

The Herald

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JAMES MCISAAC EDITOR & PROPRIETOR

Chief Justice Mathieson.

Honorable John Alexander Mathieson, K. C., Premier and Attorney-General of this Province since 1911, has been elevated to the high and honorable position of Chief Justice of Prince Edward Island, in succession to Sir William Wilfrid Sullivan, retired. He was born at Brackley Point on May 19th, 1863, so that he is now 54 years of age, in the prime of life. After passing through the Prince of Wales College and successfully completing his study of the law, he commenced the practice of his profession at Georgetown. In 1900 he entered politics, being elected as one of the Conservative members for the Murray Harbor district. In 1903 he was chosen Leader of the Conservative Opposition in the Legislature. In the general election of 1904 he was returned for the Georgetown district, which he continued to represent up to the time of his elevation to the Bench. On December 2nd, 1911, on the retirement of the Palmer Liberal Government, Hon. Mr. Mathieson became Premier and Attorney-General of the Province, continuing therein until called to the Chief Justiceship. At the Bar, and in the Legislature; in the various positions he has occupied, Hon. Mr. Mathieson has been eminently successful, and has proved himself a man of singular ability and strength. Now, that he has been elevated to the serene atmosphere of the Bench, we have no doubt he will be equally successful as the head of our Provincial Judiciary. We extend our congratulations to his Lordship Chief Justice Mathieson.

From Athens, via Paris, came the news, on the 12th inst., that the fall of Constantine I, King of the Hellenes, had come. In response to the demand of the protecting powers, France, Great Britain and Russia, he abdicated on that date in favor of his second son, Prince Alexander. This climax in the affairs of Greece was brought about through the agency of the French senator, M. Jonnart, who has held posts in several French cabinets, and who arrived at Athens only a day or two previously, on a special mission as the representative of France, Great Britain and Russia. M. Jonnart, had previously visited Salonika and other points, and he lost no time in getting into conference with the Greek premier, Alexander Zaimis. The demands of the powers respecting the abdication of King Constantine also specifically eliminated Crown Prince George as his successor; the crown prince being included among those Greeks in official life who are considered strongly pro-German. Later advices from Athens intimate that no disorders followed King Constantine's departure.

An evidence of the manner in which Canada is preparing to reach out for trade after the war was furnished the other day in the House of Commons. The estimates of the trade and commerce department were under consideration, and after the members had finished the discussion of subsidies to innumerable small steamship lines in Nova Scotia and P. E. Island, Sir George Foster told the House of the plans being made for after the war trade expansion. As an instance of what would be done he cited that it was the intention of the department to open up offices in Petrograd and Omsk in Russia, and at a point in Italy. He felt there

should be no delay in regard to these offices, as it was important that the men filling them should get on the ground as speedily as possible, and be in a position to do effective work as soon as the war ends. The minister said he expected that there would be a wonderful development of trade with Russia and Italy after the conclusion of peace, and he wanted to see Canada in a position to take full advantage of it. The votes for the offices referred to passed the House.

Sir Robert Borden moved the second reading of the conscription bill in the House of Commons on Monday, in a brief speech. Sir Wilfrid Laurier moved an amendment to the effect that the question be submitted to the people by way of referendum. The amendment is in the following words: "That further consideration of this bill be deferred until the principle thereof has been by means of a referendum submitted to and approved by the electors of Canada." Sir Wilfrid stated he left his followers free to vote as each one wished. It is admitted by the Liberal press that the amendment will be defeated and that the bill will pass.

Progress of the War

London, June 12.—Another advance of the British forces on a front of nearly two miles east and northeast of Messines, and the capture of the village of Gaspard, is reported in the British official communication issued tonight. The communication says: "Our troops gained further ground today east and northeast of Messines on a front of nearly two miles and occupied the village of Gaspard. We also advanced our line slightly early this morning and captured the Spuecher river and three machine guns. The enemy's artillery has shown considerable activity during the day northeast of Gouzeaucourt and north of the Scarpe and in the neighborhood of Lens and Ypres. Our air-planes were active yesterday. Although weather conditions were not favourable much useful work was accomplished. One of our machines is missing."

London, June 13.—Our total capture since the morning of June 7th says the official report from British headquarters in France tonight, "include 7,342 German prisoners among them 145 officers, also 47 guns, 242 machine guns and 60 trench mortars. A German raiding party was driven off with losses early this morning northeast of Lens. Our air-planes continued to carry out useful work yesterday. In the air fighting three German airplanes were brought down and two others were driven out of control."

Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, June 13.—(By Stewart Lyon, special correspondent of the Canadian Press) "The activity on the Canadian front, which is still continuing, is confined to the northern sector in the region of Souchez river. His losses of several strong points during the past few days has stirred the enemy up to vigorous action. Last night he counter-attacked in the hope of recovering the machine gun positions. The attack broke down completely under the Canadian artillery and machine gun fire. The assaulting party retired in the direction of Lens, after sustaining material losses. How costly to the enemy the continuous activity in the Souchez region is has been conclusively established by documentary evidence. The company roll in one of the enemy battalions in the line only two days shows that during those two days twenty-five out of a total strength of 114 were killed or wounded. On the third day seventeen were captured, making a total loss of 42. Other companies and battalions in the area must have lost men in about the same proportion. Some were subjected to gas in perhaps a higher ratio."

London, June 14.—The report from British headquarters in France, issued tonight, reads: "We carried out a successful raid this morning on the Arras

battlefront east of the Monchy-Le-Preux. "Hostile positions of considerable importance on high ground, known as Infantry Hill, the possession of which had been stubbornly contested by the enemy on a number of occasions, were stormed by our troops on a front of over three-quarters of a mile. The whole of our objectives were gained."

Rome, June 14, via London.—"On the Asiago plateau last night the enemy made a surprise attack on the position we recently took on the Moya Origina," says today's war official statement. "The attack failed owing to our vigilance. The enemy then attacked in force and with extreme violence, but the defenders, resisting firmly drove him back in disorder, with heavy loss. "Thessaly: Our cavalry has occupied Tricala. Local incidents which marked the entrance of our troops into Larissa yesterday have not recurred."

London, June 15th.—Field Marshal Haig has another bite into the Hindenburg line and has captured a portion of the famous German position northwest of Bullecourt. The British advance in this region is the first determined effort made since the end of the sanguinary fighting which resulted in the capture of the town of Bullecourt by the British and is in the direction of Hendecourt-Lez-Cagnicourt. The Germans resisted the British stubbornly, but finally yielded after suffering heavy casualties, according to the London war office. In Flanders, the British have extended their gains astride the Wpres-Comines Canal in the direction of Comines and in the region of Messines, toward Warneton, on the Franco-Belgian border. One hundred and fifty prisoners and a number of machine-guns were taken.

London, June 17.—"Portuguese troops have repelled several German raids during June," says the official statement issued here this evening. "We captured a few prisoners last night as a result of a raid north of Gouzeaucourt, South of Ypres-Comines Canal a hostile raiding party, caught in our artillery barrage, failed to reach our trenches." "The hostile artillery was active today south of Croisilles, southwest of Lens and at a number of points between Armentieres and Ypres," says the report from British headquarters in France tonight. "There was great activity in the air yesterday. Seven German airplanes were brought down in air fighting, two of which fell within our lines. Three other enemy machines were driven down out of control. Two of our air-planes are missing."

London, June 16.—The official report from British headquarters tonight reads: "During the day fighting has again taken place in a sector of the Hindenburg line northwest of Bullecourt. "Our troops have made progress and captured further prisoners on the battle front south of Ypres. "The artillery activity on both sides has continued at intervals throughout the day. "Particularly successful work was done by our air-planes yesterday, both in co-operation with our artillery and in reconnaissance work and bombing raids. Many air fights took place in which large numbers of machines were engaged. As a result of the fighting six German planes were brought down, one falling in our lines, and ten other enemy machines were driven down out of control. Our losses were one machine missing."

Paris, June 17.—The official statement issued by the war office tonight reads: "After a bombardment, carried out last night in the sector of Hurtebise, the Germans attacked north of Monument, a salient in our positions, which they succeeded in penetrating. Driven back after a spirited engagement, the enemy was able to maintain himself only in a small element in our advanced line. "The artillery fighting continued throughout the whole day in this region, as well as in the neighborhood of Cepy and north of Braye-En-Laonnois. "The Germans have been violently bombarding Rheims for several days past. Twelve hundred shells were thrown into the town today, resulting in several casualties among the civilian population."



The Spring Suit Question is Answered in The Styles We Show

If there has been a question in your mind as to the style suit you would like to wear for Spring, dispel any wearisome thought regarding it. Come to our suit section with an open mind—come with the sole thought in view of securing a fashionable, well fitting garment and at a price that you want to pay. If you do this you need have no uneasiness as to the satisfaction and pleasure you are going to get out of your new Spring suit. We say again, the suit question is answered completely and fully in our Spring showing and from every viewpoint. Spring suits of woolen materials from \$22.75 to \$45.00. Spring suits of silk abrics \$22.00 to \$32.00.

Very nice suit, made of good quality serge, made with convertible sailor collar, belted effect, sateen lined, Black, Niger Brown and Navy, splendid value, \$12.75. Better quality serge suit, made with sailor collar, half belted effect, trimmed black braid and buttons, sateen lined, Black, Navy and Niger Brown, Price \$15.00. Missies shepard check suit, box style, with serge collar, all around belt of white serge, sizes 14 and 16, price \$15.00. Splendid suit, made of Gaverdine, large convertible collar, box back, with all around belt, patch pockets, mercer lined, Navy and green, only \$19.00. Very fine quality Brown, Navy and Black silk lined, plain flare skirt, shades, Black, Navy and Niger Brown, \$25.00. Very smart New York design, developed in all wool, poplin, in mustard shade, lined with many stripe silk, belted effect, gathered back, embroidered flannel collar, trimming of silk stitching and fancy pearl buttons, \$47.50.

Wonderful Value in Taffeta Silk Suits, \$22 At \$22.00 Very attractive suit of soft Taffeta silk, satin lined, shirred back with all around tie belt, trimmed, cold stitching and buttons, large fancy collar, Navy, Copen and Black, extra good value. \$22.00 At \$22.00

A Remarkable Range of Blouses The new ideas are always here first—If you like new things when they ARE new—Visit us. Wonderful value in voile waists, plain white, black and white stripe, white with embroidered pattern of mauve, yellow or blue, all sizes, \$1.25. The new high neck model with convertible sport collar, material from cotton taffeta with self stripe, large pearl buttons, \$3.00. Dainty novelty in voile waist, with large collar, front finished with embroidery and insertion, tongue sleeve, flare cuff, \$2.25. A very new model in fancy voile in a combined stripe coin spot, fastened in front with two pearl buttons, size of 50c. piece, wide collar of rose or blue, \$3.75. White Silk Waists \$2.25. Georgette Crepe Waists, Maize, Flesh and White. 6.00. Crepe de Chene Waists, in flesh and white, lace trimmed. 6.00. The very latest American idea in yellow marquette, with large white collar. 3.50

When you Choose your New Hat Choose Millinery of Distinction

A woman is more careful about the hat she buys than any part of her attire. She wants a hat that is not only smart and conforms with the fashions of the season, but one also that is becoming and improves her looks. And since you buy a hat to give you most pleasure and satisfaction in wearing why not choose one that will make your friends ask you where you got it and say, "My, what a pretty hat you have on."

A becoming, pretty hat brings more pleasure in wearing than the question of service, for when you get a hat that you like, you take more care of it and wear it longer hereby increasing its service to you. We have aimed to provide just such hats. Their costs are no more than you would pay for a hat of ordinary type.

Untrimmed Hats \$1.35 to \$7.50 Children's Hats 65c. to \$3.75 NEW SWEATERS TO-DAY Express brought us another new line of smart, comfortable coats. Some of them are:— Brushed-wool in green, rose, gold, with white sailor collar, \$5.00 Heavy wool sweater, in green, gold, black, copan, shawl collar hite, with stripe, same color as body. \$8.50 Sweaters shown in all sizes, \$6 to 44. Handsome brushed wool sweater in green, tan, rose, white collar and scarf. \$6.00 Silk and wool sweater in stripe and white, and green and white. \$10.00

Get the New Things When they ARE New

Moore & McLeod, Limited 119-121 Queen Street, Charlottetown.

HICKEY'S TWIST DOES NOT CRUMBLE Or fill the teeth. It is the one Chewing Tobacco that fully satisfies the demands of the man who wants THE BEST. It is Always Fresh, Moist and Absolutely Clean Made in a sanitary factory from the choicest of fully developed leaves. HICKEY'S is the chew with the fine, wine flavor. A big fig for a small price.

SPECIAL NOTICE Canadian Government Railways Commencing tomorrow Thursday 10th inst., a special passenger train will leave Charlottetown at 6.30 a. m. daily Sunday excepted for Tignish and return. The train will connect with Steamers at Summerside morning and evening, and will leave Summerside for Tignish 9.45 a. m. and returning leave Tignish at 3.00 p. m. This service will remain in force until Summer Time table comes into force on the 21st instant. District Passenger Agent's Office, Charlottetown, P. E. I. May 9th, 1917.

J. D. STEWART Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public. OFFICE: NEWSON BLOCK Charlottetown. Branch Office, Georgetown. Money to Loan on Real Estate. Dec 13, 1916—yly. Get your Printing done at the Herald Office



Fresh Arrivals in DRESS SILKS

WHITE SILKS ARE A LITTLE HIGHER than they used to be—they have not suffered the immense advances that have been the rule in some lines. Perhaps that's one reason why silks are more popular than ever.

New weaves today:— SHATUNGS, natural undyed, widths, 34 and 36 inches. Prices 65, 75, 80, 90, 1.00, 1.15. Extra heavy shantung suiting, smooth corded finish, for suits or separate coats, 36 in., 2.00. Fancy sport shatungs, large fancy colored, spot on natural ground, very new, 36 inch. Price 1.00 and 1.35. Black shantung, clear, bright, black, 34 inch, 1.25. WASHABLE HABUTAIS. This silk can be washed as easy as a piece of white cotton. In white 75c., 1.00, 1.15, 1.25, 1.65, 36 inch. Black and navy, 36 inch, 1.25. Fancy striped wash silk, 1.25, 1.50, 1.60. Taffetas, Black, 36 inch, 1.75, 2.00, 2.35, 40 inch 2.20. Navy 1.75, 1.85, 1.90, 2.25. Old Rose, Green, Brown and Cream, 36 inches, 1.75. DUCHESS MOUSSELINE, a beautiful bright satin finished silk, very dressy, in dark navy, bright navy, Copenhagen, old rose, maize, ivory and black, 36 inch, 2.00. PALETTE DE CHENE, black dark navy, light navy, Copenhagen, old rose, bottle green, gray tiseda, pink, sky, yellow, mauve, navy and brown, 36 inch, 1.50 per yard. FANCY SILKS, in shots and stripes, for suits, separate blouses or trimming, at 1.80, 2.00, 2.25. NARROW WIDTH SILKS, in nearly all plain colors, and quite a number of fancy, suitable for trimmings and millinery, 19 inch, 75c. to 1.50 per yard. GEORGETTE CREPE, in the following colors: black, navy, Copenhagen, rose, maize, mauve, pink, sky, cream, 40 inches wide, 1.60 yard. NINONS, in the same colors, 1.40 yd. CREPE DE CHENE, navy, black and Copenhagen, 40 inch, 1.50; roga yellow, mauve, cream, 1.80.