MANITOBA SCHOOLS.

A batch of papers, comprising 392 folios, in connection with the abolition of separate schools in Manitoba by the Legislature of that province, was laid on the table of the Commons on Monday. The documents comprise a petition from the Catholic Episcopate of Canada re the school acts of Manitoba, an order-in-council dated 4th April, 1890, regarding the same; petitions from the Catholic section of the Board of Education regarding the same; copies of representations made by Mr. Prendergast, M.L.A., to the Lieutenant-Governor of Manitoba and forwarded by him to His Excellency the Governor-General; a memorial of certain members of the Legislative Assembly, a memorial from the Bishop of Three Rivers, a memorial from the Archbishop of St. Boniface, a petition from certain members of the Legislative Assembly, and petitions from the Roman Catholics of Manitoba. The petition of the Cardinal Archbishop of Quebec and of the archbishops and Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church in the Dominion of Canada sets forth that the acts in question deprived the Roman Catholics of Manitoba of the rights which they enjoyed in regard to education. These two acts and the one abolishing the use of the French language in the Legislature and the courts were said to be measures which took away the dearest interests of a large portition of the loyal subjects of Her Majesty. These laws, the petitioners set forth, were contrary to the assurance given to the people of Manitoba on entering Confederation and were a flagrant violation of the British North America act, 1867; of the Manitoba act, 1870, and of the British North America act, 1871. They viewed with alarm the disadvantages and even dangers which would accrue from the enforcement of these acts and, therefore, they asked "a remedy to the pernicious legislation above mentioned and that in the most efficacious and just way."

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S REPORT.

The report of the Minister of Justice on these acts to council, already refused to in these columns, is also contained in the correspondence. These reports, which were adopted by council, left the school question in the courts, where it had been taken by the case of Barrett vs. The City of Winnipeg. Sir John Thompson stating in his report that when the decision of the lower court had been sustained by the Superior court it would be time enough for His Excellency to consider the petitions that had been presented by and on behalf of the Roman Catholics of Manitoba. The petition of the Catholic section of the Board of Education of Manitoba asked for the disallowance of the acts. The first memorandum of Mr. Prendergast, M.L.A., to Lieut-Governor Schultz, is on behalf of himself and the members for Carillon, Cartier, Laverandaye, Morris and St. Boniface, and deals with the Dual Language bill. After going fully into the question the conclusion arrived at was that the bill was ultra vires. Another memorandum to Lieut-Governor Schultz, from the same parties, protested against the passage of the school bills. A similar memorial was signed by Mr. Lariviere, M.P., and Senator Girard. A memorial to His Excellency the Governor-General from Archbishop Taché goes minutely into the whole circumstances of his visit to Ottawa in connection with the passing of the Manitoba Act, which, he was assured, would preserve intact and in no way would encroach upon the educational privileges of the Roman Catholics of Manitoba, as well as to leave to the people the right to use the French language in the Legislature and courts.

A letter from Sir John Young (Lord Lisgar), dated February 16th, 1870, to Archbishop Taché, expressed the obligation he himself was under, as well as the Imperial Government, for his Lordship having left his residence in Rome to aid in seeing the Northwest territory "united to the Dominion on equitable conditions." A letter dated February 16th, 1870, marked "private," from Sir John Macdonald to Archbishop Taché before the latter left Ottawa for Fort Garry, sets forth that it was the intention of the Government to grant the people of the Northwest the same "free institutions which they themselves enjoyed." The late Premier concluded his letter as follows:—"In declaring the desire and determination of Her Majesty's Cabinet, you may safely use the terms of the ancient formula—'Right shall be done in all cases.'"

Some Irish Notes.

A correspondent writing from Dublin, gives the following interesting notes:—For the last few days Dublin has been invaded by regular armies of Connaught men bound for the harvest in England. On Friday, June 26, the steamship companies carried over 4000 across to Liverpool. In former years these harvestmen were mostly elderly men, but a great change is to be noticed now in the "imigrants." Nearly all are fine, stalwart young men, fit for any sort of work. To their credit be it said that these men have been most quiet and orderly in their demeanor, and there was not the very slightest disturbance of any kind. Most of the men hailed from the County Mayo. What a splendid lot of fellows to secure for the North-West!

Carlow has been distinguished for always having some remarkable representative. The late member, The O'Gorman Mahon, was a wonderful character, but the late Lieutenant of the county, and former M. P., the Right Hon. Arthur M. Kavanagh, was a most extraordinary man. He represented Carlow in the House of Commons from 1868 to 1880. Like The O'Gorman Mahon, he was of a most adventurous disposition, but unlike him, he had to undertake these adventures under the most adverse conditions, as he had neither arms nor legs. He made a tour of Egypt in 1848 when he was only seventeen years of age, and also passed through some stirring scenes in Persia and India. In the latter country he did a great deal of tiger shooting. Coming in for the large family estates in Wexford, he settled down at home, and entered enthusiastically into all field sports. Strapped in a sort of basket on a horse's back, he was a wonderfully daring man with hounds, and for a number of years kept a pack of harriers which he used to hunt himself. He was a good shot and a most successful angler. In one day, in the north of Europe, he killed eight salmon, weighing 166 lbs. to his own rod, and the following year, his total for ten days' fishing was thirty-nine salmon, weighing 812 lbs. Not bad that for a man with the most rudimentary stumps in the way of limbs. He was a finely formed man so far as his body went, with a noble face, and grand intellectual powers. He married his cousin and left several sons and daughters. He only died two years ago, at the age of fifty-eight, deeply regretted by all who knew him.

Here in Dublin we have another "The," who wields his tongue in the law courts with as much effect as his forefathers did the sword on the battle fields. "The MacDermot, Q.C.," is one of the most prominent barristers of the Dublin courts. He has relinquished the ancient title of "Prince of Coolavin," which he inherits as the chief of the MacDermot sept, as he probably thinks it would not look quite the thing on his briefs. The title was recognized by the Government, and the late "Prince" always signed as such. "The MacDermot" holds the head rent of the King-Harman property, and in the disastrous years of the famine, although very hard pressed, the head of the family refused a thousand years' purchase of his ancient rights. When adjudicating in any disputes of his "subjects," the late "Prince" used always to sit on a dais, in one of the rooms of his house, and hear the cases with all the dignity of a king.

OBITUARY.

Considerable and sincere regret is expressed on all sides at the death somewhat suddenly at Ottawa on Friday this evening of Lieut-Col. Samuel Lawrence Bedson, ex-warden of the Stoney Mountain penitentiary. Col. Bedson, who arrived in Ottawa a few days since upon business with the Government, has been ailing for several months, having been taken sick in October last, but no fatal termination to his illness was expected so soon. This morning at 7 o'clock he was stricken with paralysis and was soon afterwards deprived of the faculty of speech. Drs. R. W. Powell and Horsey were called in by two of Mr. Bedson's friends who were at his bedside, Messrs. Secretan and Oswald, but medical aid was of no avail and Col. Bedson became unconscious about 2 o'clock, dying at 6.15. The deceased gentleman who was of English birth, was a true type of the military man, born and educated among soldiers, he was a soldier to the end of his life. He came to Canada with the First Battalion of the 16th Regiment, which were quartered in Montreal for some time, and afterwards took part in the engagement at Ridgeway during the Fenian raids of 1866. When Riel first raised the flag of insurrection at Fort Garry in 1871 Col. Bedson joined the Red River expedition under Lord (then Col.) Wolseley, who appointed him quartermaster-sergeant of the Second Queen's Battalion. After the rebellion was suppressed, Mr. Bedson was appointed warden of the provincial penitentiary at Lower Fort Garry, which was afterwards, in 1876, organized into the Manitoba penitentiary, now known as Stoney Mountain. When the rebellion of 1885 broke out, Mr. Bedson was ordered to assist Major-General Middleton, and was through the whole of that campaign as chief transport officer, and did yeoman service to make the expedition a success. At the close of the rebellion, Mr. Bedson became lieutenant-colonel of the 91st Battalion which he thoroughly reorganized, and was soon afterwards appointed an aide-de-camp to His Excellency the Governor-General. Col. Bedson, who was in the prime of life, was a typical Northwester, proud of the new land in which he held many positions of trust and responsibility, and confident in its great future. His remains will be taken to Winnipeg for interment.

OTTAWA, July 20.—E. A. Barnard, a respected clerk in the Privy Council Office, died suddenly at his residence last evening. He took a chill and died in a few minutes. He was 45 years of age, and leaves a wife and five children.

The Rev Abbé Plinguet cure of Ste Dupas, and the oldest priest in Canada, is dying.

Lepers in New York.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Inspector Joel Hingham of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases, who was called upon today to diagnose the case of Chin Hop Sing, a Chinese laundryman of Fifth street pronounced it a case of leprosy of eight months' standing. The leper came here eighteen months ago from San Francisco, and went to live with his countrymen on Mott street. When the nature of his disease became apparent, the other Chinamen left Sing, who started business on Fifth street. He has had a good run of custom, but the reflections of his many patrons must be anything but pleasant just now. There are said to be three lepers in the city at present, but, aside from keeping posted as to their whereabouts, the health authorities take no special cognizance of the cases.

Salton Lake.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16.—The source of the Salton lake, which has inundated a great part of Colorado, is now settled definitely. The water comes from the Colorado river, and a newspaper party has just come into Salton from Yuma, having made the whole distance in a boat. The start was made last Thursday from Yuma, the mercury being at 112 in the shade in the boat. Much of the country passed through is unexplored. The water is bringing down an immense lot of seed and excellent cattle food is springing up everywhere, and in the desert will soon be a good pasturage. The channel, now that it is cut, will always contain water except in the very lowest stages of the Colorado river.

A Royalist's Views.

PARIS, July 19.—Comte d'Haussonville, a representative of the Comte de Paris, speaking at Toulouse, attacked Cardinal Lavigerie's movement in support of the republic. He said that Clericals desirous of forming a Catholic Republican party were victims of an illusion. Tolerant Republicans existed, but the Government could not get rid of the past. The watchword of the French republic was now, as it always had been, "War Against Religion." It was his place to lay down a line of conduct for the clergy, but the policy of Cardinal Lavigerie was not the best way of defending the interests of the church.

and others, but never with Mr. Gladstone. If Mr. Parnell chooses to publish these letters they will disclose chiefly the keen political craft of Mrs. O'Shea and the entire unconsciousness of the Liberals that her relations with Mr. Parnell were other than pure.

Objection to the Dreibund.

LONDON, July 20.—The Chronicle says the Pope in a recent audience with the Austrian ambassador of Rome, insisted that the Dreibund should refrain from all intervention with Papal conclaves, even if the college of cardinals elected the next Pope elsewhere than in Rome.

Over-Production.

LONDON, July 17.—The President of the Board of Trade, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in the House of Commons to-day, said the Government was aware of the temporary stoppage of the tin-plate works in Wales, involving the throwing of 20,000 men out of work. He thought over-production was the cause of this state of affairs, and quoted figures in support of this theory.

The Dardanelles.

BERLIN, July 19.—The Porte, which has become alarmed at the movements of French diplomats towards re-opening the question of the Dardanelles in the interests of Russia, has communicated with the German ambassador at Constantinople on the policy of the triple alliance on the matter. It is understood that the Turkish Government received assurances that the present position would be maintained.

The "Cumberlands."

BERLIN, July 19.—The police made hundreds of domiciliary visits in the towns and villages of Hanover to-day in search of evidence of treason. They arrested many persons and seized a large number of documents, which it is said prove the existence of treasonable unions and clubs subsidized by the Duke of Cumberland. The papers, however, say that this is only an excuse for the confiscation of the Guelph funds.

For Valor.

A curious return has just been printed at Berlin. It shows how often German regimental colors were struck in action during the campaigns of 1864, 1866 and 1870, and also how many officers, non-commissioned officers and men were killed while carrying the colors. The memory of these losses is sacredly preserved. Every staff that has been clasped in action by a dead soldier's fingers is encircled with a silver ring with the inscription of the man's name and the words "Died a hero's death with this color in his hand."

A New Industry.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating Charles Fleetford Sise, president of the Bell Telephone company of Canada, George William Moss, Hon. Joseph Rosaire Thibaudeau, president of the Royal Electric company, Frederick L. Beique, Q.C., John Cassil, all of Montreal; Charles Alfred Hamilton, treasurer of the Bridgeport Brass company; Henry Doig Stockley, agent of Bridgeport, Connecticut, and Eugene F. Phillips, Providence, Rhode Island, as the Montreal Metal Works, limited, with a capital stock of $50,000.

Railway to the North.

CALGARY, July 19.—The Calgary and Edmonton Railway has been graded to Edmonton, and the rails are now laid within a few miles of the city. We will now be heard from the extension of the road from Calgary to Macleod.

The famous Franciscan Fathers will come to live in Montreal at the conclusion of a few weeks.

Mrs. Newly—"Can you spare some Pearline in my wash water? Do you ever use it?"

Mrs. Oldam—"Yes, my girls." "Do Kindly—Adv.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. TRADE MARK

CURE

Sick Headache and relieves all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

St. Vitus Dance Cured!

SAN ANDREAS, CAL. Co., Cal., Febr. 1889.

My boy, 13 years old, was so affected by it, that he could not go to school for 2 years. Two bottles of Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic restored his natural health, and he is now attending school again.

MICHAEL O'CONNEL.

Extract From a Letter of the

Rev. W. C. Kampmeier, Lowell Wash. Co. O.

After the second dose of the Nerve Tonic which I ordered for my little son upon the advice of Rev. F. Koenig, the spasms disappeared and no symptoms shown since four weeks, although the attacks came on 15 to 20 times each day before—The child was so delicate that it could hardly stand or walk, now it is playing in the yard and has gained 3½ lbs. in weight. Although the Rev. Koenig had expressed but little hope that the Nerve Tonic would help, I thank God, that I followed my advice and shall recommend the remedy to all sufferers.

Our Pamphlet for sufferers of nervous diseases will be sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge from us.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., for the past ten years, and is now prepared under his direction by the

KOENIG MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

Price $1 per Bottle. 6 Bottles for $5.

In Montreal, by E. LEONARD, Chemist 113 St. Lawrence street.

"How are you?"
"Nicely, Thank You."
"Thank Who?"
"Why the inventor of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Which cured me of CONSUMPTION."

Give thanks for its discovery. That it does not make you sick when you take it.

Give thanks. That it is three times as efficacious as the old-fashioned cod liver oil.

Give thanks. That it is such a wonderful flesh producer.

Give thanks. That it is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Coughs and Colds.

Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

An Old Custom.

The Italian Government will revive the medieval Venetian custom by wedding all its future warships with the Adriatic.

To Catch Greenhorns.

Rev. Samuel McBride has a brandnew plan to free Ireland and he will disclose its particulars as soon as he has collected as many ten-dollar bills as will paper a bed-room and leave him a fair margin to start agitation upon.

Mr. Farrell's Stolen Body.

CONNAUGHT, July 16.—The reward for the return of the body of the late P. Farrell, ex-M.P., has been raised to $2000 and his friends are of the opinion that this will result in its recovery. The general opinion, however, is that even this large amount will not produce it; not because the body is lost but because the men who have made away with it and who are doubtless three in number want at least $1000 a piece as their share of the profit. It is generally believed Dorcadie knows exactly where the body is, but will not produce it till his price is paid.

Mr. Gladstone's Horse.

LONDON, July 18.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter in support of Mr. Brand, a candidate for Wisbeach, in which he says: "My physicians will restrain me for some months to come from the public use of my voice. I hope the election will be an additional proof that the country is determined to take off the incubus of the Irish question."

The Land of Gold.

LONDON, July 14.—The report of Mr. Mortimer, British vice-consul at Los Angeles, Cal., just issued, says: "Great dangers beset the investors in south California from promoters in London and from the mismanagement of English managers who are not familiar with the country and from the impositions of vendors here." Mr. Mortimer adds that he is reluctantly compelled to advise English capitalists not to invest in that part of the country, and quotes San Francisco newspapers as declaring that the companies floated in London for the past five years have been miserable failures, while many have been out and out swindles.

Sexton to Lead.

LONDON, July 17.—Mr. Sexton has obtained the support of several Irish bishops and is increasing the adhesion of members who will support him as leader of the party on Mr. McCarthy's withdrawal. The personal friends of Mr. Dillon lay stress upon his reluctance to lead any section if he fails to reunite the party. He is disposed to join his brother in America and to abandon political agitation for a time. The bulk of the Liberals if consulted would select Sexton before Dillon. During the progress of the Irish Land bill Sexton added immensely to his reputation as a tactician. He is the ablest debater in the party and is now recognized as a star in his quiet judicial handling of affairs.

Mrs. Parnell's Political Craft.

LONDON, July 17.—Sensational rumors that Mrs. Parnell has in her possession compromising correspondence with Mr. Gladstone, which she obtained while she was a go-between for Mr. Parnell and the Liberals, have a basis of truth. During the period when Mr. Parnell was in Kilmainham gaol Mrs. O'Shea was a busy medium and was in constant communication with Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Morley

COMMERCIAL.

GRAIN.—Business is very quiet, with but few transactions. We quote: No. 1 Manitoba hard wheat, nominal; No. 2 Manitoba hard, $1.10 @ $1.12; No. 3 Manitoba hard, 97c; No. 2 northern, $1.01 @ $1.03; feeding do, 62c @ 65c; peas, 89c in store; 90c afloat; Oats, Manitoba 53c @ 53½c; Upper Canada, 55c @ 56c; corn, 72c @ 77c, duty paid; barley, feeding, 60c; malting, nominal, 65c @ 67c; rye, nominal 83c @ 84c.

FLOUR.—The market continues very quiet. Straight Roller is quoted at $4.90 @ $5.00. We quote:—Patent spring, $5.50 @ $6.00; patent winter, $5.25 @ $5.35; straight rollers, $5.00 @ $5.05; extra, $4.60 @ 4.70; superfine, $4.00 @ $4.25; strong bakers', $5.25 @ $6.00; strong bakers', (Man.,) $5.00 @ $5.15.

HOG PRODUCTS.—A fair business is doing and prices are steady. We quote prices to-day as follows:—Canadian short cut, $16 @ 16.50; Western clear mess pork, $16; short cut, western, $15.50; hams, city cured, 10½c @ 11c; do, canvassed, 10½c @ 11½c; lard, in pails, Fairbanks, 8c @ 8½c; bacon, 8c @ 10½c.

CHEESE.—The market is quieter with steady prices. We quote at 8¼c @ 8½c for finest white, and 8¾ for finest colored. Extra fine cheese are selling at 9c.

BUTTER.—The market is brisk and prices firm. We quote: Creamery at 19c to shippers; Townships dairy, 16c @ 17c; Western dairy, 14c @ 15c.

EGGS.—The demand has fallen off owing, as the vendors say, to the increased consumption of fruits and vegetables. We quote 13c to-day.

FARMERS MARKETS.

GRAIN.—Oats sell at from $1.20 @ 1.35 per bag; peas, 90c @ $1 per bushel; buckwheat, 65c @ 70c do; beans, $1.50 @ $2.00 do.

ROOTS AND VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, 75c @ $1.25 per bag; cabbages, 30c @ 40c per dozen; cauliflowers, 75c @ 90c do.; cucumbers, 30c do.

FRUIT.—Lemons, $4.50 @ $5.50 per box; oranges, $3 @ $4 do; apples, $2.50 @ $4 per barrel; bananas, according to size and quality, $1.25 @ $1.75 per bunch; raspberries, 85c @ $1 per pail; red currants, 25c @ 40c per gallon; black currants, 40c do; gooseberries, 50c @ 60c do; blueberries, 75c do; tomatoes 75c per basket, containing about a peck.

DAIRY PRODUCE.—Tub butter from 14c @ 17c per lb; prints, 16c @ 20; packed eggs, 14c to 18c per dozen; fresh, 20c @ 25c.

POULTRY.—Fowl, 60c @ $1 per pair; turkeys, 90c @ $1.25 each; young ducks, 60c @ $1 per pair; spring chickens, alive, 50c @ 60c per pair.

FISH.—Fresh salmon from the Lower Ports, 12½c @ 15c per lb; halibut, 10c @ 12c; haddock and cod, 5c @ 6c; trout and white fish, 8c @ 10c; dore, 10c; pike, 8c; pickerel, 8c @ 10c; lobster, 10c @ 12c; sturgeon, 10c; perch, rock bass and little white fish, 15c @ 30c per bunch.

HAY AND STRAW.—Hay, $8 @ $9.50 per 100 bundles of 15 lbs; pressed hay, 50c @ 70c per 100 lbs; straw, $4.00 @ $5.00 per 100 bundles of 12 lbs each.

Live Stock.

Report Montreal Stock Yards Company, Point St. Charles.

The receipts of Live Stock at these Yards for week ending July 18th were as follows:

	Cattle	Sheep.	Lambs	Hogs.
	2562	4015	653	472
Left over from previous week	30	250	201	
Total for week	2592	4265	854	471
Left on hand	572	1119	85	

Heavy receipts of cattle for week. Values a shade lower for export cattle, but few changing hands. The butcher market was over supplied with inferior quality cattle, a number of which remain unsold. No change in values. Large receipts of sheep for export purpose; lower prices. Hogs unsteady, at best values. We quote the following as being fair values:—Cattle export, 5¼c @ 5½c; cattle butchers good, 4½c @ 5c; cattle butchers med., 3½c @ 4c; cattle butchers culls, 3c @ 3½c; sheep, 3½c @ 4c; lambs, 4½c @ 5c; Hogs, $5.10; calves, $2 @ $6.

Interesting Items.

To stand still is to slam some duty.

To live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

A bee find honey where a spider would find poison.

The bad thing about a little sin is that it won't stay little.

When virtue is found unexpectedly, it shines the brightest.

People generally set their hearts most upon that which they need least.

So many things in this world are never said—the look, the loving look, will make you glad, gladder than words.

Character, like porcelain ware, must be painted before it can be glazed. There can be no change after it is burned in.

When home is ruled according to God's Word, angels might be asked to stay a night with us, and they would not find themselves out of their element.

Be not hasty to cast off every aspersion that is cast on you. Let them alone for a while, and then, like mud on your clothes, they will rub off of themselves.

It never troubles the sun that some of its rays fall wide and vain into ungrateful space, and only a small part on the reflecting planet. Thou art enlarged by thine own shining.

There is strength deep-bedded in our hearts, of which we reck but little till the shafts of Heaven have pierced its fragile dwelling. Must not earth be rent before her gems are found?

Honors, like impressions upon coins, may give an ideal and local value to a bit of base metal, but gold and silver will pass all the world over without any other consideration than their own weight.

A lie is never really successful except by chance, seeing that no intelligence is profound enough to foresee the manner in which it will be some day examined; whereas the truth, being always coincident with the reality, can never be wholly refuted.—*Marion Crawford.*

S. Carsley's Column.

EXACTLY ½ HALF.

During the remainder of July all Costumes imported this last Spring will be offered at a discount of from twenty-five per cent to exactly half the marked price, according to style and quality.

For example!

Some Costumes marked $30 are reduced to only $15.00; others marked $30 are reduced to $22.50. Some marked $10 reduced to $5. Others marked $10 reduced to $7.50.

DESCRIPTIVE.

Most of the above mentioned Costumes are suitable for seaside or present wear, or for travelling.

S. CARSLEY.

WHITE COSTUMES!

A few white Embroidered Lawn Costumes, marked $8.00, to be sold at $4.50.

BLACK LACE COSTUMES!

Black Lace Costumes, latest styles, marked down Half price.

SILK COSTUMES!

A few Summer Silk Costumes left. Take your choice at exactly half the marked price.

S. CARSLEY.

GRAND CHANCE.

This is a capital chance of buying costumes or Ready-made Dresses at less than the cost of laying them down in Montreal.

S. CARSLEY.

Sale begins at eight o'clock every morning.

MISSES' DRESSES.

Several Lots of Girls' and Misses' Stuff Dresses and Costumes, suitable for seaside wear or travelling. All marked very cheap.

S. CARSLEY.

July Cheap Sale.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Costume Tweeds, double width	38c
All-wool Costume Tweeds	40c
New Pattern Costume Tweeds	45c
Double Width Costume Tweeds	50c
Scotch Costume Tweed	60c
Cheviot Costume Tweeds	62c
All Shades in Costume Tweeds	68c
Checked Costume Tweeds	70c

S. CARSLEY.

JULY CHEAP SALE.

46-inch colored Cashmeres	46c
All-Wool Colored Cashmere	46c
46-inch Colored Cashmeres	64c
Every shade in Colored Cashmeres	64c
46-inch Colored Cashmeres	72c
All-Wool Colored Cashmeres	90c
Nun's Veilings, all shades	27c
Double Width Nun's Veilings	27c
All-Wool Nun's Veilings	30c
All shades in Nun's Veilings	34c
Striped Challies	6c
Figured Challies	8½c
Figured Challies	11c
Double Width Challies	18c
All-Wool Challies	38c

S. CARSLEY.

JULY CHEAP SALE.

Black Serge, All Wool	25c
Very Fine Black Dress Serges	30c
Blue and Jet Black Dress Serges	35c
All Wool Black Dress Serges	40c
Double Width Black Serge	60c
Black Grenadine	9c
Black Checked Grenadine	12c
Good Black Grenadine	14c
All Wool Black Grenadine	38c
Double Width Grenadine	50c
Choice Patterns in Grenadines	75c
Grenadines, Perfect Black	$1.00
Silk and Wool Grenadines	70c
Silk and Wool Grenadines	$1.10
Black Grenadines, All Silk	$1.35

S. CARSLEY.

JULY CHEAP SALE.

Black Nun's Veiling All-wool	20c
Nun's Veilings for Summer	23c
Good Black Nun's Veilings	30c
Double Width Nun's Veilings	38c
Double Width Nun's Veilings	49c
Double Width Nun's Veilings	72c
All-Wool Black Cashmeres	31c
Full Width Black Cashmeres	45c
Jet and Blue Black Cashmeres	50c
Black Cashmeres Special Finish	60c
Very Fine Black Cashmeres	72c
Best Quality Black Cashmeres	90c
Silk Warp Henrietta	$1.20
Black Figured Lustres	47c
Double Width Black Lustre	32c

S. CARSLEY.

S. CARSLEY.

1765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779

Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.

Always use Clapperton's Thread. Then you are sure of the best Thread in the market. Clapperton's Spool Cotton never breaks, never knots, never ravels, and every spool is warranted 300 yards. Always ask for

Clapperton's Spool Cotton.

S. Carsley's Column.