

this meeting and examination, upon being tendered his conduct money and expenses, as provided in the case of witnesses subpoenaed in cases tried in the Superior Court, or if he refuses to be sworn or answer such questions as may be put to him, or sign such answers, he shall be committed and punished by the court or judge as for a contempt of court. The court or judge may, upon the application of the trustee or inspectors, be invested with authority to order any person to appear, and

ANSWER UPON OATH

all such questions which may be put to him or her touching the affairs of the debtor and his conduct in the management of his estate. The trustee appointed at the first meeting of the creditors is to give security to Her Majesty for the due performance of his duty, and may be required to give such additional security as shall be fixed by the creditors at such meeting. No guardian, that is no sheriff, his agent, employee, or clerk is to be eligible for the position of trustee, nor can he be appointed by the trustee in any other manner, directly or indirectly, in the winding up of the estate. Nor can any secured creditor, his partner, or employee, be appointed trustee under the Act. Before the trustee can be eligible as such he is to give security in the sum of \$10,000 to Her Majesty for her benefit and for the benefit of the creditors of any estate which may come into his hands under the Act, and provision is made for the withdrawal of this security when the trustee may no longer be disposed to continue his suretyship. The creditors at any meeting may appoint one or five inspectors, who shall superintend and direct the proceedings of the trustee in the management and winding up of the estate. The Act contemplates the

APPOINTMENT OF A REGISTRAR

for each Province, who is to receive the security which may be required by the creditors from the trustee for the due performance of his duties, supplementary to the security which each trustee is required to give to Her Majesty; and this Registrar is to be the depository of certain papers and accounts which a trustee is required to keep when an estate is being closed up, and the insolvent applies for his discharge. All the papers in connection with the estate are to remain in the possession of the Registrar, to be kept among the records of his office for the inspection of the creditors or their agents. The trustee is required to pay over to the Registrar all moneys belonging to the estate in his hands not required for any purpose authorized by the Act, with a statement and account of such moneys, and that they are all he has in his hands, under a penalty not exceeding \$10 for each day he shall delay to make such payment; and he shall be held indebted to Her Majesty for such moneys, and may be compelled to account for and pay over the same. The trustee shall receive remuneration for his services at a rate fixed by a schedule in the Act, and such additional sum as the creditors or inspectors may vote him. No disbursements shall be made by any trustee without the same having been duly sanctioned by the creditors or inspectors. The Registrar is to be appointed by the Governor in Council, and he shall not directly or indirectly have any management of an estate under the Act.

PEARS FOR MARKET.

Many of the "new pears" which have been introduced within the past ten years have proved worthless as a market fruit; and some of our "finest pears" are such poor bearers, or notoriously slim growers that it don't pay to plant them. There are really only a few varieties of pear that can be de-

pended upon. With my observation here on the Hudson River, were I to plant out 1,000 pear trees the coming fall, I should want not over six kinds, that is, if I were planting them for profit only, and they would be the Bartlett, Seckel, Beurre D'Ayer, Lawrence, and Belle Lucrative. The Sheldon is an excellent pear and a fine grower, but the tree is too long a time coming into bearing to make it a profitable market sort. Clapp's Favorite is a fine grower, tree is hardy and an excellent bearer, but unless picked just at the right time, it rots at the core.

A friend of mine planted out, six years ago, three hundred pear trees composed of seventeen different kinds; now his trees are just nicely coming into bearing, and he has so few of some of the best sorts, that his orchard that he has taken such excellent care of, will not prove a profitable investment.

D. C. WILDEY.

THE NORTH-WEST.

The following is a copy of a letter received from Mr. James Hamilton, formerly of Scarborough township, Co. of York:

Saskatoon, N. W. T., July 13/83.

W. P. PAGE:—

Dear sir,—I take this opportunity of sending you a few lines to let you know of our welfare, the prospects of the colony, and some other matters of personal interest to me. I suppose by some of my other letters you would think I was rather desponding. I may say I have had some attacks of the blues, but am happy to say prospects are brightening every day, and I believe if this is not one of the finest colonies in the North-West, it will be the fault of the settlers themselves, or of the society. I hope they may work together in harmony, and by good faith on the one hand and industry on the other, will soon make it the pride of our fair Dominion. We were rather late in getting here from Prince Albert (wintered in Prince Albert) as the trail was badly blocked with snow till about the middle of April, the North branch of the Saskatchewan not being broken up, but when we got to the South branch, the ferry had been crossing some days. We commenced breaking our land and have got in some 16 acres of crop, which, under the circumstances looks very promising. In fact I am surprised to see wheat and barley look so well on the tough prairie sod. I am sure if we had put them in the same way in Ontario, they would not look half so well. I have some early peas nearly fit for the table, the beans are coming on splendidly, and I never saw a better patch of turnips with the best preparation; beets, carrots, potatoes, onions, cucumbers and melons, look very promising, and were the land only even properly prepared, I think garden vegetables of all sorts could be raised to perfection, and with very little trouble. We have had one of the finest seed-times I ever saw, fine clear weather, and the land in first-rate condition for working until about two weeks ago, it began to be rather dry, but this last day or two, we have had splendid showers, as much as necessary for the crops at present, and I think the wheat and barley will need very little more. The soil here as far as I can judge, is a nice brown clay loam, in the hollows nearly black. When turned up and exposed to the atmosphere, it gets mellow almost like slacked lime, and if the sod was once fairly rotted, it would be easily worked and very productive. I expect to have over sixty acres ready for

crop next spring. Settlers are beginning to come in lively and things begin to look like business. We expect to see a steamer up the river in a few days. I have two houses building, but will not get them finished until the lumber arrives, which is coming down the river in barges, thus giving us a good supply. I hope now that members of the Board have been here and seen the colony for themselves; they will know more of our requirements, and it will go on booming. I trust they will secure at once at least one line of railway to Saskatoon, if so, it might soon rank among the cities of the Dominion, not only for its wealth and enterprise, but be a pattern of that true righteousness which exalteth a nation, not only temperance, but of all the religious and moral virtues combined, and be a credit to the "Temperance Colonization Society."

Yours truly,

JAMES HAMILTON.

Saskatoon, July 23rd, '83.

We had the pleasure of seeing the first steamer pass up the river the other day towards Medicine Hat. I am told the captain speaks favorably of the river thus far. We have had some of the finest weather this season I ever saw. The spring and seed time was dry, but since the end of June we have had fine showers and growing weather—all that could be desired—and crops are looking excellent for the chance they have had, being put in late. Roots in particular of all kinds seem to promise well. I do not think any person need be afraid if they only have some means to begin with, if coming out here. I know of some who come in with little more than a yoke of cattle, wagon and plough, who are making more money than they would in Ontario. Of course there are some malcontents who grumble at everything, and will never be satisfied, who expect to get land, as it were, made to order especially for them. No doubt there is some poor land in the colony, and any person taking land should come and choose for themselves.

JAMES HAMILTON.

OUR COAT OF ARMS.

We often hear it asked: "What is Canada's Coat of Arms?" It seems a simple question, and yet not one in a thousand, perhaps, could answer it properly. If the "one" can do it he must have a tolerably good, yes, very good memory. While many countries are content with a single figure, Canada is not satisfied with one, or even two, but the follow conglomeration makes up the list which the ambitious young Dominion pitchforks into its shield:—

A Cross,
Three Maple Leaves,
A Lion passant,
A Ship,
Two fleur-de lis,
A Lion passant (again),
Three Maple Leaves (again),
Two Thistles,
One Codfish,
One Thistle,
One Buffalo,
One Cross with a Crown,
One Lion with a Crown,
One Large Oak Tree,
One Small Oak Tree,

There is no excuse for suffering from Headache, Constipation and all the wearying train of symptoms of a disordered liver, when Burdock Blood Bitters is an unfailing remedy, and only costs One Dollar a bottle. Why suffer on without a trial? 25,000 bottles sold during the last three months, with almost universal satisfaction.

Vital Questions!

Ask the most eminent physician Of any school; what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying irritation of the nerves, and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike, refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly "Some form of Hops!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all the eminent physicians.

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all the diseases of the kidneys and urinary organs; such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women?"

"And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically 'Buchu.'"

Ask the same physicians "What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases, dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, malarial fever, ague, &c.?" and they will tell you "Mandrake or Dandelion." Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable And compounded into Hop Bitters, such as [Concluded next week.]

White straw hats, except the fine Tuscan, and so on, are almost entirely banished.

The first love of a woman is a hope; the last a long regret.

The Billous,

dyspeptic or constipated, should address, with two stamps for pamphlet, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

Why is a hen immortal? because her .on never sets.

Thousands Say So.

Mr. T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints, Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by all druggists.

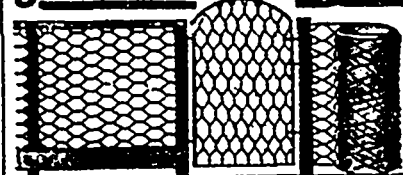
An Australian editor dislikes young married couples, "because they are so apt to give themselves heirs."

Did She Die?

"No; she lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years, the doctors doing her no good; and at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about. Indeed! Indeed! how thankful we should be for that medicine."



SEDGWICK STEEL WIRE FENCE



It is the only general-purpose Wire Fence in use, being a strong net work without barbs. It will turn dogs, deer, sheep and poultry, as well as the most vicious stock, without injury to either fence or stock. It is just the fence for farms, gardens, stock ranges, and railroads, and very neat for lawns, parks, school lots and cemeteries. Covered with rust-proof paint (or galvanized) it will last a lifetime. It is superior to board and rail fence in every respect. We ask for its fair trial, knowing it will wear itself into favor. The Sedgwick Fence, made of wrought iron pipe and steel wire, defy all competition in neatness, strength, and durability. We also make the best and cheapest all iron automatic or self-opening gates also cheap and neatest all iron fence. Best Wire Stretcher and Post Auger. For prices and particulars ask hardware dealers, or address, nearest office, SEDGWICK BROS., Manchester, N. H.