

Attorney General, &c., may supersede Crown Prosecutor at any time.

VI. The Attorney or Solicitor General may at any time supersede the action of the Crown Prosecutor in any case civil or criminal by appearing in person before the Court, or by giving a written order investing any other person with the authority to conduct any particular case, or by filing any document in the nature of a *Retraxit* or *nolle prosequi* in or respecting any case, and the Crown Prosecutor shall be held and considered to be a subordinate officer of the Attorney General, and shall obey all lawful directions given to him from time to time by the Attorney General. 5

Crown Prosecutor to say how many Jurors will be required, and whether a Term is necessary or not.

VII. It shall be the duty of the Crown Prosecutor to give to the Sheriff of his District, fifteen days at least before every Term of the Court of Queen's Bench and Quarter Sessions, a written statement of the number of Petty Jurors, which in his opinion it will be necessary to summon in order to the transaction of the business which he may have reason to anticipate at any such term; and such statement having been approved by any Judge, shall be an order to the Sheriff respecting the number of Petty Jurors whom he will summon, and if there shall be no necessity for the holding of any Term of any such Court, the Crown Prosecutor shall certify the same to the Sheriff, and with the approval of any Judge, the Sheriff shall abstain from summoning any Jurors, Grand or Petty, for such Term. 15

Justices of the Peace to transmit complaints, &c., to the officers of the Courts.

VIII. It shall be the duty of all Justices of the Peace and Coroners to transmit within three days after the same shall be completed, all complaints, informations or inquisitions respecting indictable offences, together with all the depositions, recognizances and other information touching the same, to the Clerk of the Crown if the offences be cognizable by the Queen's Bench, and to the Clerk of the Peace if cognizable by the Sessions, of the jurisdiction when the said offence may be triable. 25

Appointment of Coroners.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Governor to appoint in and for each City, Town, or County in Lower Canada, or for so many Counties, or for any County and Town or City, as the Governor in Council may think advantageous for the public service, a Coroner, one of whom shall be appointed also Coroner for the District in which he resides. 30

Duty of such Coroners respectively.

X. In all Civil matters the Coroner for the District shall act throughout the same, and in holding inquests and other criminal matters, the Coroners shall each act for the City, County or Town, or Union thereof for which they have been appointed, and within his own jurisdiction each Coroner shall be invested with the same powers, liabilities, and enjoy the same emoluments as now appertain to the office of Coroner, and such Coroners may at any time by an order of the Governor in Council be required to enter into such recognizance or security for the due fulfilment of the duties as may be fixed by such order. 40