

- University scholarship programs for black students have been administered by the World University Service of Canada.
- Various community development projects for non-whites are implemented directly through the Canadian Embassy in South Africa.

SADCC

The Southern African Development Coordination Conference (SADCC) is a regional organization of the nine black states of Southern Africa (Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe). Established in 1980, SADCC is committed to reducing economic dependence on South Africa and accelerating economic and social development through increased regional integration and collective self-reliance. The major priorities of SADCC include expanding agricultural and industrial output, reorienting existing productive facilities and rehabilitating basic infrastructures, particularly railway lines and other transport infrastructures that would permit the movements of goods and people to and from the sea without transit in South Africa.

SADCC is the first regional organization to receive the same priority status in CIDA's programs as individual countries of concentration. This is in addition to the bilateral assistance which individual members of SADCC receive directly in varying amounts. The emphasis on the regional nature of the program is, however, a reflection of the importance the nine SADCC member countries attach to their joint actions in resolving their problems.

CIDA's program focusses on four sectors: food and agriculture, transport and communications, energy and human resources development. Since 1984, 18 projects (amounting to about \$90 million) have been approved. These include commitments of \$44.9 million for the rehabilitation of the Nacala Railway line linking Malawi with the seaport of Nacala in Mozambique. The projects range from technical assistance and feasibility studies to capital investments in the energy, transport and communication sectors. Disbursements in 1985-86 amounted to \$9.11 million.