



PROPOSED NEW TORONTO GENERAL HOSPITAL

TORONTO'S NEW HOSPITAL AN ELABORATE AFFAIR

Task Before Trustees is to Raise Another Million Dollars From Public.

Plans have been completed for the new \$2,500,000 Toronto General Hospital, which will occupy the block bounded by College, Elizabeth, and Christopher-streets and University-avenue. The buildings designated in the sketch published herewith are:

- A—Main building fronting on College-street.
- B—An emergency building equipped, including ambulances, which is the gift of private benefactors, whose names cannot at the moment be disclosed.
- C—The out-patient department, the gift of Mr. Cavithra Mulock.
- D—Building for private and semi-private patients.
- E—Nurses' Home, with accommodation for 174 nurses.
- F—Burnside Building for obstetrical cases.
- G—Servants' quarters, to accommodate servants.
- H—Central power house, which will supply light and heat for the entire plant.
- I—Pathological building, to be built and maintained by the university, in addition to the cash grant of \$500,000 which they have made to the enterprise.

The public wards of the hospital will contain 449 beds. The private and semi-private wards will be in a separate and distinct building in a capacity of 98 beds.

In the public wards will be accommodation for 26 semi-private patients, a provision arising out of the understanding reached with the City Council at the time the original grant of \$200,000 was made by the city.

The eye, ear, nose and throat department will have 36 beds; gynaecology, 29 beds; general surgery, 145 beds; medicine, 150 beds; emergency, 9 beds; and obstetrics, 36 beds.

This provides for 124 more beds in the public wards than in the present hospital, and for 22 more in the private and semi-private wards.

A carefully prepared estimate by the architects places the cost of these buildings at \$1,600,000, exclusive of the pathological building constructed by the university. To this is to be added the cost for equipment, estimated at \$150,000, and such extras as are inevitable.

Dropsy Given up by Doctor

"I had dropsy, and was told by my family physician that there was no chance for me. My family also gave me up. My limbs and body were swollen one-third larger than natural, water collected around my heart and I had to be propped up in bed to keep from smothering. I took Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy until I was entirely cured. This was in 1902, and I am now able to do any kind of work on my farm. My cure was certainly marvelous."

L. TURLEY CURD, Wilmore, Ky.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy has been wonderfully successful in relieving heart trouble. Its tonic effect upon the heart nerves and muscles is a great factor in assisting nature to overcome heart weakness.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle does not benefit, your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

ably associated with an enterprise of this magnitude. The resources of the board are found in:

A cash subscription from the university of \$ 500,000
Subscriptions to date from private citizens 700,000
The City of Toronto 200,000

Total \$1,500,000
The task before the trustees is to raise the remaining \$1,000,000. They had hoped that they would carry the judgment of the citizen body, if this group of buildings were constructed through private generosity and university grants aggregating approximately \$2,000,000, and that the city would bear the cost of the land upon which the buildings were erected. If this obligation were assumed by the whole body of citizens, thru the action of the council ratified by a vote of the ratepayers, it would still leave the sum of \$500,000 to be raised thru private subscriptions.

The hospital block cost \$608,615. As offset to this cost, namely, \$38,425 for net rentals before the buildings were torn down, and \$11,023, the amount received from the sale of the buildings, making the net cost of the hospital block \$559,157.

IRELAND IN THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

Editorial World: It would be presumptuous for a Canadian friend of the Irish party to suggest the course that party should pursue in relation to matters connected with Irish politics. The Irish people and their leaders know their situation best and have intelligence enough to formulate and courage to carry forward policies that will be for the best interests of their country.

We have met leaders of the Irish party, but our eyes have been set more particularly on Mr. John E. Redmond. There are few men in public life in England, Ireland, Scotland or Wales, held in higher esteem than Mr. Redmond by the people with whom he is connected. His patriotism, statesmanship, integrity and single purpose to advance matters that relate to Ireland to-day and the Ireland of the future have been conservative. The Canadian friends of Mr. Redmond and the Irish party are pleased with the position the party occupies to-day. The Liberal party is to continue in power. They made a part of the issue of the late canvass the granting of home rule in a large measure to the Irish people.

Every successful statesman is guided by counsel. The Irish party, as a party, take counsel and are conservative. They realize the position they occupy and their responsibilities, and that no legislation to benefit Ireland can be complete unless it comes from the English commons.

When I say the Irish party are conservative, I mean that they are not extremists. Read Mr. Redmond's view of the present situation. Speaking at Bradford, he said: "All they asked under the name of home rule was that all purely Irish questions that would concern the national or imperial interests of Englishmen, Scotchmen or Welshmen—that in the management of the governing power, the Irish party should be the governing power. They had no imperial ambition or schemes. They simply asked that on all purely Irish questions they should be left alone to work out their own salvation. They were not asking for a sovereign parliament, but a parliament similar to those in Canada, South Africa, New Zealand and Australia. They were not asking for anything that would interfere with the continuance of the supremacy of the imperial parliament." If would dwell upon the part of his speech in which he repudiates any idea on the part of the Irish people to separate. It is hoped that the sunburst in the Irish hope, will in a few years have its full glory, and we will see the new Ireland looking more to the future than reading the sorrowful pages of the past.

Friends of Ireland in Canada have followed closely the progress that has been made and the improved conditions that have been brought about mainly by the persistent efforts of John Redmond and his party. Then it will be up to the Irish people "to make good."

Will those who read this give thought for a moment that this legislation and means provided by the English commons more than half of the land in Ireland to-day is in possession of what a short time ago were termed tenant farmers, and to provide this land close on a billion dollars have been provided, together with the means to provide decent housing for 50,000 occupants.

Many things come to him who waits, and after seven centuries of waiting, a little while Ireland will have her due.

T. F. McMahon, M.D.

Feb. 9, 1910.

\$200,000 FOR HOSPITAL CITY MAY SUBMIT BYLAW

J. W. Flavell Says \$800,000 Must Be Given Privately—Worried Over Bloor Street Site.

A bylaw to provide an additional \$200,000 for the construction of the new General Hospital, which, including land, will cost \$2,500,000, may be submitted to the ratepayers during the year, probably in June.

The board of control, after listening to the hospital board's statement of its needs, voted yesterday to send the bylaw on to council, but as the board is not united, Controllers Ward and Foster being opposed, the outcome is not certain.

J. W. Flavell, P. C. Larkin and W. E. Rundle waited on the board. The first named said that, even with the \$200,000 further aid, there would be \$200,000 to raise by private subscription. He believed the ratepayers would approve the bylaw.

In the formal application, the hospital board says that when the city was asked to give \$200,000 toward buying a site, it wasn't thought the whole block bounded by College, University, Christopher and Elizabeth-streets would be needed. It was also thought that the building could be erected for \$1,000,000. It was later deemed wise, however, to get the entire block for a modern hospital, fully equipped. The block is \$550,157, and the hospital and equipment is estimated to cost \$1,941,000 or \$2,500,000 altogether. As the university had doubled its original grant of \$200,000, the trustees thought the city should do likewise.

A deputation from the board of education asked for permission either to retain the Bloor-street site, or to erect a technical school location, for the erection of a collegiate institute to replace the one on Jarvis-street, or for power to sell the site and apply the funds to the building of the technical school.

The controllers advised the school trustees to come to a definite decision as to what they want done with the Bloor-street property, which cost \$62,500, and is now marketable at \$90,000. The controllers agreed to include in the new estimates \$28,393.14 for a public school on Logan-avenue, and to pass a bylaw authorizing the building of a new northwest high school on St. Clair-avenue.

Who Owns This Lot?

It pays to call for tenders for civic property. So the board agreed for the offer of the Milnes Coal Co. for a 21 years' lease of the city lot on the south side of the Esplanade, just west of the Frederick-street slip, was received.

The company previously offered to pay \$2000 a year and taxes. They now contract to give \$2300 for the first five years, \$2400 for the second, \$2500 for the third five years, and \$2800 for the last six years, which means \$10,500 more than the original offer. However, the Polson Iron Works are starting a suit against the city to get possession, claiming the city sold them the lot in 1906 for \$17,000. While the case passes thru the city council in that year, the city solicitor claims it was never executed, not having been signed by the mayor. The death of F. B. Polson and the vicarious plans delayed the completion of the transaction. The company asserts that they made a payment on account, thus binding the sale, but the city's contention is that the amount was paid for the removal of wooden structures on the lot and wasn't advanced on the lot itself.

Could a Tale Unfold.

Enveloped in an air of dark mystery, Thomas Matheson for the temperance worker and erstwhile alderman candidate, advised the board not to write The Edinburgh Scotsman repudiating the statements of a local correspondent as to moral conditions in Toronto. Mr. Matheson said there had been the worst case of white slave traffic known in America exposed in Toronto in the past week, and that The Scotsman had documents and papers to prove the assertions made. The mayor replied that he was not to be moved by threats, and Mr. Matheson, looking profound, replied:

Still After Joy Riders.

A police court summons for civic officials who do not have their automobiles lettered "City of Toronto," in which point, so that he who runs may read. This is the new proposal of Controller Foster.

Despite specific injunctions that the autos must be so plainly inscribed, some of the officials either misunderstood or else have a high opinion of the standard of public eyesight. He proposes that the maximum fine be \$10, and that, in the event of default, offending officials taste the hospitality of Gov. Chambers without leave of absence being granted.

"GET TOGETHER."

Advice of Ministers to Power Company and Municipalities.

Application was made yesterday morning to Hon. F. Cochrane by the Minnesota and Ontario Power Company, for permission to export power. They at present have this power, but it is conditional on an order-in-council approving it.

Hon. J. J. Foy, Hon. F. Cochrane and Hon. Adam Beck advised the company and the municipalities who are opposing the application unless they are quoted terms for themselves, to get together and arbitrate the question. The municipalities ask that Canadian consumers be assured a fair share of the power generated.

FARM LABORERS COMING.

Ontario Government Assured of Large Influx This Year.

The provincial department of agriculture, in order to supply the pressing demand in Ontario for competent farm laborers and domestic servants, have, in addition to their regular staff of emigration agents in Great Britain, secured the services of a number of special representatives in England, Ireland, Scotland and the Channel Islands, who are now actively engaged in the work of promoting emigration of these classes to Ontario.

The department have now definite assurance that there will be a large number of men, women and children to arrive here during the next few months. Farmers wishing to engage any of these should forward their applications to the director of colonization, parliament buildings, Toronto, and endeavor to see that their requirements are supplied.

CARDINALS AT CONGRESS.

OTTAWA, Feb. 9.—Cardinal Vannutelli of Rome, the Pope's legate, will preside at the great Eucharistic Congress to be held at Montreal in September. Cardinal Gibbons has written that despite his great age he will attend.

Non-Suited.

The action brought by James A. Williamson against the Toronto Street Railway Company in the jury assize court for unstated damages for alleged injuries thru falling off a car on Yonge-street, was non-suited by Chief Justice Falconbridge. Williamson in the witness box was unable to tell how the accident happened, but it was claimed that when he went to pull the bell he was jolted from the car, landing on his head. He said he sustained concussion of the brain.

Wife Gets Alimony.

Alleging that her husband had threatened to throw her out of a window and that he negligently left her in a vehicle, so that when the horse ran away she was badly injured, Mrs. Jennie Derrick entered action in the non-jury assize court yesterday to secure alimony from Martin R. Derrick. She asked for \$12 a week, but thru the advice of Justice Teetzel the case was settled, the defendant agreeing to give her \$10 a week and to pay \$200 costs. Mr. Derrick is a prominent Toronto manufacturer.

ASK \$100,000 FOR FAIRS.

Deputation Waits on Hon. James Duff With Above Request.

Hon. James Duff, minister of agriculture, was besieged yesterday afternoon at the parliament buildings by a deputation from the Ontario Fair and Exhibitions Association. They were introduced by H. J. Gould, president of the association. The principal speakers were John Farrell of Forest, and R. B. Cowan of Galt.

The object of the visitation was to make the request that the government grant to the association \$100,000. It was brought to the attention of the minister that there were now 250 associations in the province, while Mr. Cowan pointed out that according to statistics, which he quoted, the grant was much less than that given in a number of the states of the American Union.

Mr. Duff, in reply, remarked that the population of these states was much larger than Ontario. They could well afford to give more. He had no doubt that on a per capita basis the Ontario grant would be found equal to or in excess of these. Moreover the provinces gave largely to agriculture in other lines. He promised consideration.

Hon. Dr. Reame, who was present, also spoke briefly.

MUNICIPAL AMENDMENT.

A Deputation of Civic Authorities Wait on W. J. Hanna.

The executive of the Ontario Municipal Association had a long conference with Hon. W. J. Hanna yesterday morning with regard to the proposed amendments to the Municipal Act. Changes advocated by the association deal with the better definition of drainage liability by the municipalities, the regulation of signs, electric wires, and further powers in dealing with emergencies, such as the present rabies case. Municipal commissions were advocated and the minister promised that this point should be looked into, and possibly a committee of investigation appointed.

The deputation included the Mayors of Ottawa, Brockville, Berlin, Hamilton and London, and municipal officials from other points.

Master Harness Makers.

"The question that most of our outside districts split on, is the selling price question," said President J. B. Moat, in his address at the tenth annual convention of the Master Harness Makers' Association of Ontario, which opened in Williams' Cafe, yesterday.

He also thought that the districts which derived the most benefits from the association were those that made practical use of the association's cost prices amongst themselves, and leaving the selling price to be fixed individually.

Amongst the delegates present were: Mr. Broderick, St. Catharines; J. B. Barker, Stouffville; A. Thompson, Toronto; W. Hardy, Dundas; G. Hannon, Galt; C. F. Ottman, Wellesley, and G. B. Colthurst, Toronto, secretary. The meeting was presided over by President J. B. Moat.

Verdict Against City.

Joseph A. Reid, 43 Fern-avenue, entered an action against the city in the non-jury assize court before Justice Clute yesterday, in which he sues for unstated damages for injuries received thru tripping over an obstruction on Bloor-street, on the evening of May 2 last. He was given judgment for \$50.

The case, however, included W. R. Payne, a contractor, as defendant, on whom the city placed the responsibility, but Mr. Payne's defence was that he had no agreement with the city and was, therefore, not liable. The city's counsel argued that under the general law Mr. Payne was liable and his lordship reserved judgment on this point.

Our Next Governor-General.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—(C. A. P.)—The Chronicle devotes an editorial to the next governor-general of Canada, and says he should be a man who would strike the imagination. It notes how greatly the imagination of Canadians has been struck by the rumor that the Duke of Connaught was likely to take up the post, but doubts whether the appointment is probable. It anticipates the government will appoint a statesman of personal prestige, who will maintain the traditions which have been enhanced by Earl Grey.

POPULATION OVER 400,000.

New City Directory Contains Names of 146,388 Individuals.

Toronto's population is about 402,567, according to the figures of the new city directory which will be issued shortly. There are 146,388 individual names, exclusive of firms—an increase of 13,225. The aggregate population is arrived at by multiplying by 2.74. The number of buildings is 48,435, an increase of 7322. There are 3825 vacant buildings compared with 3035 of last year. There were only 7839 births last year, a small decrease, and 5188 deaths, an increase of 558. There were 492 more couples married than in 1908, the number being 3905. Bank clearings jumped from \$1,166,902,436 to \$1,437,700,477. The customs house collected \$2,723,315 more than in the previous year. The postoffice receipts were \$1,513,310 compared with Montreal's \$363,729. There were over 10,000 real estate transfers. Building permits numbered 5565 in value, \$18,167,54 per cent. increase over the previous year. The increase in assessment was \$50,000,000. The Street Railway Company collected \$2,925,000, an increase of \$200,000. The number of passengers carried was \$7,199,151. The area of the city is 24.28 square miles.

ACTION ON MORTGAGE.

Plaintiff Signed It Without Knowing in Whose Name It Was.

John Lee of Balmy Beach sued J. E. Cook, a Toronto barrister, in the jury assize court yesterday, alleging that he holds a mortgage wrongfully and he asks for the assignment of the mortgage to himself and also for \$1000 damages.

According to the evidence Lee sold some property for \$2500, \$500 down and the quarterly interest on the balance. The purchaser was John Liberty, and Lee said that an agreement was drawn up whereby the money was to be paid to Cook as trustee, who was to divide it equally between himself and his wife. Three years later, he declared, he discovered at Osgoode Hall that the mortgage was in Cook's name, he having signed it without noticing in whose name it was. The defence was that the money had been equally divided, and that the plaintiff knew what he was signing. The case will be concluded this morning.

Judgment Reserved.

Justice Teetzel reserved judgment in the action brought by James W. McFadyen, an engineer, against the Gladstone Mines, Limited, whom he sued for \$5000 damages. The plaintiff claimed that he prepared a report on the property for Alexander Warden, but that when it was issued in the prospectus other matter was added by the defendants so that on perusal it would appear that all therein was part of his report.

Settled Out of Court.

The dispute in the non-jury assize court over the \$10,000 residence at Scarborough, was settled without Justice Teetzel being called upon to give judgment. The defendant, James Gillies, who the plaintiff, Ford Mansell, declared went into the house and lived since last July without his authority, agreed to complete the purchase of it. The plaintiff was willing to sell.

New German Naval Base.

BERLIN, Feb. 8.—Plans for the new great naval base of the German empire at the western end of the Kaiser Wilhelm Canal at Brunsbuttel, have been finished and work will begin immediately. The total cost will be in the neighborhood of \$7,500,000.

The harbor will extend from Brunsbuttel north-eastward to a small lake, which connects with the canal. It will be divided into harbors for the largest warships and for merchant vessels.

License Transfer.

Application is being made to the board of license commissioners for the transfer of the shop license of Herbert Haynes, 203 Bloor-avenue, to May B. Haynes. Mrs. Haynes and her husband were formerly proprietors of the Little Union Hotel, which lost its license during the recent cut off.

Defence League.

Rev. Dr. Albert Carmichael, Geo. T. Blackstock, K.C., and Byron E. Walker, D.C.L., are among those who will address the public meeting called for Thursday evening at St. George's Hall to organize an Ontario division of the Canadian Defence League.

ONE FLAG, ONE FLEET, TRUE IMPERIAL IDEAL

Gospel of Self-Interest Expounded by W. F. Cockshutt Before Empire Club.

The gospel of imperial selfishness or self-interest was expounded with great force and much acceptance at the Empire Club yesterday by W. F. Cockshutt of Brantford. He had been a delegate from Toronto to the convention of the Chambers of Commerce of the Empire, at Sydney, Australia, last year, the seventh of these gatherings of which he had attended six, and was impressed with the growth of sentiment in favor of imperial preference or preferential trade. The other two outstanding questions discussed in Sydney were imperial defence, especially as affecting the navy, and imperial organization.

Case of Trade.

The empire was losing trade yearly to foreign nations, and always trade that might be retained at home. Canada had only three-quarters of one per cent. of trade going to Australia, and only one-fifth of one per cent, in return. Mr. Cockshutt advocated measures that would tend to increase inter-imperial business. There were 51 chambers of commerce represented at Sydney, and 61 of these voted for trade co-operation, seven against it, and 13 were neutral. Manchester was the only city of importance voting against it. The proposal had first been carried in Montreal in 1903 by a majority, and again at London, in 1906, by an increased majority, with a majority of seven of the British chambers in favor. Mr. Cockshutt was strongly in favor of a direct contribution of large vessels to the imperial navy. Tennyson's line quoted in all the school books, "One Flag, One Fleet, One Throne," had no allusion to many fleets, and he had placed himself on record at Sydney that one fleet for the empire, and that an invincible one, was the duty of the mother and the daughter. He might be wrong, but he believed that if we persisted in establishing small and weak fleets in different parts of the world, the destiny of the empire would be endangered.

Central Power.

They should have only one vote when they spoke with their empires in the rate. There should be one central power or organization. Great Britain might not be as strong as she once was, and relatively she was not, but she ought to be able to draw upon the colonies to build up the imperial fleet. In conclusion he quoted Arnold's poem on the evolution of the perfect empire.

Ontario Club Banquets.

Ontario Club members have received circulars notifying them of a series of banquets which the club will hold this spring: "To bring the members of the club in close touch with the politics of the government," etc. There is to be one minister to each banquet, as follows:

Feb. 11, Hon. A. E. Aylesworth; March 2, Hon. George P. Graham; March 17, Hon. Frank Oliver; March 31, Hon. W. M. King; April 14, Hon. William Ferguslie; April 28, Hon. Rudolph Lemieux.

C. N. R. Earnings.

The gross earnings of the Canadian Northern Railway for the week ending Feb. 7, were \$168,700, an increase of \$48,800 over the corresponding period of last year. From July 1 to date the earnings were \$7,750,000, an increase of \$1,469,200.

The Power of the Press.

ST. JOHN, Feb. 9.—The editors of all newspapers in New Brunswick will be invited by the board of trade to meet in St. John the first week in March to discuss a forward movement for the whole province.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Is wonderfully successful in the treatment of eczema, piles, and all itching skin diseases. 60c. a box at all dealers, or by mail, postpaid, by EDMANSON, BATES & CO., Toronto.

Should you be offered something said to be "just as good," consider this a compliment to Dr. Chase's Ointment, which is the standard. You may find it necessary to be firm in order to get what you ask for, but you will be better satisfied afterwards and your intelligence will not be insulted next time.