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Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, Proprietor. SATURDAY, Feb. 2nd, 1918.

A History of Deceit.

We stated a few days ago that the only real question of importance involved in the present political disturbance is as to the true nature and purposes of the existing ministry. We have kept steadily before the public the one fact that matters, that that ministry is merely the culmination of some years of scheming having for its object the transfer of political control from the hands of the Morris party to those of the F. P. U. After the revelations that followed the resignation of Sir Edward Morris, there should be no need to insist on a truth which they have made so plain. It is one thing, however, to perceive and understand a fact such as this in its broad meaning, and another to know the whole course of events that have led up to it. The latter, as a basis of judgment as to the future, is of far more value than the fact itself. Here we are again indebted to "Vigilance," this time as an historian, with the essential mark of the historian of being able to present just the facts necessary and pertinent and no more.

The column of condensed history which he contributed yesterday was so clear in its logical sequence, so damning in its exposure of the treachery and deceit that run through the whole of it, that we will not risk spoiling it by offering any comment. What we wish to consider here is something more important than the career of duplicity of the two leading actors. It is the question how the country at large has been treated by them and where it stands in relation to the state of things they have brought about. Fortunately, the matter is so clear that it can be expressed in a few words. In every country enjoying self-government the existence and mutual antagonism of political parties has been found not merely necessary but unavoidable. Such faults as the system contains are more or less outweighed by the merit of the healthy and active criticism which it provides, and which being lacking, at present, government becomes little else than corrupt despotism. Parties in this country have always represented persons too much and policies too little, but there is one more closely bound up with the life and closer to the heart of the country than any other and guided by more lasting and definite principles. That is the Liberal party, now so high in the esteem of the electorate as when Sir Robert Bond and his lieutenant Mr. Kent stood at its head, never so much shorn of power and influence as since their guidance was lost. The events which "Vigilance" has set forth in order show how completely, after Sir Robert Bond had measured Mr. Coaker at his true value and done the only thing which self-respect permitted, the wishes and feelings of that large and numerous party were disregarded contemptuously by its "representatives" that remained and the purposes for which they had been elected thrown to the winds. This has been the case with the Liberal party for three years now.

It is the same to-day with that other large section of the country that stood for Tory principles. They can see that neither Sir Edward Morris nor any one of those who have accepted his outrageous secret compact with the leaders of the other side, men whom they had been elected to oppose, cared a jot either for those who elected them or the principles on which they did so. Perhaps the very extent of the shameless double

desertion is as well, for it makes the issue a clear-cut and well defined one. Both the Liberal and Tory members of the present administration having combined against those who elected them, it is for the electors to join forces as well. The question has, moreover, become a greater one than that of Liberal and Tory; it is one of the imperative duty that lies upon all the respectable and decent elements in the country to unite against those who have degraded the office of government and will, if permitted, compass things worse even than degradation. The country has now to look to the future, but with knowledge of the past to assist its vision. In the history which "Vigilance" has sketched, perhaps the things done, bad as they were, are less dangerous and less reprehensible than the deceit which covered them. For three years, more or less steadily, Mr. Coaker and Sir Edward Morris were plotting together and had reached an understanding which only awaited more propitious circumstances for its carrying into effect. During the whole of that time Mr. Coaker in the Advocate not merely attacked the Morris Government but assailed its individual members with all the bitterness and force of language at his command. He did so most strongly when this secret understanding seems to have been closest. Language was given to man to conceal his thoughts, a cynic wrote. It seems to serve no other purpose with the Advocate. In the light of all these events the public knows how to judge everything the Advocate says, which is by inversion. If it attacks one individual with particular bitterness, the chances are that Mr. Coaker is on terms of personal intimacy with him. If it denounces, say, confederation in extravagant terms, we shall suspect that confederation designs are afoot behind the scenes. Similarly with conscription and other matters of importance. If any in the country desire to put their trust in men, of whom the only thing certain seems to be said is that no one can dare to believe or take at its face value anything they say, or do, they must be prepared to stand the consequences.

Casualty List.

(Received January 31, 1918.)
Seriouly Ill, Perth War Hospital, January 31st—Nature not stated.
8352—Private Basil Meaney, Caplin Bay.
(Received February 2nd, 1918.)
At Military Hospital, Halifax, N.S.
8375—Private James Auchinloch, 121 Merrymeeting Road, Rheumatism.
J. R. BENNETT, Acting Minister of Militia.

The Girl at Catelli's.

If you have not yet become acquainted with the Girl at Catelli's, the pleasure is yours when you do so. The Girl of Catelli's is a life saver, for you and for everybody. To become acquainted by from your grocer a package of two of Catelli's Milk Macaroni—the most nourishing and cheapest food obtainable. There are twice as many units of energy in a package of Catelli's Milk Macaroni as in a pound of Beefsteak—at only half the cost.—feb2,11

Bonavista.

The Salvation Army have had a visit from Colonel McMillan, accompanied by Lieut.-Col. Orway, for the purpose of opening and dedicating a new hall. The opening services were a splendid success. On Saturday night, Dr. Forbes, representing the town, spoke words of congratulation. Rev. Mr. Lench, Methodist Minister, was also present and spoke of his early associations with the Army, and wished the local Corps "God Speed." Colonel McMillan based his address on the building and opening of Solomon's Temple, and drew very instructive lessons therefrom. He also referred to the work of the Army throughout Canada and Newfoundland, saying it was in the spirit of democracy that the work began and spread, and to use the phrase of President Wilson, the call came from the people, and the progress of the Army was the outcome of this call. The building is seventy feet long and forty feet wide, with seating capacity for six hundred persons; it has a bold, attractive elevation and is approached by wide stairway; inside, the walls are covered with beaver board and hard pine. The building has been built almost entirely by free labor. A number of Salvationists got logs out of the forest for the frame and foundation, and also assisted Adjutant Earle, to whom great credit is due in the erection. For six months the Adjutant has followed the Apostolic plan of St. Paul—in addition to preaching the Gospel, he has labored with his own hands, and is rewarded by seeing this splendid building opened, valued \$4,000 with only a debt of \$300, which is spread over five years. On Sunday evening Colonel McMillan preached a powerful sermon on "Expect ye Repent," and seventeen persons went forward to the Penitent Bench and professed to receive conversion. Colonel McMillan was also accompanied by Brigadier Sandall, the Editor in Chief of R. A. Literature in Canada.—Com.

The Menace to the Country.

Editor Evening Telegram.
Sir,—Yesterday I disposed of the first question suggested by Dr. Lloyd's statement in the Evening Telegram of January 13th, 1914, and exposed his base treachery to the public in respect thereto. The question remaining is, has the "grave issue, as far as the Liberal Party are concerned," been settled as Dr. Lloyd stated it would be? That is a question which eventually must and will be answered by the people at the polls. Dr. Lloyd and Mr. Coaker settled it for the time being by the greatest betrayal of trust of which men could be guilty, as I think I have already provided. The public, who Dr. Lloyd admitted had "a right to be taken into the confidence of those immediately concerned" before any settlement was made, were, as I demonstrated in my letter yesterday, totally ignored. But what of the Liberal party? Where did they come in in the settlement? Did he consult the representatives of that party before concluding the arrangement by which he hoped to shelve the "grave issue"? Let us see. When Sir Robert Bond, under the circumstances which I have related, handed down the torch of Liberalism, bright in its first enkindling, to Mr. Kent, that gentleman held it aloft, and kept it brightly burning, despite the winds of adversity and treachery that blew around him. But when he received a call to the Supreme Court Bench he was obliged to lay it down. It has flickered during the past two years, because there was no hand strong enough to support it, yet, it has never died out. The sacred flame of Liberalism is still alive, and it will never die out while there are free men in this land.

In his attempt to get rid of the "grave issue as far as the Liberal party are concerned," Dr. Lloyd, immediately upon Mr. Kent's departure to the Supreme Court Bench, proceeded to try and quench the flame of Liberalism by using Coakerism as an extinguisher. To depart from figures of speech, he proceeded at once to destroy the Liberal party, as a distinct entity, by merging it into the Fishermen's Union Party. He was the Solicitor of the Union, the creature of the Union, so far as his Parliamentary position was concerned, and, there was then not a Liberal in the ranks of the Opposition with more back bone than a squid, so he accomplished his task, and he baptised his bastard production the "Liberal-Union Party." Called to task for his conduct, through the columns of the Daily News, he, on March the 27th, 1916, made this apology in the Evening Telegram—"the matter of the name Liberal-Union is no new question. It was settled nearly three years ago, before last election, and the resolution passed last Friday when candidates at the last Election, who have no seats in the Assembly were present, was merely confirmatory of what had been decided upon before the last Election." This statement was untrue. It was the first step by which treachery betrayed itself. Treachery is a dirty word, exposure in the matter, Dr. Lloyd, a day or two later, published a statement in the Evening Telegram admitting that it was "untrue." But not only was the statement untrue as regards the name "Liberal-Union," but it was designedly misleading in its allegation that the "resolution confirmatory" of the title was passed "when candidates at the last Election who have no seats in the Assembly were present." The atom of truth blended with the super-abundance of error made the statement the more reprehensible. As a matter of fact not one of the old leaders of the Liberal party was present, or invited to be present, and only two out of all "the candidates at the last Election who had no seats in the Assembly were present." These two, if I am correctly advised, and I believe I am, were W. J. Ellis and P. J. Summers. These gentlemen have received their reward for standing "god-fathers" to the wretched child that was intended to destroy Liberalism in this Country, and to establish Depositionism in its place. One has a seat in the Executive and Legislative Council, the other a Deputy Minister's position in the department of Justice. Let it not be forgotten that at the very time that this piece of deception and treachery was being practised there was in existence the Coalition Agreement made between Lloyd, Coaker and Morris more than twelve months before, and which, according to the statement of the "official organ of the Fishermen's Union" of date December 23rd, 1915, only awaited the acquiescence of "the Reids" to come into force. I believe history and posterity will consign to disgrace the name and memory of every man who was a party to this political crime. The last rag, or pretext, or shadow of Liberalism that hung on Dr. Lloyd, and his associates in that crime, is now removed by their own acts. Their account in the books of the Liberal party has been closed, and written opposite their names are the words "no effects." The crisis which is upon us, is but the storm which is going to make Liberalism strike its roots deeper in our soil; but the disease with which it has been afflicted—The morbus Coakerianus—must first be destroyed. To accomplish this the Liberal party must rally its forces. It is desirable that Liberals should

come together so that they may learn by contact with each other to rub off some of their separate prejudices, and know by contact with their fellow men how necessary it is to sacrifice a part in order that one may obtain the things that matter most. The principles of the Liberal party, which is scattered throughout our land, were founded on truth, on harmony, and on justice between man and man. For that reason the future of the Liberal party is the future of this Country, and upon it depends the fairest hopes of the well-being and the happiness of our people. It is a truism to say that if the Liberal party is united it need fear no foe. It is most important that Liberals throughout the country should get together without delay, and become active in order that the pestilence of Coakerism may be stayed. Let me say in conclusion, that I am deeply sensible of my obligation to the Evening Telegram for placing its valuable space at my disposal daily during the past month. I have availed of its kind courtesy solely in the interest of the public, and I hope that what I have written, will arouse our people to a sense of the danger, the menace, that threatens the Country and to their duty in the premises; that it will break "the long polar frost of indifference" in respect to grave public issues.

Yours truly,
VIGILANCE.
January 31st, 1918.
Patriotic Fund.
Amount acknowledged ..\$126,250.73
C.R.W.A., Newman's Cove
R.B., per Mrs. A. J. Sharpe, Treasurer .. 5 00
Hon. Dr. P. T. McGrath, one-fourth his fee as Chairman High Cost of Living Committee .. 100 00
P. G. Lodge of Nfld., L.O.A., per J. Milley, Grand Secretary .. 100 00
\$126,455.73
JOHN S. MUNN, Hon. Treas.

A Correction.

Editor Evening Telegram.
Dear Sir,—Allow me to correct a mistake in donations sent to the Red Cross Fund and reported in to-day's issue. From Mrs. Melvin F. Broad, Campella, Mass., (Rev.) Mrs. J. H. Butler, should read five-dollars instead of fifty dollars.
Yours very truly,
JABEZ H. BUTLER.
Topsail, Jan. 31st, 1918.

Buick Values.

Pride of ownership, so universal amongst Buick owners, can be ascribed to the fact that Buick ownership brings complete satisfaction. Now is an opportune time to purchase a Buick six-cylinder and a Buick Four that have not been much used—these cars are in good running order and are being sold reasonably. I solicit your enquiry.
BERT HAYWARD, Distributor.
Bank of Montreal Building.—11.

War Menus.

TO SAVE WHEAT, BEEF, AND BACON FOR THE MEN AT THE FRONT.
(Prepared by Committees of the W. P. A. at the Request of the Food Control Board.)
SUNDAY, February 3rd.
Breakfast.
Brewis Fish or Marmalade
Toast Tea or Coffee
Dinner.
Roast Beef Potatoes Carrots
Caramel Pudding Peas
Cream or Custard Tea
Tea.
Apricot Preserve Brown Bread
Cake Tea.
Caramel Pudding—1 pint milk ½ cup brown sugar burnt, 2 tablespoonfuls corn flour, a little salt, 1 tablespoonful corn flour, a little salt, 1 teaspoon vanilla. Cook until smooth, add a little more sugar, if not sweet enough. Put in a mould to set, serve with cream or custard.
Apricot Jam—1 lb. dried apricots, 3 pints water; wash apricots and let set over night. Boil next morning in the water they have been soaking in, till tender (about 2 minutes) allowed and return to liquid, adding 1 pound and a half sugar and one ounce blanched and chopped almonds. Boil for two or three minutes.
MONDAY, February 4th.
Breakfast.
Porridge Hashed Potatoes
Toast Brown Bread Tea or Coffee
Dinner.
Tinned Salmon (Heated) White Sauce
Potatoes Dark Raisin Pudding (Steamed) Tea.
Macaroni and Tomato Stewed Prunes Graham Gems Tea
Graham Gems—1 tablespoonful butter, 2 tablespoonfuls sugar, one egg, half cup milk, one teaspoonful soda lye; one and a half teaspoonfuls cream of tartar, pinch of salt, graham flour to make a stiff batter. Bake in deep party pans.
VESSELS SAIL.—A number of vessels which have been detained in port owing to weather conditions, left yesterday for market.



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Our Big WHITE SALE

Which Opens

FRIDAY MORNING

It's Brimful of Opportunities.

Despite war conditions, we have amassed tremendous stocks of White goods which we will unload at our usual sure-to-please prices.



Beans! Beans!

Choice Rangoons, 112 lb. sacks.
Selected Hand-Picked, 224 lb. sacks.
Wholesale Only.

HARVEY & CO., Ltd.

Hockey Notes.

Secretary J. Tobin, of the Hockey League, received a message from Mr. T. Winter, of King's College hockey seven, Windsor, N. S., yesterday, stating that the King's College team would be leaving on the 15th inst., and would, if not delayed on route, play their first game on the 18th.

The Victorias and Feldians had an hour each puck chasing last night and showed signs of improvement. With a little stimulant and less individual play the stock of both teams should advance.

The Terra Novas have their team practically secured and are getting in shape for the opening game which will probably come off on next Monday week, when they will clash with the Victorias.

SKATES SHARPENED at shortest notice, J. CHANNING, Shoemaker, Long's Hill.—f2,11

SCHOONER SINKS.—A schooner owned by parties down north which was moored for the winter in the stream off Ayre and Sons premises, sprung a leak yesterday and sunk. Only her topmasts are now above water. An effort will be made to raise her.

Here and There.

When you want Roast Beef, Roast Veal, Roast Mutton, Roast Pork, try ELLIS.

SMALL POX OUTBREAK AT BELL ISLAND.—The outbreak of smallpox at Bell Island has been confined to one patient who is doing well.

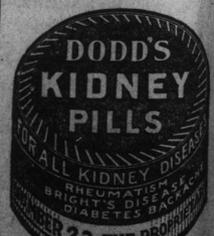
CARD PARTY—Another card tournament will be held in the T. A. Club Rooms by the ladies of the West End, in aid of St. Patrick's Restoration Fund. The tournament will be followed by a dance.

GOSARD BRASSIERES.—Just received a new shipment of Gosard Brassieres. G. KNOWLING, Ltd.—jan22,18, eod

NEW PURCHASE ARRIVES.—The schooner Gwendolyn Warren, Bowling Bros., Ltd., new purchase, reached port yesterday afternoon with a cargo of timber. As soon as discharged she will load for the foreign market, in which trade she will be in future employed.

A GOOD SUGGESTION

In planning your meals for the day to meet the requirements of the Food Control Board, use Cleveland's Health Cocoa; it is appetizing, economical, nutritious and health giving. Every man, woman and child, no do something to help our country in this crisis by using Cleveland's Health Cocoa. To help conserve food, insist upon having Cleveland's. Do not take any substitute. Jan 5, 1918



To-Day's Cables.

FISHERIES COMMISSION. BOSTON, To-Day.
The consideration of the lobster industry occupied the attention to-day of the International Fisheries Commission, which is continuing its hearings here on questions involving the fishing interests of this country and Canada. A Federal law regulating the size of lobsters trapped in the waters of the United States or shipped in inter-state commerce with a similar law in Nova Scotia was favored by the several speakers. Lobster dealers told the Commission that if the industry was to be saved it would have to be protected by laws rigidly enforced. They advocated the adoption of 1 1/4 inch as the minimum size for marketable lobsters in both countries. During the discussion of the fish curing business it was brought out that the increased consumption of salt fish as a meat conservation measure had caused an unprecedented demand which dealers had not always been able to supply. To meet this demand plans are being made for the expansion of the steam trawler fleet operating out of Boston to three times its present size.

SIR ERIC GEDDES ON SHIPPING.

LONDON, To-Day.
"I am an optimist regarding the U-boat war," said Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, to the Associated Press to-day. "The submarine restrained and unrestrained has been met and has not proved invincible. I am inclined to think that now, since I made my last public statement, we are sinking submarines as fast as Germany can build them. My curves are all good and I cannot foresee any way in which the situation can be changed except for the better. The sooner the better is now the Allied navy's aim; but you see there is still a but, and it is a very important one. We must have more ships if we are able to turn this German failure into a positive Allied victory. The submarine destruction of the world's tonnage is not a big percentage of the whole, but submarine destruction still exceeds the production of tonnage, and meantime demands for ships are increasing by leaps and bounds. America's participation in the war must inevitably make large demands on merchant shipping, yet we must continue at the same time to keep up with the demands of the Allied armies and with the vital necessities of the European civil population. Ships and yet more ships is still the most important corollary of the war, and Great Britain is straining every resource to launch every ton of which she is capable. We are at the present moment building merchant ships at a higher rate than ever before in our record before the war, and before 1918 is over all kinds at a rate of more than double that record year. But a great deal depends on the American effort, and I should greatly regret if anything I might say regarding the failure of the German submarine warfare shall be construed as minimizing the need for ships and yet more ships." Turning to the progress of the campaign against German submarines, Sir Eric again referred to the satisfactory trend on the curves to which he has referred in several of his speeches. All the curves continue to bend in the right direction, he said. The destruction of Allied shipping decreased rapidly, construction of merchant shipping increases steadily and the sinking of German submarines steadily rises.

ATTACHES RECALLED.

BUENOS AIRES, To-Day.
The Minister of War has recalled that

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Authorizing the

Gran

Canadians can breakfast cereal package to which

The Food

Made by Canadian Po