

# The Union

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLAW,

VOL. XII.—No. 46.

Our Country, with its United Interests.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, September 10, 1879.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

WHOLE No. 618.

## WAVERLY HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

This House has lately been refurnished, and this possible arrangement, made to ensure the comfort of travellers.

LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTRIG, ON THE PREMISES.

ALEX. STEWART, Late of Waverly House, St. John's, Proprietor. Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1878.

## UNITED STATES HOTEL,

NEWCASTLE, N. B.

This Hotel is very pleasantly situated, has recently been fitted up in first class style, is in close proximity to the C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.

Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.

JOHN PAT, Proprietor. Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877.

## CANADA HOUSE,

CHATHAM, N. B.

WM. JOHNSTON, Proprietor. Considerable outlay has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing, and the proprietor's thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor by courtesy and attention to merit the same in the future.

Good Stabling on the Premises. May 12th, 1878.

## ROYAL HOTEL,

KING SQUARE.

I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the "CONTINENTAL," and have thoroughly refurnished the same, making it as the "ROYAL" always had the reputation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Province.

Excellent Bill of Fare, First-Class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation. Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.

THOS. F. RAYMOND. St. John, July 9, 1877.

## VICTORIA HOTEL,

RIVER DU LOUP,

JOSEPH A. FOUNTAIN, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Station, and is well calculated to meet the requirements of travellers, as neither price or expense have been spared to secure the comfort and convenience of guests. It affords a splendid view of the St. Lawrence and distant country.

October 24, 1877.

## MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS,

WATER ST., CHATHAM.

Importers of MARBLE & Manufacturer of MONUMENTS, TABLES, HEADSTONES, MANTELS, TABLE TOPS, &c.

A GOOD STOCK ALWAYS ON HAND. GRANITE MONUMENTS made to order. CAPS and SILLS for windows supplied at short notice. FREESTONE WORK in all its branches attended to, and satisfaction given.

January 24, 1878.

## S. N. KNOWLES,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Trunks, Valises, Satchels, &c.

66 KING STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

CANVAS COVERS MADE TO ORDER. SAMPLE TRUNKS A SPECIALTY.

May 5, 1879.

## WANTED,

A SHOP and OFFICE BOY—one willing to make himself generally useful. Apply to DR. FREEMAN.

Newcastle, Sept. 7.

## RUBBER BELTING,

EXTRA Stretched and Patent Smooth Surface Rubber Belting in Stock—various widths in 2, 4, 6 and 8 Piles.

LEATHER BELTING. "Hoyt's" Celebrated Patent Stretched and Riveted Oak Tanned Leather Belting (double and single).

SAWS! SAW! "Diston's" Mill, Circular, Rotary, Cross Cut, Hand and Jig Saws. MACHINERY OILS. Lard, Olive, Seal, West Virginia and Cylinder Oils. MILL SUPPLIES. Lacing Leather, Flies, Emery-wheels, Belt Patches, Rivets, Saw Swages, &c., &c.

ESTEE, ALLWOOD & CO., (Successors to Z. G. Gable), Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B.

A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make good pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. \$5 Outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such a chance. Address: H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

Peas, Sugar and Rice.

By Steam via Halifax from London and Liverpool.

150 HALF CHESTS FINE CON- 60. 6 Hds. No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20. 50 Bags RICE. Daily expected.

BERTON BROTHERS. In Store—10 Hds. Dried CURRANTS; 20 Ds. Dried APPLES.

## Law and Collection Offices

ADAMS & LAWLOR, Barristers and Attorneys at Law, Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., Real Estate, & Fire Insurance Agents. CLAIMS Collected in all parts of the Dominion.

OFFICES: NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST. M. ADAMS. R. A. LAWLOR. July 18th, 1878.

## SAMUEL THOMSON,

Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Bankruptcy, NOTARY PUBLIC &c.

LOANS Negotiated, Claims Promptly Collected, and Professional Business in all its branches, executed with accuracy and despatch. OFFICE—PUBLIC BUILDINGS, NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B. July 17, 1878.

## WILLIAM A. PARK,

Barrister & Attorney at Law, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

Office—Over the Store of William Park, Esq. Castle Street, - - - NEWCASTLE. May 1, 1877.

## L. J. TWEEDIE,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c., CHATHAM, N. B.

Office—Snowball's Building. May 12, 1878.

## JOHN McALISTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, CONVEYANCER, &c., CHATHAM, N. B.

Office—Snowball's Building. May 5, 1879.

## A. H. JOHNSON,

BARRISTER AT LAW, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c., &c., CHATHAM, N. B.

Office—In Mr. John Dalton's House; RESIDENCE. At Mr. Wm. Gremley's, opposite Office. Newcastle, March 26, 1877.

## DR. McDONALD,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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## DR. H. A. FISH,

Has commenced Practice in Newcastle, and can be consulted at his Office.

Mrs. Fowler's Building—two doors above Masonic Hall.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 10.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

## PETER LOGGIE,

Wood Moulding & Planing MILL, Near the Ferry Landing, CHATHAM.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF FINISHING for House or Ship Work, manufactured to order.

Venetian Blinds, Doors and Sashes, Pine and Walnut Mouldings, Jig Sawing and Planing, a Specialty. Estimates and Specifications furnished on application. Orders attended to with despatch.

P. LOGGIE. A. D. SHIRREFF, AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Life, Fire & Marine Insurance, GENERAL AGENT, Chatham, N. B. August 29, 1878.

## To Mill Owners and Mechanics,

THOS. B. PEACE, MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF SAWS, Is prepared to fill orders from any part of the country. His saws are now being widely used, are made of the very finest quality of English Steel, and are warranted to be equal to the best English or American manufacture. A fair trial will prove the correctness of these statements.

All kinds of Repairing Done. References By Permission: HON. WM. MURHEAD, Chatham; J. B. SNOWBALL, Esq., D. & J. RITCHIE & CO., Newcastle; J. FLEET, Nelson; BAKER & CO., North Esk.

SHOP—Water Street, Chatham, N. B. September 18, 1878.

## Carriage Repairing,

The Subscriber has erected a shop on the property lately owned by Dr. J. S. Benson, and is prepared to attend to the Making and Repairing of

CARRIAGES, HEAVY FARM AND LUMBER WAGGONS, &c.

Prompt attention given to all orders. Good work guaranteed.

ANGUS McLEAN. Newcastle, July 23, 1878.

## Lamps, Oils, &c.,

CHANDLERS, TABLE and HAND LAMPS, Chimneys, Wicks, &c., AMERICAN & CANADIAN OILS. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. J. R. CAMERON, "KENNIS & GARDNER BLOCK, Prince William Street." St. John, May 7, 1878.

## DENTISTRY.

Dr. Freeman, will attend to DENTISTRY in his various Branches, as his other engagements will permit.

Having procured every appliance and the most recent improvements, Dr. F. guarantees all operations and gives special attention to the insertion of

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, Either on Rubber or a new and improved Base called Celluloid.

Being a resident in the County his patients will find no difficulty in having every guarantee made good.

Newcastle, April 18, 1878.

## DR. W. W. JOHNSON,

DENTIST, HAS ARRIVED

and may be found at the "Waverly Hotel," Newcastle, and is now prepared to attend to DENTAL WORK in all its branches.

As his stay will probably be short an early call is solicited.

June 30, 1879.

## WILLIAM WYSE,

GENERAL DEALER, Auctioneer & Commission Merchant, CHATHAM, MIRAMICHI, N. B. Merchandise and Produce received on Commission. Liberal Advances made on Consignments. NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

AUCTION SALES, and all Business in connection with the same, attended to promptly. July 15, 1879.

## DYE STUFFS!

ANNATTO, Cochineal, Cudbear, Hyperic, Indigo Paste, Peachwood, Nutgalls, Sumac, Red Saunders, Copal, Camwood, Fustic, Indigo, Logwood, Madder, Polish Bichromate, Muriate of Tin, Turmeric.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Furniture, Crockery & Glassware, LAMPS, TABLE CUTLERY, Silverware and Fancy Goods, FREDERICTON, N. B. April 30, 1879.

## FIRST IMPORTATION!

FALL—1879.

We have the pleasure of advertising the receipt-to-day of seven cases LONDON GOODS, selected by our Mr. Allison. Hats, Bonnets, Hat and Bonnet Shapes, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Birds, Ornaments, Wings, Velvets, Satins, Striped Silks, Striped Velvets, Brocade, Battons, Flannels, Corsets, Oxford Shirtings, Ladies' Scarfs, Gentlemen's French and Made-Up Scarfs, &c., &c., &c.

Manchester, Robertson, & Allison. St. John, N. B., August 20.

## G. A. BLAIR,

Merchant Tailor, CHATHAM, N. B.

Always on hand a large and select assortment of BROADCLOTHS, Doeskins, Cassimeres, Beavers, Meltons, &c.

SCOTCH, ENGLISH, & CANADIAN TWEEDS. Velvet and other Fancy Vestings. Gentlemen's APPAREL, Made up promptly, and in the best and most Fashionable Styles.

Orders from a distance will receive Especial Attention.

## LATEST FASHIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND. Remember the Stand. Stone Building, adjoining Dr. Pallen's Water Street, Chatham. June 25th, 1878.

## CUSTOM TAILORING.

THE Subscriber has opened a FIRST CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. P. H. Anslow, and is now in a position to receive orders for the most perfect and up-to-date work in the art. He has secured the services of a first class cutter, and is prepared to execute orders for the most perfect and up-to-date work in the art. He has secured the services of a first class cutter, and is prepared to execute orders for the most perfect and up-to-date work in the art.

Gentlemen wanting clothes made to order for SPRING AND SUMMER will do well to examine his splendid assortment of ENGLISH & CANADIAN CLOTHS to select from.

GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS made up under the general supervision of a First Class Cutter. Cloth Purchased elsewhere will be made up on the premises.

W. S. MORRIS. Chatham, April 30, 1877.

## FREDERICTON

Custom Tailoring & Clothing ESTABLISHMENT.

James R. Howie, MARBLE HALL, QUEEN ST.

DESIRE to return his thanks to his many patrons in the North and elsewhere, for the generous patronage extended to him, and would assure them that no pains will be spared to retain their custom, as it is his aim to have all work performed in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner. Particular attention is given to all orders from the country. Now in hand, a FINE STOCK OF CLOTHS, SUITABLE FOR Spring & Summer Wear, which will be made up in the latest styles. Orders respectfully solicited. A good fit guaranteed in every case. I keep on hand a full stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING and GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, which will be sold at "Half Price" prices. JAMES R. HOWIE. Fredericton, May 12, 1879.

## CUSTOM TAILORING.

T. M. STEWART, (OF ST. JOHN, N. B.) Into Cutter for W. S. Morris, Esq., wishes to announce to the people of Newcastle and surrounding Districts, that he has commenced business over James W. Davidson's store, where with all the rest of the ideas in cutting and the latest New York Fashions, he is prepared to make up Clothes equal to any made abroad.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. Newcastle, 22nd April, 1878.

## D. E. DUNHAM,

ARCHITECT, OFFICE—MARSHALL'S BUILDING, CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE AND PRINCE WILLIAM ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

REFERENCES: D. J. McLAUGHLIN, STEPHEN WITAKER, JAS. E. WILKINSON, S. E. FOSTER, Owners of Commercial Block, King St., J. Y. NOLAN, SIMON JONES, A. L. F. LARSEN, J. H. MURPHY, JOHN V. ELLIS, DR. TRAVIS, DR. MACLAREN, H. E. HAMILTON, F. TURT, &c., &c., &c.

May 6, 1878.

## H. A. CROPLEY,

BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, PRINTER, BOOKBINDER, Paper Ruler, and Blank Book Manufacturer, Corner of QUEEN and HERBERT Streets, FREDERICTON, N. B.

THE attention of the people of Fredericton, Doaktown, Blackville, and other places, is directed to the fact that the undersigned has been appointed by the British American Paper Co. (Limited) the sole and exclusive agent for the sale of the above House, the largest and longest established in Fredericton.

HUNDREDS OF CLAY TABLETS turned to stone by the lapse of years. Such means of writing alone seen to have been known to the Assyrians, but it is certain that about the same time many other methods were practised. A species of paper was made from intestines, and human skins sometimes. Steel or ivory plates, scored with a graving-pen, are still extant. But the Egyptians, whose strange civilization grasped all things, even to the prophecies of the world's end, which, according to some, are embodied in the pyramids, could not rest content with such barbarous inventions; and first produced the papyrus which has given its name to our modern substitute for it. Two thousand four hundred years ago papyrus began its career, and last at the same time both interesting and useful.

THE YIELD OF HER MILLS is very great. There are many establishments scattered throughout the Dominion whose appliances and products equal those of any in the world. Among the most advanced of these in almost every respect, are the mills of the Canada Paper Company at Windsor and at Sherbrooke, in the Eastern Townships, through the courtesy of whose President an investigation into the processes employed in the manufacture was permitted. As already remarked, the description of these processes is difficult, but it is at the same time both interesting and useful.

EMPIRE superseded, and the paper of the European twelfth century mills destroyed it. The Nile, which made Egypt, made also papyrus. In its waters grew the plant, ten or twenty feet in height; the stem three-cornered, soft, and built of almost imperceptible layers of thin material. Cutting down these stems the Egyptians separated the layers by pointed pious-shells, or by less romantic pins, and spread a series of them upon a table sprinkled with the Nile water. Across this series was laid transversely another row and the double thickness flooded with water again, after which a heavy pressure was put on the sheet. Polished finally by some hard substance.

THE MAKING OF THE PAPER was completed; and from its native soil it migrated to all ends of the recognized world, comparatively not very far distant, any of them. Upon the process just described the Romans greatly improved, and under their rule Alexandria became the great paper mart of the now enlarged civilized earth. But the use of parchment was never discontinued by the stern rulers of the world. There seems not to have been one single step taken in the march of European progress which was not anticipated by the Egyptians or, still more, by the Chinese. That peculiar people—inventors of gunpowder, printing, of canals, of steam-engines—were also the first to discover the art of making paper from fibrous matter reduced to a pulp in water. At any rate, they used such a paper eighteen hundred years ago; our British ancestors did not then possess even the rags from which to make such a material. However, the Chinese did not use rags much, for the chief constituent of their article was the inner bark of the bamboo and mulberry trees, which were put through an elaborate fifteen days' process, and did not afford a remarkably good paper after all. The operations of the Japanese, however, resulted more satisfactorily, although they have anticipated the notions of our present manufacturers by turning their paper to strange uses, among other things making waterproof clothing from it. On the other side of Asia the Arabians, obtaining the idea from China; and shortly after the death of Mahomet, and while his followers were ravaging the world, a manufactory of the substance which was to revolutionize it was started in Samarcand. This date, A. D. 705, is the first in the history of paper, the second occurs in the eleventh century, when a mill was started in the limits of the Greek Empire. The Arabs early carried the art to Spain, from which it spread over all Europe, and after the invention of printing rose to huge dimensions. The first mill was built in England in 1588; the first in America in 1640. The art has since been improved, and bark have been the experiments upon the making of paper. The most extraordinary substances have been tested and abounded, the one after the other. Cotton, stalks, cabbage stems, flax, hemp, perches, and horse's nests; ivory shavings and lime, seaweed and oakum have all had their chance and are but a tithe of the materials tried. But, until lately, little addition was made to the resources of the manufacturers, and the direction in which the only material advance was effected was in the improvement of the machinery. This however was wonderfully rapid; in less than fifty years the hand-mill has been replaced by the vast establishments and

the industries of a country are always of interest to its people. No apology, therefore, is needed for the following account of paper manufacture, an account bearing particularly on its development in Canada. To make the story of general interest and usefulness, a brief introductory reference to its salient points is given. As a philosopher what has caused the wonderful progression of the human race in the past three hundred years, and he who has been the cause of the invention of the printing press. Ask him again why the most literary nations have ever been the most advanced and powerful, and he will tell you that the locomotive requires the rails, the common wealth its unwritten code, the man a future hope, all silent yet indispensable, just as our philosopher's pen requires a passive material to perfect their usefulness. The material is paper, and of paper we are about to write. Three thousand years ago, so far as we know, the human race first attempted to write, and like all beginners went heavily into details, to the destruction of the general effect. The attempt was to engrave their writing on flat stones, but from this they soon passed to clay tablets, which were impressed while soft and afterwards dried and hardened in the sun or in kilns, such as are our bricks. (Now St. Austin, British Ambassador in Turkey) whose researches in the buried cities of the long gone Assyrian empire first made him know, found among these remains HUNDREDS OF CLAY TABLETS turned to stone by the lapse of years. Such means of writing alone seen to have been known to the Assyrians, but it is certain that about the same time many other methods were practised. A species of paper was made from intestines, and human skins sometimes. Steel or ivory plates, scored with a graving-pen, are still extant. But the Egyptians, whose strange civilization grasped all things, even to the prophecies of the world's end, which, according to some, are embodied in the pyramids, could not rest content with such barbarous inventions; and first produced the papyrus which has given its name to our modern substitute for it. Two thousand four hundred years ago papyrus began its career, and last at the same time both interesting and useful.

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