POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

ROJESTVENSKY CAPTURED AND EVERY RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP SUNK OR TAKEN

Togo Announces the Grim Details of His Great Victory

Russian Commander, Badly Wounded, Caught on One of His Torpedo Boats--Czar's Great Fleet Practically Destroyed; Sixteen of Them, Including Six Battleships, Sunk and Six in Japs' Hands--Later Particulars of Pursuit May Increase Extent of Russian Disaster--Only Two Vessels Get to Vladivostok as Yet--Russian Captain Tells How Togo Wrought Their Destruction.

Washington, May 31—The state department has received the following despatch from Tokio, May 30: It is officially announced that all of the Russian battleships have been sunk, except the Orel and Nicholas I., which were captured. Admiral Rojestvensky, Volkorsham and Nebogatoff are all prisoners.

Washington, May 30.—The Japanese legation tonight gave out the following cablegram from Tokio:

"Fifth report from Togo received afternoon May 30:

"The main force of our combined fleet upon accepting surrender of the remaining Russian main force near Liancourt Rocks, in the afternoon of May 28, as already reported, stopped pursuit and while engaged in the disposition of surrendered ships found in a southwestern direction, the Admiral Ushakoff, a coast defense ship. Thereupon Iwate and Yakumo were immediately despatched in pursuit and invited her to surrender, but she refused and was sunk at 6 p. m. Her crew of over 300 men were rescued.

"Cruiser Dimitri Dunskoi was also found in the northwestern direction at 5 p. m. and was immediately overtaken and fired on vigorously by our fourth division and second destroyer flotilla. She was attacked that night by the second destroyer flotilla and the next morning was found aground on the southeastern shore of Urleung Island, off Korean coast. Our destroyer Sazanami captured toward the evening of May 29, in the south of Urleung island, the Russian destroyer Biedovy, wherein were found Admiral Rojestvensky and another admiral, both severely wounded, together with eighty Russians, including staff officers from the flagship Prince Suvaroff (Kniaz Souvaroff) which was sunk at 5.29 p. m. on May 29. They were all taken prisoners.

"Our cruiser Chitose while cruising to the northward on the morning of May 28 found and sank another Russian destroyer. Our cruiser Niyitaka and destroyer Murakumo attacked also at noon on May 28 a Russian destroyer, which finally went aground. According to various reports hitherto received and statements of prisoners, the result of the battle from May 27 to May 29 is as follows:

"Prince Suvaroff, Alexandre III, Borodino, Dimitri Donskoi, Admiral Nachmoff, Monamoch, Jemtchug, Admiral Oushakoff, one converted cruiser and two destroyers, sunk.

"Nicholas I, Orel, Admiral Apraxin, Admiral Senkavin, and destroyer Biedvoy captured.

"According to the prisoners the Osliabia sunk about 3 p. m. and the Navarin also was sunk.

"Almaz on May 27th was observed in a disabled and sinking condition, but her final fate is yet unknown.

"The full particulars regarding the injury to our ships are not yet in hand, but so far as I could ascertain, none was seriously injured, all being still engaged in operations. The whole casualties are not yet ascertained. Casualties of first division are little over four hundred. Prince Yorhito in excellent health, Admiral Misu slightly wounded, May 29th.

"Sixth report received the afternoon of May 30th:

"Loss of Osliabia, Navarin confirmed. Sissoi-Veliki also definitely reported to have sunk on the morning of May 28.

"Official statement of Russian losses so far as ascertained:

"Following six battleships sunk—Prince Suvaroff, Imperator-Alexander III, Borodino, Oslabia, Sissoi-Veliki, and Navarin.

"Following five cruisers sunk: Admiral Nakhimoff, Dimitri Donskoi, Vladimir-Monomach, Evietlana and Jemtchug.

"Coast defense ship Admiral Oshakoff sunk.

"Two special service ships Kamtchatka and three destroyers also sunk.

"Two battleships Orel and Imperator Nicholas I, two coast defense ships, General Admiral Apraxin and Admiral Senyavin, and one destroyer Piedovy captured.

"Thus the Russians lost altogether 22 ships, the aggregate tonnage thereof amounting to 153,411 tons, besides the Almaz suspected to have sunk."

Say Togo Used Submarines.

Tokio, May 30.—Admiral Togo appears to have planned and laid a complete trap which fitted Admiral Rojestvensky's action and the Japanese outmanoeuvred, outfought and outshot the Russians, fearlessly taking their lightest cruisers against the heavy Russian armor-clad battleships and joining battleships with armored cruisers smothering them with gunfire.

Tremendous interest attaches to the use of submarine vessels. The navy department is silent on this point, but it is confidently believed that submarines were effectively used for the first time in history. Theoretically, the sea was too rough for the employment of submarines Saturday but the Japanese sailors welcome desperate chances. It is believed that torpedo boats and destroyers scored heavily Saturday night. The conditions on Sunday were most favorable.

In a trice the boats were dropped from the davits and in a moment the officers of the cruisers and torpedo boats in the harbor and the military officials from the fortress were swarming on board the Almaz to learn news of the fight.

Say Japs Lost Two Battleships.

Vladivostok, May 30, 4.30 p. m.—Two ships alone of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky's powerful flotilla, the swift cruiser Almaz and the torpedo boat destroyer Grozny, lie at anchor here today in the curving harbor of Golden Horn, they having separated from the fleet in the early stage of the battle which began in the Korea Strait Saturday and headed, in obedience to orders, with full speed to Vladivostok.

Up to 4 o'clock this afternoon no other vessels of the Baltic fleet had yet arrived and the signal stations at Askold and Rimskykorsakoff islands reported none in sight.

Officers of the Almaz and Grozny say that both fleets had already sustained terrible losses when the Almaz and Grozny broke through the hostile line.

Of the Japanese, two battleships had gone down before their eyes and two cruisers, their sterns high out of the water, seemed ready to plunge foremost to the bottom of the sea.

The Russian fleet, they say, was even in a sadder plight. Rojestvensky's flagship, the Kniaz Souvaroff, and her sister ship, the Borodino, and the cruisers Osliabia and Ural were utterly destroyed and then the fog closed down and hid the scene of the battle from sight.

Northward of the speeding ships a third great Russian battleship, the Alexander III, seemed in sore distress but limping northward, putting up a valiant fight against throngs of torpedo boats and still continuing her attacks on the cruisers of the Island Empire. Torpedo boats were also clinging round the other ships of the fleet like angered wasps, separate flotillas darting in again to launch their weapons.

Almaz Bears Many Scars.

The Almaz, which arrived at her anchorage here Monday evening, bears scars of the battle. Her mizzenmast is shot away and one of her smokestacks is pierced by a cannon shot. But the Grozny, though engaged for several hours in a running fight at short range with a large Japanese destroyer, shows no signs of the fray and finally after her commander, Capt. Andriffski, had been wounded and an officer and three men had been killed, the Grozny succeeded in sinking her opponent with a luckily placed shot and reached Vladivostok without further adventure at 11 o'clock this morning.

For the past two days Vladivostok had been buzzing with rumor and excitement. The fact that a battle between the rival fleets was imminent if Rojestvensky was not already at hand grips with Togo, was made known through telegrams from Europe, and when it was learned Monday morning that a Russian cruiser had been sighted off Askold islands headed for the harbor the city was filled with the wildest reports of every nature.

Six o'clock in the evening a graceful cruiser with two snowy white stacks shot into view at the entrance of the Golden Horn and rounded to an anchorage beneath the bristling guns of the curving promotory. From afar the broken stump of her mizzenmast and a shot hole showing black upon the white paint of one stack indicated that the cruiser had encountered the Japanese.

Russian Story of Battle.

The story was short. According to the officers of the Almaz the fleet under Rojestvensky met the Japanese in the Strait of Korea near Tsu Islands and the opposing fleets immediately closed in. Being lightly armored, the Almaz, as had been ordered by Admiral Rojestvensky before the battle, separated itself from the main fleet at the first opportunity and headed for Vladivostok soon after the commencement of the action, but not too soon to observe that the losses on both sides in the titanic combat were great.

Early in the battle an officer of the Almaz while watching Rojestvensky's flagship, the battleship Kniaz Souvaroff, for a signal, saw the flagship shudder from stem to stern as if under a blow from a gigantic hammer, and hesitate in her course, while the waves rose high from her armored sides. Then she commenced to list and soon sank, leaving the deck officers and many of the crew struggling in the waves.

One of the Russian torpedo boats either the destroyer Buiny or the Bravi ran in and picked up a number of the swimmers, one of whom was recognized through a glass, as Admiral Rojestvensky.

Under the gruelling attack from the Japanese warships, aided by torpedo boats, mines and submarines, the Borodino, Oaliabya and Ural were placed out of action and followed the flagship to the bottom.

The arrival of the Grozny at 11 o'clock today was marked by the same scenes of excitement as those which characterized the advent of the Almaz.

The correspondent of the Associated Press visited the wounded commander of the destroyer, Captain Adriffski at the hospital and the captain confirmed the details given by the officers of the Almaz.

St. Petersburg Stunned.

St. Petersburg, May 31, 4.25 a. m.—The Russian admiralty is literally stupefied at the extent of the disaster suffered by Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet, and its own advices paint the situation in even worse colors than the Tokio despatches.

The Associated Press Vladivostok despatch, received at an early hour this morning, accounts for only two ships of the great Russian flotilla—the cruiser Almaz and the torpedo boat destroyer Grozny, and the absence of news about the battleship Navari and the cruisers Oleg and Aurora, which are the only fighting ships of any value not enumerated in the Japanese list of destroyed or captured and which up to 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon had not reached Vladivostok, renders almost idle any hope that they were able to shake off the pursing Japanese cruisers and reach the shelter of the fortress at Golden Horn.

The officers of the Almaz dispute Admiral Togo's victory, with practically no loss, and declare they saw two battleships go down before their eyes and that two cruisers were on the point of foundering when they last distinguished the battling fleets. But they admit the distance of their ship from the scene of battle and the fog made the view very difficult.

Rojestvensky Had 36 Vessels.

Tokio, May 30—(Noon)—A warrant officer of the Russian repair ship Kamtchatka, who landed at Moji says:

"Our fleet entered the Straits of Korea numebring 36 vessels. The Kamachatka received several shots and was partly disabled. Finally a shot struck a vital part and sixty men entered boats. When they were nearly clear a great explosion occurred and the ship sank. The captain and seven officers were killed during the battle. Two officers were wounded and two jumped overboard. Three other officers were drowned.

"We could see our battleships to the northward enveloped by the Japanese. Seemingly they were badly damaged."

Togo Wires Job's Nearly Completed.

Tokio, May 30—Admiral Togo has wired Admiral Yamamoto, minister of the navy, as follows:

"The main force of the Russian second and third fleets is nearly annihilated. Please feel assured of it."

Gromoboi Sunk With 800 Men ?

London, May 31.—The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Express reports that the cruiser Gromoboi of the Vladivostok squadron with nearly 800 men on board issued from Vladivostok in the hope of joining the remanant of Rojestvensky's fleet and that it struck a Japanese mine and sunk with all hands

The correspondent says it is believed that Vice Admiral Skrydloff was on board the Gromoboi.

Japs Lost Three Torpedo Boats.

Washington, May 31—The state department has received the following cablegram from Tokio dated today: "Rojestvensky's skull fractured requiring operation, serious but not dangerous. Total Japanese losses to date three torpedo boats sunk, three officers killed, about 200 men killed and disabled."

Linevitch Fears Effect of Togo's Victory.

St. Petersburg, June 1, 3.20 a. m.—Whether peace or the continuance of the war will be the result of yesterday's all-important conference between the emperor and his ministers at Tsarskoe-Selo hangs in doubt, the ministers who returned to St. Petersburg late at night preserving serious reticence over the attitude of the emperor.

Various rumors as to the results of the council are current, all agreeing, however, that a continuance of the war was the first question taken up, whereupon the peace party offered a strong line of argument, which was supplemented, it is said, by a despatch from Lieutenant General Linevitch in which that commander expressed a fear as to the demoralizing effect of the naval disaster on the army, the news of which had already reached the troops from Vladivostok and was rapidly spreading.

Russian Officer's Story of Togo's Victory.

London, June 1—The Daily Mail's Tokio correspondent says that the captain of the Russian cruiser Admiral Nakhimoff, who is now a prisoner, relates the following story of the battle between the Japanese and Russian fleets:

"We first saw the Japanese at 6 o'clock on the morning of May 27, when suddenly and unexpectedly we encountered the enemy's fleet as we were moving to the east of Tsu Island. They steamed toward us and opened fire. Only ninety minutes after the firing began, a sudden shock was felt under the Admiral Nakhimoff and she began to sink with great rapidity. My belief is that she either struck a mine or a torpedo. My crew numbered 600 men, a majority of whom went down in the ship, as there was no time to get the men on deck.

"Myself and a number of survivors, aided by lifebelts, swam to a small launch, and about 10 o'clock in the morning we went aboard a fisher boat. All of the officers were sent to Shimonseki.

"In the engagement fought off Liancourt Rocks the Russian battleships were surrounded by Japanese ships which circled about them pouring in a terrible fire, and they almost immediately fell into hopeless confusion. Seeing their plight Vice Admiral Togo signalled from the battleship Mikasa a demand to know whether the Russians were ready to surrender. Our ships complied with the demand."

Roar of Cannonade Terrific.

Other accounts of the battle describe the roar of the cannonade as to terrible that houses were shaken at Yamaguchi, twenty-eight miles distant, and the people supposed it was an earthquake.

The Japanese fleet has suffered little. The battleship Asahi was oftenest hit and suffered the heaviest loss, but did not quit the firing line. Admiral Kamimura was sent southwards

with the deliberate purpose of beginning the battle with a small squadron. He, however, allowed the Russians to pass him. Then Rear-Admiral Uriu broke in upon them from Oki Islands and passed across the head of the third line, raking them again and again.

Submarines Effective.

Japanese submarine boats, the correspondent says, proved most effective. The armored cruiser Vladimir Monomach hoisted the white flag during the battle and, with 100 of her crew, surrendered.

The repair ship Kamtchatka was badly hit early in the battle. Her steering gear was so disabled that she could only circle round and round. While in this condition a shell hit her engines, completely disabling her. Fifty-six of her crew took to boats, but there were barely lowered when the Kamtchatka lurched. Her bows rose in the air and she sank with a tremendous roar. Her captain was killed and three officers were drowned and two were wounded, while the fate of the others is uncertain. One of the Kamtchatka's officers, while in a boat, saw the Japanese close around three Russian battleships, which were sinking, and torpedoes appeared to be exploding all about them.

Called "Sea of Japan Battle."

Tokio, May 30, 1.30 p. m. (delayed in transmission)—Admiral Togo, telegraphing today, says:

"The naval battle fought from the afternoon of May 27 to May 28 in the vicinity of Okino Islands and extending to the vicinity of Orleung Island, is called the naval battle of the Sea of Japan."

Admiral Togo also reports that Vice Admiral Enquist was captured with Admiral Rojestvensky. The Russian prisoners, Admiral Togo says, will exceed 3,000.

Rojestvensky Will Recover.

Tokio, May 31, 5 p. m.—It is now certain that Admiral Rojestvensky is a prisoner of the Japanese. He is wounded in the forehead, legs and back, but will recover. Vice-Admiral Voelkersam is supposed to have perished.

Solemn Conference of Czar and Advisers.

St. Petersburg, May 31, 5.35 p. m.—The seriousness of the situation created by the complete destruction of the Russian fleet seems to be fully realized at Tsarskoe Zelo, where the emperor has assembled practically all the members of the imperial family to decide on the course to pursue. A series of conferences are proceeding which will determine not only the question of peace, but whether it is advisable to yield to the popular demand for the immediate convocation of a national assembly. Some of the members of the imperial are understood to be urging His Majesty to retrieve the situation by making common cause with the people against the bureaucracy. The emperor has decided to send his brother, Grand Duke Michael to attend the marriage of Crown Prince Frederick William of Germany instead of his uncle Grand Duke Vladimir, whose more mature judgment and advice the emperor regards as very important in the present crisis.

This afternoon, the emperor summoned Admiral Alexieff and all the ministers to an extraordinary council. This was foreign minister Lamsdorff's regular day for receiving the foreign representatives, and when he got the imperial command, he hastily sent the representatives a notification that he could not receive them. The Associated Press was informed that all the ministers with the exception of the ministers of war and marine unanimously favor the conclusion of peace. No trouble is anticipated in meeting the payment of an indemnity, as financiers who were not willing to lend money for a continuation of the war, are ready to accommodate Russia if money is needed for the purpose of concluding peace.

Washington Peace Talk.

Washington, May 31—Sir Mortimer Durand, the British Ambassador, was the guest at luncheon today of President Roosevelt at the White House.

The president and Sir Mortimer discussed fully the recent developments in the Far East as well as some matters involving the relations of the United States and Great Britain. That they discussed the prospects of bringing about peace between Russia and Japan there can be no doubt. So far, however, this country has received no information from Russia that negotiations looking for peace in the existing circumstances would be acceptable to the Czar's government.

President Roosevelt is keeping in close touch with the situation and is willing, as he has been for many months, to take the initiative in peace negotiations should a favorable opportunity be presented. Advices received today indicate that the Russian government has under consideration the entire war situation in the light of the result of the naval battle, but the advices do not convey even a suggestion of the future action of the St. Petersburg government.

It is regarded as likely that the Russian government may convey to the United States and the other powers, either through its ambassadors or through the medium of the French government, its determination reached after thorough consideration.

It is expected that Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, will soon have a conference with President Roosevelt, but no engagement has yet been made for the conference. The nature of the conference will depend in a grat degree upon the information and instructions which Count Cassini shall receive from his government.

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MT. ALLISON COLLEGE CLASS LISTS, JUNE 1905

Psychology—Class I., Long, Whitmarsh, Oxley, M. Dixon, W. Turner; class II., Roberts, T. Oulton, H. Steeves, G. Morris, Wright, O'Brien, Evans, Colpitts, Hockin, Taylor, Swaine, Tilley, Killam Davidson, Fullerton. Passed — McFadzen, Hickson, Broughton, Godfrey, Rackham, H. Tait, Colter, A. Smith, S. Tait, Bailey, Outerbridge.

International law—Class I., Howard, G. P. Tuttle; class II., Chapman, E. R. Hicks, Davidson, T. Oulton, Rackham. Passed—Stebbings, M. Peters.

History of philosophy—Class I., L. Dixon, Howard, G. P. Tuttle, Bigney; class II., Pepper, McQuade, Stebbings.

Christian evidence—Class I., Broughton, Worrell, Godfrey; class II., Dixon, Knapp, Evans, Lawson, G. P. Tuttle, Read, MacArthur, T. Oulton, Howard. Passed—Motyer, E. R. Hicks, Hockin, McFadzen, McQuade, Rackham, Peters.

Ethics—Class I. (Worrell, Dixon), Broughton, Godfrey, Read, Lawson, G. P. Tuttle, Hockin; class II., McFadzen (Howard, Oulton), Rackham, Hicks, Evans (Wright, McQuade, MacArthur), Knapp, Colter. Passed—Motyer, B. A. Smith.

Hebrew C—Class I., Hennigar, Mack; class II., Sellar.

Hebrew B—Class II., Pepper.

Hebrew A—Class I., Colpitts; class II., Wright, Rackham.

Senior mathematics—Class I. (L. Dixon, Worrell), Read; class II., G. Killar, Motyer. Passed—Evans, Colpitts.

Junior mathematics—Class I., Read; class II., Hockin, W. W. McDonald, Clindinnin. Passed—Atkinson.

Contracts—Class I., Read, Motyer. Passed—McQuade, Tuttle (Hicks, Chapman), (Delong, Howard, Stebbings).

Political economy—Class I., Dean, Long, Fullerton; class II., Westmoreland, Black, Steeves, Swaine, Tilley, Ayers. Passed—Johnson, Roy Wheeler, Delong, Taylor, Miller, Doe.

Advanced Greek—Class I., L. Dixon, W. Turner; class II., Day. Passed—Saller.

Advanced Latin—Class I., L. Dixon, Long, W. Turner; class II., Cotter, Rackham, Motyer, Roberts. Passed—Taylor, G. P. Tuttle (Hickman, G. Killam, McQuade), McFadzen, Hockin.

Advanced German—Class I., Rogers, Evans, Bigney.

Advanced French—Class I., E. MacArthur, G. Evans, Lawson; class II., Colter, T. Oulton, Roberts. Passed—H. C. Steeves, Knapp, V. Black, Hickson.

Advanced English—Class I., Worrell, Howard, Long (M. Dixon, Oxley), Whitmarsh, W. Turner; class II., Lawson, Swaine, H. G. Black, H. Perley, E. MacArthur, Knapp, Colter, G. Evans, G. P. Tuttle, C. Wright, Davidson. Passed—Fullerton, T. Oulton, H. Tait, Colpitts, Taylor, A. Smith, Stebbings, Chapman.

Sophomore Greek—Class I., Whitmarsh; class II., Day, C. Wright. Passed—(Motyer, Rackham), H. L. Atkinson, G. Morris, Tilley, Swaine, McQuade.

Sophomore Latin—Class I., M. Smith; class II., Patterson, H. Black, Sellar, Whitmarsh, A. Bullock, Teer, Mack, H. C. Atkinson. Passed—A. S. Tuttle, H. Steeves, Colpitts, Roy Wheeler, McLatchy, Fullerton, Swaine, McLean, Ralph Wheeler.

Sophomore mathematics—Class I., Clindinnin, H. G. Black, W. McDonald, Smiley; class II., Mack, J. Oulton, Patterson, E. Atkinson, Llewellyn, A. Bullock, H. Atkinson, R. Bell, W. Gaetz, Sellar, McLean, McLatchy, A. Tuttle, Teer. Passed—M. Smith, V. E. Black, C. Hallett, K. Lawrence, R. Harper, R. Wheeler.

Sophomore English—Class I., Lucy Lay, Smiley, H. Perley, Jean Lay (Patterson, M. Smith), (Clindinnin, M. MacArthur); class II., D. Heartz (H. G. Black, W. McDonald), Whitemarsh, A. Carter, Mack, A. Bullock, L. Robertson, A. Maclean, H. Palmer, H. Tait (K. Lawrence, Sellar), A. Tuttle, J. McLatchy, H. Pickup, Bailey, Oulton, B. Fraser, M. Lea. Passed—E. Weatherspoon, H. Wood, M. Bentley, W. Gaetz (Llewellyn, G. Woodbury), Bell, Jakeman, H. Atkinson, Ralph Wheeler, V. Richardson, E. Atkinson, G. Dixon.

Sophomore German—Class I., G. Oxley; class II., E. MacArthur (A. Maclean, T. Oulton).

Sophomore French—Class I., E. Hills, H. G. Black, E. Bigney; class II., A. Bullock, M. Dixon, Patterson. Passed—Lucy Lay, Jean Lay, Fullerton, V. Richardson, Teer, McLatchy, G. Killam, Harper, Jakeman, E. S. Atkinson.

Freshman Latin—Class I., Smiley, W. Thomas; class II., F. Cochrane, M. Dixon, H. Black, E. Hills, L. Lay, G. Oxley, E. Dixon, Davis, R. Smith. Passed—J. Oulton, K. Lawrence, W. Purdy, G. Dixon, W. Beal, L. Evans, P. Bailey (A. Cowie, G. Morris), Nase.

Freshman Greek—Class II., F. Day. Patterson, F. Cochrane, F. Davis. Passed—M. Lawson, Colpitts, Irish.

Freshman mathematics—Class I., Killam D., Thomas W., Folkins S., Cochrane F., Dowell, Borden R., Whitman K.; class II., Dixon N., Davis (Gaetz W. and Cowie A.), Evans L., Irish H., Dixon E., North C. (Jost and Sutherland), Hills E., McAlpine C., Gregg, Smith A., Beal, Morris G., Bulmer A., Smith S., Purdy, Beals R. Passed—Russell B. W., Thomas R., Doe A. W., Russell B., McDonald C., Nase, Smith D. C., Eaton, McSweeney, Beer H., Peters C.

Freshman English—Class I., Cochrane F., Folkins S., McDonald M. (Hills C. and Thomas W.), Ingersoll C., Irish H.; class II., MacArthur M., Dean (Smith R. and Cowie A.), Miller, Bulmer A. (Davis and Gregg), Purdy, Killam D., Dixon E., Sutherland, Schaefer. Passed—Westmoreland, Ayers, Morris W. J., Russell B., McSweeney, Cutten, Russell B. W., Whitman (Dowell and Winemark), Smith S., McAlpine (Borden and Layton), Smith D. O. (Dayton and Wright W. J.), Beer, North, Nase, Gates, Steeves S., Black H., Jost, Beals, Eaton.

Freshman German—Class I., Oxley G., Thomas W.; class II., Colter J., Wright C., Wheeler Roy. Passed—Black V., Knapp V., Delnstadt N., Bell, Peters M.

Freshman French—Class I., Worrell, Bigney E., Smiley J.; class II., Purdy, Carter, Hallett R., Pickup, Borden S., Borden G., Bailey P., Dixon E., Smith A., Lawrence K. Passed—Killam D., Nase, Harnett, North.

Freshman Roman history—Class I., Dixon M. (Smiley J. and Thomas W.), Hills E. (Cochrane F. and Black H. and Lawrence K. and McLean A. and Purdy W. and Smith M.); class II. (Davis and Dixon E. and McSweeney and Russell B.), Mortyer A. Passed—(Eaton and McAlpine and Morris G. and Smith R.) (McDonald C. and Nase), Oulton J.

Sophomore Roman history—Class I. (Bigney E. and Whitmarsh), Evans G. (Bullock and Howard and McLatchy and Wheeler Roy); class II., Colpitts, Patterson G., Atkinson H., Hallett C. Passed—Bell, Atkinson E., Tuttle A.

Greek history—Class I., Colpitts, Whitemarsh; class II., Outerbridge. Passed—Atkinson H., Rackham.

Chemistry sophomore—Class I., Clindinnin, Turner W., MacDonald, Trurner C., Smiley; class II., Mack, Patterson E., Cutten, Black, H. G., Oulton T., Patterson G., Atkinson H., Tuttle A., Smith M., Outerbridge M., Lawrence K., Whitmarsh, Maclean A., Oxley, Seller, Llewellyn, McLatchy, Wheeler Ralph, Baird K., Atkinson E., Bell R.

Chemistry advanced—Class I., Clindinnin, Swain; class II., Cutten, Roberts, MacDonald W., Hickson, Hicks, Outerbridge, Steeves, Peters.

Geology and mineralogy—Class I., Swaine, Black V.; class II., Hickson. Passed—Peters.

Mineralogy—Class II., Oulton T., McQuade.

Biology—Class I., Long, Swaine, Turner C., Dixon M., Lay L., Bigney; class II., Patterson E., McArthur M., Hickson Thomas W., Lay J., Roberts, Tait, Taylor, Fullerton, Steeves H., Colpitts, Hicks, Wright C., Tilley. Passed—Wheeler Roy, Stebbings, Doe.

Physics—Class I., Dowell, Irish, Cutten, Whitman, Hill E.; class II., Folkins, Morris, Jost, Black H. G., Cochrane, Borden, Smith, Thomas W., Gregg, Dixon E., Williams D., Nase, Layton, Davis, McSweeney, Purdy, McAlpine, Russell B., Winemark, Steeves, Smith S. Passed—Beals R., MacDonald C., Eaton, Beer, Russell B. W., Gates, Thomas R., Doe W., North, Jakeman, Wheeler Ralph.

English essays, junior—Class I., North, Nash, Long, Oxley G., Colpitts G., Evans G., Fullerton V., Roberts J., Seller J. A.; class II. (Oulton T. and Turner W.) (Wright C. and Killam G.) (Smith A. and Talyor W.) (Steeves H. and Tilley G.), Hickson C., Swaine F., Doe E., Colter, Black V.

English essays, sophomore—Class I., Black H. G., McDonald W., Patterson G., Smiley J., Seller J. A., Clindinnin J., Smith M., Bailey P.; class II., Atkinson H., Bullock A., Bell R. (McLean A. and Outerbridge H.), Teer, Lawrence K., Wheeler R., Oulton J., McLatchy J., Jackman, Llewellyn, Harper.

Elocution—Class I., Cochrane F., Ayers, Folkins S., Irish, Dean, Morris J., Beals, Westmoreland, Layton, Cowie, Davis, Thomas W., Bulmer A.; class II., Gregg, Hills E., Winemark, Whitman, McSweeney, Borden, Smith R., McAlpine, Eaton, North, Killam L., Beal, Purdy, Beer, Russell B., Jost, Nase, Dixon E., Miller Gates, Harnett, Steeves S.

Engineering Department.

Freshman descriptice geometry—Class I., Read, Clindinnin. Passed—Hockins, Cutten, Dowell, Killam G., Bailey, Russell B., Llewellyn.

Sophomore descriptive geometry—Passed—Clindinnin, Sutherland, McFadzen, McDonald.

Lettering—Class I., Read (Clindinnin and Llewellyn). Passed—Bailey (Cuttin and Killam and Sutherland and Schaefer), Hicks H. (Dayton and Russell B.), Dowell, Doe, Black, Smith S.

Forging—Passed—(Llewellyn and Hockin), Cutten, Sutherland, Whitman (Black and Hicks), Smith R. (Killam and Schaefer), Doe, Russell B.

Chipping and filing—Class I., Sutherland and Russell B. Passed—Llewellyn, Smith R., Hockin, Doe, North, Thomas, Hicks H., Black, Schaefer, Clindinnin.

Carpentry—Passed—Cutten, Llewellyn, Hockins, Smith R., Dowell, Jost, Gates, Black, Russell B.

Woodturning—Passed—Cutten, Smith R., Jost, Llewellyn, Hockin, Sutherland.

Sophomore carpentry and wood turning—Read, Clindinin, Bailey, Hicks, Killam G.

Engineering physics—Class I., Dowell, Sutherland, Clindinin, Cutten, Irish, Whitman; class II., Hickson, Borden, Smith S., Llewellyn, MacDonald W., Schaefer, Black, Bailey, Black V., Russell B. Passed—Doe, Hicks.

Students in Honors in Arts.

Mathematics, seniors—Class I., Dixon L.; class II., Motyer A.

Juniors—Class II., Killam G.

Freshmen—Class I., Read H., Killam D., North C.; class II., Borden, McAlpine.

English, seniors—Class I., Worrell S. A.; class II., Lawson Mary, MacArthur E.

Juniors—Turner Winifred.

Sophomores—Dixon Mabel.

Philosophy, seniors—Class I., Rogers D., Dixon L., Tuttle A. S.

Juniors—Class I., Long C., Whitemarsh A., Oxley G.; class II., Taylor S. W.

Theological Department.

Systematic theology—Class I., Broughton, Westmoreland, Godfrey, Dean, Ayers, Wright; Class II., Tilley, Miller, Morris, Oulton.

Historical theology (senior)—Class I., O'brien, Broughton; class II., Godfrey, Wright, Pepper.

Historical theology (junior)—Class I., Dean; class II., Miller, W. J. Morris, Ayers, Westmoreland.

Hebrew C—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Mack; class II., Seller.

Hebrew B—Class II., Pepper.

Hebrew A—Class I., Colpitts; class II., Wright, Rackham.

Greek testament (junior)—Class I., Whitmarsh; class II., Mack, Broughton, W. J. Wright, Miller. Passed—W. J. Morris, O'brien, Tilley, Ayers, Godfrey.

Greek testament (senior)—Class I. (E. C. Hennigar, B. A., A. Tuttle), Mack; class II., Stebbings, Broughton, Pepper, O'brien. Passed—Godfrey.

Greek testament (Mark)—Class II., Broughton, Ayers (Miller, Wright), O'brien, W. J. Morris. Passed—Layton, Godfrey, Dean.

New testament textual criticism—Class I., (E. C. Hennigar, B. A., A. Tuttle), Mack, Broughton, O'brien, Pepper, Godfrey; class II., Stebbings.

New testament introduction—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Irish, Miller; class II., Dean, Ayers, Marr, W. J. Morris, Westmoreland.

Old testament introduction—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Dean, Irish, Miller, Pepper; class II., H. H. Marr, B. A., Westmoreland, Ayers, W. J. Morris.

Church history (senior)—Class I. Boughton, O'brien, Godfrey, W. J. Wright; class II., H. H. Marr, B. A.

Church history (junior)—Class I., Miller, W. J. Morris; class II. (Ayers, Dean), H. H. Marr, B. A., Tilley, Westmoreland.

English Bible (Pentateuch)—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Whitmarsh, Ayers; class II. (W. J. Morris, W. J. Wright), H. H. Marr, B. A., Miller.

Old testament theology—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A.

Old testament exegesis (Poets)—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A.; class II., Rev. A. M. Sanford, B. A.

New testament exegesis (Mark and Luke)—Class I., Rev. C. W. Squires, M. A.

New testament exegesis (John)—Class I., C. W. Squires, M. A., E. C. Hennigar, B. A.

Church policy and discipline—Class I., A. M. Sanford, B. A., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Broughton, Ayers; class II., O'brien, Godfrey, Pepper (H. H. Marr, B. A., W. J. Wright).

Didachs (Greek)—Class I., A. M. Sanford, B. A., E. C. Hennigar, B. A.

Church history (B. D.)—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A.

History of Methodism—Class I, E. C. Hennigar, B. A.

Beet and temple—Class I., J. E. Shanklin, B. A.

Christian evidences—Class I., Broughton, Godfrey.

Ethics—Class I., Broughton, Godfrey; class II., W. J. Wright.

Hermeneutics—Class I., E. C. Hennigar, B. A., Dean; class II., Ayers, H. H. Marr, B. A., Westmoreland, Miller, W. J. Morris.

Homiletics (senior)—Class I., Broughton, E. C. Hennigar, B. A.; class II., Godfrey, O'brien. Passed—Pepper, H. H. Marr, B. A., W. J. Wright.

Homiletics (junior)—Class I., Westmoreland (Dean, W. J. Morris), Miller.

Didactics—Class I., Dean, Irish, Ayers, Johnson, Layton (Miller, W. J. Morris), Westmoreland.

Elocution—Class I., Dean, Irish, Westmoreland, Ayers, Layton, W. J. Morris; class II., Miller.

Voice culture—Class I., Ayers, Westmoreland, Irish, Dean, W. J. Morris; class II., Miller, Layton.

E. H. Sampson, of Cole's Island, died May 19, aged sixty-two years, leaving one daughter, a grandson, and several sisters and brothers. Deceased was born in Warsaw (Me.), and served in the civil war. He was a member of the Odd Fellows and Free Masons. A number of the members of the fraternities attended the funeral.

POND ASKS FOR PROTECTION

(Continued from page 1.)

Pond believes that his life is not safe if he attempts to carry on his operations and therefore protection is asked for.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL ON THE SITUATION

Interviewed last evening on the his return from Fredericton, relative to the difficulties between Mr. Pond and the Van Buren Lumber Company, Attorney-General Pugsley, in answer to an inquiry as to whether or not the government had taken any action, stated that it had not done so, not feeling called upon at the present moment to intervene.

Upon inquiry as to whether it were true that Mr. Pond had presented a memorial to the government, the attorney-general replied in the negative and also said that if such a memorial would be presented it would be carefully considered, and he had no doubt such a conclusion would be arrived at as the public interests required.

The attorney-general also said that it was very much to be regretted that either of the parties interested should have used firearms or made threats of violence. The question of obstruction to the navigation of the river was a most important one, and in the suit which he was instituting against the St. John Lumber Company the question would come up for decision in a legitimate and proper manner.

Mr. Pugsley informed the reporter that the complaint made by the lumbermen and which had been brought to his notice had been against the obstructions created by the St. John Lumber Company at Van Buren, and, until the difficulty with Mr. Pond, he had not understood that the works of the Van Buren Lumber Company constituted a serious obstruction to the navigation and he had not been asked to take any proceedings for their removal.

If such an application had been made and the same evidence had been presented showing that this company's works interfered with the navigation of the river, as had been shown in the case of the St. John Lumber Company, he had no doubt that action would have been taken against that company also.

Mr. Pond, however, had evidently felt that he was acting within his rights in attempting to remove by force what he regarded as obstructions to the navigation.

Whether or not the government would now intervene would necessarily depend upon whether it could be shown that the navigation of the river was interfered with by the Van Buren company to such an extent as to require him as attorney-general to take similar action to that which he was instituting against the St. John Lumber Company. The question could soon be determined in the courts, and he trusted that there would be some reasonable concessions made by both parties pending a decision of this most important question in which the people of St. John and those whose interests lay along the upper waters of the river were so deeply interested.

A Report from Van Buren.

Van Buren, Me., June 1—No service of process has been made tonight in the matter of an injunction against the St. John Lumber Company or the Van Buren Lumber Company, and there were no new developments, although many rumors were afloat. The two crews were quietly resting in sight of each other, the one expected to seize the first opportunity to cut the sheer boom of the Van Buren Lumber Company and the other to protect it. The crew of the St. John Lumber Company were busily engaged sorting logs as usual. No trouble was anticipated for the present.

Chatham Deanery Meeting.

Chatham, May 31.—The clergy of the Rural Deanery of Chatham met at St. Paul's rectory, Chatham, on the 30th and 31