neglect to find, provide, and supply such daily good and sufficient food, water, shelter and nourishment to such cattle and animal so impounded and confined as aforesaid, he and they shall for every day during which he or they shall so refuse or neglect to find, provide and supply the same as 5 aforesaid, forfeit and pay a sum not less than five shillings nor more than twenty shillings, which last sum and sums of money shall and may be recoverable by proceeding before any one Justice of the Peace, in like able. manner as hereinbefore provided for the recovery of any penalty, forfeiture, damage, or injury, as hereinbefore mentioned.

- 10 IV. And for the more easy and effectual apprehension of all offenders Apprehension of against this Act, be it enacted. That when and so often as any of the said taxed. offences shall happen, it shall and may be lawful to or for any constable or other peace-officer, or for the owner of any such horse, cattle or animal, upon view thereof, or upon the information of any other person (who 15 shall declare his or their name or names and place or places of abode, to the said constable or other peace-officer), to seize and secure by the authority of this Act, and forthwith and without any other authority or warrant, to convey any such offender before any one Justice of the Peace within whose jurisdiction the offence shall have been committed, to be 20 dealt with according to law; and such Justice shall forthwith proceed to examine upon oath any witness or witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give information touching any such offence, which oath the said Justice is hereby authorized and empowered to administer.
- V. If any person who shall be apprehended for having committed any committed or 25 offence against this Act shall refuse to discover his name and place of abode hended and refusing to the Justice before whom he shall be brought, such person refusing their names, &c. shall immediately be delivered over to a constable or other peace-officer, and shall by him be conveyed to the common Gaol or House of Correction for the City, Town, District or County within which the offence shall have 30 been committed, or in which the offender shall have been apprehended, there to remain for a space not exceeding one calendar month, or until he shall make known his name and place of abode to the said Justice.

VI. The prosecution of every offence punishable under this Act shall Limitation of suits. be commenced within three calendar months next after the commission 35 of the offence, and not otherwise; and the evidence of the party com-Evidence. plaining shall be admitted in proof of the offence,

VII. In every case of a conviction under this Act where the sum which committed of offender for nonshall be awarded for the amount of the damage or injury done, or which paym nt of penalty, &c. shall be imposed as a penalty by any such Justice as aforesaid, for any 40 offence contrary to this Act, shall not be paid either immediately, upon or after the conviction, or within such period as such Justice shall at the time of the conviction appoint, it shall be lawful for such Justice (unless where otherwise specially directed) to commit the offender to the common Gaol or House of Correction, there to be imprisoned only, or to be 45 imprisoned and kept to hard labour, according to the discretion of such Justice, for any term not exceeding fourteen days, where the amount of the sum awarded or the penalty imposed, or both (as the case may be) together with the costs, shall not exceed five pounds, and for any term