And you'll want the 20 h.p. of the Cle-

Now is the time to find out about the

trac belt pulley to run your feed chopper,

ensilage cutter, threshing machine, cement

Cletrac Tank-type Tractor. Write the Cle-

trac dealer or us for our book, "Our Own-

ers Say," the story of what the Cletrac is

doing for other farmers-told in their own

Messrs. Beach Motors, Ltd., 186 Albert St., Ottawa, Ont.:

Gentlemen—

I take pleasure in stating that the work done by you with the Cletrac Tank-type Tractor recently, on the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, was entirely satisfactory, either on plowing, discing or on belt work.

I might put particular emphasis on the satisfaction it gave in driving a No. 3 Massey-Harris Bliszard Blower in filling one of our silos; the power delivered was very even and the motor handled the work apparently with very little effort.

(Simpl) D. CRAV

(Signed) D. D. GRAY.

Ontario Experimental Farm,

mixer, wood-saw.

words.

Gentlemen-

Here is a Cletrac Fact — Kerosene Fuel!

N operating the tractor fuel is an important item.

Gasoline is 36 cents a gallon. Kerosene (coal oil) is 18 cents.

The Cletrac Tank-type Tractor works on kerosene. Not just goes-but works-100%.

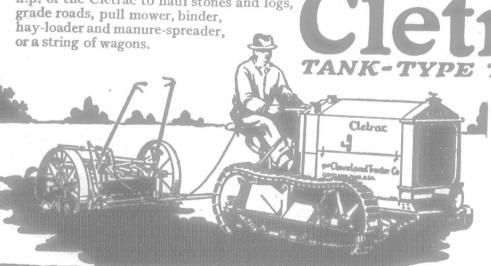
And the Cletrac uses no more kerosene than other tractors use gasoline.

On this cheap fuel the Cletrac will do a hundred things around the farm-do them quickly and well-save man-power and horse-power—save time and money.

Plow at 31/2 miles an hour—the best plowing speed.

Pull a disc, harrow and drag over even muck land to the tune of 40 acres a day. —and never pack the soil. The tracklaying Cletrac rides on top-your seedbed is perfect.

You'll want the active, dependable 12 h.p. of the Cletrac to haul stones and logs, grade roads, pull mower, binder, hay-loader and manure-spreader,



The Cleveland Tractor Co., of Canada, Limited Windsor, Ontario

Farm Superintendent

real Fence Satisfac-tion, Best made, easiest to build, wears longest Looks good, requires less posts, works well over uneven ground — up hill or down.

How to Order Write us about your Fencing needs. The kind, the purpose, the amount, and we station. Shipped—fresh made—from our Factory direct to you. Descriptive literature, price list and order blanks for the asking. Doitnow, Weare the Farmers Friend.

THE SARNIA FENCE CO., Ltd. (

Steel Rails

for Reinforcing Bridges and Barn Driveways. Cut any length.

JNO. J. GARTSHORE 58 Front Street West Toronto

15 ready for service, 1 younger. From dams with 32.7 lbs. butter in 7 days to those priced for the most conservative buyer. Females also.

R. M. HOLTBY R. R. NO. 4, PORT PERRY, ONT. J. W. Richardson,

ORCHARD LEIGH HOLSTEINS

3 young bulls—5 months old—well marked—good individuals. Dam of No. 1. 29.20 lbs. butter in 7 days, 100 lbs. milk in one day. Dam of No. 2. 22.08 lbs. butter in 7 days. Sire's dam 34.98 lbs. butter in 7 days at 4 years old. Write for pedigrees or better come and see them and their dams.

JAS. G. CURRIE & SON

(Oxford County)

Ingersoll, Ont.

THE HOME OF 20,000-LB. COWS

Write us about our herd of 20,000-lb. R.O.P. producers. Every one is a choice individual—the breeding is choice, and they are rearing their offspring under choice, but normal, conditions.

We have young bulls for sale. VISITORS WELCOME.

R. J. GRAHAM, Montrose House Farms - BELLEVILLE, ONTARIO

Hospital For Insane, Hamilton, Ontario

We have yearling grandson of King Segis Alcartra Spofford—a splendid individual. Also fine bulls of younger age, prices reasonable Apply to Superintendent.

Highland Lake Farms

For Sale: Two extra good (30-lb.) thirty - pound bulls ready for heavy Priced to sell. Also younger ones by a son of May Echo Sylvia, service.

R. W. E. BURNABY - JEFFERSON, ONT. Farm at Stop 55, Yonge St. Radial

Pounds Butter—103 Pounds

This is the seven day butter record and the one day milk record of the dam of my last bull of serviceable age—an exceptional bred youngster and a choice individual. Also have a month old bull whose dam and sire's dam average 34.36 lbs. of butter in 7 days, 135.07 lbs. of butter in 30 days and whose dam and sire s dam average of 30 108. Of butter in 1 days, 130.07 lbs. of butter in 30 days and 111 lbs. of milk in 1 day. If you want bulls of this breeding I can save you money.

D. B. TRACY

HAMILTON HOUSE
HOLSTEINS OF QUALITY

Cobourg, Ontario.

RIVERSIDE HOLSTEINS—CHOICE BULLS

We have several 10 months old, from dams with official records up to 100 lbs of milk per day and 32.32 lbs. butter in 7 days. These are well marked and straight individuals. Inspection invited. Caledonia, Ontario cashore—that no country can be plunged into economic distress without injuring all. This is a hard saying for those who vainly imagine that a high protective tariff and weakened competition from abroad can lift a people into an economic paradise.

No time should be lost in fortifying Canada's position in the world market, and especially in the British market. because other nations are losing no time. It will not do to rest upon our oars simply because the value of the country's exports of manufactured and raw materials, including farm products, increased so greatly during the four years of war. In the near future there will be a return to more or less normal conditions, to such conditions as obtained before the outbreak of hostilities, when the Dominion in marketing its agricultural products particularly, was compelled to meet the unrestrained competition of the world. How great was that constition is seen from the following table. petition is seen from the following table which shows the percentage of total wheat imports that the United Kingdom received from its overseas Dominions:

Period	Canada	Australia	India	Total per cent
1901-5 1906-10 1911-13	9.2 55.1 20.5	5.9 8.2 10.6	13.9 11.7 18.0	29.0 75.0

Although the United Kingdom in the two years preceding the war obtained nearly one half of her wheat imports from her overseas Dominions, that was far from sufficient for the shock of war brought home to the United Kingdom the realization of the almost fatal fact that approximately 80 per cent, of the flour and wheat consumed came from abroad, and of that half was secured from countries that might, or might not, be friendly. For the five year period before the outbreak of hostilities the Argentine alone supplied Great Britain with about 30 per cent. of its wheat imports. Canada and the Argentine indeed, were becoming Britain's chief granary, rapidly eliminating the United States. Still it should not be forgotten that the U.S. Department of Agriculture estimates the yield of the present winter wheat crop at 837,000,000 bushels, while the spring wheat yield is expected to be as high as 300,000,000 bushels. An enormously increased acreage in the United States has been sown to wheat, and part of that increase may be maintained to give competition to Canadian wheat in the future.

Great Britain was less dependent upon external sources for its meat, than for its wheat and flour supplies. During the ten years preceding the war about 40 per cent, of the meat consumed was imported. The most remarkable thing here is to find that the United States had been practically eliminated as a purveyor of beef to the United Kingdom. following table shows the facts in connection with British beefimports in the pre-war period:

Country	1901-5	1906-10	1911-13
Australia		5.0	12.2
Argentina	32.6.	60.0	80.5
United States		25.0	1.2
Other	4.6	10.0	6.1
	100 0	100.0	100.0

Canada made wonderful progress in its exportation of animals and their products to Great Britain during the war, the shortage of shipping, the arrangement of credits here on British account and other favorable factors working together to achieve these results. There is no reason whatever to prevent the Dominion enlarging its markets for beef, bacon and pork in Great Britain if the natural advantages of the prairie provinces are exploited to the full. The Government of Saskatchewan has taken a step in the right direction by arranging for the construction of stockyards at Prince Albert and Moose Jaw. A properly co-ordinated marketing system for the West, based upon Winnipeg having at its command modern shipping and refrigerating facilities would do much to build up the pork and beef trade. At the same time it must not be overlooked that the United Kingdom itself is doing everything in its power to enourage and establish agricultural production at home.

It is this domestic agricultural revival that may prove most formidable to the JUNE 19 Argentine,

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