this afternoon, to invite most respectfully your Lord-, tension, my pride, my glory. ship's attention to the use made in the various Romanist and Dissenting organs of a letter recently published and bearing the name of our highest Ecclesiastical authority. The fact which is assumed to be established by that letter, viz., the concurrence of all the Bishops but one or two, and the vast majority of the Clergy, in the belief that the absence of Episcopal Ordination constitutes no disqualification for the due administering of Christ's Ordinances in the Catholic Church, is one which uncontradicted causes the greatest perplexity and disquiet to many members of our communion. That your Lordship's personal sentiments are misinterpreted in this publication we are ourselves convinced: for we find a complete refutation of the sentiment imputed to you in the following extract from your Lent Sermons of

"Our present position is this. Our Blessed Lord gave to his Apostles a general commission to build His Church: and a promise of the Holy Spirit to guide them in all things necessary for the due execution of their all important task: as well as an assurance of His own continued presence with the Ministry even to the end of the world. Under that authority, and with the certainty of that guidance, the holyApostles did proceed to construct a Church according to a certain form of polity which, as being of Apostolical origin and authority, was observed by the Universal Church in all its branches for many ages: so that it was never even thought of that there could be a Church without a Bishop; nor that any persons should claim authority to minister the Word and Sacraments, who had not been ordained by a Bishop. The doctrine of an Apostolic succession in the ministry is asserted by the Presbyterian Divines, as well as by ourselves : only they maintain that the ministerial commission has descended through a succession of Presbyters; we, that it has come down to us through a line of Bishops; and that we have the testimony of all history on our side I think has already been proved."

We are persuaded that a public reference to this passage as a true expression of the doctrine of the Church of the Church of the Church of England, on the subject of Episcopal Ordination, would be a great means of reassuring many doubting and desponding minds, and we therefore weuld earnestly request your Lordship's sanc-tion to our making use of the above extract for that purpose, as containing a sufficient disavowal of an imputation so injurious to the Church.

" I have the honor to be, " With the highest respect, My Lord,

"Your Lordship's most obedient " And humble servant.

(Signed) " W. H. MILL, Chairman. " The Right Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of London."

[Copy.]

(111.)

" Fulham, 25th Sept., 1851. " My dear Dr. Mill,-My 'Three Sermons on the Church' are of course publici juris; and as I retain unchanged the opinions expressed in them, I can have no objection to your referring to any part of them.

I remain, my dear Dr. Mill, "Your faithful servant, "The Rev. Dr. Mill." "C. J. London.

P.S.-1 take this opportunity of stating, that an account which appeared in the Church and State Gazette," ot my having assisted at the ceremony of laying the first stone of the French Church in St. Martin's-le-Grand, is wholly untrue. Neither was I present on that occasion, nor did I ever allude to it. The writer probably confounded that ceremony with the consecration of the French Episcopal Church of which the Rev. J. Mudry is the Minister."

We confess that this was not exactly the first step which we had expected the London Church Union to take in this matter, as one scarcely realizes in such a body any peculiar relation with an individual Bishop, even though it happens to be located in his Diocese.-But no one can hesitate to approve of such a step; and every sound Churchman must be thankful that it has led to so satisfactory a result. It will be observed that this correspondence has exclusive reference to the first letter of the Archbishop (to Mr. Gawthorn,) but the Bishop's answer was, in fact, written the day after the second letter (to Mr. Palmer) had been pub-

This correspondence strongly confirms what we have said as to the practicability—and therefore the duty-of obtaining a satisfactory and sufficient repudiation of the imputation deduced from the Archbishop's letter, in a quiet manner, without "agitation," and without exaggerated, violent, contemptuous, or irritating language. It also confirms the opinion we expressed as to the improbability of obtaining, and the uselessness of expecting, or endeavouring to obtain, from the Bishops, generally, anything beyond an affirmation of the Doctrine of the Church-e.g., anything like a declara-tion that certain persons had not any right, power, or authority, to perform any Ministerial function or office. The Bishop of London's answer would have extended further in this direction had it included the re-affirmation of the following passage from his Lordship's memorable Charge of 1842, which is, in fact, avowedly supplementary to the "Sermons on the Church," from which the extract of Dr. Mill's letter is taken:

"I have so recently made a public declaration of my opinions on the Divine Institution and Authority of the Church, that I need not repeat them on the present occasion. If the view which I have taken of the subject be correct, it follows, as a necessary inference, that in this country the Clergy of the National Church, and they alone, are entitled to the respect and obedience of the people, as their lawful guides and governors in spiritual things: that they alone are duly commissioned to preach the Word of God, and to Minister His Holy Sacraments."-Charge pp. 7. 8.

The following extracts from Bishop Horsely, for which we are indebted to a correspondent of the double needle instrument, in a most satisfactory man-Morning Chronicle, affords some valuable advice to Bishops, Clergy, and Laity in these times-

"Upon the Divine commission of the Christian ministry the Clergy of late years have been more silent than is perfectly consistent with their duty; from a the Queen and the Duke of Wellington, &c. fear, as I conceive, of acquiring the name and reputation of High Churchmen. But, my brethren, you will not be scared from your duty by the idle terror of a bickname, artfully applied, in violation of the true meaning of the word, to entrap the judgment of many, and bring the discredit of a folly, long since eradicated, upon principles which have no connection with it.-You promote the stratagem of your enemies-you are assisting in the fraud upon the public-and you are accessaries to the injury to yourselves, if you give way to a dread of the imputation. To be a High Churchman, in the only sense which the word can be allowed to bear, as applicable to any in the present day-God forbid that this should ever cease to be my public pre- late Emperor placed unbounded confidence.

My Rev. brethren, we | must be content to be High Churchmen according to accompanied by some relatives, has been making a the usage of the word, or we cannot be Churchmen at all; for he who thinks of God's Ministers as the mere servants of the State, is out of the Church, severed from it by a kind of self excommunication. Much charitable allowance is to be made for the errors of the laity upon points to which it is hardly to be expected they should turn their attention of their own accord, and upon which, for some time past, they have been very imperfectly instructed Dissenters are to be judged with much candour, and with every possible allowance for the prejudices of education. But for those who have been nurtured in the bosom of the Church, and have gained admission to the ministry, if, from a mean compliance with the humour of the age. or ambitious of the fame of liberality of sentiment (for under the spacious name of profane indifference is made to pass for an accomplishment), they effect to join in the disavowal of the authority which share, or are silent when the validity of the Divine commission is called in question; for any (I hope they are few) who hide this weakness of faith. this poverty of religious principle, under the attire of a gown and cassock, they are, in my estimation, little better than infidels in masquerade."-Bp. Horsely's Charge p. 39.

SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.

The following important letter has been received and posted at Lloyd's this (Saturday) morning :-

Felix Discovery Vessel, Stranfaer, Sept. 25, 1851. "SIR,-I am to acquaint you that the American vessels, Advance and Rescue, after wintering in the ice in Baffin's bay, put into Godhaven (Leifle), in Disco, sailed thence on the 21st of June, 1851, and were spoken off Proven, in Greenland, on the 24th of August, on their way to America, after a fruitless search for the missing ships. They have been sickly, and lost one or two men, but were now all well. The Danish Government brig Hoalfisken arrived at Godhaven, in company with the Felix, on the 30th of August; was to sail thence on the 10th of September for Kron Prins Island, and thence to Copenhagen. All well. The Felix parted with all the other discovery ships on the 13th of August, sailed for Godhaven on the 2nd of September, and arrived here this day under my charge.

"John Ross, Rear-Admiral, R.N. "To the Secretary, Lloy'ds, London.

" N. B. No traces of the missing ships were found since they wintered at Beechy Island, and left it in September, 1846."

The Rev. J. Crabb, so well known as the zealous friend of the Gipsey tribes in England, died at Southampton, on the 17th ult., aged seventy-seven.

Letters from Madrid speak of the general feeling of satisfaction produced there on all parties by the instructions given by the British Government to the commander of the naval force in the West Indies, to co-operate with the Spaniards in the event of any new piratical attempt being made on the Island of Cuba .-General Narvaez was expected in Madrid on the 28th or 29th vit.

The Sultan is throwing all kinds of impediments in the way of the Pacha of Egypt, in order to put a stop to the railway between Cairo and Alexandria. Russian and Austriau influence is supposed to be the cause of these foolish proceedings.

Lord Dunsandle has been elected an Irish Peer in the room of the late Earl of Charleville. The intelligence from the Western Counties of Ireland respecting the thinning of the population, by the wholesale flight of the cultivators of the soil, is found to be substantially correct. It is evident that the emigration of the Irish people to America must speedily terminate in the utter anihilation of the Celtie race in Ireland.

It is said that more than 8,000 Clergymen have protested against the imputation of the Archbishop of Canterbury, contained in the celebrated Gawthorn Letter; and that the following Bishops have also repudiated the Primate's views :- London, Exeter, Salibury, Ripon, St. David's, Baugor, St. Asaph, Bath and Wells, Ruchester, Oxford, Lichfield, and Sodor and Man.

VALUE OF THE GOODS IN THE CRYSTAL PALACE. The value of the goods deposited by the various exhibitors in the Crystal Palace is estimated at the enormous total of fifty millions sterling, and the interest on that sum for six months, at five per cent, would amount to £1.250,000.

THE SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH .- DOVER, Sept. 28 .-The favourable state of the weather this afternoon has enabled the engineers of the Submarine Telegraph to complete their arduous undertaking by carrying the line on to the French coast; and, at a quarter to six o'clock, p.m., printed communications commenced between Messrs. Brett, the originator, and Mr. Cheshire. the manager, at Dover. Telegraphic wires were also placed at the disposal of Mr. Henley, of the Magnetic, and Mr. Reed, of the Needle Telegraph. The communications through all the instruments were most satisfactory, and were continued to a late hour, and brought to a close for the evening by the firing salutes through the wires to the opposite coasts. The word fire" being given from the point where explosion is to take place, is passed to the opposite coast by telegraph, from whence the igniting current is re-passed, and the explosion takes place almost before the word is finished. In a few days it is expected that the telegraph line will be carried quite into Dover by land, the point where the communications are made from at present being about four miles off.

THE SUBMARINE TELEGRAPH.—Intelligence was received at the South Foreland, at 6, p. m. on Sunday, by the submarine telegraph itself, of the satisfactory completion to the French coast, near Calais. Communications by the printing apparatus of Messrs. Brett, were kept up by one of the inventors at Calais, and by Mr. Cheshire at Dover, and also with the ner. Fusees were successfully fired on the order to fire being given from either side of the Channel. Copies of the printed message announcing the gratify. ing intelligence bave been forwarded to Her Majesty

THE EMPEROR OF CHINA .- The young Emperor of China, who succeeded his father at his death, in February, 1850, having, at his accession, rejected the demands addressed to him by the Mandarin for permission to persecute the Christians within his dominions, published a decree in the month of June, in the same year, permitting the free exercise of the Christian religion throughout his dominions. The Emperor, at the same time, invited four missionaries to wait upon him, who are to be ledged in his palace. Monsiguor Peronneau, Bishop of China, has informed us in a letter, dated September the 5th, 1850, that the Etaperor was educated by a Christian lady, in whom the

We regret to learn that the Bishop of Oxford, who the said Toronto and Guelph Railway Company, to the amount tour on the Continent, was seized at Milan, with an attack of fever, which at this season is very prevalent there. The symptoms were at first very alarming, but we are happy to say the most recent accounts state that the Right Rev. Prelate is much better, so as to be able to commence his journey homeward.—Bucks

A HUSBAND'S GOOD FORTUNE .- A gentleman residing in West Ham, shortly after his marriage, was presented with some foreign scrip by his wife's father, who supposed it to be of trifling value, but the fortunate holder has since realized no less than £15,000 by

Niagara Deanery Branch of the Diocesan Church

Society. The Annual Parochial Meetings are appointed to be and stock so subscribed for in the hald Company.

held D. V. as follows :-October 24, at 11 " A. M. Port Maitland, 28. at 11 " A. M. Port Daihousie. 28, at 6} P. M. Jordan. 29, at 11 44 •• A. M. Grimshy. 30, at 11 " A. M. Port Robinson.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary. Thorold, Oct. 13, 1851.

30, at 6} "

TORONTO MARKETS. TORONTO, October 22nd., 1851.

A. M. Thorld.

	ø.	d.			d.
Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs	3	2		3	5
Spring do. do	1	9		3	0
Oats, per 34lbs	ī	Ò		1	3
Barley	2	3	•	2	6
Flour, superfine (in Barrels)	20	ŏ	4	00	0
Do. fine (in Bags)	18	Ď	•	20	Ō
Market Flour, (in Barrels)	17	o	•	18	9
Do. (in Bage)	15	ŏ	-	17	6
Oatmeal, per barrel	16	ă	-	18	,
Beef, per 16.		3	7	Ö	•
Do. per 100 lbs	80	ō	7	22	ě
Bacon	30	ŏ	7	37	ě
	40	ŏ	7	43	ŏ
Hams, per cwt	35	ŏ	=	56	ĭ
llay per ton	27	6	7	35	õ
Straw per ton		6	-	2	•
Turkeys, each	5	-	•		9 į
Geese, do	3	0	•	3	•
Fowls	ı	H	•	2	O
Bread	0	4	•	O	5
Regs per dozen	Û	6	•	.0	71
Fire Wood per cord	12	6	a	13	O
Coals per ton	27	6			6
Mutton per lb	0	2		0	0
Butter, tresh, per lb	0		•	0	21
	_		_		-

New Advertisements.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

AND

Aletropolitan Building Society, Office - No. 5, King Street, West.

Derectors :

President THE HON. W. CAYLEY. Vice-President T. D. HARRIS, Esq.

Rev. J. BEAVEN, D. D. Rev. S. LETT, L.L. D. J. M. STRACHAN, Esq. GEORGE BROCK, Esq.

S. B. HARMAN, Esq. G. W. ALLAN, Esq. THOS. CHAMPION, Esq. Mr. HENRY BOUCHER, Assistant Secretary.

T a Meeting of the Directors held on the 18th of October, 1851, it was Resolved, That the Society do commence operations on the First of January, 1852. All Instalments already paid, to be considered as Instalments paid in advance, and interest allowed thereon from the time such payments were made according to Rule III. In the Constitution of the

THOMAS CHAMPION.

Toronto, October 22nd, 1851.

CORPORATION OF TORONTO.

AN ACT to authorize the Corporation of the City of Toronto, to Subscribe for Stock in the "Toronto and Guelph Railway Company," to the amount of £100,000.

MHEREAS, by the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, it was amongst other things enacted, that the Municipal Corporations in this Province might subscribe for any number of shares in the Capital Stock of any Railway Company which should by Act of the Parliament of this Province be thereafter incorporated; or lend to or guarantee the payment of any sum of money borrowed by the said Company from any Corporation or person, or endorse or guarantee the payment of any debentures to be issued by the Company for the money by them borrowed, and should have power to assess and levy from time to time upon the whole rate ble property of the municipality a sufficient sum for them to discharge the debt or engagement so conficient sum for them to discharge the debt or engagement so con-tracted, and for the like purpose to issue debentures, payable at such times and for such sum respectively—not less than Five Poun is Currency—and bearing or not bearing interest, as such Municipal Corporation may think meet; and that any such Debenture issued, endorsed or guaranteed should be valid and blud-ing on such municipal corporation if signed or endorsed, and countersigned by such officer or person, and in such manner and countersigned by such omeer or person, and in such manner and form as should be directed by any by law of such corporation, and that the corporation seal thereto should not be necessary, nor the observance of any other form with regard to the said debentures, thus such as should be directed in such by-law as aforesaid. And also, that no municipal corporation should autocribe for stock, or incur any debt or liability under the said act, or the special act incorporating the said company, unless and until a by-law to that effect should have been duly made and adopted, with the consent first had of a majority of the qualified electors of the municipality to be ascertained in such manner as should be demunicipality, to be ascertained in such manner as should be de-termined by the said hy-law, after public advertisement thereof-containing a copy of such hy-law, inserted at least four times in each newspaper printed within the limits of the said municipality; or if none be printed therein, then in one or more newspapers printed in the nearest city or town thereto, and circulated therein, and also put up in at least four of the most public places in each municipality. And also that the Mayor, Warden or Keeve, being the head of such municipal corporation subscribing for and holding stock in the said company to the amount of five thousand pounds, or upwards, should be and should continue be ex afficio one of the directors of the said company, in addition to the numher of directors authorized by the special act incorporating the same, and should have the same rights, powers, and duties as any

f the directors of the said Company:
And whereas, by a certain act of the Legislature of this Prorince, passed during the last session, a company was incorporated Ontario within the limits of the City of Toronto to the town of Guelph, to be called the "Toronto and Guelph Railway Company," and the Provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act Bereinbefore recited were amongst others incorporated in the

And whereas at a public meeting of the Citizens of Toronto, convened by the Mayor of the said City, upon a requisition of the inhabitants thereof, and held at the St. Lawrence Hall on the 2d

day of October, 1851, it was resolved that—
"It is the opinion of this meeting, that the Corporation of the City of Toronto should, without delay, subscribe for Stock in the Books of the Toronto and Guelph Railroad Company, to the amount of £100 606 :

And whereas the construction of the said Railroad will attract to the said City, a new, important and extensive trade, and will promote the prosperity, and increase the wealth of the said City, and it is deemed advisable that the said City of Toronto should subscribe for the said number of Shares in the said Capital Stock of the said Company, and should issue Debentures to the amount of One Hundred Thousand Pounds for the payment thereof: He it therefore enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto, I hat it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor of the said City of Toronto, to subscribe for Stock in

of the Hundred Thousand Pounds for and on behalf of the said City of Toronto, and for payment of the said Stock, it shall and may be lawful for, and it shall be the duty of the Mayor, for the time being of the said city, to raise by way of a loan, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, from any person or persons, budies politic or corporate, who may be willing to lend the same man the same man the security of the behavior to be a considered. the same upon the security of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole the said sum of One Hundred Thousand Pounds, and to cause the same to be under the beauty of the Course the same to be under the same to be und sain aim of the Hundred. Phousand Pounds, and to cause the saint to be juid into the hands of the Chamberlain of the said City of Toronto, for the time being, to be by him applied under the direction of the Common Council of the said City of Toronto, for the time being, in paying the instalments upon the said Stock in subscribed as the same may be called in or become due and payable; or to cause to be found. Debentures for the said sum of One Hundred Thousand Pounds, in the manner hereinafter provided, with interest mayable half-venty, and to cause such Devided, with interest mayable half-venty, and to cause such Devided, with interest mayable half-venty, and to cause such Devided, with interest mayable half-venty. vided, with interest payable half-yearly, and to cause such De-bentures to be delivered to the exid Toronto and Guelph Railway tentures to be delivered to the said Toronto and Guelph Rallway Company, as and when such calls or instalments upon the Capital Stock of the said Company, shall be made or become due and payable under and by sixtue of the Art Incorporating the said Company, in payment and satisfaction of the said calls upon the

That it shall be the duty of the Mayor of the City of Toronte for the time being, from time to time, to cause any number of Debentures to be made out in such amounts as to him shall seem Propertures to be made out in such amounts as to him shall seem fit, and, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of One Hundred Thousand Pounds, which said Debentures shall be under the Common Scal of the said City of Toronto, signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Chamberlain, for the time being, of the said City of Toronto, and shall bear interest not exceeding six per cent, per amount, payable half-yearly, and shall be made redeemable at the Bank of Upper Canada, in Toronto, provided always, that none of the said Debentures shall be for a less sum than £25, nor payable at a more remote period than twenty years always, that none of the said Detentures shall be for a less sum that £25, nor payable at a more remote period that twenty years from the issuing thereof. And provided further, that it shall and may be lawful for the said City of Tosonto, at any time or times when it may be deemed advisable so to do, to redeem any of the said Debentures before the same may become due, either by sale of the whole we are not of the capital stock so subscribed for of the whole or any part of the capital stock so subscribed for as aforesaid, or which may, from time to time, be held by the said City of Toronto, or out of any funds which may from time to time be at the disposal of the said Common Council of the said City of Toronto and not otherwise appropriated, upon giving six months notice of their intention to redeem the same, in two or more of the public newspapers of the said City of Toronto.

That the dividends from time to time paid upon the stock so subscribed for in the said Toronto and Guelph Railroad Company, and received by the said City of Toronto, shall be applied under the direction of the Common Council of the said City of Toronto, in the first place in payment of the interest accruing upon the said debestures, and the surplus in the redemption of such of the said debentures as the said Common Council may from time to time think at to redeem.

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That for the payment of the half-yearly interest from time to time accruing, due and payable upon the said debentures respectime accruing, due and payable upon the said debentures respec-tively, there shall be raised, levied, and collected, in each and every year, an equal rate in the pound upon the assessed value of all the rateable property in the said City of Torouto and the liber-ties thereof, over and above all other rates and taxes, sufficient to pay the said half-yearly interest, or so much thereof as shall not be met or paid by the dividends from time to time received upon the said stock in the said Company, and such rate shall be col-lected and paid over to the said Chamberlain of the said City for the time being, at the same time and in the same manner as other rates are collected and paid over.

the time being, at the same time and in the same matter as other rates are collected and paid over.

And for the payment and redemption of the principal money secured by the said debentures, there shall be raised, levied, and cellected, in the year next before such debentures shall respectively fall due, an equal rate in the pound upon the assessed value of all rateable property in the said City of Toronto and the liberties thereof, over and above all other rates and taxes whatsoever, as the property of the principal course accurately a such debentures. sufficient to pay the principal money accured by such debentures so respectively falling due as aforesaid, or so much or such part thereof as shall remain unpaid after the surplus of the dividends hereinbefore mentioned and appropriated shall have been applied in liquidation thereof, or by a loan to be raised upon other debentures, to be issued for such sums, redeemable at such periods as by an Act of the Common Council of the said City of Teronto may be declared and enacted.

That for the purpose of obtaining the assent or discent of the qualified electors of the said City of Toronto to this by-law, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Paliway Clauses Uonsolidation Act, hereintefore recited, it shall be the duty of the Mayor of the said City of Toronto, to cause such by-law to be published at least four times in each and every newspaper printed in the said City of Toronto, and to cause copies thereof to be put up and affixed at the St. Lawrence Hall, the corner of Youga and Queen Streets, the Court House, and St. Patrick is market—being four of the most public places in the said City of Toronto—and to cause a Poli to be opened, held, and taken at such place and time in each of the Wards of the said City of Toronto, as may by proclamation under his hand be appointed, and in the same by proclamation under his hand be appointed, and in the same manner as a Poll would be taken for the election of Alderman and manner as a Poli would be taken for the election of Alderman and Common Councilmen for the said City, at which the qualified electors of the said City of Toronto may record their votes in favor or against the said by-law—provided always that such Polic shall not be opened until after the publication of the said By-Law, according to the provisions of the said Railway Clauses Cousolidation Act, hereinbefore in part recited.

NOTICE-The above is a true copy of a By-Law proposed to he passed by the Municipality of the City of Forento, now pub-lished in compliance with Sub. Sec. 3, of clause 18, of the Act 16 & 15 Victoria, chap. 51, entitled "An Act to consolidate and regulate the general clauses relating to Railways."

CHARLES DALY, C. C. C.

CLERK's OFFICE, Toronto, October 17, 1851.

The Churchman's Almanac, FOR 1859.

PHIS ALMANAC, containing besides the Calendar, entire corrected lists of the Clergy of the Dioceses of Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, New Brunewick, Nova Scotla, Newfoundland, Fredericton, and Prince Ruperts' Land. Lists of Bishops of the Church in Eugland, Ireland, Scotland, the Colonies, and the United States. Lists of the Lay Delegates who attended the Convention of the Lord Bishop of Toronto, and the Lord Bishop of Quebec on the secular state of the Church in those Dioceses. The Church Temporalities Act of the Diocese of Toronto, an abstract of the generalities of the Clergy Reserve of Toronto, an abstract of the expenditure of the Diocese of Toronto, an abstract of the expenditure of the Clergy Reserve Fund, General Statistics of the Church in the Diocese of Toronto; a list of Agents for Issuing Marriage Licenses; a list of Crown and County Officers; a list of Custom tiouse Officers and ports of entry; Banking and other Institutions, is now ready.

The trade are requested to send in their orders at early as possible to ensure a supply to

A. F. PLEES, Publicher. Toronto, October 22nd, 1851.

COUNTY OF YORK

BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE OFFICE is REMOVED to CHURCH A STREET, two doors north of the Court House J. W. BRENT,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Toronto, October 13th, 1851.

J. E. PELL, GILDER,

Looking Glass and Picture Frame MANUFACTURER, 30, King Street, Toronto.

37 Gilt Inside Moulding always on hand.

WANTED.

MASTER for the Grammar School at Bond forward their testimonials (post paid) to the Rev. S. B. Annous, Barrie, before the Sinth day of November, on which day they will be required to attend for examination at the Grammar School,

8. B. ARDAGH,
Chairman of Simcoe Grammar School.
Barrie, October 8th, 1851. The Patriot, Colonist and Globe, will please copy until the 6th