

- (c) the term "airborne asbestos dust" means, for purposes of measurement, dust particles measured by gravimetric assessment or other equivalent method;
- (d) the term "respirable asbestos fibres" means asbestos fibres having a diameter of less than 3  $\mu\text{m}$  and a length-to-diameter ratio greater than 3:1. Only fibres of a length greater than 5  $\mu\text{m}$  shall be taken into account for purposes of measurement;
- (e) the term "exposure to asbestos" means exposure at work to airborne respirable asbestos fibres or asbestos dust, whether originating from asbestos or from minerals, materials or products containing asbestos;
- (f) the term "workers" includes the members of production co-operatives;
- (g) the term "workers' representatives" means the workers' representatives recognised as such by national law or practice, in conformity with the Workers' Representatives Convention, 1971.

## PART II. GENERAL PRINCIPLES

### Article 3

1. National laws or regulations shall prescribe the measures to be taken for the prevention and control of, and protection of workers against, health hazards due to occupational exposure to asbestos.

2. National laws and regulations drawn up in pursuance of paragraph 1 of this Article shall be periodically reviewed in the light of technical progress and advances in scientific knowledge.

3. The competent authority may permit temporary derogations from the measures prescribed pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article, under conditions and within limits of time to be determined after consultation with the most representative organisations of employers and workers concerned.

4. In granting derogations in pursuance of paragraph 3 of this Article, the competent authority shall ensure that the necessary precautions are taken to protect the workers' health.

### Article 4

The competent authority shall consult the most representative organisations of employers and workers concerned on the measures to be taken to give effect to the provisions of this Convention.

### Article 5

1. The enforcement of the laws and regulations adopted pursuant to Article 3 of this Convention shall be secured by an adequate and appropriate system of inspection.

2. National laws or regulations shall provide for the necessary measures, including appropriate penalties, to ensure effective enforcement of and compliance with the provisions of this Convention.

### Article 6

1. Employers shall be made responsible for compliance with the prescribed measures.

2. Whenever two or more employers undertake activities simultaneously at one workplace, they shall co-operate in order to comply with the prescribed measures, without prejudice to the responsibility of each employer for the health and safety of the workers he employs. The competent authority shall prescribe the general procedures of this co-operation when it is necessary.