

# The Union Advocate

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## POINCARE NEW PREMIER OF FRANCE

### Revelations Regarding Ministerial Intrigues Follow the Fall of Premier Caillaux.

Paris, January 13.—M. Poincaré today announced his acceptance of the invitation to form the new ministry.

Sensational revelations, laying bare many ministerial intrigues have followed the fall of Premier Caillaux. These it is asserted, are based on official documents, and therefore presumably emanate from friends of the ex-foreign minister, Mr. Deselves.

One story is to the effect that the newspaper, the Temps or at least prominent members of its staff, took part in the conduct of the negotiations with Germany and this merely for private financial reasons.

Over the signature of Andre Morizet, Mr. Jaure's Socialist paper, Humanite, prints a particularly direct statement to this effect. It is headed, "The financial interest underlying the negotiations."

Mr. Morizet begins by declaring that the foreign editor of the Temps, the Paris representative of the Congo Kamerun Railway, the Berlin correspondent of the Temps, and Herr Semir chief of the German colonial party, and a deputy in the Reichstag, conducted the negotiations from beginning to end.

"It is M. Tardieu, who in his newspapers has constantly put the

screws on successive ministers, and he, not the shadow of M. Pichon, the daily inspiration of the ministry until the day when foreign Pichon himself had to denounce him before the Senate. Hunted by Quai Dorsay, has he not been under the Caillaux administration, the confidant, and the familiar of the whole ministry? Was it not in connivance with him that over the head of minister De Selves, M. Caillaux has carried on all the secret manoeuvres of the last year?"

"Today there is a perfect understanding between the patriotic financiers. They have pulled off their deal."

The directors of the LaForestere which include the majority of the Congolese companies, namely Senator Fung, Senator Mongeot, M. Lantier, editor of the Temps, Albert and Paul Motte, the Roubaix manufacturers and their colleagues have just ceded 70,000 of their company's shares payable after the ratification of the agreement to a group of German financiers. They have just selected to join them on the board two German directors, Dr. Esser and Herr Von Puttkager, former governor of Kamerun. This has been printed by a financial journal.

## CONSUMPTION NOT DANGEROUS

### If Proper Care is Taken it Can be Cured Without Spreading to Others—Directions For Consumptives.

Dr. Townsend of the Jordan Sanatorium at River Glade, Westmorland Co., spoke in Temperance Hall Monday night on Tuberculosis.

Mayor Pedolin occupied the chair. A wild storm raged outside, and the audience was much smaller than it would otherwise have been.

Dr. Townsend said that while children of consumptives inherited a predisposition to the disease, there was no proof that the disease itself was hereditary.

The fact that so many people out of one family, so often died in the same house was due rather to lack of care in looking after the patient and to lack of ventilation and fumigation.

The disease was infectious by means of the sputum spit or coughed out by the patient. All this should be gathered on paper handkerchiefs or in paper boxes and burned or in metal cups to be disinfected. A careful consumptive is no danger to anybody else, but a careless one will infect a whole family or neighborhood.

The speaker would not recommend change of climate for consumptives. The treatment needed was perfect ventilation and sunlight. People should sleep with windows open or in

open air. There should be open air schools for consumptive children. Those who follow the rules could be cured of consumption if not in its last stages. There was no need to be alarmed about it.

Consumption was where care is being taken, not more than half as prevalent now as it was ten years ago. There should be rigid inspection of factories, workshops, churches and schools etc., to see that rules of health, concerning fresh air, sunlight, fumigation etc., are properly carried out.

The speaker answered many questions. He was tendered a hearty vote of thanks.

Revs. Dr. Cousins, S. J. Macarthur, W. J. Dean and Col. Malby made short addresses.

Col. Malby said that while the law required doctors to report cases of consumption to the Board of Health, he had not yet been notified of any cases.

The meeting decided to organize an anti-tuberculosis society, and Col. Malby, Dr. Pedolin and Rev. Mr. Macarthur were appointed a committee to further the plan.

## SEED GRAIN AND POTATOES

### Distribution From the Dominion Experimental Farms In 1912.

By instructions of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture a distribution will be made during the coming winter and spring of superior sorts of grain and potatoes to Canadian farmers. The samples for general distribution will consist of spring wheat (5 lbs.), white oats (4 lbs.), barley (5 lbs.), and field peas (3 lbs.). These will be sent out from Ottawa. A distribution of potatoes (in 3 lb. samples) will be carried on from several of the experimental farms, the Central Farm at Ottawa supplying only the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. All samples will be sent free, by mail.

Applicants should give particulars in regard to the soil on their farms; and should also state what varieties they have already tested and in what way these have been found unsatisfactory, so that a promising sort for their conditions may be sent.

Each application must be

separate and must be signed by the applicant. Only one sample can be sent to each farm. Applications on any kind of printed or written form cannot be accepted.

As the supply of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early to avoid possible disappointment. No applications can be accepted after Feb. 15th.

All applications for grain (and applications from the provinces of Ontario and Quebec for potatoes) should be addressed to the Dominion Cereals, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. Such applications require no postage.

Applications for potatoes, from farmers in any other province should be addressed (postage prepaid) to the Superintendent of the nearest Branch Experimental Farm in that province.

J. H. GRISDALE,  
Director, Dom. Experimental Farms

## TURKISH FLEET DESTROYED

### Seven Vessels Sunk and One Captured While Italians Have No Loss.

Rome, Jan. 12.—A brief official note issued this afternoon says: "The Italian fleet in the Red Sea encountered to-day and destroyed seven Turkish gunboats and captured a Turkish armed yacht. The Turkish warships offered a violent resistance, but no loss was sustained by the Italians."

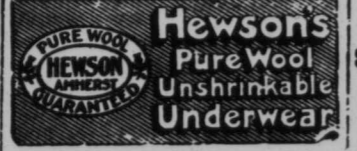
No further details of the fight are given.

Rome, Jan. 12.—The action occurred on January 7, outside the Bay of Kufida, a small walled town with a garrison and two forts about 500 miles north of Aden, on the east coast of the Red Sea.

The Italian warships, which took the principal part in the battle, were the cruiser 'Piemonte' and the destroyers 'Garibaldi' and 'Arigliere'. The commander-in-chief had received orders to destroy or capture the Turkish gunboats as advised had been received that they were transporting from Arabia Turkish troops destined to re-inforce the Turkish army in Cyrenaica.

## ANOTHER STORM DELAYS TRAINS

A heavy storm of wind and snow blocked the roads Monday night, and blocked the I. R. C. till Tuesday afternoon no Maritime Express arriving from the North all day Tuesday.



**Hewson's**  
Pure Wool  
Unshrinkable  
Underwear

## COLD WAVE STRIKES THE NORTH

### Northern I. R. C. Blocked 3 Days, Roofs and Chimneys Blown Down

A cold wave and heavy wind, which in Campbellton and Northward amounted to a blizzard struck the North Shore and Gaspé peninsula on the 9th and continued through the next day. On Wednesday the snow changed to rain on the Miramichi, preventing further drifting. Northward the wind continued heavy that day. The chimney of the Ferry Road School house blew down on Tuesday.

In Campbellton on the night of the 9th, the wind blew with terrific velocity, carrying away the roof of James Alexander's concrete building at the lower end of Water street and hauling it eastward to Ramsay street, a distance of 20 feet, and wrecking telephonic and telegraph wires in its wild flight. Hugh drifts were everywhere in evidence. The storm tested the memory of the oldest inhabitant to furnish a parallel.

The I. R. C. between Campbellton and Ste Flavie was blocked by snow last week from the 8th to the 12th. No mail arrived here from farther north than Campbellton on the 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th.

Thursday the Nova Scotia, Moncton and St. John mails were sent to Montreal via the C. P. R. The blockade was broken Friday, when the Halifax train went through via the I. R. C. to Montreal, Saturday, two of the stalled Maritime expresses passed through Newcastle between 4 and 5 a. m. and another at 11 a. m. Trains have since been running about on time. At Ste. Flavie the snow drifts last week were in some places nearly 30 feet deep.

## HALIFAX HAS TERRIBLE FIRE

### \$350,000 Damage—Premier Ex. den's Law Library Burned—Herald Office Destroyed.

Halifax, Jan. 12.—Fire starting at 1 o'clock this morning in Munis' clothing store spread to other buildings in the block and at three o'clock the loss was a quarter of a million dollars with the fire still raging unchecked. There was a high wind blowing and the whole block was practically destroyed. Among the buildings burned are:

On Barrington street—William S. Munis, gent's furnishings; H. Schaffer & Son, jewellers; Cragg Bros., hardware; Miss H. Durant, ladies' tailoring; J. M. Margeson, photographer; F. W. Dobson, dentist; R. B. Mulloney, dentist; MacCormack Clothing Co.; L. Clyde Davidson, stationary.

On George street—Harry Wright, residence; Carroll Brothers, barbers; H. Marshall, stationary.

On Granville street—the tenants in The Herald building Canada Life Assurance Company, United States Consulate, Mack Fishers Sons & Company, The St. Croix Lumber Company, James F. Tobin, barrister, Confederation Life Assurance Company, Ritchie & Robertson, barristers, Travellers Insurance Company, John E. Albro, manufacturers agent, Miss M. Cunningham, stenographer, George H. Taylor & Company commission merchants, D. M. Owen, solicitor, Captain S. M. Beardsley, Insurance agent.

The Halifax Herald and Mail newspapers lost everything but their files, correspondence, etc.

The total loss was about \$350,000, mostly covered by insurance.

Premier Borden lost his valuable law library.

## NO MORE HOBBLE SKIRTS

### Dressmakers Decide on the Season's Style

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 11.—What woman will wear during the coming season was disclosed today by the ladies' tailor and dressmakers association of America.

No hobble skirts; dresses must be two and a half yards wide, three fourths of a yard wider than the hobble. They must be short, three inches from the ground. Blue and white are the colors, and the material thin cord. Jackets are to be 26 or 28 inches long, are close fitting. Empire effects must be forgotten. If any waist line is affected, it must be "a, the waist or lower". Revers and sailor collars will be tabooed, but collars will be different color than the coat. No changes are ordered in tailored gowns or suits.

## LET EVERYONE USE CHRISTMAS STAMPS

The little Christmas Stamp, issued on behalf of the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives, to help care for needy patients, serves, of course, a very practical purpose in providing a means of securing funds for this institution. But the educational value of millions of these stamps being put in circulation must not be overlooked. For this reason we urge our readers to put a one cent stamp on every letter and package that they will be mailing between now and the new year.

Scatter abroad the good news that there is hope for the poor consumptive. With the stamps costing only one cent each, the door is open to everyone to have some part in this great campaign of stamping out consumption. In a decade the mortality in the Province of Ontario from tuberculosis has declined nearly forty per cent. Every buyer of a Christmas Stamp can help to further improve these conditions. A post card to the Secretary of the National Sanitarium Association, 347 King Street West, Toronto will give all particulars. Write him to-day.

## AUSTRALIA WILL BE CONSULTED MORE IN FUTURE

### Earl Dudley Speaks of Commonwealth's Future Place in British Empire

London, January 10.—The Earl of Dudley, late Governor-General of Australia, speaking at the Royal Colonial Institute, said that the Federation had enormously facilitated and improved the scheme for Imperial defence, adding that there was little doubt that in future years the Imperial Government would consult Australia more regarding foreign affairs.

He denied that he had ever thought Australian politics corrupt, and said that, on the contrary, he thought it one of Australia's proudest boasts that she had so completely maintained the purity of her service.

For her own safety, Earl Dudley concluded, it was desirable that the Commonwealth have a larger population.

## All Doukhobors May Leave Canada

### Los Angeles Report Says Saskatchewan Colonists Will Move to California

Los Angeles, January 12.—The entire colony of Doukhobors, consisting of about 12,000 professing philosophic anarchists, such will be moved to Southern California from Saskatchewan, according to Russian news here.

Mr. A. P. Cherback, editor of a Russian paper, who made a report of the Doukhobors for the late Count Tolstoy who aided them in leaving Russia, is the leading spirit of the movement.

## For Pale Delicate People

**D. L. Emulsion**  
Builds up Strength; brings back the ruddy glow of health by creating a natural appetite for nourishing food.  
Get only the D. & L., the original. 50c and \$1.00, at all druggists.  
Davis & Lawrence Co., Montreal.

## AN OPEN LETTER

### From a Well Known Clergyman Showing How Indigestion Can be Cured.

Rev. T. A. Drury, Beausville, Ont., writes as follows:—"For eighteen years I have been increasingly impressed with the wonderful effects for good wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For some years I had suffered almost constantly with chronic dyspepsia of the most stubborn type, attended by different other troubles which invariably follow, or accompany it as its results, prominent among which were kidney trouble and piles. Against this complication of disease I waged a vigorous warfare for several months, using many different remedies, none of which gave permanent relief. In my discouragement I was about to discontinue treatment altogether when I was advised by a friend to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the use of which, though under very unfavorable circumstances, soon revived my drooping courage. The medicine struck at the root of my weakness and the different troubles of which dyspepsia was the prime cause released, set go, and disappeared. In one month I increased fifteen pounds in weight, and received a new lease of life. Only six boxes of pills produced this wonderful change in my health, which was miraculously permanent.

Later my sister became so reduced by anaemia (though under the care of our family doctor) that she could scarcely walk. In this dangerous extremity Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were resorted to and in a brief space of time restored her to perfect health.

Being a minister of the gospel many test cases have come under my notice, in all of which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have fully sustained their world wide reputation. This is why I can conscientiously recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as being superior to anything known to me in the treatment of the many diseases for which they are recommended.

## CARD OF THANKS

Thos. J. McLean wishes through the Union Advocate to thank the people of Millerton for their kindness and assistance in the time of trouble and death of his mother, Mrs. Mary McLean.