any things of God from crea-
ce as the Scriptures testify. But
nits, for it is certain that they
not tell us that "God so lov-
He gave his only begotten
er believeth in Him should not
erlasting life." The heavens
, &c., but "the law of the
erfect converting the soul." A
in many things to his rebel
could not infer from that un-
, that he would exempt them
and restore them to their for-
in his kingdom, they could
proclamation from the throne.
we know that man can culti-
e good degree by the exercise
s—but the morality worthy of
d not be known without a re-
racticed without supernatural
teach us to love our neighbor
ove and to do good to our ene-
overcome evil with good, and
s the love and power to do so?
and human experience with ten
nswer No No—revelation and
o these things.
given to the written and *objec-*
Bible then those truths become
soul, certainly the outward and
t be first, and the subjective
our faith, so is the internal and
e become assimilated to that we
the object be good or bad. If
neighbour is a bad man I will
accordingly, and so if he be a
thens imitate the gods they be-
hip—and Christians beholding
ry of God become changed into
om glory into glory by the spirit
lay we never give up the Bible.
l fast the form of sound words,
h receive and rest upon its *ob-*
l then Mr. Editor we shall h
d peace and love and hope
med.

e forms that men devise,
faith with treacherous art,
vanity and lies
hy gospel to my heart."

J. V. J.

January 1861.

arliamentary.

se of Assembly.

the following summary of the
he house of Assembly since our
taken from the reports in the

Y.—Mr. Bourinot asked what
taken on the petition from Main-
isburg, for relief to destitute

plied that the Government had
£200 when the Session of the
ed an equal sum. He did not
ould ensue, no fisherman ought
the people on the sea-coast were
d kept their attention too much
ecarious livelihood of summer
id not act thus in United States.
hen took up the Reply to the
ch. A discussion took place as
of the Government during the
nce of Wales. Mr. Howe ex-
vernment House was furnished
n, but that the furniture was
now the property of the Province.
ed the difficulties regarding the
Volunteers and shewed that the
l done what they could to make
t agreeable to all parties.
reference to railways gave Dr.
rtunity to attack Mr. McCully.—
m with *cooking* the figures and
r of naughty things. Mr. Howe
ard defended Mr. McCuily and
e had saved at least £8000 or
rovince.
—The house met at 3 o'clock.
d a report from the Post-master
to postal communication east-
lled forth some lengthened re-
Bourinot.
submitted a communication he
m Newfoundland, enclosing re-
ed by the Legislature of that
e to the fishery.
a discussion took place on the
system now in action, of the
ossessing the initiation of all

cDonald spoke at length on the
xtension of the Railway to Pictou,
Government for not making this
measure.
ec. replied it had not been so
t would have been lost, and he
is desire to effect the extension
ion to ask the House to sanction
onstruction of ten miles of new
eutral ground leading to Pictou
d.
as opposed to any further exten
ent circumstances.
n, Grant and McFarlane also
House on this question and the
ok place after Mr. Shaw had
construction of Bear River

Mr. Johnston, who is laboring
cold, addressed the house and
dment to the Railway Clause of

f extending our railways having
d in the Speech with which your
dvised to open the Legislature;
t of the Council and Leader of
while declaring his determina-
additional miles, which must ter-
ilderness and be comparatively
that the Government is divided
this House in a minority on the
the dilapidated condition of the
es, in consequence of the with-
one half of the amount formerly
t service, is deeply felt by the

state to your Excellency our
e policy propounded is not en-
sideration of the Legislature,—
ment proposing it to the con-
House."
s will be seen, amounts to a vote
lence, and hence the debate has
and somewhat bitter. It ranges
all sorts of subjects, from way
corners of Cape Breton to the
overnments and the management
Asylum—from the appointment
nd matrons to that of Legislative
the Chief Justice—from 1843 to
till Doomsday—from the Duke
d Lord Mulgrave, to the French-
nd Argyle and the negroes of
ins.
at issue is simple. Mr. Howe
alway to Pictou, to be built
e resources of the country can
ers of the Opposition are anxious
e it up as a Government measure,
they could beat him and upset
on. He will not be caught in
he persists in introducing the
n his own individual responsi-
s plainly enough that if Pictou
railway, it must be through Mr.
tuality.
DAY.—Mr. Morrison moved an
Mr. Johnston's amendment. It
this was out of order, but the
consulted authorities decided
der. The greater part of the
by Mr. Johnston in a very able
he reviewed the action of the
tured out its weakness and its
cing its policy of economy, and
economy *accursed by God and*
would interfere with law and or-
and comfort of the inmates of
e dealt hard hits on Messrs.
atfield."
Y Mr. Howe spoke at great
Mr. Johnston. It was one of
te speeches and abounded in
opponent. He reviewed Mr.
career as leader of Govern-

ment with great severity. His defence of the present administration was very satisfactory—especially as regards the Lunatic Asylum and the appointments to office. He vindicated the course pursued by Campbell and Hatfield and pointed out to Mr. Johnston how many he had "stolen" from his (Howe's) side—"Killam, and Wade, Townsend, Henry and John Tobin." This hit convulsed the house with laughter. He warned Mr. Johnston against cursing economy or cursing anything at all, and said he would back the Bishop of Fredericton "our saint" against the Bishop of Fredericton who was accused by a coach-boy of "cursing and swearing at an awful rate." He thought the less Mr. Johnston would say about law and order the better, for the administration which he formed in 1857 was founded on the ruins of Gorlay's Shantie. He said the Government had increased the revenue of the year by about £30,000. He said a great many other things that we have not the space to repeat—and that we were not fortunate enough to hear. The ventilation in the Galleries is so very defective that it is impossible for an ordinary mortal to sit in them for two or three hours without serious danger to his health. Could not something be done to secure a better supply of fresh air in all parts of the house? This is the only step needed to make the provision for the Press admirable. Mr. Howe's speech was followed by a brief conversation in which several members took part. There seemed to be a general desire to bring the debate to a close.

On FRIDAY the House met at 12 o'clock for some arrangements. The debate was resumed by Dr. Tupper at four o'clock.

SATURDAY.—The House met at 11 o'clock, Dr. Tupper resumed his speech. He commenced with the letter of the Chairman of Railways, on which he commented severely, so severely that he was checked by Provincial Secretary, and the Attorney General and others. The hon. member continued speaking from that time till 3½ o'clock; with the exception of a short recess of half an hour for luncheon. His speech was marked for its fluency, sarcasm, and for several strong points,—it was also marked for many statements not precisely accurate, and for others which had been worn threadbare. The speech was a series of attacks on Mr. McCully, the Attorney General, Mr. Smellie, Mr. Ducket, the Lieut. Governor, and his administration.

After the hon. member sat down Mr. Hatfield made some remarks in reply to the Dr's. statements. In a petition against himself which he held in his hand, largely signed, he stated many signatures were written by the same hand,—and though 470 names were to it, if genuine, they amounted to less than half of his constituents,—and he supposed all the rest were with him.

Mr. Killam referred to the meetings held in Yarmouth, and the feeling manifested against the hon. member by the constituency.

Mr. Hatfield replied. He came into that House an independent member, supported by men from both sides, who cared little for either party,—measures, not men, was their cry. The Doctor, he said, had a long tongue, and it was against almost every man; but he had still, he believed, the confidence of his old supporters.

Mr. Cochran made some very pointed remarks in reference to statements which had been made by the member for Annapolis in a despatch to the Colonial Secretary, in reference to the late Representation Bill,—and also to remarks of Dr. Tupper, on the same subject, which were inaccurate. The hon. member referred to the time Hants County was convulsed by public political meetings and the results which followed; he also replied to remarks of Mr. Tobin in reference to defeat of the Halifax Water Bill, showing that the loss of that measure was principally owing to the want of unity among the citizens themselves,—and not, as he (Mr. T.) had stated.

Hon. Mr. Johnston then addressed the House, and spoke from 5 o'clock until about 9 1-4,—going over nearly all the points touched by the Provincial Secretary, and dealing with that gentleman as severely as words could be found to give utterance to his expressions.

Hon. Mr. Howe then addressed the House for about 2 hours, during which every seat on the benches was filled.

At 11 o'clock the question was taken on Mr. Morrison's amendment. The numbers stood 29 to 24.

For Mr. Morrison's Amendment:—Hon. Prov. Secretary, Atty. General, Fin. Secretary, Messrs. McLennan, A. Campbell, Heffernan, Esson, Webster, Cochran, Chambers, Blanchard, Chipman, Morrison, Burgess, Wier, Mosely, S. Campbell, Grant, Bailey, McKenzie, Morton, L. Smith, Coffin, Locke, Robertson, Ross, Brown, Hatfield, and Colin Campbell.—29.

Against Amendment:—Hon. Mr. Johnston, Messrs. Tupper, Shaw, Longley, McFarlane, Donhin, Caldwell, Bourinot, Wade, Robicheau, Tobin, Shannon, H. McDonald, Smyth, J. Mc Donald, Churchill, Townshend, Cowie, Martell, Harrington, McKinnon, Henry, C. J. Campbell, and Killam.—24. (Absent—Mr. Pryor.)

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic

STEAM FIRE ENGINES.—His Worship the Mayor and Alderman Hill returned last evening in the Steamer from Boston. The object of those gentleman visiting the United States was, to purchase two Steam Fire Engines for the city, which object we understand they have accomplished. We learn that Messrs. Caldwell and Hill visited the principal manufactories in Boston, New Hampshire, New York, and Philadelphia, and witnessed the working of the different machines. After an inspection of the whole, they concluded to enter into an arrangement with the Amoskeag Company of Manchester, New Hampshire, for two engines, to be delivered to them in Halifax; one in five weeks hence and the other six weeks. A competent Engineer will be sent by the Company at their own expense to this City, to put the machines in working order. He is to come down with the first engine and to remain here until the arrival of the second, by which time some person, belonging to the city will be in a position to take charge of them. We believe the machines will cost about $3,000 each, the terms made by the committee are very satisfactory. Delivery of the engines will not be taken until they are satisfactorily tested in this city—this the Company guarantees to do at their own expense. We also learn that the same parties have purchased 3,000 feet of Boyd's patent Hose. This, of course, was necessary, as the engines would be of no service without a supply of good hose. The Mayor and Ald. Hill, speak in high terms of the courtesy and attention extended to them in Boston by Mayor Wightman, ex-Mayor Lincoln, and Chief-Engineer Bird, of the Fire Department. The same kindness was also extended to them in the other cities they visited, and every information they required was cordially given them.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.—The Directors have the pleasure of acknowledging the following contributions received since the last monthly announcements:—

Collection at Caledonia, Queen's, by Rev. A. Jordan,	£2	0	0
Do. at Blandford, by Rev. C. Shreve,	0	10	0
P. Lynch, Esq., Halifax,	2	10	0
Jos. Bennett, Esq., "	2	0	0
Hon. J. H. Anderson, "	5	0	0
A. Mackinlay, Esq., "	5	0	0
J. Duffus, Esq., "	5	0	0
Smith & Mitchell, "	0	12	6
Mr. J. B. Smithers, "	1	0	0
Mr. Caldwell, "	1	0	0
Do. 38 lbs. Beef at Christmas, Miss Tonge,	0	5	0
Mrs. Mackinlay, from sale of Bazaar articles,	8	0	0
Mrs. Alfred Jones,	2	10	0

☞ Visiting days for residents, Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 p.m. For strangers, any day (Sundays excepted) at the same hours.

JAMES C. COCHRAN, *Sec'y.*

Halifax, Feb. 13, 1861.

We learn that an old man, of the name of Broderick, dropped dead this morning, in his house. He was for some time in the employ of B. Wier & Co.

It is stated in the English papers that Prince Alfred would embark at Plymouth on the 15th of January in her Majesty's ship St. George, and proceed immediately to the North American and West Indian station.

The Small Pox is spreading fast in Chezetcook; four persons have died of it during the last fortnight. We regret to learn that the Magistrates are not acting with promptness in the matter. So far as we can learn there has been nothing done to check its spread. The constant communication of these people with the city renders it necessary that every precaution should be taken.—*Sun.*

A number of the Volunteers and others, were down at Point Pleasant yesterday afternoon, firing for a horse valued at $100. The target was placed at 250 yards distance, and each person by paying one dollar, was entitled to three shots. Owing to the rain coming, the match was not settled, but the firing would be resumed today. The best shooting was made by Mr. Saml. Norris, he having made five points in the three rounds, a bull's eye and two outers. The firing, however, taken as a whole, was not very good.

New Brunswick

DISTRESSING OCCCURRENCE.—On Monday night last a very serious accident took place at the Scotch Settlement, about ten miles from this place. It appears that some time during the night a family named McLean were awoke by finding their dwelling house enveloped in flames, and, melancholy to relate, before the inmates could be extricated, three of the children had fallen victims to the devouring element, viz: two girls and a boy, aged respectively 21, 18 and 14. The house was owned by McLean, and had been but lately built.—We have not heard whether there was any insurance on the house, neither have we been able to ascertain by what means it is conjectured the fire originated.—*W. Times.*

The Engineering Staff of the E. & N. A. Railway have presented Mr. Jardine with a gold Pencil Case, valued at $150, accompanied with a suitable address, expressive of their esteem for him as Chief Commissioner during the construction of the line, which may now be said to be finished. Mr. Jardine replied in appropriate terms, and expressed his satisfaction with their competence as Engineers, as also their attention to the duties of their several offices while so employed.—*Ib.*

The Steamer *New Brunswick* which will leave Portland on the 7th inst., will bring $4,000 in Canadian bronze Cents, which will supply the demand until the arrival of our own Provincial coin, which has long been expected.—*St. John paper.*

Newfoundland.

Steamer *Osprey*, Capt. Sampson, arrived at this port from St. Johns, after a rough and stormy passage. By her we have received our usual files of papers, from which following items are gleaned. A steamer is in process of construction at Liverpool, England, for the Conception Bay route. She is to be 150 tons burthen, and 60 horse power. The *Daily News* of the 22nd ult., says:—"The Fishermen's Society (a respectable and splendid body of men), had a procession yesterday, headed by a band of music, and paraded through the principal streets of the town. The occasion of the demonstration, was the presenting a memorial to the Legislature for a piece of ground on which to erect a hall. An addition of 130 members has recently been made to the strength of the Society, which now numbers 205 enrolled members.—*Jour.*

United (?) States.

The Royal Mail Steamship Niagara arrived at 8.15 on Thursday night from Boston.

The papers are still filled with secession news, which amounts to nothing. Fort Pickens is not going to be attacked after all, and Fort Sumter is strengthened, and Major Anderson ordered not to fire if attacked.

The Virginia elections have resulted adverse to the secessionists, who will be left in a large minority in the State Convention. This seems to have thrown a damper on the secession movement generally.

Mr Seward has authorized the statement that in his opinion the Virginia election renders the Union safe, and that troops will not now be necessary to preserve the peace at the capital.

In Northern Alabama, Secession is unpopular.

It was rumored that the Secessionists had withdrawn from the Pensacola forts.

Altogether the news is promotive of conciliation.

THE SECEDING STATES.—The London *Globe* has an exceedingly caustic article on the rumor that South Carolina desires an English Prince for her ruler. It says:—

"We have no 'Black Prince' at present to suit their tastes, and indeed it requires a very strong imagination to contemplate one of the sons of our Gracious Queen sitting on a South American throne, with slaves for one half his subjects, and slave owners, the other half. He should give up the lion of England for the rattle snake which the new Heraldry of the South affects, or more elaborately assume armorial bearings. CREST, a cat (of nine tails) rampant arms negroes *couchant* in a field of cotton, blood hounds *regardant*; supporters, slave drivers, armed; motto: 'Live and lash.'"

It advises South Carolina to apply to Spain, or to take the dethroned King of Naples.

Barey, the celebrated horse tamer, is making a second fortune in New York. His only anxiety is a scarcity of wild and vicious horses.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin, of a recent date, comes to the conclusion that the coming Spring will open with excellent prospects for shipbuilding.

MAYORS OF THE GREAT CITIES.—We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries and Physicians, of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us, that the Remedies of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell, (Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Pills Ague Cure and Cherry Pectoral) have been found to be medicines of great excellence and worthy the confidence of the community:

James Cook, Mayor of Lowell Mass; A. H. Bullock, Mayor of Worcester, Mass; Nath. Stillsbee, Mayor of Salem, Mass; F. W. Lincoln, Mayor of Boston, Mass; Willard Nye, Mayor of New Bedford, Mass; J. C. Blaisdell, Mayor of Fall River; Alvin Beard, Mayor of Nashua, N. H; E. W. Harrington, Mayor of Manchester N. H; John Abbott, Mayor of Concord, N. H; Wm. M. Rodman; Mayor of Providence, R. I; Wm. H. Cranston, Mayor of Newport, R. I; Amos W. Prentice, Mayor of Norwich, Ct; J. N. Harris, Mayor of New London, Ct; D. F. Tiemann, Mayor of New York; R. M. Bishop, Mayor of Cincinnati, Ohio; S. H. Crawford, Mayor of Louisville, Ky; Chas. S. Rodier, Mayor of Montreal, C. E; H. McKinstrey, Mayor of Hamilton, C. W; Adam Wilson, Mayor of Toronto, C. W; James W. North, Mayor of Augusta, Me; Henry Cooper, Jr., Mayor of Hallowell, Me; J. S. Beck, Mayor of Fredericton, N. B; John Sloan, Mayor of Lyons, Iowa; Jno. Hodgden, Mayor of Dubuque, Iowa; Fred. Stahl, Mayor of Galena, Ill; J. I. Lyndes, Mayor of La Cross, Wis; Sr. Don Antonio Echeveria, Mayor of Havana, Cuba.

The mayors of the Chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact of almost all cities on this continent have signed this document to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space here will not admit any considerable portion of them, and we only publish those in this more immediate vicinity.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Pills and Ayer's Ague Cure, prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass.

January 9. 4m.

PAIN KILLER.—We clip the following from the Providence *General Adverttiser*, Sept. 12, 1857—

At this season of the year, when cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery and other kindred complaints are sure to prevail, everybody should be liberally supplied with Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer. Persons leaving home, whether it be for a day's excursion or a trip to Europe, should be in a condition to place their hands on it at a moment's warning. Many diseases incident to the Summer months, which will prove fatal if not immediately checked, can be promptly cured by one or two doses of the Pain Killer. On more than one occasion have we been relieved of intense suffering by the timely use of the above-named preparation.

Sold by all druggists, grocers and medicine dealers throughout the United States, and Canadas.

Feb. 6. 2w.

BURNETT'S TOILET PREPARATIONS.—Of the many preparations that are thrown into the market for toilet purposes, few can be found to excel those of the well-known chemists, Messrs. Joseph Burnett & Co., of Boston. One result of their excellence is that those who use them once, are always sure to give them the preference as standard articles for the toilet.—*New Bedford Mercury.*

Jan. 23. 1m.

MRS. WINSLOW,—An experienced nurse and female physician, has a Soothing Syrup for children teething, which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and health and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases. See advertisement in another column.

Sept. 5 1y.

Latest from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

The Royal Mail Steamship *Canada* arrived on Friday morning at 8 o'clock. She brings dates to the 26th inclusive. The news is not important.

An improved tone pervaded monetary and commercial circles. Consols, latest quotations, 91¾ to 91 5-8.

In flour, the trade was characterized by extreme dullness.

The Premier has issued the usual circular to the liberal members of the House of Commons, inviting attendance on the day of opening the session.

Anderson, the fugitive slave, is not expected to be brought to England before May, for the reason given that the ice does not break up before April, and he cannot be taken through the Northern States.

At Liverpool, several American vessels have been registered under the British flag, in order to enable them to carry salt to South Carolina and return with cotton without fear of capture.

The *Patrie* says:—The last accounts from Shanghai mention a report as being current in that place to the effect that the Emperor of China would in the spring send his brother as ambassador extraordinary to Paris and London.

Mr. Thomas Sayers is to be seen driving about London in a pony carriage decorated with a lion's skin. In keeping with these, his nether extremities are encased in huge topboots, around which is emblazoned, in golden characters, the proud legend, "Tom Sayers, Champion of England!"

The *Official Gazette* of Turin publishes the text of a convention concluded between Great Britain and Sardinia for the protection of literary property.

Letters received from Sierra Leone speak of a disturbance having taken place on board her Majesty's paddle steamer Prometheus, among a portion of the crew, but the details are not given.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* contradicts the statement that a reduction of the army has been resolved upon by the Government. The estimates for the navy will, however, be something lower than last year, the Admiralty being determined to dispense with the services of 4000 men, not able seamen, but "useless coastguardsmen."

THE GALWAY PACKET SERVICE.—A post office notice issued, says that the Atlantic Mail Company being unable to provide vessels at present, the Postmaster General has consented to a suspension of the contract till 25th March, on the understanding that the company will then be ready to carry on the fortnightly service in an efficient manner.

THE FUGITIVE SLAVE ANDERSON.—On the 19th a messenger of the Court of Queen's Bench proceeded from Liverpool by the Cunard steamer for Canada, and Anderson will be brought over unless it shall so happen that he will be liberated by the Court of Common Pleas in Canada before the messenger shall arrive out. The Colonial Office had already sent out instructions that Anderson was on no account to be given up without the assent of the Crown. This consent must be previously obtained, and is not likely to be given in such a case as this, which only the most strained and unnatural construction of the Ashburton Treaty could possibly bring under the law of extradition provided for in that memorable convention.—*Observer.*

The Paris papers generally are commenting on the cessation of the French occupation of Rome. The *Siecle* concludes an article by stating that the greatest embarrassment of the present situation will disappear on the day when the troops shall embark at Civita Vecchia for France.

The *Post's* Paris correspondent says the opinion gains ground that the terms indicated by the friends of Garibaldi will rather give new guarantees to the peace of the world than tend to disturb it.

The *Independence* says a pamphet is about to appear in Paris under very high patronage, contending for the establishment of the Papacy in Jerusalem.

NAPLES, Jan. 25.—Prince Carignan has held a review of the National Guard, by whom he was received with enthusiasm.

The batteries of Gaeta slackened their fire yesterday. This morning a powder magazine exploded in the Sardinan camp, killed twenty persons.

General Sonnaz has defeated the insurrectionary bands at Tagliacozzo and Cusamare. The victory was complete.

Prince Carignan will proceed to Mola di Gaeta. The confidence in the Government is increasing.

FLORENCE, Jan. 24.—The Royal Princes have arrived here. Fetes are taking place in their honour.

MOLA DI GAETA, Jan. 23, Evening.—The fire of the Sardinians is vigorously continued, and is slowly replied to by the batteries of Gaeta.

A great part of the expeditionary forces had arrived safely at Hong Kong on the 15th December. The Peiho was completely frozen up. 2500 English, under General Stavely, and a quota of French, have been left at Tien-tsin, comfortably housed, with plenty of warm clothing and fuel.

Lord Elgin reached Shanghai on the 4th Dec. and was about to start for Japan with Sir Hope Grant. Sir Robert Napier had left Hong Kong for Calcutta.—*Sun.*

A DOWN TOWN MERCHANT.—Having passed several sleepless nights, disturbed by the agonies and cries of a suffering child, and becoming convinced that Mrs *Winslow's Soothing Syrup* was just the article needed, procured a supply for the child. On reaching home, and acquainting his wife with what he had done, she refused to have it administered to the child, as she was strongly in favor of Homœopathy. That night the child passed in suffering, and the parents without sleep. Returning home the day following, the father found the baby still worse; and while contemplating another sleepless night, the mother stepped from the room to attend to some domestic duties, and left the father with the child. During her absence he administered a portion of the *Soothing Syrup* to the baby, and said nothing. That night all hands slept well, and the little fellow awoke in the morning bright and happy. The mother was delighted with the sudden and wonderful change, and although at first offended at the deception practiced upon her, has continued to use the Syrup, and suffering, crying babies and restless nights have disappeared. A single trial of the Syrup never yet failed to relieve the baby, and overcome the prejudices of the mother

Jan. 23. 1m.

"He remembered the Forgotten" was beautifully said of Howard the philanthropist. It also applies to every man who brings the ameliorations, comforts and enjoyments of life within the reach of persons and classes who are otherwise deprived of their advantages. Especially may it be said of him who laboriously seeks and finds new means of preserving health, "the poor man's capital and the rich man's power." We think this eulogium properly applied to J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, the renowned chemist of New England who, spurning the trodden paths to fame, devotes his entire abilities and acquirements to the discovery of Nature's most effectual remedies for disease. When the hidden blessing has been revealed, he proceeds to supply it to all mankind alike, through our druggists at such low prices that poor and rich may alike enjoy its benefits.—[*Journal and Enquirer, Portland, Me.*

Jan 30 1m.

AYER'S American Almanac has now arrived and is now ready for delivery, gratis, by Morton & Forsyth, to all who call for it. Our readers may be surprised to know that this little pamphlet which has become so much a favorite in our section has quite the largest circulation of any one book in the world, except the Bible. It is printed in many languages and scattered through many nations as well as supplied to almost the entire population of our own vast domain. Every family should keep it, for it contains information which all are liable to require, when sickness overtakes them and which may prove invaluable from being at hand in season. If you take our advice, you will call and get an Ayer's Almanac, and when got, keep it.

Feb. 13. 1m.

COUGHS AND COLDS!!—At this season of the year so prevalent, and which, if neglected might prove fatal, can be cured by a timely use of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. IN WHOOPING COUGH it moderates the paroxyms, and shortens its course. This is known to be a fact. For sale by all Druggists and by *MORTON & COGSWELL*, Hollis Street, Halifax.

January 30. 1m.

DEATH OF THE REV. J. P. HETHERINGTON.—We cut the following from the *Watchman* newspaper. To many of our readers especially in this city, the deceased was well known and by them deservedly beloved. We renewed our acquaintance with him as a beloved friend and former superintendent—after a separation by distance of 20 years in the summer of 1857—and deeply sympathise with his widow and friends in this painful bereavement:—

At Rackview, Carrickfergus, very suddenly, on the morning of the 16th inst., in the 61st year of his age, and thirty-fourth of his ministry, the Rev. J. P. HETHERINGTON, Wesleyan Minister. On the evening of the 15th, he retired to rest in his usual health. The next morning, his daughter was surprised that he was so late in coming down stairs (Mrs. Hetherington was in England,) and, on going to his room to ascertain the cause, she found him on his knees at a chair by the bedside with his hands clasped in the attitude of prayer, but quite dead.

☞ "In Memoriam" is the title of a small pamphlet just issued from this office—containing brief memoirs of three members of the Starr family, who in their lives were well known and highly respected as members of the Wesleyan Church in this city, viz: the late Mrs. David Starr, her daughter Miss Eliza Starr—and her daughter-in-law Mrs. D. H. Starr. The principal portion is from the pen of the Rev. Chas. Stewart—and the whole as a memorial is a tribute of filial affection from her son Mr. D. H. Starr.

A few copies of the above are on sale and may be had by an early application at the Wesleyan Book Room—price 12½c.

☞ We are indebted to Messrs. Morton & Cogswell for late copies of the "News of the World" and "Illustrated London News."

Also to the Rev. John Mason—for copies of the Wesleyan Methodist Magazine—Christian Miscellany—Sunday School Teachers Magazine—and Early Days for February.

☞ Society Tickets for the present year have been sent to all the Circuits in the Conference by Mail during the last week, parties failing to receive them will oblige by giving early notice at this office.

☞ A public meeting will be held in the Argyle Street Chapel on Thursday evening, this week, for the purpose of advocating the claims of the Halifax City Mission. The Chair to be taken at half-past seven o'clock; addresses by Clergymen and Laymen.

☞ The January number of the London Review has been received and mailed to the different Subscribers.

TORONTO, CANADA, Feb. 5.—In the Anderson case the precedence has been given to the Canadian over the English writ of habeas corpus. The case is to be argued on Friday.

All who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, and the most to be dreaded of all, Consumption, can find sure relief in *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, which always cures where other remedies fail.

We hear but one report from all who use Perry Davis' Vegetable Pain Killer, and that is, that its wonderful power in relieving the most severe pain has never been equalled. It will seldom fail if applied according to directions.

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

(The current volume is from No. 521 to 573.)

Rev. H. Pope, ($13 for P. W. for J. P. Pelton, $2, B. Curry, $2, Jas. Elderkin, $2, Oliver Lockhart, $2, Joseph Johnson, $1, James Shand, $1, Wm. Brown, $1, Bennett Smith, $2,)—Rev. J. L. Sponagle, (new sub.,)—tickets sent, no pamphlets left, Rev. R. Duncan, ($2 for B. R., $2 for P. W. for R. D., new sub. in adv., the presents are a free gift, more are sent,)—Rev. J. Burns, ($4 for P. W. for Joshua Mack, $1, Stephen Smith, $2, Ephraim Mack, $1,)—Rev. A. M. DesBrisay, ($20 for B. R.,)—Rev. S. T. Teed, (five new sub.,)—Rev. G. W. Tuttle, ($4 for P. W. for W. M. Foster, $2, Willis Foster, $2,) Rev. C. S. Lane, ($12 for B. R., $8 for P. W. for Thos. Smith, $4, D. Dickinson, $2, Moses Boss, $2, books will be sent,)—G. A. Johnson, ($1 for B. of Hope, we shall receive a fresh supply shortly, when they will be sent, at present our stock is exhausted.)—Rev. Dr. Pickard, Rev. S. Humphrey, ($4 for M. L., $4 for B. R. $4 for P. W. for George Johnson, $2, Thos. Harbun, $2, the books will be sent and we will write you.)—Abraham Bigelow, ($2.43, for P. W.)—Rev. W. Smithson, ($8 for P. W. for Wm. Baxter, $2, Jas. E. Loveless $2, John North, $2, John H. Wood, $2,)—Rev. W. Cardy, ($4 for P. W., *no names, we must have the names.*)—Rev. T. H. Davies.

TIME the true Test, EXPERIENCE the best Guide.

An Old Standard Remedy,

For COUGHS, COLDS, and CONSUMPTION, and all Pulmonary Complaints, use the

VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM,

Which has maintained its high reputation for nearly forty years, and is recommended by many of the most eminent physicians and gentlemen in the country, among whom are Revd. Josiah Litch, Phila.; Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, New York; the late Prof. Leonard Woods, Andover Theological Seminary; L. P. Thompson, former Secretary of State, Vt.; Drs. Merrill, Perry, Abell Parker, Barry, and many others; by the Press, and by the largest and oldest dealers in drugs and medicines in the United States and Canada.

Extracts from Letters received from Physicians.

"I with confidence recommend it as superior to any other preparation for the above complaints."

"It has a superiority over every kind of medicine used, and has been used for lung complaints with wonderful success." "I am satisfied it is a valuable medicine." "It is a safe, convenient, and very efficacious medicine." "To my knowledge, it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it." "I confidently recommend its use in all complaints of the chest, as equal, if not superior, to any other medicine within my knowledge." "Of all the principal remedies used for coughs, I am satisfied yours is the best, and hope it will be better known and more generally used." "I have prescribed your balsam, and regard it as the most valuable and effective remedy within my knowledge."

Price,—Small size, 50 cts.; Large size, $1. Be careful to get the genuine, which is prepared only by REED, CUTLER & Co., Boston, and sold by dealers generally.

Dec. 5. 6m.

PERUVIAN SYRUP OF IRON FOR DETERIORATION OF THE BLOOD;

And the cure of the following Diseases, most of which originate in Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint Chronic Diarrhœa, Nervous Debility, Neuralga and Nervous Affections, Loss of Appetite, Head ache, Languor and Depression of Spirits, Scrofula tioles, Piles, Scurvy, Consumptive Tendencies Bronchitis, Chlorosis, Leucorrhœa, Prolapsus Uter and all diseases peculiar to Females, and all Com. plaints accompanied by General Debility, and requiring a Tonic or Alterative Medicine.

Testimonials from well-known Physicians.

Letter from J. S. Kendall, M. D., Boston—I was for many years afflicted with Liver Complaint, of which I was cured in 1854 by the use of the Peruvian Syrup, and have enjoyed perfect health ever since.

S. H. KENDALL, M. D.

Letter from Francis Dana, M. D., Boston.—I have been relieved of a Catarrhal Affection, consequent of Bronchitis, by the use of the Peruvian Syrup, and I would recommend it where a tonic and alterative effect is desired.

FRANCIS DANA, MD.

Letter from Lewis Johnston, M. D., of Horton N. S., Feb. 1, 1859.—My experience of the Peruvian Syrup satifies me that it is a valuable remedy for diseases usually classed under the general terms of Dypep-ia, Nervous Debility and Neuralgia. I have also found it useful in Rheumatic Affections and Hemorrhage of the Lungs.

LEWIS JOHNSTON, M. D.

☞ Agents in Halifax, G. E MORTON and Co

Dec. 12.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 10 o'clock, A. M., Wednesday, February 13.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17s 6d *a* 23s 9d
" Pilot, per bbl.	16s *a* 18s 9d
Beef, prime Canada	37s 6d
" " American	35s *a* 40s
Butter, Canada	9d
" N. S., per lb.	9d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	11d
" Jamaica, "	11d *a* 1s
Flour, Am. sfl. per bbl.	35s
" Can. sfl. "	33s 9d
" State, "	33s 9d
" Rye, "	25s
Cornmeal "	21s 3d
Indian Corn, per bushel	5s
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 9d
" Clayed, "	1s 4d
Pork, prime, per barrel	$16
" mess "	$20
Sugar, bright P. R.	47s 6d
" Cuba "	45s
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	13s 6d
" refined "	15s 6d
Hoop "	20s
Sheet "	22s 6d
Nails, cut per keg	17s 6d a 22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3 1-2d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d *a* 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20 1-2
" 2,	19 *a* 19 1-2
" 3,	16
Mackerel, No. 1,	17
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6 1-4 *a* 6 3-4
" " med.	4 3-4 *a* 5
Herrings, No. 1,	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	9s *a* 10s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	27s 6d
Firewood, per cord,	16s

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 10 o'clock, A. M., Wednesday, February 13.

Oats, per bushel	2s 3d
Ootatmeal, per cwt.	16s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	25s *a* 35s
Bacon, per lb.	7 1-2d
Cheese, "	6d
Calf-skins, "	6d *a* 7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s
Lamb, "	3 1-2d *a* 4d
Veal, "	2 1-2d *a* 3d
Turkey, "	7 1-2d *a* 8d
Ducks,	none
Chickens,	2s
Potatoes, per bushel	2s 3d
Eggs, per dozen	11d
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d
Hay, per ton	5£ £5 10s *a*

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.—Nature, in her great laboratory, has stored some remedy adapted to every disease which "flesh is heir to." But it requires the investigation and research of the philosopher to discover and apply this remedy. Such research and investigation has succeeded in discovering a remedy for that most afflictive dispensation, the Dyspepsia! With all its lesser and numerous evils; and it may be safely asserted that until the appearance of the Oxygenated Bitters a case of Dyspepsia cured was a rare experience in medical practice. Now under the influence of these Bitters the rule is to cure, the rare exception, failure to cure.

RELIABLE TESTIMONY.—We call the attention of the reader to the following letter from President Smith, of Wesleyan University:

MIDDLETOWN, CONN., Feb. 28, 1859.—*Seth W. Fowle & Co.*—Gentlemen,—I first made use of the Oxygenated Bitters some seven or eight since. Having suffered for twenty years from a form of Dyspepsia, which was attended with a nervous headache, on an average of not less than one day in a week. I was induced by the unpretending recommendation of Dr. Green "to try one bottle and if no benefit was received to discontinue the use"

The use of one bottle warranted a further trial, to the extent of some three or four, with a careful observance of the accomp