the letter and spirit of the law, that graduates of *any* University be subjected to examination by the Provincial Board.

In accordance with Dr. Carter's request, we insert in this number, extracts of "two letters lately received by him and submitted to us for perusal, from Drs. Elliotson and Hocken," on the subject of his case published in our May number—but we must be spared from inserting these portions of the letters which bear on the point of medical etiquette.

A very curious and interesting manuscript has been placed in our hands by Dr. Meilleur of this city, purporting to be " Δ Summary view of the St. Paul's Bay Disease," by Dr. Jas. Bowman, of Quebec, dated 1785. The disease there described certainly most closely resembles, except in degree, (in which particular, we think that it very much exceeded,) the Tubercular Leprosy now raging at Tracadie. Before perusing this manuscript, our own impression was, that the Maladie de Malbaie had been limited to the District of Quebec, but cases occurred and medicines were furnished to the Curés of Varennes and Pouchervulle, in our own immediate neighbourhood. We shall endeavour to make an epitome of this summary at some future time. Meanwhile we tender to Dr. M. our best thanks for his politeness.

At the last meeting of the Medico-Chirurgical Society of this City, held on the 3rd of August, Dr. Bouthillier of St. Hyacinthe, and Dr. E. Taché of St. Thomas, were unanimously elected Honorary Members.

MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL SOCIETY, 27th April, 1844.

Dr. FRASER, in the Chair.

The attention of the Society was directed to that interesting disease described by Underwood as the "Inward fits of children," by Montgomery as "Thymic Asthma," and by other authors as "Laryngismus Stridulus," or "Spasmodic Crcup." Dr. F. detailed the case of a child ten months old, previously stoutand healthy looking, who was suddenly seized on the night of the 12th January last, with dyspnoea and an apparent sensation of suffocation, which