

FRENCH ADVANCES PAVING WAY FOR BRITISH OFFENSIVE WALKERVILLE FACTORY BLOWN UP BY BOMB ATTEMPT MADE TO DYNAMITE WINDSOR ARMORIES

TORIES TRYING COME-BACK IN MANITOBA CASE

Fourteen Private Members
Bring Sensational Charges
Against Both Parties.

AGREEMENT IS ALLEGED
Counsel Accuses Government
and Opposition of Wrong-
ful Bargains.

[Canadian Press.]
Winnipeg, June 21.—Sensational charges were made before the royal commission this morning by C. P. Fullerton, K. C., of Winnipeg, who said he represented fourteen private members of the Legislature. Fullerton charged an agreement had been entered into between the two political parties in Manitoba some time ago through which the Roblin Government was to pay \$50,000 to the Opposition in return for which all election protests were to be dropped. He charged that along in 1915 an agreement was entered into between the Government and certain members of the present Government, whereby a royal commission's inquiry was to be dropped and civil action instituted against Thomas Kelly & Sons. According to this agreement, he said, there were to be enough resignations of Conservative members in the Legislature to give the new Government a majority without an election. The Opposition, he claimed, was permitted to dictate the terms of the statement announcing the old Government's resignation.

His Statement.
Fullerton's statement follows: "Before the regular work of the commission is taken up, I wish to make a statement respecting certain matters of vital importance to the people of this province, I speak on behalf of private members of the Conservative party. "I have here a petition signed by them, which I propose to read to the commission, before doing so permit me to indicate to you in general my reason for appearing before you. You must be aware that for some time past rumors have been current, both in the press and on the street, to the effect that the present Government obtained power by an agreement entered into between the late cabinet and certain members of the Opposition."

People Concerned.
"The people of this province are concerned to know if there is any foundation for such rumors. I appear before this commission for the purpose of obtaining permission to present to you evidence which, in my opinion, will establish beyond a shadow of doubt that the rumor in question is thoroughly well founded, and that the present Government did obtain office by virtue of agreement made with the late Government. Briefly stated, the facts which, if given an opportunity, I am prepared to establish are the following:

The "Facts".
"First—Some months prior to the last sittings of the House an agreement was made between the late Government and the Opposition, whereby, in consideration of the payment by the late Government to the then Opposition the sum of \$50,000, all (Continued on Page Three.)

NOTHING DEFINITE WILL BE SAID IN GERMAN'S REPLY

It Will Call on the United
States for Further
Particulars.

NO FORMAL EXCHANGES

American Embassy and Ger-
man Foreign Office Hold
No Discussions.

[Special Cable to The Advertiser, by
Gar W. Ackerman.]
Berlin, via The Hague, June 21.—Germany intends to discuss several points, covering the whole question of naval warfare, with the United States before making a definite statement of her future policy concerning submarine operations.

The next communication sent to Washington probably will open this discussion. Germany's reply is still in conversational stages. We learned today that thus far there have been no formal exchanges between the American embassy and German foreign office, such as prefaced the reply to the first American note.

The Kaiser is still at the Gallipoli front. It is possible that he will not confer with Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerland, Ambassador Bernstorff's special envoy, until after the German reply is sent to Washington. This circumstance confirms previous reports that the next German reply will not be final, but will call for further interchanges.

TERRIFIC VOLCANIC ERUPTION OFF JAPAN

Sun Obscured by Dense Smoke and Pillar of Fire, While
Huge Rocks and Lava Rain Into the Sea.

[Canadian Press.]
Tokyo, Japan, June 21.—Reports of a terrifying volcanic eruption at sea two days ago, south of Japan, have been brought to Yokohama by incoming steamers. The disturbance is regarded here as a direct cause of an earthquake shock in Central Japan yesterday, the strongest experienced in several years. The marine eruption took place at 8:30 o'clock on the morning of Saturday, June 19. Its location is given as about 70 miles to the southeast of Fatsiao of

BLAME BOYS FOR PLAYING WRECKER

Detectives Look For Those
Who Put Stones in
Switches.

NEARLY CAUSED WRECK FOR SERVICE ANYWHERE

Obstruction Only Removed a
Short Time Before Fast
Express Came Through.

City detectives and Grand Trunk officials are today attempting to locate the persons who placed stones in the frogs of main line switches in the east end, that nearly wrecked one of the fastest express trains. The wedged stones were found by an employee of the road a few minutes prior to the arrival of the Chicago express. The stones had been placed in the frogs in such a manner that it would have been impossible for the engineer or fireman of the train to believe can tell who around the tracks by allways are blamed for placing the stones in the frogs, and the detectives are seeking a couple of youths whose description they have been furnished.

Officials of the road swore out information against one juvenile who, they believe, placed the stones on the tracks if rounded up.

NEW WAR LOAN TO BE ISSUED TONIGHT

McKenna Announces This To
Commons and Makes
Strong Appeal.

MORE MONEY IS NEEDED
Deficit Between Revenue and
Expenditure Is Now
\$2,590,000,000.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 21.—Announcement was made today by Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, that the loan of \$1,250,000,000 authorized by the House of Commons last week for war purposes, would be issued tonight. The new loan will be put out at par, and will bear 4½ per cent interest. Mr. McKenna's announcement was made in the House of Commons. The Chancellor said the state would have the right to repay the loan at par in 1925, but in any case it must be repaid in 30 years.

Appeals to Patriotism.
The Chancellor emphasized the fact that, in addition to putting forward a business transaction, he wished to appeal to the patriotism of the country to "use its gigantic resources to carry on the war successfully for ourselves and our allies." Holders of both the old war loan and the consols will have the right to convert their securities into the new loan. The conversion of consols will be on the basis of £75 of consols for £50 of the new loan.

More Will Be Needed.
In moving a resolution to authorize the treasury to borrow requisite money, Mr. McKenna said: "The time will come when the necessity of a further loan will become apparent, and a prompt decision is required, as it is undesirable that a big loan should be kept hanging over the market."

The Chancellor stated that the total realized deficit between revenue and expenditure up to last Saturday amounted to £218,000,000 (\$2,590,000,000). The daily war expenditure now amounts to nearly £5,000,000 (\$50,000,000), and is still rising.

LIED FROM WOUNDS
Died, Malcolm Left Canada To Enlist
For Service.
[Special Cable to The Advertiser.]
London, June 21.—Relatives announced the death from wounds of Lieut. William Noel Malcolm, Engineers, at Malta. He was previously engaged on the Canadian Pacific new lines, but came home to enlist.

ZEPELINS GOT NEAR TO HEART OF LONDON CITY

During Raid of June 6 They
Were Within Eight
Miles.

DAMAGE AT GRAVESEND

Shipping at Tilbury Also Suffered
As Machines Fled
Homeward.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 21.—The Zeppelin raiders who visited the east coast of England on the night of June 6, causing the death of five persons and the injury of 40 others, were turned back at Woodford, eight miles from the heart of London. On their homeward journey they did considerable damage to the town of Gravesend and to shipping at Tilbury. An explosive bomb struck the Japanese liner Yasa Maru. The bomb, loaded with shrapnel, exploded as it struck the water just under the stern of the liner, and the plates were riddled until they looked like a sieve. No damage was done below the waterline, but the stern and the rear superstructure were damaged severely. None of the crew was injured by the bomb. The liner was not due to sail for two weeks, and only a few of the sailors were on board.

A number of small craft anchored near the liner were struck by pellets from the bomb, but were not badly damaged.

BRITAIN FEELS CONFIDENT OF BIG MOVE SOON

French Advance Will Permit
Forces' More Active
Operations.

NEAR GERMAN BORDERS

Belief Still Held That Russia
Has Some Secret
Plans.

[Canadian Press.]
London, June 21.—The announcement that Emperor William has assumed supreme command of the operations in Galicia is interpreted here as an indication of complete German confidence in the final victory of the assault on Lemberg, now regarded as so near at hand that the generals who during the last two months have battered their way across the province wish the Emperor to participate personally in the expected triumph. Some of the claims put forward by the Germans and Austrians to really decide results have still to be substantiated, but there is no question that they have won new victories both west and north of the Galician capital.

Britain Disappointed.
The Austrian-German advance is still in progress through the Grodek lines. The failure of the Russians to hold these positions has been a keen disappointment to the British, who hoped that this strong and energetic resistance would be the example of the resiliency of Emperor Nicholas' forces, which has been one of the marked features of the war in the east. Nevertheless, it is questioned here that anything so vital as the flight of the Russian army, as indicated by Vienna reports, or a perilous break in the Russian front has occurred.

May Be Surprised.
The British experts are of opinion that the Russians are fighting rearguard actions while withdrawing their armies practically intact. They suggest that either the Russians have no intention of defending Lemberg to the last, or have prepared their main defensive lines on positions not yet reported by the Germanic forces. With less than a score of miles separating the (Continued on Page Three.)

Ben Tillett to
Call for Recruits

Government Sending Docker To Visit
Front Proves Happy Idea.

[Canadian Press.]
New York, June 21.—A cable to the Tribune from London says: "Judging from the extraordinary demand to hear Ben Tillett speak on 'The Case for the Army' at the Palladium this afternoon, the invitation of the British headquarters staff to the labor leader to visit the front seems to have been singularly happy."

The Government is likely to realize that in the eloquent spokesman of the London dockers it has found one of the most effective recruiting instruments in the country.

ANXIOUS TO GO BACK

Lieut. Chester Butler. In a letter which reached his mother today, stated that he is gradually recovering from his wounds, and is being well cared for in the hospital at Oxford, to which he was removed after he was sent back from the front. Mrs. Butler says he seems very anxious to get back to the firing line.

WALKERVILLE PLANT BLOWN UP BY BOMB; ATTEMPT MADE ON WINDSOR ARMORIES

WHERE DYNAMITE WAS FOUND



Advertiser Illustration.
Windsor Armories saved from probable destruction by failure of time-fuse to accomplish dastardly work set for it.

NUMBER OF LONDONERS WORK IN WRECKED PLANT

LOCAL HEADQUARTERS
NOTIFIED OF ATTEMPT

Advised by Telephone of Dis-
covery of Dynamite Under
Armories at Windsor.

Local militia headquarters was notified by telephone early this morning of the attempt to blow up the Windsor armories by dynamite. The account of the affair, sent in by phone, is substantially that which appears elsewhere in the press report. Other than this no details were given. "It's a serious business," said Col. J. W. Shannon, divisional officer commanding, when telling of the information he had received. No action has yet been taken to increase the guard stationed at Windsor, but there is a likelihood that in view of the revelations of the morning at the border city such will be done.

NO DETAILS YET
OF COL. BECHER'S
DEATH IN FRANCE

Cable Dispatch From Old Land Says
That None Have Been Received.

There are no details yet available of the manner in which Lieut.-Col. H. C. Becher, second in command of the 1st Canadian Contingent, met his death. The following special cable from London, dated June 15, was received by The Advertiser today, and is the only news that has yet come through, other than the official announcement and the private cable that announced the London officer's death.

London, June 21.—Only information regarding Col. Becher to hand here is that he was killed on June 15, when the casualties among his battalion were particularly heavy.

DID NOT PAY BILLS

Water and Light Account of H. J. Glauz Still Carried on Books.
Despite the fact, or possibly because of it, that one H. J. Glauz, late general-manager of the public utilities commission, is the public utility commission for unpaid salary, there is a contra account against him on the books of the C. S. M. Co.

Since January the late C. S. M. has failed to pay his electric and water rates. The ordinary citizen when such a thing occurs, has the service cut off, but not so the C. S. M. At the office of the utilities today it was stated that there was still an unpaid balance of \$8 or more on the account of H. J. Glauz. He used to "test" out all manner of electric devices, such as stoves, cleaners, etc., and when he left office these were all carted back to the sales department.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded at London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 73; lowest, 54. Rain. The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 68; lowest, 47.

TOMORROW—FINE.

Forecast.
Today—Fresh to strong easterly wind, with showers and local thunderstorms tonight. Tuesday—Westerly winds; clearing.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today: Stations. High. Low. Weather. Victoria. 60. 48. Clear. Calgary. 66. 46. Clear. Winnipeg. 64. 50. Cloudy. Port Arthur. 66. 46. Rain. Parry Sound. 72. 52. Clear. Toronto. 68. 50. Clear. Ottawa. 68. 46. Clear. Montreal. 62. 52. Clear. Quebec. 60. 50. Clear.

Weather Notes.
Rain was general yesterday in the Western Provinces and Maritime Provinces, while in Ontario and Quebec the weather was fine. The temperature remains below the seasonable average in all the provinces. A somewhat important disturbance is passing south of Nova Scotia, and others are approaching the Great Lakes from the west and southwest.

Germans Suspected of Outrage by Which the Peabody Sales Corporation Factory Was Damaged and 27 Sticks of Dynamite Placed Under Government Building.

INDIRECT THREATS REACHED COMPANY
MAKING UNIFORMS FOR BRITISH ARMY

(Special to The Advertiser.)
Windsor, Ont., June 21.—The entire civil and military forces of Windsor and Walkerville are searching this section today for a woman and two men suspected of being the German spy dynamiters who early today wrecked the plant of the Peabody Company in Walkerville and attempted to destroy the Windsor armory.

A suit case containing 26 sticks of dynamite connected with an alarm clock timed for 3:15 a.m., affords a slender clue to the identity of the bomb setters. This evidence was discovered under the east corner of the armory.

The police of all other Ontario cities are being warned to watch public buildings.

FUSE FAILED TO IGNITE STICKS.
(Special to The Advertiser.)

Windsor, June 21.—Only the failure of a time fuse saved the Windsor Armories from being wrecked at an early hour this morning by a large quantity of dynamite placed under the building, in spite of the guards' vigilance, supposedly by German sympathizers. No less than 27 sticks of the explosive were found all ready to destroy the building, in which 200 Canadian soldiers lay sleeping.

To Pte. Panton, one of the guards at the armories, falls the credit for finding the sticks. He was on duty over-night, and about 3:30 o'clock this morning he heard what he believed to be a pistol shot. With his fellow-guards he made a hurried investigation in the direction from which the sound seemed to come, but discovered nothing. Later he found the dynamite in a grip, 50 feet from where he had been standing when he heard the report. The bag had been concealed beneath the wall, to muffle the sound of the explosion, which made it difficult to find. A time fuse connected with the explosive had been set for 3:15 a.m., but was only partially burned, though it is supposed one stick must have exploded without firing the others, thus causing the noise which the guard mistook for a pistol shot.

The common belief in Windsor is that a German spy had managed to get across from Detroit and make the attempt on the military building.

WALKERVILLE PLANT BLOWN UP.

(Canadian Press.)
Windsor, Ont., June 21.—The overall plant of the Peabody Sales Corporation, Ltd., Walkerville, which has been working on a \$1,000,000 order of uniforms for the British army, was partially destroyed at 3 o'clock this morning by an explosion believed to be due to a bomb placed by German sympathizers. The damage is estimated at \$10,000. The entire front of the three-story steel and concrete building at the corner of Sandwich street and Victoria Road was blown out.

EXPECTED ATTACK.
J. O. Lennox, general manager of the Peabody Company, said he had expected for some time that an attempt would be made to wreck the plant because of its acceptance of British war orders. No direct threat had come to the company, he said, but there had been rumors that unless the company ceased turning out uniforms for the British the plant would be destroyed.

GERMANS BLAMED.
The police of Walkerville believe the explosion was caused by German sympathizers from Detroit and that they had fled back across the river as soon as they had done their work. Three foreigners, acting suspiciously, were arrested near the scene within half an hour after the explosion, but were soon released.

GRIP TOP BLOWN OFF.
[Canadian Press.]
Windsor, June 21.—Twenty-seven sticks of dynamite attached to a time fuse that had been set for 3:15 a.m. were found under the rear of the Windsor armory this morning. The dynamite was attached to the dynamite had exploded, blowing off the top of the grip in which it was concealed. The main charge, however, had failed to explode. To this fact several men stationed in the armory at night probably owe their lives. The charge was

heavy enough to wreck the whole building. It was at 3:15 a.m. that Pte. Panton, guard at the armory, heard what he thought to be a pistol shot a short distance away. With several other guards he made a hurried investigation, but found nothing. Later in the morning he discovered the grip fifty feet from where he had been standing when he heard the report.

Police on Case.
The bag had been concealed beneath the wall, muffled the sound and making it difficult to trace it. Police and (Continued on Page Three.)