SEVERAL THOUSANDS OF TURKS CAPTURED, WITH TURKISH LEADER

British Made Swoop in Mesopotamia With Great Success.

MAIN POSITION TAKEN

Assault From Three Sides Causes Enemy To Surrender Wholesale.

London, Sept. 30.—A British official report concerning the operations in Mesopotamia announces the capture Friday of Mush Aidridge in the region of Bagdad.

The British attacked the Turkish main position in the region of Ramadie from the south, east and west, and continued the attack Saturday, the enemy everywhere surrendering.

The captures by the British include guns, ammunition and several thousands of prisoners, including Ahmed Bey, and his staff.

General Maude's Report.

The report of Major-General Frederick S. Maude, commander of the expedition, says:

"After an advance Thursday night we attacked the enemy's advanced positions at Mushaid, four miles east of Rumadie, early Friday morning. Mushaid Ridge was occupied with little difficulty. A column continuing to advance, manoeuvred away from the river, attacking the Turks' main position about Rumadie from the southeast, while our cavalry moved wide around to the west of Rumadie.

"A severe battle ensued, lasting throughout Friday. By nightfall our troops had carried the main positions, and were encircling Rumadie from the east, southeast and south at a distance under two miles from the town. Our cavalry completed the land cordon west of Rumadie, while the Euphrates runs on the north side of the town. The enemy during the night attempted to break out west, but was headed back by our cavalry.

Surrendering Everywhere.

"Our troops resumed the attack vigorously Saturday at daybreak, with the result that at 9 o'clock in the morning the enemy was surrendering everywhere.

"Included in our capture are guns, arms, ammunition, stores and equipment and also much other booty, several thousand prisoners, Ahmed Bey, the Turkish commander, and his staff.

"The enemy was taken entirely by surprise, and practically the whole garrison of Rumadie fell into our hands. Our troops displayed great gallantry, determination and endurance under the most difficult conditions.

"During Thursday night another column moved out northeast of Bagdad after a sharp skirmish with a Turkish cavalry detachment, inflicting casualties and capturing four prisoners and 300 Turkish supply camels."

DERMATOLOGY.

MARINELLA SYSTEM FOR FACE, scalp, chiropody. Removal of superfluous hair permanently. Miss Beattie, corner Talbot and Fullarton. Phone 3037.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY the Mover." Motor vans. Fireproof storage at reasonable rates. Residence, 480 Maitland. Phone 2887. H. F. Day.

UP-TO-DATE MOVING VANS—FURNITURE and pianos carefully handled. W. R. Flowers, 863½ Colborne street. Phone 2636.

WE MOVE YOU CAREFULLY AND quickly; $2 up for load. Phone 2839.

S. J. HENDERSON'S LARGEST moving vans and storage. Phone 1254. Residence, 573 Adelaide.

FURNITURE CAREFULLY REMOVED —$2 up for vanload. Phone 2839.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE—Clean and dry. Prices reasonable. The Forest City Moving Vans. Phone 1162. 97 Carling street. xxv

BROUGHTON THE MOVER—SPECIALTY, crating and shipping. Phone 1444.

FOR SALE—AT THE FARM OF JACK Wilkins, 2nd concession of Westminster and Wellington street, on Friday, October 5, ten new milch cows, 10 forward springers. S. Shaw, proprietor. 89c

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE MATTER OF THE DYMOND-COLONIAL COMPANIES, LIMITED, of the Town of Strathroy, in the County of Middlesex, Insolvents.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above-named, The Dymond-Colonial Companies, Limited, have made an assignment to me for the benefit of creditors, pursuant to R. S. O., 1914, Chapter 134.

A meeting of creditors will be held in my solicitors' office, London, on Thursday, the 11th day of October, 1917, at the hour of 2:30 p.m., for the purpose of receiving a statement of the insolvents' affairs, for the appointment of inspectors and the giving of directions in reference to the disposal of the estate.

All persons claiming to be entitled to rank on the estate must file their claims with my solicitors on or before the 1st day of December, 1917, after which date I will proceed to distribute the assets thereof, having regard to those claims only of which I shall then have received notice, and I will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim I shall not then have received notice.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN, Solicitors for Assignee, London, Ontario.
HERBERT E. MIHELL, Assignee, Strathroy, Ontario.
Dated at London, this 29th day of September, 1917. Oct.1,6

TENDERS

FOR MAKING UNIFORMS AND WINTER SHIRTS.

Sealed tenders addressed to City Clerk, City Hall, will be received up until 4 p.m., Oct. 11, 1917, for the making of uniforms, caps and winter shirts for the fire department.

Any further information will be furnished by the chief of the Fire Department.

H. A. STEVENSON, M.D., Mayor.
JOHN AITKEN, Chief, Fire Department. O. 1, 6.

NOTICE

All milk producers and all wholesale and retail dealers in Canada engaged in the supply of fresh milk for daily consumption are earnestly requested to make no advance upon the prices for milk obtaining in their district on September 1 until the committee appointed to deal with milk supply and prices have reported on what action, if any, should be taken. It is expected the committee will begin sittings during the week of September 24, and should be in a position to report by November.

Before a just basis for cost of milk production can be arrived at, the effect on prices of this year's crop of coarse grain in Canada and the United States must be ascertained. Reports indicate that the total production of coarse grains will be above the average. The effect of this on the prices of cattle feeds, however, cannot be properly estimated at this time because the effect of the new crop feeds must be ascertained before any action may be determined, therefore it is deemed advisable that no change in prices by producers and dealers be delayed at least until after October 31. It is confidently expected that this very reasonable request will be complied with, as it will entail little hardship and will make unnecessary the adoption of drastic measures.

H. A. STEVENSON,
Sept.28,Oct.1 Mayor.

No. 2 Ontario Wheat Fixed at $2.22 Bushel

WINNIPEG, Sept. 29.—It is ordered by the Board of Grain Supervisors for Canada that the price of No. 2 Ontario wheat shall be fixed at $2.22 per bushel basis, in store Montreal, and that this price shall be effective October 1st, 1917, and continue until August 31st, 1918, both inclusive.

FIREBUG BLAMED BY PRIEST FOR BURNING OF HIS PARISH HALL

Mysterious Fire Razed Building Early Saturday Morning.

IS VALUED AT $4,000

Bishop Fallon Will Make No Statement In Connection With Matter.

WINDSOR, Sept. 30.—Damage to the extent of $4,000 was caused by the destruction of the parish hall in connection with the Roman Catholic Church at McGregor, near Windsor, by a mysterious fire early on Saturday.

Rev. Father Pinsoneault, parish priest, declares the fire was of incendiary origin, and the attorney-general's department will be asked by the township separate school board to investigate. It is stated a similar attempt to fire the building some weeks ago was frustrated.

Bishop Fallon, who has just returned from Baltimore, stated to The Advertiser last night that he had no statement to make in connection with the matter.

Not long ago, according to information given The Advertiser, an attempt was made to fire the building by placing inflammable material inside and igniting it. At the time it was stated that objection was made to certain sisters coming to occupy the building as teachers.

Father O'Connor, vicar-general of the diocese, was asked by The Advertiser last night if he thought there was any connection between the recent troubles at Ford and the fire at McGregor. His reply was non-committal in regard to McGregor, but he stated that everything has been quiet at Ford and that Father Laurendeau is getting along nicely.

Father O'Connor stated that an attempt was made some days ago to burn the convent at McGregor also, but that the fire was discovered in time.

JAPANESE DECLARE MONROE DOCTRINE FOR ORIENT WORLD

World Is Warned to Keep Hands Off China, Which Keeps Open Door.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Proclaiming a Monroe doctrine of the Far East, Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese mission to the United States, warned the nations of the world last night that his country would not tolerate aggressions against the territory or independence of China. At the same time he pledged Japan not to attempt similar aggressions on her part.

Speaking at a formal dinner of the imperial visit to New York, the ambassador of Emperor Oshihito outlined publicly for the first time since he set foot on American soil the policy of his government as it relates to China.

ITALIANS DRIVING FOE FROM HEIGHTS

ROME, Sept. 30.—In another powerful drive the Italians have captured the high ground to the south of Poldlaca and southeast of Madoni, in the Isonzo sector. The official announcement of this by the war office reports also the capture of 1,400 prisoners.

Coalmen's Profits Limited in States

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Government control over the coal industry was made complete tonight by an order of Fuel Controller Dr. Garfield, limiting the profits of retail coal dealers throughout the country to a basis which is expected to bring about an immediate reduction in prices to the consumer.

LAURIER IN MONTREAL ARRANGING CAMPAIGN

MONTREAL, Sept. 30.—Sir Wilfrid arrived in this city this evening and is stopping at the Windsor Hotel. He will meet prominent members of the Liberal party tomorrow, when it is expected a date will be fixed for the commencement of the Liberal election campaign in Montreal. It will probably start with a big open air mass meeting.

AUSTRALIA'S NEXT LOAN TO BEAR NAME "LIBERTY"

MELBOURNE, Sept. 29.—Following the lead of the United States, Australia has designated her next war loan the Liberty Loan.

700 INVALIDS AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Sept. 30.—Over 700 invalided and wounded soldiers have arrived here. They will be landed tomorrow.

A Sure Cure for Rheumatism.

Who is it knocks and does not boost it?

Sure, it is the man who has not used it, for William Lovelock, the well-known painter in St. Thomas, 14 Station street, for over twelve years, says: "I was all in with inflammatory rheumatism. I went to bed in September, 1911, and the first work I was able to do was on the 17th of March, 1913.

"I was swollen from head to foot; in fact, my limbs were twice the ordinary size, and I was in intense pain for three weeks. I was unable to feed myself, and was suffering more each day. My physicians told me plainly to prepare for the worst, as about ten days was my limit. A friend of mine, who was trying to cheer me up a bit, after the physician had left, remarked: 'Why not try Parker's Oil?' I sent to Small's drug store and purchased a bottle, and, after the first application, received relief, and in three days the pain was gone and swelling reduced greatly. I used seven bottles, and here I am today, willing to testify and give praise to Parker's Black Oil, the sure cure for rheumatism, as I found it.

WILLIAM LOVELOCK.

July 27, 1917.

If your dealer does not keep Parker's Oil, send us his name, together with 25c, 50c or $1 for a bottle, according to the size you want, and we'll ship it to you. Wm. Parker & Sons, 10 Mandamin street, St. Thomas. 71-tf

SURVEYORS

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 362.

GERMANS LAUNCH POWERFUL ATTACKS; BRITISH PREPARING FOR ANOTHER DRIVE

Veil of Secrecy Concerning Flanders Has Not Yet Been Lifted.

ROBERTSON OPTIMISTIC

Chief of British Staff Says Germany's Losses Heavier, While Britain's Lessen.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The veil of secrecy which has hung over the operations along the British front in Belgium and Northern France since the latter part of last week still remains impenetrable, so far as the news offerings of the British war office are concerned. Since Friday nothing except the most laconic statements have reached the outside world from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters.

That another big offensive is in preparation by Haig seems forecast, however, in Sunday's Berlin official communication, which characterizes the artillery duel along the Belgian coast and southward to the Ypres-Comines Canal, as "severe." Berlin also indicates that the British troops are keeping the enemy on the alert by stabs here and there from reconnoitering parties.

Pounding Enemy Positions.

Doubtless using former history as a guide, Haig again is heavily pounding the German positions with a rain of shells, levelling them and making more easy the pathway for his troops again to snatch points of strategic value to him.

Heavy German attacks in the Ypres sector are reported in Field Marshal Haig's statement from field headquarters in France tonight. All the attacks were repulsed.

General Sir Wm. Robertson, chief of imperial staff, speaking yesterday at a hospital opening at Hampstead, said that during 1917 the British have captured more Germans and four times as many guns as the Germans have taken from the British during the whole war.

German Losses Growing.

The British were now fighting, he said, with the best material, while the enemy's resources were diminishing. The German losses had grown heavier, while the British losses were lighter.

The text of tonight's official war office report reads:

"Early this morning the enemy heavily bombarded our positions between Tower Hamlets and Polygon Wood, and subsequently launched three attacks, all of which were repulsed with loss. The first was delivered south of Reutelbeke. It was beaten off by our fire before reaching our positions.

"Shortly afterward hostile infantry advanced astride the Ypres-Menin road, under cover of thick smoke barrage and accompanied by flammenwerfer detachments, and succeeded temporarily in driving in one of our advanced posts.

Post Soon Recaptured.

"An immediate counter-attack recaptured the post, together with a number of prisoners and machine guns.

"Later in the morning an attempt to repeat this attack was broken up by our artillery.

"The enemy raided our trenches early in the morning east of Loos and captured one of our garrison. As the raiders were attempting to withdraw from no man's land they were pursued and attacked. Our man was recaptured and a number of the enemy were killed and taken prisoners.

"The hostile artillery was active today along our front between the Ypres-Comines Canal and Zonnebeke, and in the Nieuport sector. Our own artillery activity on the battlefront continued."

Great Artillery Actively.

"The artillery was active during the night on both sides in the battle area," says the British official statement given out this morning.

"A concentration of German infantry east of Polygon wood was dispersed. East of Loos a hostile bombing attack was driven off. We captured a few prisoners as a result of patrol encounters south of Lens."

The official report from British headquarters in France Saturday night reads:

"This morning the enemy attempted to raid two of our posts on Hill 70, north of Lens. The attacks were repulsed after a sharp fight; we captured a few prisoners. Two of our men are missing.

"We also secured a few prisoners during the night as a result of patrol encounters in the neighborhood of the Bapaume-Cambrai road.

"The artillery has been active during the day on the Ypres front. The enemy's artillery also has shown considerable activity at different points between the Ypres-Comines Canal and St. Julien.

Ten Tons of Bombs.

"On September 28 artillery and photographic work was continued by our airplanes. Over four tons of bombs were dropped on the enemy's airdromes at Gontrode and Camieres and on hostile dumps, billets and railways.

"Another six tons were dropped on similar targets, including airdromes at Gontrode, where the enemy's anti-aircraft guns, machine guns and searchlights were most active. Despite the heavy barrage which was put up over the airdromes all our machines returned.

"During the raids our airplanes again used machine gun fire to great effect against all the enemy troops and transport seen.

"As a result of the air fighting nine German machines were brought down and four others were driven down out of control. One enemy machine was brought down by the anti-aircraft guns. Three of our airplanes failed to return."

FIRING ON BELGIAN COAST.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—Via London.—Heavy artillery firing on the Belgian coast and along the northern end of the western front is reported in today's official communication. The British undertook reconnoitering expeditions at many points. The statement follows:

"Western Front: The visibility being poor, the activity of all our armies was less than on preceding days. In Flanders the artillery duel was severe on the coast, and in the evening, from the Yser as far as the Comines-Ypres Canal. British reconnoitering parties were repulsed at many points."

BIG RUSH AT MONTREAL FOR ARMY EXAMINATION

Montreal, Sept. 30.—So great is the rush of men of military age here to be examined by the medical board for the army that the headquarters in Union avenue have been found quite insufficient to accommodate the crowds, and a second board will begin tomorrow in the Craig street armories to relieve the pressure. Other boards will be established when the Government sends out the awaited proclamation with reference to the examination.

NEW GOLD STRIKE IN YUKON DISTRICT STILL ATTRACTING STAKERS

Dawson, Y. T., Sept. 30.—The new gold strike at Kitchener and Seymour Creeks, tributaries of Big Creek, 30 miles southeast of Selkirk, are still attracting stakers. Several miles of ground have been staked on each crek. Seymour Creek is reported to be carrying the best values, two to four cents per pan, for four miles or more. Not holes have yet been sunk to bed rock. It is expected that values of many prospects will be determined this winter.

IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL OF SINN FEIN CHIEF; DEMONSTRATION BIG AS THAT FOR PARNELL

Great Procession Follows Body of Thomas Ashe to Grave.

MORE THAN DOZEN BANDS

Embittered Feeling Allayed by Change in Treatment of Prisoners.

Dublin, Oct. 1.—The funeral procession which followed the body of Thomas Ashe, the Sinn Fein leader, who died on Thursday, from the city hall to Glasnevin Cemetery yesterday was extremely large, exceeding in numbers even that of the Parnell funeral in 1891. The procession was very well organized and perfect order was kept.

A Dozen Bands.

The principal contingents were Irish volunteers, the Gaelic Athletic Association, the Gaelic League, the Liberty Hall citizen army and the Dublin trade unions. There were also many representatives from women's clubs. More than a dozen bands played patriotic airs. The three-mile route was lined with spectators, and the bells of the Catholic churches were tolled as the procession moved along. The Irish volunteers wore their uniforms and carried hurley sticks, although these were offences against the recent military regulations. There was also a firing party at the graveside.

No Interference.

The Government authorities did not interfere with the demonstration, which was most impressive. The embittered feeling over the death of Ashe was much allayed by change in the policy of the treatment of prisoners under the defence of the realm act. The prisoners are now allowed to associate together and are separated from the ordinary criminals. They are also allowed to receive food from the outside. The hunger strike was abandoned when the lord mayor carried this decision of the Government to the prisoners.

Enemy Has Accepted Negotiation Basis in Opinion of Pope

Pontiff Will Now Ask Allies to State Their Conditions.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to the Temps from Geneva says that Pope Benedict in transmitting to the Entente Allies the replies received from the central powers to his peace proposal, will set forth in an accompanying note the theory that Germany and Austria have accepted a basis of negotiation satisfactory to the Allies, and will ask the Allies to state their conditions.

British Aircraft Bomb Beirut Harbor

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A British official statement issued last night on aerial operations says:

"Naval aircraft made a bombing raid Thursday on storehouses, etc., on the southwestern side of Beirut harbor. Many direct hits were observed and fire were started. It was observed that the damage caused to a shed as a result of the August raid was in the course of repair. All our machines returned safely. The storehouses on the Mole were afterwards shelled by a cruiser and set afire.

NON-SLAV PEOPLES OF THE MUSCOVITE NATION FOR FEDERAL REPUBLIC

Petrograd, Oct. 1.—The congress of non-Slav nationalities at its final session at Kiev passed a resolution declaring that Russia must be a federal democratic republic. Every nationality comprising the population of Russia, including the Cossacks, the resolution says, must be granted a large measure of autonomy, the basis of which should be laid down by constituent assembly especially convoked by each nationality.

The ministry of foreign affairs, it adds, should immediately establish a special commission composed of representatives of every nationality in Russia to prepare to defend their national interests at the peace conference. A council of nationalities would be set up to insure the realization of the principle of a federated government.

PRIVATE PASSES AWAY AS INVALID STEAMER ENTERS HALIFAX PORT

Halifax, Oct. 1.—On board a recently-arrived steamer are about 600 wounded soldiers returning to Canada to find a home for a time in the convalescent hospitals of this country. Pte. F. H. Harlow, of Sable River West, in this province, succumbed to tuberculosis almost as the ship came to anchor.

When the ship entered the harbor his mother was wired to and she, in company with another returned soldier son, immediately started for Halifax, but he was dead before she arrived.

Only a few weeks ago Mrs. Harlow received the news that her third son had been killed in action.

LAST TRIP SOUTH.

Dawson, Y. T., Sept. 30.—Steamers are beginning to leave Dawson on their last trips for the south, and the fall exodus is under way by the Klondikers who will winter on the coast. The last boat of the season probably will leave here between the 10th and 15th of next month.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 1.—The stock market started today with a fair accumulation of week-end orders for gilt-edged securities and rubber and oil shares, which imparted cheerfulness to the other sections, but as a good deal of money is waiting for the new war bonds tomorrow, business slackened later. Russian issues were uncertain, but shipping armament and Brazilian stocks were firm.

Closing prices were:

British 5 per cent loan	94¾
British 4½ per cent loan	100½
Consols, for money	54¾
Anaconda Copper	£14 5s
Chino	101
Baltimore & Ohio	67
Canadian Pacific	170
Chesapeake & Ohio	59¼
Chicago Great Western	10½
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	59
De Beers	13⅛
Denver & Rio Grande	10
Erie, com.	25½
Erie, 1st pfd.	39
Grand Trunk	9⅝
Illinois Central	105
Louisville & Nashville	123
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	7½
New York Central	81
Norfolk & Western	116¼
Ontario & Western	23
Pennsylvania Railway	54½
Rand Mines	3⅛
Reading Railway	85
Southern Railway	23½
Southern Pacific	96½
Union Pacific	135
United States Steel	114½

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

GOOD HAY OFFERINGS, WITH FAIR DEMAND

Fodder Only Active Feature on the Market Today.

Draggy trading characterized the local market this morning, a slim variety of produce being offered and purchased indifferently.

The only brisk offering was hay. This was brought on the market in abundance and a fairly good demand was shown. The price of hay remained unchanged, notwithstanding the better demand, and all loads sold at $9.50 to $11.50 per ton.

Oats and wheat were not to be purchased, no offerings being available. The price of oats on the Saturday market was from $1.85 to $1.95 per cwt. A substantial decrease is expected as soon as the grain is offered in large quantities.

Potatoes sold at a smaller range of prices on Saturday than at any other period during the season when all bushels brought from $1 to $1.10. A further decline in the value of spuds is anticipated, local buyers predicting a reduction during the week. But for the statement of the food controller to the effect that there would be a surplus of tubers throughout the country this year it is doubtful whether any decline would have been recorded. Following this announcement, however, the price of potatoes immediately declined, and a slow depreciation is expected to continue until the appearance of extremely cold weather.

Tomatoes came out in plenty at the Saturday market, following the heavy rains but no changes for a lower price were recorded. Farmers allege that if cold weather does not now set in, tomatoes will ripen up tremendously and a lower value be obtained.

Pumpkins, carrots, beets, cabbages and celery remained stationary in price and in good demand during the day. No advance is expected in these vegetables for some time.

Although it was predicted that live hogs would resume their advance, no quotation to that effect could be secured, owing to the market being barren of any hog offerings. The prevailing price in London is $17.75 for porkers of all types and a further jump is predicted by hog buyers.

This week will be the banner period for peaches and grapes, according to local fruit men, the largest offering of peaches yet seen on the market being expected.

The present value of peaches is from 75c to $1.25 per basket but this price will descend materially during the week.

Plums have practically disappeared from the market offerings, their seasonable life having ended.

Butter and eggs are particularly firm, showing no indications of recording either an advance or decline.

Dressed meats, live stock and poultry are selling at unchanged prices and demand.

Grain, Cwt.—			
Old oats, per cwt.	$2 20	to	$2 20
New oats, per cwt.	1 85	to	1 95
Grain, Bushel—			
Oats, per bush	60	to	60
Wheat, per bush	2 15	to	2 20
Vegetables—			
String beans, quart	8	to	9
Beets, doz. bunches	15	to	25
Cucumbers, doz.	10	to	25
Celery, per doz.	30	to	50
Cauliflowers, each	10	to	25
Corn, on cob, doz.	12	to	20
New cabbage, each	5	to	5
New carrot, per doz. bunches	15	to	25
Lettuce, per doz.	20	to	25
Lettuce, per head	5	to	5
Seed lettuce, box	25	to	25
Pumpkins, each	10	to	20
Hubbard squash	15	to	25
Parsnips, bunch	5	to	5
Pickling cucumbers, per 100	40	to	60
Green onions, bunch	5	to	5
Green onions, doz.	25	to	25
Parsley, per doz.	40	to	40
Home-grown potatoes, per bu.	1 00	to	1 25
Peas, green, pods, qt.	10	to	10
Green peas, shelled, qt	30	to	40
Rhubarb, per doz.	30	to	30
Radishes, 2 bunches	5	to	5
Tomatoes, basket	40	to	50
Vegetable marrow	10	to	10
Hay and Straw—			
New hay, ton	10 00	to	11 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	8 00
Fruit—			
Peaches, per basket	75	to	1 25
Plums, per basket	70	to	90
Pears, per basket	75	to	1 00
Grapes, per basket	25	to	35
Elderberries, box	10	to	15
Apples, bush	1 50	to	2 00
Cantaloupes, each	5	to	25
Citrons	15	to	25
Dairy Produce, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	47	to	47
Butter, dairy, lb rolls	40	to	44
Butter, crocks, lb.	44	to	45
Butter, store lots, lb.	42	to	43
Eggs, per doz.	45	to	45
New honey, pail	1 60	to	1 80
Dairy Produce, wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	43	to	44
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	43	to	43
Butter, crocks, lb.	42	to	42
Eggs, crate lots	44	to	44
Eggs, basket lots	42	to	43
Poultry, Dressed, Retail—			
Spring ducks, each	90	to	1 00
Spring chickens, lb.	22	to	23
Old fowl, lb.	20	to	20
Live Stock—			
Hogs, per cwt.	17 75	to	17 75
Small pigs, per pair	12 00	to	16 00
Butchers' Meats—			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	22 00	to	22 00
Fat sows, per cwt.	14 00	to	14 25
Beef, per cwt.	13 00	to	16 50
Veal, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	16 00	to	16 00
Lambs, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Spring lamb, per lb.	23	to	28
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, unwashed, lb.	50	to	50
Wool, washed, lb.	60	to	62
Calf skins	25	to	30
Cowhides, No. 1	22	to	22
Cowhides, No. 2	21	to	21
Cowhides, No. 3	20	to	20

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 25,000; market steady; beeves, $7 25@17 25; westerns, $6 40@15 25; stockers and feeders, $6 25@11 25; cows and heifers, $5@12 50; calves, $10@15 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 20,000; market slow; light, $18 30@19 40; mixed, $18 25@19 50; heavy, $18 20@19 50; rough, $18 20@18 40; pigs, $14 40@18 10; bulk of sales at $18 60@19 40.

Sheep—Receipts, 24,000; market were steady; lambs, native, $13@18; wethers, $8 90@12 50.

Toronto, Oct. 1.—There was a heavy run of cattle at the Union stockyards today. Live stock and hogs steady. Receipts—Cattle, 4,821; calves, 216; hogs, 2,417; sheep, 3,435. Quotations:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $10 50@12; butchers, choice, $10@10 50; do, medium, $8 50@9 50; do common, $7 25@8; do, cows, choice, $8@8 50; do, medium, $7 25@7 75; do, canners, $5 25@6; do, bulls, $6@9; feeding steers, $8@9 25; stockers, choice $7 50@8 50; do, light, $7@7 50; milkers, choice, each, $75@135; springers, each, $75@135; calves, $10@15 50.

Sheep—Ewes, per cwt, $10@12; bucks and culls, $7 50@8 50; lambs, $14 50@15 50.

Hogs—Fed and watered, per cwt, $18 75.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—The receipts for the week at the west end cattle market have been 1,300 cattle, 4,300 sheep, 2,400 hogs and 100 calves. This morning offerings on the market amounted to 1,600 cattle, 3,200 sheep and lambs, 800 hogs and 800 calves.

Trade in cattle lines was slow, but hogs provided a sensation when choice selects sold at $19, the highest price ever paid on the local market. About six weeks ago they touched the record figure of $18 75, and since then have had a considerable decline, going to below $17. But this morning on the shortage of supplies and an exceedingly good demand, the price went up. There are not a great many being ogered, and probably export buying has something to do with the strength of the situation. There was a very good market for sheep, and the supplies on the market, while heavy, were readily sold. Lambs were weaker and suffered a decline of $1 per 100 lbs. Calves, however, were better, and an advance in all classes was noted. Quotations:

Choice steers, $9 50; good, $8 50@9; medium, $7@8; choice bulls, $7 50; good, $6 50@7; medium and canners $6 25; choice cows, $8 25; good, $7 50@8; medium, $6 50@7; canners, $5@5 25.

Sheep, $8@10; lambs, $13@14 50.

Grass-fed calves, $7@8; milk-fed, $10@13.

Choice select hogs, $19; good selects, $18@18 50; sows, $17@17 50.

Offerings at the C. P. R. stockyards this morning were 2,300 cattle, 2,400 sheep and lambs, 750 hogs and 600 calves. The week's receipts have been 2,500 cattle, 4,500 sheep and lambs, 1,250 hogs and 650 calves.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500; strong; shipping steers, $12@13 25; butchers, $10@12 25; yearlings, $12 25@12 35; heifers, $6 75@11; cows, $4 50@9 75; bulls, $6@9 50; stockers and feeders, $6 50@9; fresh cows and springers strong, $50@125.

Veals—Receipts, 1,100; market active, at $7@16 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 8,000; active; heavy, $19 85@20; mixed, $19 75@19 90; yorkers, $19 65@19 85; light yorkers, $18 25@19; pigs, $18@18 25; roughs, $18 75@19; stags, $16@17 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,600; active; lambs, $12@17 75; yearlings, $11@15; wethers, $11 50@12; ewes, $6@11 50; mixed sheep, $11 50@11 75.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Opening: Corn—December, $1 19⅝@1 19; May, $1 16½@1 16¾.

Oats—December, 58⅝@58¾c; May, 61⅛@61c.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Frost in parts of Illinois, Iowa, Missouri and Indiana brought about higher prices today in the corn market. Wide differences between the value of live stock and of corn tended also to strengthen corn. On the other hand, doubt as to whether any severe damage had been done by frost acted as a check on buying.

Opening quotations, which ranged from ⅛c to ⅜c to ⅞c up, at $1 19@1 19⅜ for December, and $1 16⅛@1 16¼ for May, were followed by a moderate reaction.

Winnipeg, Oct. 1.—The opening was fairly active, with little changes in the price of oats. October was off ⅜c at 66½c; November ¼c down at 65c, and December ⅝c lower at 63½c.

Inspections over the week-end totaled 2,667 cars; of this number 2,308 were contract and 29 cars were old crop.

MONEY.

London, Oct. 1.—Money was in increased demand and discount rates were firm.

Bar silver, 48¼d per ounce.

New York, Oct. 1.—Bar silver, 95⅛c per ounce.

WALL STREET.

New York, Oct. 1.—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Inauguration of the second liberty loan campaign was accompanied by a general advance in stocks at the opening of today's market. Gains of one to almost three points were made by such leaders as the Steels, Coppers, Equipments and Oils. Rails also rose, though more moderately, Reading advancing a point. Dealings in the liberty 3½'s were light, with a firm undertone.

Noon.—Prices soon developed decided irregularity on further selling of rails, attributed in part to the unfavorable August statement of earnings. Reactions of 1 to 3 points were registered by the coalers, New York Central, St. Paul and Pacifics, some of these various Paul and Pacifics, some of these various many years. Industrials were adversely affected, forfeiting the greater part of their gains, and the entire list tended towards unsettlement. All classes of bonds were lower. The Liberty issue is selling between par and 100.10.

1:30 p.m.—Narrow fluctuations, mainly downward, marked the more contracted trading of the early afternoon. Rails made fractional recoveries, but specialties continued to sag, and the Liberty bonds dropped to 99.98.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Oct. 1.

Trunk Lines and Grangers—	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Baltimore & Ohio.	64¾	64¾	61⅞	62⅛
Erie com.	21⅛	21⅛	20¼	20⅝
New Haven	26	26	25¼	25½
New York Central	76¾	76¾	74⅞	75⅝
Stock Island	26⅛	..	..	..
St. Paul	56	56	53⅝	54
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com.	96½	97½	96½	96½
Canadian Pacific	149½	150	146⅝	147¼
Louis. & Nash.	119	..	..	..
Missouri Pacific	29⅜	29⅜	28⅞	28⅞
Northern Pacific	99¾	100	99¾	99¾
Southern Pacific	92	92	91⅜	91⅜
Southern Railway	27¼	27½	27	27
Union Pacific	129¼	129¾	127⅛	127¼
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	56⅜	56⅜	54¼	54¼
Pennsylvania	52½	52½	52	52
Reading Railway	82¼	82¼	81	81¾
Tractions—				
Interbor, com.	9⅛	..	..	..
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers	25	..	..	..
American Can	45¾	47¼	45¾	46½
American Car	70¾	..	..	..
Am. Locomotive	62	62½	61⅞	61⅞
Am. Smelters	98⅝	99¼	97¾	97¾
Am. Tel. & Tel.	116	..	..	..
Baldwin Loco.	63	65¼	63	64¾
Central Leather	86	86¾	85¾	85¾
Corn Products	30¾	31⅛	30⅜	30½
Distillers	40¼	41¾	40	40¾
Dome Mines	8⅞	8⅞	8¼	8¼
General Electric	142¾	143	142⅜	142⅞
General Motors	99⅞	99½	96½	96½
Goodrich Rubber	43½	..	..	..
G. Northern Ore	33½	34⅛	33½	34
Inter. Nickel	33⅜	33⅝	33½	33½
Marine, com.	29⅛	30⅛	29¼	29⅝
Marine, pfd.	88	89	88	88
Studebaker	45¼	45⅞	44½	44½
Virginia Chemical	35½	35½	35¼	35½
Westinghouse	47	..	..	..
Willys-Overland	25⅞	25⅞	25¼	25⅞
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	71⅞	72⅛	71⅛	71¾
Chino Copper	50½	..	..	..
Inspiration	50¾	50⅝	50¼	50¼
Ray Consolidated	25¼	25½	25¼	25⅜
Utah Copper	93¾	94	93	93
Oils—				
New Mexican	92¾	93⅞	92¾	93½
Texas Oil	164¼	165	163¼	163¾
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel	93½	95½	93½	94⅜
Crucible Steel	72½	73⅜	72¼	72¼
Republic Iron	83½	83½	82½	82⅞
U. S. Steel	110⅝	111⅛	110¼	110½
U. S. Steel, pfd.	115⅝	116	115⅞	115⅞
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	92⅝	..	..	..

**TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE.