain farm.
Manitoba farmer wants first-class fruit and mixed farm near High School, will pay \$10,000 cash.
Man from Alberta has \$2000 to pay on small fruit farm near Lawrence town or Berwick.
Man from Morley, Colorado, will pay \$3000 on 100-acre farm, half tillable, balance wood and timber.
Let us sell your place. Write for terms.

Valley Real Estate Agency
(Head Office, Wolfville)
KENNETH ILLSLEY BRIDGETOWN, N. S.

ALL KINDS OF
STAPLE GROCERIES
AND
Four, Feed, Etc.
GROCERY

Sporting Goods

When you are ready to take that fishing trip, don't forget WE can supply you with Rods, Lines, Reels, Flies, Casts, Landing Nets, Baskets, Hooks, etc.
How about your baseball supplies? We have a full stock, the D & M "Lucky Dog" line. The best made for the money. Look them over.
Tennis rackets and balls, Bicycle and Bicycle supplies.

MAGEE & CHARLTON
Hardware, Stoves, Ranges and Kitchen Furnishings
Cut Glass, Silverware and Fancy Goods
QUEEN STREET BRIDGETOWN