

ABOUT RAILWAY. Government's Faithful the Opposition and Railway Company.

...of repairing the railway, and the balance, if any, shall be paid to the minister on account of the price of the rails, rail-fastenings, girders, frogs and switch gear to be sold by the minister to the railway as aforesaid.

That the words "His Majesty" shall mean the sovereign and shall include the successors and assigns of the sovereign; the word "Minister" shall mean the minister of railways and canals for the time being, or any minister acting for or in the place of such minister, and shall include the deputy of the minister of railways and canals lawfully appointed; the word "Company" shall mean the party of the second part and shall include the successors and assigns of the said company.

Signed, sealed and delivered by his majesty in manner aforesaid, in presence of the Minister of Railways and Canals.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the company, in the presence of

WILL COST \$174,000,000 TO RUN NEW YORK CITY THIS YEAR.

Interest on Debt is \$47,000,000—An Army of Employees, of Which 17,200 Are School Teachers.

New York, Sept. 19.—It will cost \$174,000,000 to run the city of New York this year. To show how immense sum is spent and also how much the departments want to spend next year, and invite intelligent criticism, these estimates, the city will lay out \$350,000 next month on an exhibit that will reveal the details of city administration in such simple form that they may be understood by the humblest citizen.

Figures prepared by the various departments show that the city employs 100,000 men, 85,000 of them at the city and 22,000 temporarily.

The largest group of employees are the school teachers, who number 17,200. The police come next with 10,118. The firemen number 4,346. Care of the streets, parks, sewers, docks and bridges requires 10,200. In winter 7,000 snow shovellers and drivers of snow removal carts are employed.

The total pay roll of the city is \$88,000,021. The largest single item of expenses next to salaries and wages is "debt service," that is, the interest on the debt. This amounted to \$47,000,000 in 1910, and has nearly quadrupled since the greater city was established in 1898.

Ottawa, Sept. 19.—According to an official memorandum it is understood that the Governor General and Lady Grey have made the following arrangements prior to their much regretted departure from Canada.

On September 23 Their Excellencies will attend the race in Ottawa for the Earl Grey challenge cup to be competed for by teams from Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa and other club hunts.

For regulating the bowels, invigorating the kidneys and stirring up the lazy liver

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have proved for over half a century, in every quarter of the world, absolutely safe and most effective. 25c a box everywhere.

SALISBURY & ALBERT ROAD TAKEN BY GIANT LNER CUT DOWN BY CRUISER

Agreement Signed by Owners

Hon. Mr. Pugsley Receives Word from Company's Lawyers

I. C. R. Will Send Material at Once to Equip Line for Service—Persistent Efforts of Dr. McAlister in Interest of His Constituents Crowned With Success.

Thanks to the energy and good faith of Dr. D. H. McAlister, Minister of Public Works, and other Liberals, there is good news for the people of Albert County this morning. Their transportation difficulties have been brought to an end.

At least, after very protracted delays on the part of the company, the Minister of Public Works yesterday afternoon received a telegram from E. P. Raymond, of the firm of Hasen & Raymond, a company of solicitors, sent from New York (where Mr. Raymond went to advise with Mr. Swan the president of the company) stating that the Salisbury and Albert Railway Company has signed the agreement for the taking over of the road by the government, and its immediate repair and operation.

Although there has been much unnecessary and vexatious delay on the part of the company in executing the contract since the manager, Mr. Sherwood, informed Dr. Pugsley that the agreement proposed by the Minister of Railways was satisfactory, it will be gratifying news to the people of Albert County that the company has at last executed the agreement, and that, as soon as it reaches Ottawa, the rails, which have been loaded on the cars for some time ready for delivery, will be sent forward and the repairs completed.

It is hoped that the work of repairs, which are to be made under the direction of an engineer of the Department of Railways, will be vigorously pushed forward so that the line may soon be reopened for traffic.

NEW YORK HUNTER'S NARROW ESCAPE

Utes, Sept. 19.—Shot at by an amateur hunter armed with a powerful magazine rifle and less than forty feet distant, Adolph Seymour of Tupper Lake, in the Adirondacks was congratulating himself today that he was alive to tell the story.

The deer hunting season in the Adirondacks opened Saturday and yesterday Seymour went over on Mount Morris in quest of game. Early in the afternoon he shot a fine deer, threw the animal over his shoulder and started for home. The weight of the deer made it necessary for Seymour to be very cautious about his footing and he kept his eyes on the ground as he walked, careful not to make a misstep.

Suddenly he heard the click of a rifle and looking up saw a shining gun barrel pointed directly at him. Almost instantly there was a flash and a report. Somewhere above Seymour's head the bullet of the fool hunter went whizzing through the trees, missing its mark, which was the deer on Seymour's shoulders.

"You damned fool," Seymour roared, dropping the deer and rushing toward the now startled hunter, "what do you mean shooting at a fellow that way?"

"My goodness, I didn't see you under the deer," the frightened hunter gasped. He refused, however, to give his name to Seymour, but it is said he is a resident of New York city and is stopping at a camp north of Tupper Lake.

"If he hadn't had a bad case of buck fever he would have got me," said Seymour today.

When Tupper Lake's experienced hunters heard of the narrow escape of Seymour they talked it over while and then decided to attach to the body of every deer to be carried from the woods a large sign with these words: "Don't shoot me, I'm dead."

WELL, WELL! THIS IS A HOME DYE that ANYONE can use. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills. I used ALL these DIFFERENT KINDS of Dyes with the SAME Dye. I used DYOLA. ONE DYE—ALL KINDS OF DYES.

MR. J. BRYAN ON PRICE PEACE

Famous Politician Deals Well With Religious Subject

A FINE SPEAKER

Large Audience in Opera House Hears Man Who Was Thrice Candidate for the Presidency of the United States—Some Elquent Passages from His Address.

Wednesday, Sept. 20.—In spite of the unfavorable weather, a large audience gathered at the Opera House last night to hear William Jennings Bryan speak. His subject was "The Price of Peace." The crowds continued to pour into the house until long after the time set for the opening of the evening.

When W. C. Cross, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., who acted as chairman, made his appearance on the platform, accompanied by the speaker of the evening, the house was packed to the doors.

The appearance of Mr. Bryan was the signal for a prolonged outburst of cheering and applause. He introduced the speaker by making reference to the long association of Mr. Bryan with the Y. M. C. A. and spoke of the good which had been done by him during the past year.

Mr. Bryan expressed his admiration at the size of the audience at a time when the people might reasonably be expected to be interested in other things than religious politics. He stated that it might seem somewhat inappropriate for him to speak on the subject of peace when the citizens of St. John were engaged in a dogmatic political fight, but that although he liked to give political addresses, he preferred to give religious addresses, and he would make no apology for the fact that he was a member of the Y. M. C. A.

Government affects but a part of the life which we live here and does not deal at all with the life beyond, which religion touches the infinite circle of existence as well as the finite. No greater theme, therefore, can engage our attention. If I discuss questions of government, I must discuss them in relation to the spiritual life. I can put my ideas into practice only if I am speaking on religion, I can touch one human heart for good, I have not the means to do so in any other way.

"Man is a religious being; the heart instinctively seeks for a God. Whether he worships on the banks of the Ganges, kneels toward Mecca or, regarding all space as a temple, communes with the Heavenly Father, according to the Christian creed, man is essentially devout."

Those Who Are "Smart." After scolding the young men who were skeptical only because they thought it smart, Colonel Bryan quoted Tolstoy's distinction between religion and morality and passed on to give his own views as follows:

"Religion is the foundation of morality in the individual and in the group of individuals. Materialists have attempted to build up a system of morality upon the basis of self-interest and selfishness. They would have man figure out by mathematics what it pays him to abstain from wrongdoing; they would even inject an element of selfishness into the moral system elaborated by the maternal hand of heaven. First, its virtues are borrowed from moral systems based upon religion. All those who are intelligent enough to discuss a system of morality so saturated with the morals derived from systems resting upon religion that they cannot frame a system resting upon reason alone.

"Second, as it rests upon argument rather than upon authority, the young are not in a position to accept or reject. Our laws are based upon authority. The law of the real estate until he is twenty-one. Why this restraint? Because his reason is not mature; and yet a man's life is largely moulded by the environment of his youth.

Third, one never knows just how much of his decision is due to reason and how much due to passion or to selfish interest. Passion can be better understood than reason. It is recognized in our criminal laws. We also recognize the bias or self-interest which may influence the jury every man, no matter how reasonable or upright he may be, who has a pecuniary interest in the result of the trial.

"And, fourth, one whose morality rests upon a nice calculation of benefits to be secured spends time figuring that which should spend in action. Those who keep a book account of their good deeds seldom do enough good to justify keeping books. A noble life cannot be built upon an arithmetic; it must be rather like the spring that pours forth constantly of that which refreshes and invigorates.

"Morality is the power of endurance in man; and a religion which teaches personal responsibility to God gives strength to morality. There is a powerful restraining influence had by reason or by self-interest which would not be the basis of religion.

In dealing with religion, it was necessary, the speaker said to begin at the beginning. He went back to the creation and the fall of man, and then to the time when he was as far back as you may, he said, and you cannot escape from the creative act.

Hewson's Pure Wool Unshrinkable Underwear. Chicago Aviator Killed. Derrit, Iowa, Sept. 19.—Alfred Rosenbaum, of Chicago, was killed here today when his aeroplane fell from a height of fifty feet. He had been in the air only twenty minutes when he lost control of the machine.

MOROCCO AFFAIR LOOKS BETTER

Semi-official Note Says Agreement is Partially Reached

DIFFERENCES YET

Germany Hanging On for Further Concessions, But France is Willing to Have Made All She Will—Paris Press Applauds Government's Firm Stand.

Paris, Sept. 19.—The long period of national anxiety attendant on the Moroccan negotiations is drawing towards a satisfactory conclusion. The French people have been slow in accepting the optimism which has prevailed in Berlin for several days, and it was only today, after a semi-official communication to the press, based on Ambassador Cambon's telegraphic report to the foreign office of his interview with the German foreign minister yesterday, that sufficient reasons appeared for the conviction that the six months uncertainty is nearing an end.

A second semi-official communication tonight says that the question of the economic interests of Germany in Morocco appears to be on the eve of settlement, there remain other disputed points still to be settled. Among these are the questions relating to consular courts and a system whereby the legations and consulates take certain natives under their protection. France desires in this regard that Germany shall accept in principle the eventual abrogation of the convention of jurisdiction in Morocco and that Germany shall not undertake to furnish the number of her proteges while awaiting such abrogation.

The French people, particularly the business world, have become weary of the daily agitations, the doubts, the rumors, the confounding reports of what was happening or likely to happen. It is the most serious controversy France has had since Germany since 1870 against the people, the firmness and tenacity of the government towards a formidable neighbor, with Great Britain always a friend and ally, the background, is generally considered has been greatly strengthened.

HONG KONG BARS OPIUM Except That Requisite for Farmers by Terms of Contract—An Example of British Aid in Suppressing the Chinese Traffic.

The British government is still in a practical manner manifesting its desire to suppress the opium traffic in the Far East. In India, opium, other than the amount requisite for the needs of the opium farmers, is forbidden entry into Hong Kong, nor can it be transhipped in colonial waters. Since certified opium, the entry of which into China is permitted, costs in India double the amount of the opium which into China is prohibited, large quantities of the latter have been imported into Hong Kong, whence in the number of years, the opium traffic in the delta it can easily be smuggled into China.

The British government, recognizing China's difficulty, imposes the foregoing prohibition.

Persian opium in Hong Kong in the possession of British opium merchants at present amounts to several hundred chests. From Jan. 1, 1912, no Persian opium will be permitted to enter China, although in 1908 merchants were notified that the traffic would only be extinguished gradually, ending in 1916. This year the full allowance of Persian opium permitted under the previous agreement has been already admitted. The Chinese will, however, admit further chests this year, provided that the amount so admitted is deducted from the total Indian opium permitted entrance this year.

Meanwhile the question referred to by Sir Edward Grey in the house of commons has been adjusted. The victory of Canton has given a written assurance to the British consul general that he will conform to the edict of July 25 forbidding extra tariff taxation, long in violation of British government consent to the procedure prohibiting in the terms of Art. III, the import of Indian opium in Manchuria, Shansi and Szechuan, to which places China has unconditionally added the Metropolitan province.

Thus progress is being made; but the degree of decentralization of government in China is obvious, where a provincial viceroys is called upon by the British consul general to give a written assurance that he will in future obey the imperial orders of his own government.

The viceroys of Canton had imposed an additional tax on Indian raw opium of 50 cents per ounce, equal to \$800 a chest, in disregard of the opium agreement, which provided that Indian raw opium having paid full duty, should be exempt from further taxation in the port of import. The viceroys made the impost under the pretence of adding 50 cents worth of anti-opium medicine to each ounce of raw opium.

Sir Lomer Gouin Weds. Montreal, Sept. 19.—(Canadian Press)—In the Roman Catholic cathedral at St. James today Sir Lomer Gouin, premier of the province of Quebec, was united in marriage to Miss Alice Amos, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Amos of Three Rivers.

The ceremony, which was performed by His Grace, Archbishop Beuchet, assisted by Rev. Father Gouin, brother of the bridegroom, was followed by a wedding banquet in the Windsor Hotel. Sir Lomer and Lady Gouin left for New York.

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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.

900 DROPS. A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep. THE SUCRINE SIGNATURE OF CASTORIA NEW YORK. 35 DROPS—35 CENTS. EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

Two Men Indicted for Murder in Lynching Case

Coatesville Chief of Police and an Officer, Also, Indicted for Involuntary Manslaughter.

Coatesville, Pa., Sept. 20.—The most important development in the negro lynching case came today when warrants charging two members of the mob with murder, and two policemen with involuntary manslaughter, were issued by Judge Butler upon the recommendation of the special grand jury. The jurors were discharged.

The men indicted are Richard S. Tucker, insurance agent, the first man to enter the hospital on Sunday night, Aug. 16, when Zack Walker was dragged by a mob from his bed and burned to death; and Walter Markwood, a millhand, who it is claimed took only an obscure part in the lynching. Both were indicted for murder.

Policemen Stanley S. Howe, who was on guard at the hospital on the night of the lynching, and who it is claimed did not exert himself to prevent the crime, and Chief of Police C. E. Umstead, who is claimed failed to perform his duty properly, were indicted for involuntary manslaughter.

CZAR ATTENDS THE FUNERAL SERVICE OF SLAIN PREMIER

Emperor and Family Going to Sebastopol to Reside for a Time.

Kiev, Russia, Sept. 19.—A mass for the repose of the soul of the late Russian prime minister, M. Stolypin, who was shot during a gala performance at the Municipal Theatre Thursday night, was celebrated today at the Kiev Hospital, where the statesman succumbed last night to injuries inflicted by his assassin, Denitry Bogoff.

Emperor Nicholas participated in the ceremonies and at its conclusion personally consoled with M. Stolypin's widow.

His majesty left Kiev this evening for Sebastopol where the imperial party will take up for three months their residence in the newly built palace at Yalta. Crises. Thousands of persons, cheering enthusiastically and singing repeatedly the national anthem, accompanied the emperor through the streets from the hospital to the railway station.

BRITAIN'S VOLUNTEER POLICE FORCE SCHEME

May Enroll Strikers as Special Constables to Preserve Peace During Industrial Disorders.

A WINDSOR LADY'S APPEAL To all women: I will send free with full instructions, my home treatment which positively cures Leucorrhoea, Ulceration, Displacements, Falling of the Womb, Painful or Irregular Periods, Uterine and Ovarian Tumors or Growths, also Hot Flashes, Nervousness, Melancholy, Pains in the Head, Back or Bowels, Kidney and Bladder troubles, where caused by weakness peculiar to our sex. You can continue treatment at home at a cost of only 19 cents a week. My book, "Women's Own Medical Adviser," also sent free on request. Write today. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 1170, Windsor, Ont.