

**A SALE OF COMBS**

Ladies' Dressing Combs, 19c to 89c  
Gents' Military Combs, 14c to 23c  
Fine Tooth Combs, 5c and upwards

Brand New Goods Direct From Factory  
It's a Good Time to Buy Combs

**The Rexall Stores**

100 King St. 473 Main St. 599 Main St.

**TAKING AWAY HOW GENERAL FINDLAY DIED**

**GERMANY'S BUSINESS**

Gallant Action Under Murderous Shelling by Germans

**HEROIC BRITISH LEADER**

The British Empire Industrial League, of which His Grace the Duke of Sutherland is the honorary president, has issued a circular letter under date of Sept. 9, as follows:

Dear Sir:

As the originators of the "War on German Trade" movement, the council of this league desires to put on record their extreme gratification at the magnificent manner in which the Canadian people are dealing with this very important subject. The prompt and wholehearted response of the dominion in this and other vital matters of the moment encourages and strengthens the Motherland and the rest of the Empire and proves how potent in all true Canadian hearts vibrates the genuine imperial spirit marching together in our united strength, we will smite, in every legitimate manner and conquer the foes of truth, loyalty, justice, mercy and the rights of humanity wherever and however they may attack us or those allied with us.

In the present unparalleled world struggle, in order to triumph, we shall require to use every means at our disposal. We must carry the combat even into the enemy's commercial camp, especially within the limits of our own empire. We must see to it that Germans and Austrian foes maintain no shadow of a foothold in our markets. Let the very mention of their names, commercially speaking, become detestable to us. The support of our markets has largely helped them to become a world power. Behold their gratitude.

It is not on the battlefield only that Canadians can now help the Old Country. Those factories, even during war, must be kept going that her workers may be employed and suffering and discontent avoided. The dominion doubtless can, and will, see to it that as many as possible of her contracts shall be placed immediately with British firms that this object may be attained. This league is at the service of Canadian merchants and manufacturers who may require any assistance in placing their orders in Britain, and we shall be pleased to put them in touch with the right firms on this side. We should also be glad to receive detailed particulars of the classes of goods, inputs and outputs, which they supply to Germany to the dominion. If possible, circulars and samples should be forwarded to us.

Let Canada, as far as she can, transact with the Mother Country the £3,000,000 worth of trade she has been doing annually with our unscrupulous Teutonic enemies. By so doing, Canadians will greatly assist the manufacturers and workers of Old Mother Britain to maintain the necessary measure of comfort among her non-combatant men, while her unconquerable sons on the stricken field fight once again, and as of old, once again, for the sake of God, the best for individual, national and human rights and freedom.

Yours faithfully,  
HERBERT HODDER, Secretary.

**Macaulay Bros. & Co.**

KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.  
Our Stores Open 8 a. m., Close 6 p. m.  
Saturdays 10 p. m.

**Dainty Frocks for the Younger Girls**

You will find our assortments of the dainty little garments complete and correct in style, finish, coloring of fabric; qualities will be found the best and prices the lowest.

Pretty frocks of Fine Serges, Venetians, Cashmeres or Fancy Cloths abound in this stock, in sizes suitable for girls aged from 2 to 15 years, in the new season's colorings, such as Tans, Browns, Copenhagen, Saxe, Cream, Sky or Navy; made in the most stylish designs of the new season, and trimmed in a variety of styles with self colors or contrasting shades.

These are the correct garments for the youngest child at home, or for the girl going to school. Sizes 2 to 15 years. Prices from \$2.75 to \$8.00 each

**MACAULAY BROS. & CO.**

**FROM THE FRONT MARRIED 60 YEARS**

Devastation in the Path of German Troops

Remarkable Anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Pitt is Celebrated

Many friends gathered on Saturday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Pitt, at Greenwood, Kings County, in honor of their sixtieth wedding anniversary. Heartly congratulations were bestowed upon them and they were the recipients of many remembrances of the happy event. Mr. Pitt, who is esteemed by friends young and old throughout the countryside, is well known as a farmer, and traces his descent from the famous statesman of British history who made the name distinguished. He is eighty-two years of age, and his wife, who has been his genial and loving helpmate for sixty years, has had her eightieth birthday, though neither of them looks it, both being hearty and healthy and very active for their advanced years.

Several people went from St. John to honor the fine old bride and groom of sixty years. A pleasant time was enjoyed at the old homestead on Saturday when their five children surviving of nine born, and their grandchildren with many friends, assembled to do the honor. Times have greatly changed since first they settled down to the simple life at Greenwood, for they were pioneers in farming in that neighborhood. They are respected and liked by all the residents.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Woods, Welsford, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding on Saturday. Friends gathered to tender them a surprise party in honor of the event and Rev. W. B. Armstrong, on behalf of those present, presented to them a beautiful fern dish and an epergne.

**LABOR MEN OF CANADA**

**IN CONVENTION HERE; GIVEN HEARTY WELCOME IN ST. JOHN**

(Continued from page 1.)

was greeted with three lusty cheers. He extended the thanks of the delegates to Mayor Frink, Commissioner Potts, Hon. Mr. Wilson and the local members and then dealt with the preliminary matters, speaking pointedly of the necessity of clear, concise speech and the desirability of every delegate giving his views. "This is the People's Forum" he said amid his appreciation of the honor extended him as a representative to this gathering.

The report of the credentials committee was read by W. R. Trotter, showing those entitled to seats at the congress. A discussion followed upon the matter of reading a delegate from the Industrial Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers of America. His right was questioned, but it was explained that there had been a misunderstanding over the name of the union and the congress voted him a seat.

The appointment of committees resulted as follows:

The Committees on Resolutions—R. A. Rigg, Winnipeg; T. A. Stevenson, Toronto; William Lodge, Ottawa; Gus Francey, Montreal; J. L. Sugrue, St. John, and Michael McGrath, Halifax.

Committee on Law—John T. Joy, Halifax; L. McKinnon, Moncton; Thos. Moore, Niagara; H. T. Campbell, St. John; A. Verville, Montreal, and Edwin Thomas, St. John.

Committee on Immigration—W. R. Trotter, Vancouver; W. Graham, Alberta; H. Strange, Winnipeg; R. J. Stevenson, Toronto; C. Dickie, Montreal; P. D. Ayer, Moncton; B. Macchiachelli, Glace Bay; Ovide Proulx, Montreal; Fred McComber, Sweet's Corner.

Committee on Audit—A. E. Scott, Winnipeg; P. J. Ryan, Moncton; J. Wall, Montreal; James Ralph, Toronto, and George Redmore, St. John.

Committee on Officers' Reports—J. Drury, J. T. Foster, N. Arcand, O. Jette, Montreal; W. J. Bartlett, Winnipeg; H. Gregory, Sydney; A. Conn and J. Bruce, Toronto; J. H. Nichols, West Toronto; S. Powell, Moncton; C. G. Langhein, St. John; E. Carter, Amherst; D. MacCallum, Calgary; R. Foster, Vancouver; F. C. Young, Toronto, and M. McGrath, Halifax.

Best wishes were extended to the convention of carpenters and joiners in session at Minneapolis and the structural iron workers.

Delegate Foster, of Montreal, moved that a telegram be sent to the Theatrical Worker's Protective Union of that city, sympathizing with them and enjoining sister unions there to assist them in every way possible. A copy of the resolution was ordered sent to the union, and placed on the minutes of the congress as the expression of this body.

A time limit was placed on speeches, and the hours of meeting were made from 9.30 to 12.30 and from 2 to 5 o'clock.

Is No Stranger.

Among those in the city for the Dominion Trades Congress is Frank J. Plant, circulation clerk of the Labor "Gazette," Ottawa, in the department of labor. This is the fourteenth annual convention which he has attended.

**The Very Latest Styles For Early Fall!**

WE have just received our first order of Ladies' High-Grade Boots—patent colt with a grey vesting top and kidney heel, a very classy shoe for the latest dresses—Also black cloth tops in all styles.

SEE OUR WINDOWS!

**THE SLATER SHOE SHOP - - 81 KING ST.**

R. P. SWEETMAN, MGR.

**WANTON DESTRUCTION**

Abandoned Homes Entered and Furniture Destroyed—Looting at Laferte—Terrible Five Days For British at Mons

(By Sir Alfred Sherpe, K. C. M. G.) (Saverolles, near Villers Coterets.)

France, Sept. 14 (delayed)—I left Meaux this morning in the rain and wind and found the roads muddy and in bad condition to the northeast. I hoped to get near to Soissons before night, but had little expectation of reaching the town itself. When within two or three miles of Meaux I came upon the recent battlefield over which Germans first advanced and then retired. The fine avenue of trees on the Meaux-Lafertemillon road has been much knocked about by shells, large branches and whole trees are lying along the road, telegraph wires are all cut to the ground for many miles. It is littered with straw, broken carts, ammunition wagons, empty shell cases, clothing, boots, letters, knapsacks and numbers of dead horses.

"The bodies mostly have been buried. I saw only two unburied German soldiers near the road. In one place were several hundred live shells which had been abandoned by the enemy. The tree trunks along the road were scored by bullets.

"Following the Soissons road to Lafertemillon I passed through several villages which had been occupied by the Germans. All abandoned houses had been wrecked, the furniture broken up, the pictures, ornaments and crockery smashed, clocks, bedsteads, etc., demolished wantonly. It appeared to be the Germans' system to wreck all abandoned houses as a matter of principle. The peasants or others in this district who remained in their homes were not molested beyond being requisitioned for food and other supplies. In some cases receipts were given by the German officers for supposed value of a thing taken, but these naturally are of no use to the holders. At Meaux I heard some gruesome tales of German atrocities evidence for which, however, was not convincing.

"The village of Neuchelles suffered severely. Most inhabitants had fled, leaving their houses closed and these were absolutely wrecked and looted, not a whole thing being left in them. Furniture and every kind of household goods were carried out and broken up. The houses themselves were defiled in every way. Very few people had yet returned to Neuchelles. Most of them had lost their all, vines, even, in many cases were torn off the house walls. Why the German officers should allow their men to indulge in such wanton cruelties to the poor peasant people is more than one can understand. It is impossible that such wholesale and universal destruction could have been carried out without their knowledge and approval.

"At Lafertemillon the wife of a French officer, who is one of the gallant defenders of Mauthage gave me much information as to the happenings there. Laferte had two German visitations, also one British and one French visit. My friend had several German officers quartered at her house. They behaved well. On the first arrival of the Germans in Laferte, the troops behaved fairly well. Most of the notables in the town had fled or were hidden. The mayor was eventually found in a cellar and he and the cure were walked through the town by the Germans as hostages for the good behavior of their citizens. A contribution in money and goods was levied on the town and it was paid. Before the troops finally left, however, they got out of hand and looted freely. I heard that Laferte had French supports for the British troops fighting at Mons arrived too late to be of any assistance. Our troops had a terrible five days and had behaved magnificently."

**PEOPLE SHOULD NOT BE ASKED TO PUT UP WITH THIS**

Residents of King street east, Carmanthorpe street and vicinity, have been long suffering because of the city maintaining its stables in that central residential locality, but they think the last demand on their patience is too much—the dog pound. Taking all together, they declare that sleep is out of the question. Necessary work brings the men about the stables early in the morning, and it is late at night before quiet ordinaries are made. The noise of the men shot reverberating about the place, and now, worst of all, the residents have the dog pound with them.

One day last week eight dogs were impounded, and their barking has made night hideous. To sick people who live nearby these conditions are particularly annoying—worse than annoying, they are dangerous. The people seem to have very good grounds for asking some attention to these matters and a prompt change in conditions.

**COMPLETES EVIDENCE FIXING RESPONSIBILITY ON GERMANY AND AUSTRIA**

Russian Official Statement Settles Question of Who is to Blame For War

London, Sept. 21—On the subject of the Russian official statement on the diplomatic antecedents of the war, The Times says that, taken in conjunction with the official papers issued by the British foreign office, the publication completes the chain of evidence fixing irrevocably upon Germany and Austria the responsibility for the outbreak of the war.

The despatches given prove, says the paper, that Russia made efforts to avert the conflict by finding a formula satisfactory to Austria and acceptable to Serbia, on July 18, it is stated, Sergius Sazanoff, Russian minister of foreign affairs, instructed the Russian ambassador at Rome to urge Italy to use her influence with Austria in favor of peace. On July 27, M. Sazanoff expressed his readiness to accept the proposal of Sir Edward Grey, British minister of foreign affairs, for a conference but on that same date Germany insisted upon the impossibility of holding any mediation and sought to persuade France to associate herself with Germany in putting pressure upon Russia.

The Times says that the real situation is first indicated in a telegram to Petrograd from the Russian ambassador to Austria, pointing out "that Austria, influenced by the assurances of the German ambassador at Vienna, who has played the part of an instigator during the whole crisis, counted on the probability of the localization of her conflict with Serbia, and on the possibility of striking a severe blow with impunity."

**WORK SHE WANTS, NOT ASSISTANCE, WHILE HUSBAND FIGHTS**

English independence is often illustrated in a forceful and sometimes unique manner. One of the members of the relief committee in connection with the Soldiers' and Families' Patriotic Fund tells of an instance in which he figured last week. The name of the wife of an Englishman who volunteered with one of the local units was handed to the committee and the member was sent to investigate. He found the woman with several children in rather needy circumstances and when he explained his mission she said: "You're things in a peculiar manner in Canada. Now, in England, when a husband goes to the war several old ladies come in and look after the kiddies and the house wife goes out and works. I do not need assistance, show me where I can find work and while my husband is fighting for the empire, I will go out and take his place."

This is a sample of the stuff of which the British—both men and women—are made.

September 21, 1914.

**We Are Ready With a Newly Fine Tailoring Service for Men**

The Oak Hall merchant tailoring service has made hosts of friends. It is an accurate service—accurate in interpreting men's fashions, accurate in its application of these fashions to the individual.

It is a very personal tailoring service that marks the well-groomed man, and that imparts individuality to the clothes it turns out.

To mold apparel—to make it right, to make it STAY right—is the science of tailor craft.

The materials are selected—foreign and domestic woollens from the world's famous makers, and including the uncommon fabrics and colorings. This season, neat figured effects are all the correct sort; also mixtures and fabrics with fine lines. You will find the right goods here.

**MEN'S BUSINESS SUITS** to measure . . . . . \$20.00 to \$32.00  
**MEN'S EVENING DRESS SUITS** to measure . . . . . 30.00 to 40.00  
**MEN'S FROCK SUITS** to measure . . . . . 25.00 to 35.00  
**MEN'S TROUSERS** to measure . . . . . 5.00 to 9.00

**KING STREET, COR. GERMAIN** **GREATER OAK HALL**  
**SCOVIL BROS., LIMITED, St. John, N. B.**

**School Days Here Again!**

You Will Want a Change In **Headwear For Your Boys and Children**

WE ARE READY TO MEET YOUR NEEDS

IN

Fall Style Hats and Caps in Great Variety

**J. L. THORNE & CO., LTD.**

Hatters and Furriers - 55 Charlotte Street

**BURIED TODAY**

The funeral of Mrs. Herbert C. Coates took place this afternoon from her late residence, 51 Summer street. The funeral was conducted by Rev. P. H. Wentworth and interment was in Cedar Hill. Many beautiful floral tributes were placed on the casket.

**Boys' School Suits!**

AT REDUCED PRICES

To Make Room For Fall and Winter Overcoats

Regular \$2.50 SUITS . . . . . For \$1.99  
Regular 3.00 SUITS . . . . . For 2.48  
Regular 4.50 SUITS . . . . . For 3.48  
Regular 5.50 SUITS . . . . . For 4.38  
Regular 6.50 SUITS . . . . . For 4.88  
Regular 7.50 SUITS . . . . . For 5.48  
Regular 8.50 SUITS . . . . . For 5.98  
Regular 10.00 SUITS . . . . . For 6.48

IT IS TIME TO ECONOMISE - - LET US HELP YOU

**C. B. PIDGEON : : Cor. Main and Bridge Sts.**

**The New Fur Coats Are On Display**

In our spacious Fur Parlour, and we invite an inspection of them. We are showing a much larger stock than ever before and our Coats are unsurpassed for style—fit or finish. We have very carefully selected models that are right up to the minute for style, still we have remembered comfort.

Garments with box back, straight skirt or skirt flaring at the bottom, with shawl collar and kimono or regular sleeves are the very newest and we are showing a number of them in different furs, 40, 42, 45 and 50 inches long, with rounded or square corners. We are also showing box back Coats with shawl collar and regular set in sleeves in all popular furs, in 50 and 52 inch lengths.

We draw special attention to the following—  
**NEAR SEAL COATS** . . . . . \$75.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$100.00, \$110.00, \$125.00  
**MUSKRAT COATS** . . . . . \$60.00, \$65.00, \$70.00, \$75.00, \$85.00, \$90.00 to \$125.00

We Manufacture All Our Furs.

**D. MAGEE'S SONS, Ltd, HATS AND FURS 63 King St.**

