FRENCH USE INGENIOUS DEATH DEALING CHEMICAL DEVICES

FRENCH INVENT A GRENADE CHARGED WITH CHEMICALS

Fumes from Missile, While Not Deadly, Have Overpowering Power.

GOOD BOMB THROWERS AT A SMALL EXPENSE

Ingenious Methods Are Used in the Trenches to Send Missile of Death Into Opposing Lines.

the French army, has brought the oppos ing armies into closer proximity than ever been that new methods have had to be devised to deal with unexpected conditions for this kind of warfare. Their 'minenwerfen' are excellently made and well designed, as I have been able ao assure mymoved, and none of them is nearly

with a weapon which should prove very effective, though it in no way contravenes the regulations accepted by all civilized

filled with certain chemicals which when



DRUM MAJOR LEADING THE GIRLS BRASS BAND. PHOTO, BY JANET M. COMMINGS.

GIRLS' BRASS BAND INSPIRING THE LONDON YOUTH TO ENLIST FOR HIS COUNTRY.

WEN who can play on brass musical instruments or beat big drums are scarce in London nowadays, so girls have been enlisted to supply the martial music needed to stir the imaginations of the recruits. The photographs show a young woman in the role of drum major leading the girls' brass band and a girl who is hardly large enough to hold the instrument trying to blow the big circular bass horn.

vention. The French have not been long in finding a reply to these weapons. If the Resort to Deadly Gases Amazes Kaiser's Allies

Austro-Hungarian Newspapers Now Silent After Having Denounced First Reports of Use of Asphyxiating Fumes

BUDAPEST, via London, May 29. were in front of the town. News of the use of asphyxiating gases by At the door of the eastle the lieuten he Germans in the western theatre of war ant was stopped by an orderly. The

menting upon the report as "an absurd and be at a British solder was on the army over the Irish situation, menting upon the report as "an absurd and be at a British solder was on the army over the Irish situation, measurement of the army over the Irish situation, in the army over the Irish situation, and the treatment of the street automobiles were standing of the insual French and Halfan fillers on the reheated the news as a section of the insual French and Halfan fillers on the reheated by the terest running down as part of the insual French and Halfan fillers on the reheated by the terest running down as part of the insual French and Halfan fillers on the reheated by the terest running down here; and use a section of the insual French and Halfan fillers on the reheated by the terest running down here are the suppleasant. It is suggestive of pear down here with very strong ammana, and it produces such that was one of the greatest, the truth. The British newspapers that the tru

GRATITUDE FOR LORD KITCHENER'S MASTERLY WORK IN CRISIS STIRS BRITISH AGAINST HOSTILE PRESS of Champagne the soldiers of France have

Called to War Portfolio When England Was Unprepared and Office Was Strangled in Red trenches. When the rains came last au-Tape, He Poured Army Into France, Forced Newspapers to Keep Military Secrets and Won and Keeps Public Confidence.

A care will not be required to the second control of the second co

out of the material at hand—part regu-London, May 29.

out of the material at hand—part regu-that France felt that England was not bearing her share of the war. Bad blood When the war was breaking over Euout of the service—he manufactured an was created. The situation had to be met.

The situation had to be met.

The situation had to be met. rope like a sudden tempest Lord Kitch- expeditionary force of 25,000 men and put Lord Kitchener had Mr. Millerand, the The Field Marshal is in bed and ener was in London, having come for it across into Belgium before the public French Minister of War, invited to Engconsultation regarding the tense situation realized that a British soldier was on the land and in a trip of four days he learned the soldiers had tacked on the walls photographs of their wives or sweethearts, to

RHEIMS LIES LONG UNDER BLIGHT OF CONTENDING FOES

Only a Few Yards Separate the French and German Trenches.

DESOLATION MARKS WIDE COUNTRY SIDE

All Movements Outside of Zone of Death Are Made Furtively by Inhabitants.

(Special Dispatch.)

NEAR RHEIMS, via LONDON, May 29. Touring along the battlefields of Champagne, where after nine months of desperate fighting the guns are still at work, one sees great armies of France and Germany still divided from each other by a few barren meadows, a burnt wood or two, a river bank, a few yards of trenches, and a zone of death.

The spirit of war broods over all the countryside. Gradually as one gets nearer to the front the signs of ordinary life are left behind, and one comes into a region where all the activities of men are devoted to one extraordinary purpose and where they live in strange conditions.

No civilian comes this way unless as a correspondent under the charge of a staff officer. The laborers on the roadsidecarting stones to this country of chalkire all in uniform. No women invade this erritory except where, here and there, by rare chance, a wrinkled dame drives a plough across a lonely field. No children play about the brooks or pluck the wild flowers on the hillsides. The inhabitants of this country are all soldiers, tanned by months of hard weather, in war worn clothes, dusty after marching down the ong, white roads, hard and tough in spite of a winter's misery, with calm, resolute which they live.

They live in a world of their own, as though they belonged to another race of old race far back behind the memory of were few villages on this lonely stretch

LAST EDITION

FORTY-FIFTH YE.

PRESIDE GRAVE THE UN

TWO INTER WITH GER **ACTION IN**

Washington, May 31.-Twe national problems, one a crisi relations between the Unite and Germany, and the other termination of the administra bring about an early cessation ternal warfare in Mexico-de for President Wilson to-day in

bination of circumstances paralleled in American histo The President had prepared ment to be issued to-me warning to the Mexican fact their incessant strife had for elements came to an agreeme store order, some other mean be found by the United State

RELATIONS GRAVI There was a confidence in quarters that the warning fice to set in motion definite peace in Mexico, but in respec a consequence of the Lusitan aster, pessimism and high PROFOUND DISAPPOINTM

the President early to-day. generally read it with profou important of all, it was noted attenion was given to the req American lives would be safeg

in the future. The course of the United Government is expected to be by the president before the over, and will be discussed at with his cabinet.

German Fo Hopes t

By Special Wire to the Courier. Berlin, May 30 .- Via London 31 .- Gettlieb Von Jagow, the ial German foreign secretary, received the correspondent of t sociated Press and outlined th sons which impelled the Germa ernment to send "an interim" to the United States Governm stead of a final and definite r the American representations ing the Lusitania and other that have been torpedeed an

many's submarine policy. TAKE SAME VIEW "The issues involved',' said Von Jagow, "are of such impe and the views in regard to the ania show such variance, the German Government believed sential to attempt to establish

mon basis of fact before enteri a discussion of the issues inv discussion of the issues invol "We hope and trust that the erican Government will take th view of the case and let us ke what points their understand the facts differs from the viewpoint as set forth in the no looking for a direct answer to communication.

LEAVES WAY OPEN "The American note, of leaves the way open for a preli discussion of the situation as si ed in the German note. I ho such a common basis of fac

established, may serve as the work for further conversations The minister was unwilling a more definite statement or t ment on the suggestion that rangement might be reached basis of an inspection and c tion by the American Governi passenger ships not carrying wagoes, pointing out that he feel entitled to anticipate as th departments of the governmen be heard before suggestions of definitely taken up or discuss

BRITAIN AGAIN Replying to a question, Dr Jagow said that Germany outset had been willing to a