

the students who loved him, that he bore his sufferings with quiet heroism, and that he died in the faith."

After paying an eloquent tribute to the late Donald Cameron, '92, the Principal went on to speak of our gains:

"We have to welcome a large and promising freshman class, besides a number of post-graduate students. Nothing proves more clearly the character of the work done at Queen's, and the esteem in which the best students hold their professors, than the fact that men return to prosecute their studies further, after having gained their degrees with honors, although we have almost no pecuniary aid to offer them, and they know that they can get that by crossing the line. Long may this spirit animate them! The Registrar has just handed me the following returns: Freshmen in Arts, 63; total number registered, on University Day, in Arts (1891), 196; total number registered on University Day in Arts, (1892), 200. We are on the up-grade still, as we have been since 1870.

"A year ago, the Hon. Senator Gowan, LL.D., whose services in connection with the codifying of our laws have again received the highest recognition, sent me a cheque for \$500 to be the nucleus of a fund for establishing a suitable memorial of Sir John A. Macdonald in connection with Queen's. I have received recently a further donation of \$446 from an old friend of the late Sir John A. Macdonald for the same object. No canvass will be made for this fund, but I hope that it may become large enough to establish a lectureship in Political Science, bearing the name of the great statesman.

"I have noticed in the press that the late Mr. A. T. Fulton, of Toronto, once a partner in business of the always lamented Mr. James Michie, remembered Queen's in his will, leaving a legacy of \$3,000 that will honorably perpetuate his name. The late Mr. John Roberts, of Ottawa, has also bequeathed to the University \$40,000, to be applied as his executors or the representatives of his estate shall specify. Mr. Roberts was one of those Scotchmen who have given to Canadians during life an example of forethought, industry, business ability and high intelligence, and have also shown their strong faith in education and the highest possible mental development. All honor to

such men! One thing only I could wish, that they were living to see the fruit their benefactions are bearing.

"We have received notice of another gift, to which I refer with peculiar satisfaction. Her Majesty's Commissioners for the Exhibition of 1851 have informed the Senate 'that they have recently instituted a number of science scholarships, to be held by students of not less than three years' standing, who have indicated high promise of capacity for advancing science or its applications,' and that they place the nomination to one of these scholarships of the annual value of £150 sterling at the disposal of the Senate for the year 1893. The student to whom it is awarded will hold it for 1894 also, should the report concerning him for the first year be satisfactory. 'The Commissioners hope to place a similar scholarship at the disposal of Queen's University, Kingston, for the year 1895, and thenceforth periodically.' I may mention that nineteen Universities and Colleges in the British Islands, four in Canada and four in Australia are included in the list that the Commissioners think worthy of receiving these splendid gifts. Such a recognition of institutions in Canada and Australia from such a quarter is a form of Imperial Federation that no one will object to. It is University Union, and may be a prelude to Commercial Union within the Empire. Where there is already Political Union, why should there not be union all along the line? We need scholarships of the same kind in literature and philosophy, 'not to facilitate attendance on ordinary collegiate studies, but to enable students who have passed through a college career to continue their studies.' May we not look to Canadians to supply these? The late James Michie intended to have endowed one of this kind, but his untimely death defeated the patriotic purpose. Her Majesty's Commissioners place 'no restriction as to the place of continued study and research to which the student may resort, . . . but a scholar is expected to spend at least one year of the term at an institution other than that by which he is nominated.'

"An important meeting was held in the course of the summer, in the Council Chamber, at which representative men of all shades of political opinion from the counties round Kingston expressed their sense of the urgent