

loyalty. His professional brethren are still proud of him, and assuredly will not condemn him unheard.—*British Medical Journal*.

OBITUARY.

KENNETH N. FENWICK, M.A., M.D., M.R.C.S. ENG.—Dr. Kenneth Fenwick, of Kingston, is dead. It was this simple item of news in the morning daily papers of Canada, this 22nd day of January, which caused a sad shock to the medical profession of our Dominion. The circumstances surrounding his illness and death were exceedingly sad. A young, strong, able, active surgeon succumbs to a foe that he has been nobly fighting for many years—septicæmia. Dr. Fenwick operated on a child suffering from septic peritonitis, Thursday, January 16, and, unfortunately, cut his finger slightly during the operation. Certain precautions were taken to prevent evil results, and no fears were entertained until the evening of the 20th, when the condition of the hand and arm was found to be very serious. The symptoms became worse from hour to hour, the arm became gangrenous, the whole system was profoundly affected by the virulent strength of the poison, and the patient sank rapidly until the night of the 21st, when he died at 11 o'clock.

Dr. Fenwick was a specimen of our best sort of Canadian physicians, a prodigious worker, a skilful obstetrician and gynæcologist, a good general practitioner, a faithful and generous friend to the sick and afflicted, a man that this province could ill afford to lose. He received his degree of M.A. from Queen's University in 1871, M.D. in 1874, and passed the examination for membership of the Royal College of Surgeons in 1875. After returning from England he commenced practice in Kingston, and soon forged to the front. He was for a time Professor of Institutes of Medicine in the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Kingston; but some years ago was appointed Professor of Obstetrics and Gynæcology in the same institution. His work in this department was highly creditable to himself, and greatly appreciated by his students.

To the profession at large he was known as a public-spirited man, and an active worker in medical societies, especially the Canadian and Ontario Medical Associations. It will be remembered that he took a deep interest in the last meeting of the Canadian Medical Association, held in Kingston, August, 1895, and did much work in making the necessary arrangements. His tremendous zeal and energy did much towards making the meeting a pronounced success. He was the author of an excellent manual of obstetrics, gynæcology, and pædiatrics, which was published in 1889. This, as he told us in his preface, was really a syllabus of his sessional lectures, and intended for medical students—especially his own class. He also published many papers in Canadian and American medical journals. By his death our profession has lost one of her most worthy sons, and our country has lost one of her best citizens.