risk something who will defend the Truth, and therefore I give myself no great Concern about what People may call me, in Consequence of my Writing this Pamphlet. I have studied this Point with Labour and Diligence, and I am fully fatisfied, I can fet it in a true Light, that is to fay, I can point out that middle Path, that Road of Moderation, in which we ought to tread, if we have any Regard for ourselves, as well as for the Germans; by treading in which we may fave ourselves, and do them good at the same Time. and out of which if we are once carried by any fort of Political Enthusiasm, we shall be certainly undone, and then who will take Care of the Ballance of Power in Germany, who will be follicitous for the Safety of lower Saxony, who will be Protectors of the Land of the Elect, when we are gone? Let them think of this who take no Care of us; let them who have fuch Tenderness for our half Brethren, have some Bowels for those of the whole Blood: let Common-Sense supply the Place of Natural Affection, and if not to Prudence, let us owe our Safety to Cunning at least. Now to make all this evident, and to leave no Englishman who will take the Pains to consider, and who has Sense enough to understand a Thing of this Nature when he has considered it, the very least Reason to to doubt about it, I shall proceed to examine the Three following Points.

Germany, what was heretofore understood by the Ballance of Power in that Part of Europe, and the Concern their Neighbours had for it. The Power that the German Princes had in those early Days, the Uses they made of it, and in Consequence thereof the Figure they made, and the Rank they stood in, with Regard to the other

Powers