-11evocably a position of isolation and hostility to the League, and "I trust that with reasonable patience it will be possible for the "League to work out a settlement "hich Japan can see its way to ac-"cept. If Japan indicates any genuine readiness to seek a solution "consistent with League obligation as well as her own special in-"terests in Manchuria, it would seem undesirable to make such a settle "ment difficult by precipitate action. At the same time, after having "exhausted all available means for effecting the reconciliation and "amicable agreement of the two parties, further delay without any "clear evidence of readiness to co-operate on the part of Japan might "prove most unfortunate. "If, as has been suggested, the United States of America and "Russia should be asked to co-operate with the Committee of Nineteen "or with some other special committee of the Assembly, the Canadian "Government would endorse the adoption of such a procedure. Above al: "we desire the permanent reconciliation and agreement of our two "friendly neighbours, China and Japan, and the continued co-operation of both as members of the League in fulfilling its paramound purpose "of preserving the peace of the world." From the extracts which I have read above, you will see that on the whol Mr. Cahan excuses Japan, condems China because of her chaotic condition, and deprecates League, or in fact any, action. But he does plead with Japan to be reasonable, and to accept any satisfactory solution offered by the League. In another section of his speech (which I have not time to read) he cites with approval the British action in China in 1927 and offers it as an excuse for Japanese action in 1931. In all this he, too is basing his statements on the first two escentials of Canadian Foreign policy, and is ignoring the other; and quite frankly, I do not think that is enough, or good enough, for as the Star points out in its editorial: Montreal Daily Star, Dec. 22/33 (Editorial) "Two other factors enter here which concern the world. Is the "talk about extending the rule of the young Emperor to Peiping all "moonshine? Or do the astute Japanese emvisage the gradual creation "of a mighty Nippon-North China nation, two hundred million strong, "with the best military material in the world, under Japanese drill-"masters? Uncle Sam might become thoughtful about this, even if he "does think of abandoning the Philippings. Then there is Russia. "China, having apparently given up all hope of being rescued by Washington, seems to be turning to Moscow. That might make many "people thoughtful, first and foremost the very Japanese who have "been so persistently prodding the Dragon." And as I might suggest further, it does not strengthen the position of the League, or give any nation - among them France - any guarantee that if they disarm, or give up any of the obvious if unfair advantages they now possess, that they will not suffer the fate of China when the suitable occasion arises. These, ladies and gentlemen, are my comments on a Canadian Policy in the Far East. I regret the might-have-beens, if this or that had been, done or happened, but at the moment I have nothing to suggest to