

London Advertiser.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited). LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Tuesday Nov. 10.

Not Ripe for a Change.

Mr. Balfour's statement that the time was not ripe for closer constitutional relations between the colonies and the mother country would have created more interest a few years ago, when full-blown schemes of imperial federation had many influential advocates. The sentimental ties which bind the Empire together have been greatly strengthened in recent years, but this has been accompanied by a growing opinion that imperial solidarity would not be promoted by any system which would weaken colonial autonomy. Organic union would involve the surrender by Canada, Australia and New Zealand of some of the powers now vested in their own parliaments. Colonial representatives, sitting in the Imperial Parliament at Westminster, would form a small minority, and would play a relatively insignificant role, in view of the mass of legislation with which they would have no concern, and which now occupies the attention of the House of Commons, almost to the exclusion of questions affecting the colonies. A jealous regard for colonial autonomy actuated the Canadian Ministers in dealing with the problem of Imperial defense. They were unable to assent to the proposition of the British admiralty and war office that the Canadian Government should contribute funds for Imperial purposes. As the Ministers pointed out, their objections arose not so much from the expense involved, as from a belief that the acceptance of the proposals would entail "an important departure from the principle of colonial self-government." A portion of the text of the Canadian memorandum will bear repetition:

"Canada values highly the measure of local independence which has been granted it from time to time by the Imperial authorities, and which has been so productive of beneficial results, both as respects the material progress of the country and the strengthening of the ties that bind it to the motherland. But while for these reasons the Canadian Ministers are obliged to withhold their assent to the proposals of the admiralty and the war office, they fully appreciate the duty of the Dominion, as it advances in population and wealth, to make more liberal outlay for those necessary preparations of self-defense which every country has to assume and bear. That the taxpayers of the United Kingdom should desire to be relieved of some of the burdens which they bear in connection with military expenditure is quite reasonable. Canada in the development of its own military system will be found ready to respond to that desire by taking upon itself some of the services in the Dominion which have hitherto been borne by the Imperial Government. What has already been done by Canada must give assurance of the disposition of the Canadian people to recognize their proper obligations. In the early years of the Dominion an understanding was come to between the Imperial and Canadian Governments that Canada should expend about one million dollars annually on her militia system. From time to time that expenditure has been voluntarily increased, and at present, apart from the special outlay in connection with the maintenance of the garrison at Halifax, the Dominion is expending about two millions annually on the militia."

The Canadian ministers also gave the assurance that the Government was prepared to consider the naval side of defense as well and it was hoped that at an early day some system would be devised which would lead to the training of the large number of men on the Canadian seacoast who were admirably qualified to form a naval reserve. The Canadian Government has "the strongest desire to carry out its defense schemes in co-operation with the Imperial authorities and under the advice of experienced Imperial officers, so far as this is consistent with the principle of self-government, which has proved so great a factor in the promotion of Imperial unity."

This is not a position with which even the ultra-loyalist can quarrel. The principle that the expenditure of any money contributed by Canada for military or naval purposes should be controlled by the Canadian Parliament was affirmed by the recent convention of the boards of trade of Canada. As to the constitutional relations between the mother country and the colonies, it would be foolish to say these are unalterably fixed. Conditions may arise which will suggest or make imperative new constitutional forms, but, as Mr. Balfour says, the time is not ripe for changes.

The Liquor Act.

Every elector should clearly understand the provisions of the Manitoba act if he desires to vote intelligently in the coming referendum. The prohibition of the manufacture and export of liquor is ultra vires of the Provincial Legislature, but the present act prohibits transactions in liquor within the Province, except under druggists' licenses, wholesale and retail.

The expression "druggists' wholesale license" means a license authorizing a chemist or druggist, duly registered as such, to sell, in the warehouse or store defined in such license, alcohol, not exceeding in quantity ten gallons at any one time to any person, for mechanical or scientific purposes, and to sell to any duly registered medical practitioner, and to any druggist hold-

ing a druggist's retail license, but to no other, liquor not exceeding in quantity five gallons at any one time.

The expression "druggists' retail license" means a license authorizing a chemist or druggist, duly registered and licensed to carry on business as such, to sell liquor for medicinal and sacramental purposes only in the store defined in such license. Liquor for medicinal purposes can only be sold under a bona fide prescription from a duly qualified medical practitioner signed by such practitioner, on which prescription not more than one sale of liquor shall be made. Sales may be made to dentists, for professional use, in no greater quantity than a pint at a time; to veterinary surgeons for professional use in no greater quantity than two gallons at one time, and to clergymen, for sacramental purposes, in similar quantity. Public hospitals are permitted to have liquor for the use of patients only, who must have the liquor prescribed by a physician. Records of all sales must be kept, and no liquor must be consumed or drunk upon licensed premises.

No person within the Province by himself, his clerk, servant, or agent, shall have or keep or give liquor in any place whatsoever, other than in the private dwelling-house in which he resides, without having first obtained a druggist's wholesale license, or a druggist's retail license. The expression "private dwelling-house" does not include or mean any house or building occupied or used or partly occupied or used as an office (except physician's, dentist's, or veterinary surgeon's offices), or as a shop, or as a place of business, or as a factory, or as a workshop, or as a warehouse, or as a club house, or club room, public hall, or hall of any society or order, or as a boarding house, or as a lodging house, or as a livery stable, or as an inn, tavern, hotel, or other house or place of public entertainment, or any house or building the rooms or compartments in which are leased to different persons.

Liquor kept on club premises is also a violation of the act, the consumption of liquor being sufficient evidence of sale. Clauses referring to the export of liquor are:

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from having liquor for export sale in his liquor warehouse, provided such liquor warehouse and the business therein complies with the requirements in subsection 2 hereof mentioned, or from selling from such liquor warehouse to persons in other provinces, or in foreign countries, or to a wholesale license under this act.

While this act is intended to prohibit, and shall prohibit, transactions in liquor which take place wholly within the Province of Ontario, except under a license or as otherwise specially provided by this act, and to restrict the consumption of liquor within the limits of the Province of Ontario, it shall not affect, and is not intended to affect, bona fide transactions between a person in the Province of Ontario, and a person in another province or in a foreign country, and the provisions of this act shall be construed accordingly.

The New Ministers.

The vacancy in the Dominion Cabinet has been filled by the entrance of Mr. Raymond Prefontaine, M.P., who takes the portfolio of Marine and Fisheries, held for some time by Hon. James Sutherland. Mr. Sutherland has been advanced to the Public Works Department, succeeding Mr. Tarte. Mr. Prefontaine is not very well known in this Province, but he is a commanding figure in Quebec, especially in the district of Montreal, where, it is safe to say, he exerts a greater influence than any other public man excepting Sir Wilfrid Laurier. A politician of his aggressive type has naturally excited antagonisms, some of them in his own party. His relations with Mr. Tarte were not altogether friendly. Mr. Prefontaine has a brilliant executive ability and a tireless energy which promise success in his new position. He is an effective speaker, in French and English. It is to be hoped he will soon make the acquaintance of Ontario audiences.

No reference to Mr. Sutherland is needed in this Province. His promotion to the great spending department of the Government is a signal tribute from his colleagues, and has been earned by his splendid service in the other departments which have been under his control. He has shown a rare capacity for hard work and for mastering practical details—very needful qualities to bring in his new duties.

Canada owes a great deal to the splendid Northwest Mounted Police. The debt has been increased by the patience and tact with which they handled the Doukhobor pilgrims.

Mr. Balfour had nothing to say last night about Canadian troops being united to oppose the armies of Europe. Was he trying to atone for Mr. Brodick's "break"?

The Cubans are organizing demonstrations to protest against the prohibition of the glorious sport of cock-fighting. Cuba has been a cockpit so long that it can't be expected to reform at once.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will risk his popularity in Quebec by giving the Hon. James Sutherland the portfolio of Public Works. This portfolio has come to be regarded by Quebecers as a sort of Quebec perquisite.—Hamilton Herald.

Sir Wilfrid has taken the risk. No doubt Mr. Monk will once more shriek about discrimination against Quebec, while the Ontario end of the combination will still wait about French domination.

His opponents say that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has proved himself a huckster after all, in asking Great Britain for a tariff preference in return for Cana-

Eileen Acushla.

[E. Le Fanu Robertson.]

The following exquisite little love song from the London Tatler needs no extended introduction, for it tells its own sweet story in inimitable fashion.

O' Eileen Acushla, in a far land I'm dreaming
Of a lone mountain cabin, where the sunlight streaming
Comes over the threshold as bowd as
ye place,
Not shrinking or shy, but quite at his
side!
And never he finds ye, my darlint, my
dear,
Sleeping a minute when the dawn is
near,
But out on the meadow, wild the dew on
the grass,
Or driving the sheep through the moun-
tain pass,
Then I grudge the wild sun the kisses
he stole,
For there's not one I'd spare him—that's
thru, by me soul!

And I dislike the moon for every sly
peep
She took through yer window to see yer
sleep!
O' tis raving I am, sweet Eileen Aroon,
But love plays the devil wid any gossoon!
So come to me, Jewel, my sweetest, my
dear,
Put yer arms round me and lay yer head
here,
Talk folly or sense, and be witty or wise,
Let me find what I wish in the depth of
ye eyes!
For in quarrelling or kissing, in sorrow or
joy,
Love's the best thing in the heart of a
boy!
And I'd not be without it, O' Eileen
Aroon,
Though 'tis love plays the devil wid any
gossoon!



REV. JOHN CLIFFORD, D.D.,

The Leader of the English Non-Conformist Revolt.

dian favors. In 1897 Sir Wilfrid refused to ask for a preference, because the mother country would have had to tax herself to grant it. That would have been huckstering. In 1902 he merely asks the mother country to take off taxation which she had voluntarily imposed on herself. That is vastly different.

Ottawa's Great Need.

[Ottawa Free Press.]

Ottawa needs and should have a proper morgue.

The Federal Symptom.

[Hamilton Times.]

Rosebery is a believer in a federal system for the United Kingdom, with legislatures for England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales. Such bodies, if they were well handled and restricted to local affairs, might greatly assist the central lawmakers by relieving them of much purely local work.

Kitchener at the 'Phone.

[London Chronicle.]

Some few months after "K." as Tommy calls Lord Kitchener, had taken over command from "Bobs," he had occasion to visit some blockhouses which were in course of erection just outside one of the leading commercial towns. One, he noticed, had been put up in a rather exposed position, and he therefore ordered trenches and sangars to be thrown up at once, in order to strengthen it. Going inside one of the blockhouses—they are all connected by telephone—he ran up to the officer commanding a unit in the town when the following dialogue took place:

K.—Are you there?
C. O.—Yes, sir.
K.—Are you in command of the—
the—
C. O.—Yes, sir.
K.—I want a working party, say 50 strong, with entrenching tools, to be

here at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning.

C. O.—I beg your pardon, sir, but my men are all employed on something or other, the majority escorting prisoners down the line.

K.—Oh, I see. Ah, is that a band I hear playing there?

C. O.—(hesitatingly)—Yes, sir.

K.—Oh, it is. What band?

C. O.—Regimental band, sir, playing outside the mess.

K.—Playing at mess? Well—ah—just have those instruments put away for some future occasion, will you, and make that working party 100 strong, to arrive here tomorrow morning at 6 o'clock, or there will be a regimental command vacant.

C. O. (stammering)—Very good, sir.

That working party was mostly bandmen. Kitchener had heard the music vibrating on the telephone instrument.

Begins at Home.

[Toronto Telegram.]

The failure of the colonial conference may do something to acquaint Canadians with the mighty truth that imperialism begins at home. In time of war Canadians must direct their energy to the point of danger to the empire. In time of peace their energy is needed at home, and in such times Canada will do her share of work for the empire by working on right lines the great problems raised by her own development.

Ping-Pong and Pumpkin Pie.

[Gravenhurst Banner.]

Mrs. F. Bailey, "Fern Glen," entertained a party of her young friends, that working party was mostly bandmen. Kitchener had heard the music vibrating on the telephone instrument.

to a progressive ping-pong and pumpkin pie party last Friday evening.

Revised Version 1902.

[New York Telegram.]

Woodman, chop that tree;
Cut small its every twig.
And yeth' harrumphed me,
In full hurn 'em, now they're big.

Convalescence.

Convalescence is sometimes merely apparent, not real, and especially is this true after such diseases as pneumonia, typhoid fever and the grip. To make it real and rapid, there is no other tonic so highly to be recommended as Food's Sarsaparilla.

This great medicine cleanses and renews the blood, strengthens all the organs and functions, and restores health. Take Food's.

The French coal miners are determined to carry on their strike.

A GENERAL FAVORITE.—In every place where it is used, Food's Sarsaparilla has not failed to establish a reputation, showing that the sterling quality which it possesses is valued everywhere when they become known.

It is in general use in Canada, the West Indies, and Australia as a household medicine, and the demand for it each year shows that it is a favorite wherever used.

It is stated at Montreal that the American Locomotive Company, of which S. R. Calloway is president, is behind the deal for the purchase of the Kingston locomotive works, and the removal of the plant to Longue Pointe, near Montreal.

Inflamed Nose and Throat and such diseases of the respiratory organs as bronchitis, weak lungs, cold in the head and nasal catarrh, are treated with marvelous success on strictly scientific principles by Catarrhoxone. The steamy vapor of Catarrhoxone quickly traverses every air passage possible to be reached by any treatment. All soreness, pain, congestion and inflammation are at once dispelled, and by means of the healing powers of Catarrhoxone the irritated tissues are quickly restored.

Where Catarrhoxone is used colds last only ten minutes, coughs half an hour, and catarrh, consumption, asthma and bronchitis flee as from fire. A trial will convince anyone of the startling merit of Catarrhoxone. Costs 25¢ small size, 50¢ At druggists, or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills Cure Constipation.

According to information received at the Danish court, Emperor Nicholas of Russia is greatly depressed in mind, and is melancholy. His condition has created anxiety.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil is good for man or beast. Relieves pain, reduces swelling, allays inflammation, cures cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, stiff joints, etc.

Weak and sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is held strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

Not Yesterday, Neither Today, but Tomorrow Will Commence the

GREATEST SALE OF DRYGOODS KINGSMILL'S

The store so long used by James Wright & Co., we have purchased. With this ground added, we will have sufficient space to build a modern warehouse, in every respect up-to-date. To enable us to carry this out we are compelled to move our entire drygoods stock, manufacturing departments and tailoring to the premises where we are selling off the

BANKRUPT STOCK OF RUNIANS, CARSON & McKEE.

This stock was very large, amounting to \$67,460, and an exceptionally good stock, as the people were a comparatively short time in business. Think of the price, only 55¢ on the dollar. The stock is not quite two months on the market. We have kept the best for the last, and a large stock bought so cheaply enables us to give you goods at very low prices.

TO ADD TO THIS ATTRACTION our own stock will be all remarked

AWAY DOWN IN PRICE,

as we don't want (if possible) to carry anything back to the new building.

Do You Want Carpets?

If so don't buy until you come to

London's Greatest Carpet Warehouse

Greatest in size, Greatest in volume of stock,
Greatest in experience, Greatest in variety,
Greatest in capital,
Greatest in giving the people the best possible value for their money.

OUR ADVICE—Don't buy Carpets until you see the greatest stock and know the right prices.

We only advertise what we have. We don't place a visionary value on our goods to make reduction attract attention.

We don't sell cheap-made, low goods, and call them best.

We can sell you Carpets much less than the small dealers can buy them.

Kingsmill's Greatest Carpet Warehouse. Carling Street, London.

Old Lady Burned to Death.

Woodstock, Nov. 9.—Word was received in the city last night that during the afternoon Mrs. Manser, an old lady living near Swaburg, to the south of Woodstock, had been burned to death. She was alone in the house at the time the accident, of whatever nature it was, happened. Neighbors discovered the house on fire and its occupant hurried to death within. She was 96 years of age.

The death took place suddenly at an early hour this morning of Eva, the 15-year-old daughter of Mr. John H. G. N. W. Telegraph agent here, from heart trouble.

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have generously donated the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 60¢ a box at all dealers or EDWARDS, BATES & CO., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

WHY GO LIMPING and whining about your corns, when a 25-cent bottle of Dr. Chase's Ointment will remove them? Give it a trial, and you will not regret it.

A report on agriculture for North Carolina shows the valuation of farm property to be \$233,834,683, of which about \$30,000,000 represents live stock and \$9,000,000 machinery and implements. The value of all farm products shows a rapid growth.

In washing woollens and flannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory.

The shortest people in Europe are the Laplanders. The height of the men averages 4 feet 11 inches and the height of the women two inches less.

PASSED 15 WORMS.—I gave Dr. Low's Worm Syrup to my little girl, two and one-half years old; the result was that she passed fifteen round worms in five days.

Gilbert Deuchars, who served in South Africa with the first and second contingents, died at Ottawa Sunday, aged 38 years. He was a member of the Forty-Third Regiment and a crack shot. He will be buried with military honors.

WILHELM WEAKNESS IS DISEASE WILL SETTLE.—If one suffers from any organic weakness, emaciation or contracted, there disease will settle when it attacks the body. Therefore drive out the pains that beset you, do not let a cold or cough harass you, and keep the respiratory organs in a good, healthy condition. This you can do by using Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Prevention is the wisest course.

Field laborers in Spain rarely get more than 10 cents a day. Their sole food is soup made of oil, water, garlic and bread. Many cannot endure 12 to 14 hours of hard work in the broiling sun on such fare and faint in the fields. About five per cent of them die annually.

Wood's Phosphodine

The Great English Remedy

Is an old, well established and reliable preparation. Has been prescribed and used over 40 years. All druggists in the Dominion of Canada sell and recommend as being the only medicine of its kind that cures and gives universal satisfaction.

It promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emaciation, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all effects of Abuse or Excesses, the Excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Stimulants. Mental and Brain Worry, all of which lead to Insanity, Incontinence, and all other ailments, and an early cure. Price 25¢ per package, or six for \$1.50. Will be promptly on receipt of price. Send for pamphlet—free to any address.

The Wood Company.

Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Wood's Phosphodine sold in London by C. McCallum & Co., and Anderson & Nelson, druggists.

"THISTLE" Rubber Belting

Every belt made to order, guaranteeing live rubber. Delivery two days following.

The J. C. McLaren BELTING CO.
Montreal Toronto.

Hotel Normandie, Broadway and 38th St. NEW YORK

Best Hotel Location in the City. Absolutely Fireproof European Plan.

Located in the Amusement and Shopping district, the most interesting part of the city.

Twenty principal places of amusement within five minutes' walk of the hotel. Family and Transient Hotel.

CHAS. A. ATKINS & CO.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

NICHOLSON CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Winter Tourist Tickets

Now on Sale.

Excursions to:

New Orleans, La., Nov. 11th, 12th and 13th Chicago, Dec. 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Particulars at city ticket office, 355 Richmond street. Phone 205.

O. W. RUGGLES, general passenger and ticket agent, Chicago.

JOHN PAUL, city passenger agent, London.

WHITE STAR LINE.

United States and Royal Mail Steamers.

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool

TEUTONIC, NOV. 12, NOON.

CYMRIC, NOV. 13, NOON.

OSYRIC, NOV. 18, 8:30 A.M.

MAJESTIC, NOV. 26, NOON.

CELTIC, DEC. 3, 7:30 A.M.

TEUTONIC, DEC. 10, NOON.

Saloon rates from \$50 up. Second saloon from \$35 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Berry, £3 and 25¢.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

N. L. LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

MUNICIPAL, LIVERPOOL, via

MOVIE, RATES OF PASSAGE: First cabin, \$50 and upwards; second cabin, from \$25.00; third class, \$25.00. Liver-

pool, Belfast, London, Glasgow.

MONTREAL to GLASGOW direct—S.S. Sicilian, November 11. First cabin, \$50; second cabin, \$35; third class, \$25.

London Agents: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, F. B. Clark.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Transcontinental Travel

The Only All-Canadian Transcontinental Railway.

Through train leaves TORONTO at 1:45 p.m. daily for Winnipeg, Brandon, Moose-

jaw, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Banff, Jasper, Revelstoke, Mission Junction and Vancouver.

Unexcelled dining car service. North Bay to Fort William, Portage to Laggan, Revelstoke to Sicamous and North Bend to Agassiz.

First-class sleepers, Toronto to Winnipeg and the coast.

W. PULTON, C. P. and T. A., London; A. H. NOTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, 1 King Street East, Toronto.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

THE ROUTE OF

Canada's Famous Train.....

The "Maritime Express."

Leaves Montreal 12 noon,

daily, except Saturday, for

Quebec, St. John, Halifax

and the Sydneys.

Moose Season

Opens Sept. 15.

in New Brunswick

and Nova Scotia.

Toronto Office,

10 King Street West.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

California

Points.

Round trip tourist tickets, good for nine months, on sale to all the popular

WINTER RESORTS OF CALIFORNIA.

UNEXCELLED SERVICE TO CHI-

cago—Fast trains, equipped with mod-

ern wide vestibule coaches, cafe parlor,

dining and Pullman sleeping cars. Prompt connection with all western