CABOT'S GREOSOTE SHINGLE

Especially adapted to the shingle work of the modern house. Can be applied with a brush or the shingle can be dipped. Creosote is the best known wood preservative. Samples or prices on application. Also

CABOT'S SHEATHING QUILT.

the best insulator known.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Ltd. MARKET SQUARE, St. John, N. B.

SKINNER'S : CARPET : WAREROOMS

Gurtains and Draperies.

THE NEWEST PATTERNS IN

NOTTINGHAM. POINT ARABE,

> APPLIQUE, and IRISH POINT

FOR SEASON 1902.

A. O. SKINNER.

A Dollar for a Camera

It will make perfect pictures, size 21 x 21 inches. Just the thing for boys to commence with. A better one, size 2½ x 3½, for two dollars. The Cyclone, Jr., size 3½ x 3½-plate camera- for three dollars. We now have the largest line of Cameras in the city, and the prices are rock-bottom.

ROCHE DAVIDSON

Temporary Address -- COR. GERMAIN AND PRINCESS STS.

Our new store will be open in about two weeks with grand free concerts.

If you read this advertisement, others will read yours in the St. John STAR. Ask for the advertising man.

STRATEORD, Ont., May 11.—John H. Sperry, travelling agent of Kuntz brewery, Waterloo, was found dead this morning under his wagon in a ditch a short distance outside of the city.

TORONTO, April 11.-Hon. R. M.

Weils, K. C., of Wells & McMurchy, solicitors of the Canadian Pacific, died at eleven tonight. He was speaker of the Ontario legislature from 1873 to 1880, and sat in the commons from 1882 to 1887 representing East Bruce. His burial will take place at Prescott, his former home.

CLOTHING.

BOYS 3-PIECE SUITS, age 10 to 16, at \$2.50, 8.00, 8.50, 8.75, 4.00, 4.25, 4.50, 4.75, 5.00, 5.50 and up. BOYS' 2-PIECE SUITS, all sizes, ago 4 to 14, the most popular suit for boys. Prices 75c., \$1.10, 1.65, 1.85, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, 2.65, 3.00, 3.25, 4.00 and up.

BOYS' SAILOR SUITS, special at 75c.

BOYS' SHORT PANTS, age 4 to 16, prices 25c. to \$1.60.

Call and examine quality, make and prices.

Store open evenings till 8 o'clock; Satufday till 11.

HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothler,

* *

DREADFUL SIGHTS

Witnessed By Relieving Vessels at St. Pierre Yesterday.

FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, May 11. (Sunday)—Several steamers, including the government vessel Rubis, started from here yester-day for St. Pierre, ten miles from this city. The steamers had on board & rendarmes, a detachment of regular vessels also carried a quantity of fire-wood, petroleum and quick lime, for use in the cremation of the bodies of the victims of the terrible volcanic outburst of Thursday last. Large quantities of disinfectants and stocks of

tities of disinfectants and stocks of clothing for the refugees were also shipped to St. Pierre.

The refugees had, as a rule, assembled at Lecarbet and Case Pilote (not far from St. Pierre), and it is reported, over a thousand of them have died since the fearful stream of lava poured down Mont Pelee.

The sea for miles round was covered with the wreckage of the vessels sunk off St. Pierre at the time of the disaster and ashore only a few trees, all bent seaward, by the force of the volcanic shower, were left standing. When nearing St. Pierre the Rubis met a number of tugs, towing lighters filled with refugees. The heat from the smokking lava covered ruins at St. Pierre was suffocating, and the stench from the corpses strewn around was awful.

awful.

Only a few walls were standing. The report that the hospital clock was found intact with its hands stopped at 7.50 was confirmed as was the statement that the offices of the cable company had entirely disappeared. On all sides were found portions of corpses, which were gathered up by the soldiers and gendarmes and burned on the public squares. Not a drop of water was procurable.

The darkness caused by the clouds of volcanic dust enveloped the town, and continued rumblings added to the horror of the scene.

The fort and central quarters of the town were replaced by beds of hot cinders.

The iron grille-work gate of the government offices was alone standing. There were no traces of the streets, Huge heaps of smoking debris were to be seen on all sides.

At the landing place some burned and ruined walls indicated the spot where the custom house formerly stood, and traces of the larger shops could be seen. Only a few walls were standing. Th

QUEEN WILHELMINA.

THE HACUE, May 12.—Queen Wil-helming had a good night, according to reports from Castle Loo, this morn-ing. Her condition shows continued improvement.

SAILOR INJURED.

SAILOR INJURED.

Saturday afternoon Heber Johnson, a sailor belonging to the Norwegian ship Harold, lying at McAvity's wharf, fell from the deck of the vessel into the hold, sustaining serious injuries. It is thought his skull is fractured. Dr. Price, who was called upon to look after the man, sent him to the hospital in the ambulance. This afternoon his condition is reported as being slightly better than last evening, but he has not yet recovered consciousness and his recovery to extremely doubtful. not yet recovered consciousness recovery is extremely doubtful.

WORKED AS A MAN.

WORKED AS A MAN.

ALBANY, May 10.—At the State Health Department today there was received a death certificate from the Register of the town of Hopeweil, Ontario county, which told the story of the death of another Murray Hall, as recently set forth in the newspapers. The certificate was for William C. Howard, a farmer, 50 years old, a female. The register reporting the case got hopelessly tangled over the sex of the subject, as witness the following explanatory note which was attached to the certificate:

"This woman had lived here for live years as a man, worked and supported his wife and two children, voted and was always supnoged to be a men we

his wife and two children, voted and was always supposed to be a man un-til he died, when her sex was discover-ed. That accounts for the name Wil-liam and sex female."

A new map of the hunting and fishing grounds of New Brunswick has just been published by Frank Whitehead, of the N. B. Land Company's office,

of the N. B. Land Company's office, Fredericton.

The map is about two feet square and shows the counties of York, Northumberiand, Carleton, Victoria, Madawaska and Gloucester and such other portiops as are necessary. Every river, stream, lake, railway, highway, portage road, mountain and forest are plainly marked, many streams and lakes being indicated not appearing upon any previous map. The hunting camps of the principal guides and the fishing resorts of the various clubs are marked and distances from central points or railway stations indicated. Mr. Whitehead's map is certain to be of value to hunters, sportsmen and woodsmen.

WAS A CASE OF PAY UP.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 9.—The British flagship Grafton, which arrived yesterday, called at San Jose to enforce the collection of a loan of a million dollars made by the Guatemalan government from British capitalists. An armed party, was sent ashore and the ship was cleared for action. When the members of the government saw that the officers meant business the claim was settled. French and German ships were also there to enforce the settlement of loans due French and German capitalists.

FUTURE OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Announcement By Lord Salisbury in His Speech Before the Primrose League.

LONDON, May 8—Addressing a great demonstration of the Primrose League at the Albert Hall yesterday, the Mar-quis of Salisbury said that during the past seventeen years the country had rassed through the most troublesome time in its political history. In Egypt they were now supreme. In Ireland they at all events no longer supported insane and sulcidal projects of imperial disruption advocated by many statesmen in the past. (Cheers.) But they must not expect that the ashes of past conflicts would be extinguished at once. In recent years they had had a great and serious war, and while not forgetting the misery and suffering entailed, they had to recognize other considerations. Among these was the fact that the power, prestige and influence of their great Empire were more potent, more efficient and more admirable than ever before. They had suffered, but they had greatly won, and it was impossible not to feel that the efforts made by the people of the United Kingdom had not in some cases been worthly recognized by those for whom so much had been sacrificed. It was impossible not to feel that they had not entirely enjoyed a judicial treatment in reference to the war. The other day John Morley had said, in a speech: "Suppose some preternatural power had, by virtue of some magic crystal, allowed the cabinet of 1899 to see the results of the policy upon which they were launching their country, do you believe there was one of them who would not then have checked that diplomacy which was leading pretty straight to these deplorable results?" As a member of the cabinet concernde, he (Lord Salisbury) wished to meet the statement with most indignant denial. (Cheers.) He had hoped that the war would have been kept outside party conflict, but it had been used by some politicians for the rather squalld purpose of induring their political opponents. When a neighboring power or tribe invaded His Majesty's domains and made an attack, which was a gross and flagrant outrage, it could only be met as they had met it, by fighting in their own country those who had despised the rights and sovereignty of the British sovereign.

Referring to the question of the peace negotiations, Lord Salisbury repudiated the assertion that Great Britain had receded one sinch from her position in regard to the rights she had claimed and the po

tunity suited him to renew the issues for which they had feught for the last three years.

The prime minister said that when the present conflict was over all that could be done would be done to mould their present opponents into a portion of the empire which had conferred so many blessings on the human race.

Lord Salisbury then touched on the question of Imperial Federation. He exhorted those who were anxious to secure that end to carefully consider the steps they were going to take and the results which they expected. Thy could not interfere with the national development of their colonies. He looked with apprehension at any attempt to anticipate events or foreclose the precious result which was in store for them.

A LONELY JOURNEY.

the Corn Tax.

Rev. Father Fofard, O. M. I., missionary of Hudson Bay ports left Ottawa last week for Fort Albany, on the bay, to organize and complete the erection of mission and school-houses and hospital. Four grey nuns accompanied him to take charge of the school and hospital. The establishment of this mission will be the first step taken in that direction in the section in which Fort Albany is situated. The subscribers to the fund have generously conborne with inscriptions such as "No Protection," and "Down With the Bread Tax. A resolution denouncing the government for imposing the tax was carried with tremendous fervor. A large force of police was present, but the proceedings were quite orderly.

OUT ON STRIKE that direction in the section in which Fort Albany is situated. The subscribers to the fund have generously contributed their share and the work will be pushed ahead rapidly. Father Fofard takes with him Father Lacombe, a young priest of strong health, who is a cousin of the reverend missionary of the Northwest Territories. Father Brossard, O. M. I., is already living at Fort Albany, Brother Boissonneault goes with the mission party, as carpenter and joiner. Brother Poissonneault is 60 years of age and is well known at the Juniorate.

The party will have to travel 500 miles in canoe, from Fort Temiscamingue, where Indian guides will transport their baggage by way of Lake Temiscamingue, Lake Abittibl and River Abittibl, to Fort Moore and from that port to Fort Albany, through the waves of Hudson Bay. Father Lacombe celebrated mass at the scholasticate at Ottawa and the ceremony of "farewell" then took place with all the ritualism ordinary to the ceremony, as it is performed at the Oblates' Convent. of Foreign Missions in Paris. The missionaries, apart from Fort Albany, will have to visit the missions of Weenisk, A-Fahwah, Pis-cat and Eyabamet. The three last mentioned are inland posts and are situated very far from Fort Albany.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., May 12.—The forty-five collieries in the ninth mining district were completely tied up this morning by the 20,655 employees, excluding bosses, firemen, engineers and pumpmen, enforcing the three days' suspension ordered by the Scranton convention.

Two-thirds of the collieries are in the vicinity of this place, and are owned principally by the Philadelphia and Reading, Pennsylvania and Lehigh coal companies. While all of the colliery whistles were blown the men kept away from the collieries. There were no disturbances.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 12.—The 800 employes of the Morgan & Wright Co., who returned to work last Monday after a brief strike were ordered out again yeatgrday by President Dings, of the International Rubber Workers Union. The union officials allege that an agreement as to the scale of wages had not been carried out.

GOOD ADVERTISING.

Mass meeting Haymarket Square Polymorphian Club in Victoria Rink at 8 p. m.
Full rehearsal of the Musical Festival Chorus tonight in York Theatre.
Meeting N. B. Poultry Kennel and Pet Stock Association at 8 p. m.
62nd Band meeting tonight at 8 o'clock.
Fr. Matthew Association entertainment at 8t. Malachi's hall tonight,

HORRIBLE DEATH.

Shocking Result of a Sunday Balloon Excursion in Paris.

PARI3, May 12.-The death of Seno

with an assistant, was kined this marining by the explosion of his airship La Paix, in which he was making a trial trip, created terrible consternation. Senor Severo had invited a number of friends to witness the ascension, and his wife and a number of relatives were following the course of the balloon in motor cars. Suddenly the spectators were horrified by a bright flash of light followed by an explosion. The balloon, which at this time was 1,500 feeet above the ground, fell rapidly, landing on the roof of a house.

The aeronaut fell into the street and was dashed to pieces. The bones of his legs were forced through the soles of his boots. The engineer who accompanied him was burned to death. The accident is said to have been caused by a leakage of gas.

Senor Severo started with the intention of sailing to the military parade ground at Issy and a large number of his relatives and friends were proceeding in the direction of that village (situated five miles southwest of Paris). With an engineer named Sachet, Severo sailed out of his balloon house near the boulevard de Vagirard at 5.30 g, m. in excellent spirits, and full of confidence the aeronaut put his airship through a series of evolutions before starting in the direction of Issy. There seemed to be some hitch with the steering gear and the rear propelling screw turned with difficulty. Nevertheless, after several stoppages the airship sailed off, moving steadily through a light breeze. Suddenly a puff of wind caught the airship and whirled it over the Avenue du Main. The ship turned completely around and veered about in a fashion showing that control of her had been lost. Then from the centre of the outer envelope a tongue of flame darted out. This was followed by a loud report resembling a camon shot, and the ship sank like a stone, falling on the roof of a house, thence into some trees, and finally reaching the Avenue du Main, almost on top of its occupants, who had previously been precipitated to the stone payement. The fearfully mangled corpses of Sev

A TEXAN SUNDAY.

White and Black Excursionists Shoot Each Other.

BEAUMONT, Texas, May 12.—In a difficulty between whites and blacks or an excursion train yesterday afternoon one negro was killed and several whiter

one negro was killed and several whites and blacks wounded and a number of others who jumped from the train are believed to have been hurt.

A fight started just after the train left Lake Charles. Solomon Botley, of

A fight started just after the train left Lake Charles. Solomon Botley, of Sulphur, La., was killed and a young white man named Kitchen, of Beaumont, was so badly wounded that he may die. All the lights in the coach occupied by negroes, in which the trouble started, were shot out and many were hurt by flying glass. Shortly afterward Tony Jones, Frank Kitchen, John Berwick and Leonard Dyson, all white, and living in Orange, were shot and Charles Peck, a negro, was wounded.

TEN THOUSAND PEOPLE

Meet in Hyde Park and Denounce

NEW YORK, May 12.—About ten thousand people took part in an anticorn tax demonstration which has just been held at Hyde Park, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. Societies marched from all parts of London to the Park. Banners wefe borne with inscriptions such as "No

GOOD ADVERTISING.

The Tourist Association have received word that the twelve beautiful views of St. John river scenery, which they supplied, were shown daily on the screen at Keith's theatre, Boston, last week. This week they will be shown in New York and next week in Philadelphia. They were the subject of much favorable comment among the patrons of Keith's in Boston. The advertisement is an excellent one.

that is creating commotion is our new \$2.00 Derby. The very latest thing in fashionable headgear. It's a peach and we are selling it fast. All the newest shapes and styles at lowest prices for the quality.

J. & A. ANDERSON.

THE LATEST STYLES

MILLINERY

A large and magnificent display of all the latest styles in

TRIMMED and UMTRIMMED

Hats. Toques and Bonnets. Also Outing. Hats trimmed and untrimmed, Sailor Hats and Walking Hats. Misses and Children's Hats trimmed and untrimmed.

Cors ts a specialty.

- OPEN TILL 9 P. M. --

G. K. Gameron & Go., 77 King Street.

WILLIAM PETERS. -DEALER IN-

LEATHER and HIDES, Shoemakers' Findings, Plastering Hair, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools,

266 Union Street.

CHAMPAGNES

Pommeroy, Mumms'.

-- FOR SALE LOW-THOMAS L. BOURKE, 25 Water St.

SHORT'S SILVER POLISH

A liquid without grit, which cleans Silver It is now used by many of the most careful housewives of St. John. Price 25c., 50c. and 75c. from druggists and C. K. SHGET, Jeffrey's Hill. Telephone 466.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your wor done at DUNHAM'S. Uphoistering, Car-pet Laying, Furnituse Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First Class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM,

E. W. PAUL Still at the Old Stand, 39 WATERLOO ST.



PLATE CAMERAS.

Prices From \$1 to \$50.

Prices From \$1 to \$000.

Most complete -assortment in the City. Films all sizes. Dry Plates all sizes. Dry Plates all sizes. Developing Powders. Tosing Solutions. Plash Light Powders. Developing Trays. Printing Frames. Complete Developing and Printing Outsits, Complete Developing and Printing Outsits, Complete Developing and Printing Outsits, Solic and Dekko Printing Papers. Solic and Dekko Printing Papers. Solic and Dekko Printing Papers. Polding Tripods. Dark Room Lamps. Pletture Mounts and Mate all sizes.

C. FLOOD & SONS, 31 & 33 Mag St.

The new steamer of the Star line, the Majestic, which is now at Quebec undergoing alterations preparatory to going on the lower St. John River route, will leave Quebec on Wednesday far this port. The Majestic will run between Indiantown and Gagetaws.