

cence in acid, and its bituminous odor. But as the clay, slates, sand stones, and shells, in this neighbourhood, possess one or both of these characters, as they often do elsewhere, they are liable to be confounded with the L. stones, if the "Black Rock" be considered one. A. B.

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*London Medical and Physical Journal.*

*Case of small pox after inoculation with small pox.*—A case of small pox occurring after small pox from inoculation is reported by Mr. Richards. It appeared to have been modified and materially influenced by the previous inoculation.

*Effect of Ergot.*—It will be recollected that in our second No. cases were published by Drs. Morrin & Painchaud of this city, as also a valuable communication from Dr. Taché of St. Thomas, illustrative of the efficacy of *ergot* in promoting uterine action. We have the pleasure to announce similar successful results in three cases published by Mr. Clark, Surgeon, Bristol. In other publications, we observe that this remedy has also been given in uterine hemorrhage with a decided benefit, as was suggested by Dr. Taché some time since.

*Wound of the abdomen.*—Mr. Wm. Dix, of Northamptonshire, was called to a young man who had received from the horn of a bull, a wound of the abdomen of about three inches in length. Nearly three feet of intestines protruded, with a portion of the mesentery and omentum. He was called twenty minutes after the accident, returned the protruded parts, and kept the wound closed by means of a suture and sticking plaster. The patient recovered in less than a fortnight.