ugh to live othen-
s ries of life, as well onffers a atrit eat and wine, an The Emperort, be prosented to inquiry sce the
ot inhate is the bu re poo ollies do to thin adesmen, that no ordinary course of nuneration for his all remember the 2. Royal Highness tion year; so nicemforts of working sare expected did not build at no profit could men do not lay out petation of profit. 3 speculations for llasses. The art medy for the the Paris; but this i by his Majesty' , the article vari pple of the capital, that have beeni especting the ay be obliged greal quence of having proprietors that " says the corres asty, will certant asty, nt to maltitudes with dear lodging ges do but just enmaintain his fami est necessaries o nerest necessaries ch. The subject to the Eirieve pasures which h appear to take in in our paper to
river Shirhawati be notin, falls into the ainy seasons, eome
immente body of
iope, three hoodred lope, three handrei
degrees, at the bol pendieular plange ce the lovidst thuy veral timieg thate nor fie fortier, but fu
the there fiv no eont
the m. and divided int fitteo fie joer been 0 in cash was paid into the mountrine - State, prior sofal

HASZARD'S GAZETTPE OCTOBER 18.

Thes Paincess Rotal and abe Lover.An aneedote touching. Prince Frederick William and his future illustrious consort is eurrent here among the highest circles, which reflects great credit on the perfect
sense and judgment of the former, and upon the high intellectuat and sterling qualities of the latter. On returing from Engand, Prince Frederick William is said to have been asked by the Prince his father, In my position, and with my futuire destinies," rejoined the son, "my special duty is to consider the mind, character, and tendencies of my future consort infinitely more than all external appearances. The latter won my heart, -the former my ad-
miration and my profound respect. They are such as are fally worthy of her royal mother, and such as aro bost quad to for my wife and me the love and esteem of the Prussian nation."-Berlin letter.

The Grand Imperial Ball at Morcow. -In reference to this event, a Paris journal contains the following :-"The grand ball given on the I4th by the Emperor Alexander was remarkable in this respect-
that, the ball taking place on a Sunday, that, the ball taking place on a Sunday, the English ladies were not present, with Cae exception of Lady Granvile, who is a Cathoiic. Aiterthe poionaise with whici having passed into the saloon of Saint Alexander, a country dance was immediately formed there. The reigning Empress danced with the Count de Morny. After this country dances, waltzes, and polkas sueceeded each other uninterruptedly. This time it was a real ball, and every one danced vigorously-the imperial family, and espe-
cially the Grand Dukes Michael and Nicholas, setting the example."
uThe Cuind is Fatake, of the Man.
This dictum of Wordsworth was never apily illustrated than by the following aneedote
of fienry Brougham, the sehool boy, which we find Iate a dinioions oflume of the reminaceaces of the Charles Black, with the publishel by Adam and
title Time, by Heary Coekburn." "Brougham tuade his first explosion while in Frazer's elass (at the
high sehool of Edinburgh.) He dared to differ high sehuol of Edinburgh.) He dared
froth Frazer, a hot but good-natured old fellow, fron Frazer, a hot but good-natured old fellow,
un some small bit of Latinity. The master, like other men in power, maintained his own ifallibility affair was over. But Brougham re-appeared the next day loaded with books, retaraed to the
charge before the whole elass, and compelled hoaest Luke to confess that he had been wrong. This made Brougham famoas throughout the whole selhool. I remember, as well as if it had
been yesterday, having had him pointed out to me as the fellow who beat the master.' It was then thatl hirot saw him.

Hie "Matdsn" Speren.-Addison, the well the greatest modesty of his day. He was most oxcellent writer, but, striogos ss it may seem, Op the other hand, we find requen of oourreace.
great orato And apidom do we find men gined, to tony degree with both powers. How is this 1 Is looke as it rovidibese dispensel gifts sa widely and varied se angeiven in the en
Hos Seopetary of Stete, of course lise plese in the anin $=$ ith requirei no amait powers of volubili y and which, as a writer, Addiono was thought to make his maiden speech :

halk. apeniter, I conecive and anothe
Up. Speaker, I conceive ${ }^{2}$, a dend halt.

 dropped into hits seat like a hiot potato. This wa
lib fiter tind last speech in that or any other houe
andie nover attempted the trial of his eloquene tulte ne

Man is a wonderful ereature to sup. He eam aup-ply, sup-plant, sup-plieate, sup-
pose, sup-press, sup-port, sup-soup, and
sup-on.


temiperantos. (From the London Weekly Record)
SEvENTH OP A sERIES or

LETTERS TO DISTINGUISHED PERSONAGES ar a metropolitan divine.

## 

to the hev. prasidint of the waseyan
 eren address you on the impert First. Because it pleased God to raise the devoted and pious founder of your denomi-
nation to be a most signal instrument for arousing the great massos of this country to rests. In doing this he was the true embodiment of Christian energy and self-denial, and
he lived and laboured only for the glory of God and the good of man.
Soeondly. Beeanes
 related to this very subjeet of Temperance, and
therefore indicated, that your conneetional influence would be favourablo to great and direet means for removing and preventing drunken-
ness in the land; and Thirdly. Beeanse
impression that Wesleyan Methdodism is no not
so fully earrying out this part of its mission so fully carrying out this part of its mission
as ite founder and its laws would seem to demand of a great people with your societies, ery of usefuliness spread ali over the land.
You possess eminent facilities for greatly
aiding the Temperanee acuse. It is, therefore, most desirable that your sympathies should be
distinetly with those who are toiling in this great work. It eannot be needful, that 1 in thould
refer you to the fearful ravages of intemperrefer you to the fearful ravages of intemper-
anee in our midst, to the enormous amount of money consumed, to the dire results of drun-
kenness, as poverty, disease, and crime, kenness, as poverty, disease, and crime, which
abound, or to the progressive advancement of this notorious eril in spite of all meenes that
have been adopted for our nation's deliveranee have been adopted for our nation's deliveranee from it. No land possesses more of the ma-
chinery for exerting a good moral influence chinery for exerting a good moral influence
than ours. We possess a plenitude of the
Word of Lifo Thousands of devoted ministers of the Gospel. An extensive provision of Christian sanetuaries and sohools. Wo have ing specifio forms of evil and suffioning, and yet, notwithstanding all this, intemperance is the overy house of prayer, we have forty or fint
houses for the sale of drinks, whose influnouses for the sale of drinks, whose infu-
ence goes to eounteract all good institutione
and direetly to demoralise the people. Th nad dional intemperanese of the thand not onil
does a great amount of mischief in its positi does a great amount of mischiof in its positive
aspects, but it provents orur religious and mo-
ral instrumentalities being ellietual to may ral instrumentalities being effoctual to any Society's exertions, it preventseg greatly the reli-
gious education of the ehildren of the land, it gious edueation of the ehildren of thie land, the House of God and the means of grace, an
more than this, it robs the Sabbethrehool
manay of the ehildree who have boen tuagt
 of society. How many become irreligious, and
note fow the inmates of prisons and peniton-
fiaries, and others of rofuges for the distolute

and the degraded. It does more than this-it
zobs the Church of God of many of ite mem-
bers, of not a fow of its oflieers, pobs the Onurch of God of many of its mem-
bere, of not a fow of ittofiteere, and not unfre-
quently oven of its ministers, and eauses them quently orent of its ministers, and asuses them
Now, deve sir, eap these desolating teenes
oprovented, or in any degreo Joesened! If eo
ben yout wil confeng how enxious wo should bo to etfoet ic. It is manifoes from the experi-
onee of tho. lait ventury, thet the oridnary
menas do not filly meet the case, so that for

eases, the regular hearers of the Gospel, do
totally abstain from intoricating drinks. It hata been abstain from intoxicating drinks. I this eountry sinee 183s. It has alse been adopted in most of the Protestant missiopary t has been most suecessful, under the Divine
blessing, in reelaiming the drunkar, and io reserving the aboer. You are no doubt a ware
hat the Ameriean Mothodist Conforences never neet without pasoing the most stringent lawr most elear, that we do not want either argareligious denorainations of this country to be
come fully and publiely identified with the come fully and publicly identified with the orce that their religious influence can eonfor-
specially do I thing that it would be well for the Wesleyan Conferenee to do this. No other body has so complete an organisation to carry
out any effort simultaneously as yourselves. A Conforenee address on this subject would be known at once .through the whole body; and
the ministers, if duly feeling its importance could give it pratical efficieng its in inportance ety in the kingdom. I need not say, however,
to do this it would be quite essential that, in your official station, your brethren in the mi
the Iemperance Cause. I do not say members of any distinet Temperance society, but that fre principle and praetice of totally abstainin
intoxieating beverages be adopted and
Now this reformation is really indispensable ot the true honor and oredit of your denominaion, and without it Methodism must fail to be
ll and to do all that Mr. Wesley intended. Whatezer pecuniary influence you might lose our societies; bring down the blessing of God and result in the revival of religion among you
But so long as this state of things continues, i But so long as this state of things eontinues, it
will greatily retard the Gospel's power among be people to whom you minister the word
alvation. The two induences are directly op posite. The drink-sellers are iajuring seciety,
corrupting and degrading it, unfiting it for crrapting and degrading it, unfitting it for
he consideration of the truths of the Gospel and acting as panderdrs to the innate deprarity of the heart, and as allies to the great
destroyer of the bodies and souls of men. How then, ean such be kept within the bosom of the
Chureh of Christ ! How can such be honored as Christians and fellow-lhelpers of the truth! No! there must be a separation between the
holy and the vile, and this evil must eease
from your conneetion, and from all Christian holy your conneetion, and from all Christian
Churehes, before the reviving blessing of God Churehes, before the reviving blessing of God
can be eonsistently prayed for or consistently expected. If either the perzonal adoption o
the principles of the Temperance Society, or the prirging out of this evil leaven of the traffio
should be a work of dificulty and self-denialet I have only to appeal to your illustrious Coly ${ }^{\text {a }}$ as an example. or, stilil highelation of our divine Saviour who, for our salvation, humbled himself and the cross.
Of Mr. Wesley it has heen appropriately
said, "The great purpose of his lite was doing preferment, to this he he dedicated all honor and proferment, to this he dedicated all his power
of body and of mind, at all times and in all
places, in season and out of season, by gentle places, in season and out of season, by gentle
ness, by terror, by argument, by persuacion
by reason, by interest, by eve by reason, by interest, by every motive and asciduity to turn men from the error of thei To the bed of siekness or the eouch of pros perity, to the prison, the hospital, the house
of mearninger the house of feesting, wherever there wase friend to corve or a somg, Whoreve bey viee reproof or consolation. He thoughtio ofice andothating tosirduoins, toa reclaim the meanee
of God'e offipring. The souls of all men wer oqually precions in hie aight, and the value o Ie penetrated the abodes of wretchodness an
gnoramee to reseue the profligeto from pard gnorance to resene the proligate firom pord
tion, and he communieated the. light of fife to
thoge who sat in darkness and the shadow on thoet Who sat in darkness and tasts of soeiet
death. Ho ebanged the uto
into and filled those lipe wilth priyer and jpraie
that had been aoustomed only to oathe ana
impreeations. His constitution was excellent mpreastions. His constitation was axeellen
and never was a constitution less abued, lese
spared or more exeellontly applifed in an oxaet atbervjenee to the faculties of his mind. . Iit
labours and studies were wonderfal ; the Inter
were not confined to theologis only, but extend-
 covers by itself, his writinge and his other
labours by themselves, any one of them wi
appear sulicient to have kets a person of ordi-
naty applieition, busy during ho wholo IIf, -
in short the tranenetions of his life could never in ahort the transections of hid life could never
have been performed without- the ntimost ezer-
tion of twoquatities whioh depended not upon
his capteity, but on the uniform steadfastress
of his resolution. Thise were inflesille temperp-
ance and uneaxmpled anee and uneaxmpled economy of life. In
theee he was a pattorn to the age he lived in, and an example to what a surprising extent an man may render hinself useful in hisgoneraIt is alsomperancee and punctuality."
It an aeted hen he thought that the poor members of the
nociety wore injured both peeuniarily and in health by the use of ten. He says in his jour-
nal, July 6 th, 1746 . ${ }^{\circ}$ After talking largely with both the men and women leaders, We agreed it would prevent great expense, as well
of health as of time and money, if the poorer people of orr society eonld be poramded to
eave off drinking tea. Wo resolved aurselves o begin and ser the example I expeeted some wenty years' atainging, and aceordingly the twenty years' stainding, and acieordingly the
three first days my head aehed more or loss all
the day long, and I was half asleep from mornhe day long, and I was half asleep from morn-
ing till night. The third day, on Wednesday, in the afternoon, my memory failed almost itirely; in the evening I songht my remedy
in prayer. On Thursday morning my headaohe was gone, my memory was as atrong as
ever, and $I$ have found no inconvenience, but a sensible benefit in several respeets, from that You will tee eople. He abstained for their sakes, and hus carried out the identical principle of the omperanee society on that sabject. He formed, too, an association for effeeting the end, of action, which, were all the ministers bear-
ing his name to adopt, could not fail to bless og his name to adopt, could not fail to bless the world. If abstinence from tea was needfal, how much more abstinence from alcoholthen, respeetfally and earnestly request your cind attention to this subjest, and may I hope
that the statement I have presented may not be that the statement I have presented may not be
deemed unworthy of your candid consideration. Wishing you every bleasing, and praying fficient for the revival of pure and experimenal Godliness in the land, 1 am , dear and rev.

Yours most truly.
JACK AND HIS HARD LUMP
Joily Jack Tar was out walking one day With a suit of new toggs and a elean shaven chin e look'd just as smart as a newly-made pin.
ust over the road stood the" Anehor and Crown," At the dour stood "our host," who (as every one Had a sweet smiling face and jolly red nose.
Hallo, my good friend," quath the landiord to
You are off in a hurry man,won't you come back How shy you are gering, coane, doait rai away $s$ heel in true asilor-like style, And serewing his face 'twixt a pain and a amile, For tree, got a hard lamp growing right at my Juuts what I expected," old Cherry-noses said, Ind if you continue so (mind $\boldsymbol{l}$ nell true), foa'll have a hard lump at your other side too."
True, true," replied Jaek, and laughed at the As he drew a large puree from hie blue jaeket Do "ye fen wy hard lomp, feel ito weight, see And he held it right facing the publieso's eges. Good day to you landlond, "tis.trae I difresiay; o Pll try if $I$ eanapt heep out of your net,
ad get a lump, troet me, on canher aide yett? Masgonugasis., The fifendr of Temperapee,
 ormediand large numbers have aigued the pledine
 ound guily in ten minates after the couse wat
 elling, and aentenced to the, House of Correctiona:
Oeo or two othor liguor dealers were in jail for uatained the consuituionality of the Massachapotte Prohibitionary Law.

Irgie the child who eries to get geaterday baek gain. The man accepts to-day, and looke for-

