Vertex black, with three small whitish testaceous spots at the apex, this being also the colour of the face, sterna and legs. There are also two tiny testaceous specks, and a short, narrow line at base of vertex. Pronotum dark fulvous, anterior and lateral margins irregularly black. Scutellum pinkish brown, posteriorly ivory-white, lateral margins broadly black. Tegmina fulvotestaceous, subhyaline, subcostal (marginal) area ivory-white, a black wedge about the middle; extreme base, veins more or less, and apex of tegmina, blackish smoky. Wings smoky. Vertex not quite as long, or about as long, as broad between the eyes, apically obtuse angled. Pronotum basally a little wider than head with eyes. Anal vein of tegmina united to suture by a cross vein which is curved apically. Length, 6 mm, to apex of tegmina.

Hab.—Africa, Hinterland of the Ivory Coast, Bouake.

Superfamily FULGOROIDEA.

Oliarus Bouakeanus, sp. nov.—Allied to O. Natalensis (Stal.).

Ferruginous, deepening on the scutellum; a spot on each side of the vertex, the pronotum in the middle, keels of frons and clypeus, and a spot at the junction of the two last named, yellowish. Scutellar keels yellowish-ferruginous. Tegulæ obscure yellowish, sometimes darker at the extreme anterior part. Tegmina hyaline, more or less unevenly suffused with cinereous, strongly granulate, subcostal (marginal) vein with about 18 or 19 granules, of which 13 are on the apical half and 4 close to the base. Apical half of tegmina with irregular brown spots and flecks. Veins pale yellow or colourless, granules blackish brown. Stigma obscure pale brown, with a dark streak on the interior margin. Legs pale yellowish. Abdomen more or less dark ferruginous.

Vertex a little longer than wide, a little wider at base than an eye, lateral margins converging anteriorwards, and forking about their middle, the inner branches meeting acute-angularly. Head much narrower than the pronotum. Lateral keels of scutellum straight, converging a little posteriorly, submedian keels curved. Radial vein forks much farther from the base than does the cubital. Length 5½-6½ mm. to apex of tegmina.

Hab.—Africa, Hinterland of the Ivory Coast, Bouake.

SYNONYMICAL NOTES, ETC.

Cathedra, Kirkaldy, 1903, Entom., XXXVI, 179 = Pristiopsis, Schmidt. 1905, Stettin. Ent. Zeit., LXVI, 332 (homotypical).

Delphacissa, new subg. of Delphacodes. representing Fieber's typical subgenus of "Delphax," characterized by "Stirnkiel bis auf den Scheitel fadenformig"; type uncinata.