

ENEMY MAKES SLIGHT GAINS EAST OF BULLECOURT

GERMANS MADE A STRONG ATTACK AT DAWN SATURDAY

Small Party of Enemy Troops Succeed in Occupying Sap in Advance of British Front Trenches—Attacks Elsewhere Repulsed—Bombs Dropped on German Points.

London, Jan. 5.—The war office communiqué tonight reads: "At dawn this morning a strong local attack was made by the enemy against our positions in the Hinderburg line east of Bullecourt. A small party of his troops succeeded in occupying a sap in advance of our front trenches. On the remainder of the front the enemy's attack was repulsed with loss before reaching our positions. The hostile artillery has shown some activity during the day northeast of Ypres.

Aviation Activities.

London, Jan. 5.—The following official statement in regard to aviation activities was issued tonight: "A strong wind prevented long distance bombing raids Friday, but more than 250 bombs were dropped on Denain, Lez-lez-lez and the Meun-Boilers railway stations. The hostile aeroplanes were downed during the day in the air and two others were driven down out of control. Five of our machines were shot down.

CHANCERY COURT.

In the suit of James A. Rundle vs. James Robinson and John T. Rundle and the Royal Bank of Canada, the report of the master was read Saturday morning in the Chancery Court before Mr. Justice Grimmer, and on motion confirmed. The report showed that a balance of \$24,000 was still in the hands of the receiver. After payment of a claim of \$15,000 to Mr. Robinson, about \$7,000 in costs and \$4,000 for delivery of lumber, the balance will be paid to Mr. Robinson, the other party in the business having previously received the sum of \$50,000.

Hannington & Hannington were the plaintiff's solicitors, Mr. T. C. C. Wallace, K. C., solicitor for John T. Rundle and A. J. Gregory, K. C., solicitor for the Royal Bank.

Montreal, Jan. 5.—During the extremely cold weather between December 18 and 30, when the temperature fell from 15 degrees above to 20 below zero, the Quebec bridge contracted half an inch and a half. Col. Montserrat, chairman of the bridge commission, issued this statement today: "The bridge contracted a total of nine feet in the structure. Colonel Montserrat said the contraction was due to the strain of the bridge being built to withstand the strain of a variation of temperature of 150 degrees.

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, Jan. 5.—Corn—Nos. 2, 3 and 4, yellow, nominal.
Oats—No. 2 white, 81 1/2 to 82 1/2; standard, 82 to 83.
Rye—Nominal.
Barley—1.40 to 1.50.
Timothy—3.00 to 3.50.
Clover—20.00 to 25.00.
Pork—Nominal.
Lard—23.85.
Ribs—22.25 to 23.87.

Had Piles For Ten Years

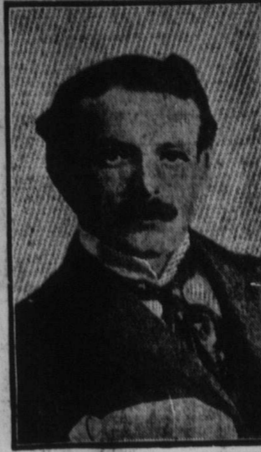
And Tried Nearly Everything Except a Surgical Operation Without Getting Relief—Tells How Complete Cure Was Affected.

Brantford, Ont., Jan. 6.—There is reported here three cures of chronic cases of piles. In all three cases many treatments were tried before it was discovered that Dr. Chase's Ointment is about the only real cure for this distressing ailment. Mr. A. Oates, 22 Gilmour street, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment as a household remedy for ever so long, and am particularly indebted to it for a cure from having trouble for ten years, and tried nearly everything I heard of. After using Dr. Chase's Ointment a short while I was completely cured."

Mrs. Wm. Shantz, 155 Albert street, Kitchener, Ont., writes: "For several years I was troubled with bleeding piles. I tried different remedies for relief without success. I read in Dr. Chase's Ointment, so I sent to your office for a sample box. I found that I had more relief from this than any remedy I have ever used."

MUST BE REPARATION, SAYS LLOYD-GEORGE

(Continued from page 1)
The premier said he would not attempt to deal with the question of the Russian territories now in German occupation. The Russian policy since the revolution had passed through so many phases that it was difficult to speak, without suspension of judgment on what the situation would be when the terms of European peace come to be discussed. Referring to the facts that the war was started by Russia's decision to protect Serbian independence and that the present rulers of Russia had entered into separate peace negotiations, the premier said: "I am indulging in no reproaches. I am stating facts to make it clear why Britain cannot be held accountable for decisions taken in her absence and concerning which she was not consulted, or her aid invoked."



PREMIER LLOYD-GEORGE.

Designs on Russia.

"Nobody who knows Prussia and her designs towards Russia can doubt her ultimate intention. Whatever phrases she uses to delude Russia, she does not mean to surrender any of the Russian provinces and cities now occupied. Under one name or another they will henceforth be part of the Prussian dominions, ruled by the Prussian economic and ultimate political element."

Not Against People.

"The British people have never aimed at the breaking up of the German peoples or the disintegration of their state. Our wish is not to destroy Germany's great position in the world but to turn her aside from schemes of military domination to devote her strength to the beneficent task of the world."

Independent Poland.

"An independent Poland, comprising all genuinely Polish elements who desire to participate, is an urgent necessity for the stability of western Europe. 'Though we agree with President Wilson in the breaking up of Austria-Hungary is not part of our war aims, we feel that unless genuine self-government be the most convincing evidence that her old spirit of military domination had indeed died in this way, and it would make it much easier for us to conclude a broad, democratic peace with her. But that is a question for the German people to decide."

Proceedings Private.

The proceedings were private, neither the public nor members of the press being admitted and after the meeting the delegates departed. Three hundred delegates were present and also Sir Auckland Geddes, H. Roberts, minister of labor, Geo. H. Barnes, member of the war cabinet, president.

Wants to Know.

Referring to the pronouncement by Count Cernin, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, at the Brest-Litovsk conference on December 20, that it was not the intention of Austria-Hungary to occupy forcibly any occupied territories, or rob of its independence any nation which lost its home lands of the Turkish race, Mr. Lloyd George said it was obvious that any scheme of conquest and annexation by Austria-Hungary was the literal interpretation of such a pledge.

World War Map.

"We ought to be able to state clearly and definitely not only the principles which we are fighting, but their definite, concrete application to the war map of the world. We have arrived at the most critical hour of the terrible conflict, and before any government takes the fatal decision as to the conditions under which it ought to be fought, it ought to be satisfied that the conscience of the nation is behind the decision."

National Agreement.

As a result of these discussions, he continued, although the government alone was responsible for the actual negotiations, there was a national agreement as to the character and purpose of the nation's war aims and peace conditions. He said he was glad to see that the mind of the government, but the mind of the nation and Empire, by clearing away some misunderstandings, said the premier, "and stating what we are not fighting for, and what we are fighting for, has done us the fundamental condition of the peace."

Restoration of Balkans.

"Reparation means recognition. Unless international right is recognized by insistence upon payment for injury done in defiance of its cause, it can never be a reality. 'Next comes the restoration of Serbia, Montenegro, Italy and Roumania. The complete withdrawal of alien armies and preparation for justice are the fundamental condition of a permanent peace. 'We mean to stand by the French democracy to the death in the demand that they make for a reconsideration of their work of '71 when Alsace-Lorraine was torn away. The war has poisoned the peace of Europe for half a century, and unless cured, healthy conditions cannot be restored."

RID STOMACH OF GASES, SOURNESS, AND INDIGESTION

Pape's Diapoppin ends all stomach distress in five minutes.

You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is bad—or an uncertain one—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you must inject it with drastic drugs. Pape's Diapoppin is noted for its speed in giving relief; its harmlessness; its certain unfailing action in regulating sick, sour, gassy stomachs; its millions of cures in indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis and other stomach trouble has made it famous the world over. Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large supply as soon as Pape's Diapoppin is then if anyone should eat something which doesn't agree with them; if what they eat says like lead, ferments and sours and forms gas; causes headache, dizziness and nausea; eruptions of acid and undigested food on the face; if the stomach is in such distress in contact with the stomach all such distress vanishes. Its promptness, certainty and ease in overcoming the worst stomach disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

JANUARY CLEARANCE of Broken Lines of Overcoats

If your size is here, and all sizes from 34 to 44 are represented, there is a bargain for you. All broken lines of Overcoats are being cleared at greatly reduced prices. Many of our best coats, latest styles, splendidly cut and tailored, and perfect fitting or we make them so. Nearly all one or two coats of a kind. The rest of the lines having been sold at regular prices we can afford to lose on the odd ones in order to clean up the stock. Sale prices \$10.50, \$12.50, \$15.50, \$17.50, \$19.50. Regular prices \$15 to \$30.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

will affect several of the principal trains in and out of St. John. No. 15, the local express for Truro, will leave at 7:10 a.m.; No. 14 Express, the connection with the Ocean Limited for Halifax, at 1:30 p.m. (except Sundays). The evening train connecting with the Maritime Express for Quebec and Montreal will leave at 6:10 p.m. as usual (daily except Sunday); No. 10, the night train for Halifax, will leave at 11:40 p.m., ten minutes later. The time of arriving trains is not greatly changed. No. 19 the Maritime Express connection will arrive at 12:55 p.m. instead of 11:50 a.m. The Ocean Limited is to run daily except Sunday and the Maritime Express daily. The service to Prince Edward Island is now via Cape Tormentine. Connection will be made by No. 18 train, leaving St. John at 7:10 a.m.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 6.—A disturbance which was in Texas on Saturday morning, has moved northward toward the Great Lakes, and is now causing snow and sleet in Southern Ontario. The weather today has been moderately cold in Ontario and Quebec, and mild in the Maritime Provinces. Forecasts: Maritime—Northerly winds, fair and mild. Northern New England—Snow Monday, warmer in New Hampshire and Vermont; Tuesday snow and some what colder; east to southeast becoming south winds.

Doctors Fail

"Terrible case of Eczema—contracted when a mere boy—fought disease for ten years, with half dozen specialists. Both legs in terrible condition. Almost a nervous wreck. It took just eight bottles to clear up this disease." This is the late testimony of a prominent newspaper man. His name and his remarkable story in full on request. We have seen so many other cures with this marvelous liquid wash that we freely offer you a bottle on our personal guarantee. Try it today. E. CLINTON BROWN, Drugist.

D. D. D. for Skin Disease

CHANGE OF TIME CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

Will Go in Effect January 6th, 1918. Changes in the train schedules of the Canadian Government Railways which will go into effect on January 6th, 1918.

BILLY SUNDAY BEGINS A BIG CAMPAIGN IN CAPITAL CITY OF UNITED STATES

Washington, Jan. 6.—William Sunday swooped down on Washington today and his mammoth tabernacle, erected in the down-town section of the city is a keen rival of congress in public interest. Billy opened a lengthy evangelistic campaign before crowded audiences, telling Washington people plainly what he thinks of them. Many public men were among those who heard his denunciation of wickedness in high places.

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