the Morning Post of the 19th, as follows.

"Warrants have been issued for the apprehension of Dr. M'Douall and Leach, the Chartist agitators. A large seizure has been made at the shop of the latter of seditious and inflaming that these public institutions should be cast in a design allowards.

At Bradford, the master manufacturers had met and unanimously resolved to recommence working. The intelligence from the elothing district is generally satisfactory.

"These are favourable indications, but the reader of the detailed accounts will find, nevertheless, that the atrocious system of closing manufactories by the application of force, or the inflaence of terror, is still in operation in some parts of the country. There is no degree of vigor, nor even of severity, which is necessary for putting down this abominable invasion of the rights of property, and the still more sacred rights of labor.

Canada.

people of Canada, on the present state and prospects of the Universities and Colleges in British North America, established by Royal Charter, and supported by public funds.

Fellow Countrymen,
We, the undersigned Ministers of Montreal, in pursuance of
the important object which formed the ground of our late Merial to the Governor General, which has been published in all the journals of this city, have felt it our duty, respectfully but earnestly, to call your attention to the peculiar condition of our higher Seminaries of Education, and to the imminent danger, if they are to be established and conducted under such

We had hoped, that after the settlement of the long agitated question of the Clergy Lands we should not have been compelled, at least at so early a period, to protest against a course of proceeding in a matter of deep and universal interest to the present and to future generations in this Colony, calculated, as we fear, to revive the jealousies, and to renew the dissensions which appeared to have been happily set at rest.

We shall no mere private and party establishments; new institutions, founded upon better principles and standing upon a broader basis, will speedily rise up to supersed, in all probability to overshadow and eclipse them; compelling them either to accommodate themselves to the wants and wishes of the country, or dooming them to languish and wither away, the just objects of general contempt and reprobation.

Benezenting, as we do, so many Christian communities, it

faction and alarm at the course which, it seems, is now proposed to be followed out in the immediate organization of King's College, Toronto, and of M'Gill College, Montreal, and in the

selves, they are entitled.

We rejoice in the fact that that Church includes many most important branches of Academical Education.

While it is certainly desirable that these institutions should be called into active operation, with all convenient speed, we humbly conceive that it is of infinitely greater moment that nothing should be done with precipitation, or to suit the views and interests of a sect or party; that it is due to this great and

they must in future be supported.

The fact that they have been erected by Royal Charter, can community to exact the utmost responsibility from those who are charged with their organization and government, since it is not for a moment to be presumed that Her Majesty can have any other interest or desire, as a faithful trustee for behoof of all classes of her subjects in the Colony, than to render them, in the highest possible degree, acceptable to the whole community, and effective of their destined ends.

It has been asked, of what do we complain? Our prompt and decisive answer has been, and we adhere to it, thinking it neither, irrelevant nor frivolous, that we have not confidence in those who have had, and, we believe, still hold the entire management of these institutions.

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ent of these institutions, with what responsibility or under agement of these institutions, and we presume the public are generally as ignorant as we are.

us, had the privilege of such election been vouchsafed to us, would have chosen as his representative.

Is it not a fact that, with the unimportant exception of two or three, who happen to be members, in virtue of civil office, the Governors of King's and M'Gill Golleges, are of the communion of the Church of England? Is this doing justice to the Universities? To the country? Is it fair; is it respectful to the numerous bodies of other denominations? While the Clergymen of all other Protestant denominations and the public at large are, at this moment, in profound ignorance of what has

this precipitation inspire connidence, or does it august well for the fame of this great school of letters? Will literary and moral qualifications be alone required of the candidates for office? Will not adherence to the Church of England compensate for inferior scholarship, and the absence of that adherence neutralize, in the opinion of such judges, the highest literary merits? Do the Governors not shrink from the responsition

parture from the Albany street Barracks. It is also stated, that the sixty-first regiment are on their way from Dover, under orders at once to proceed to the north. These rumors drew of British North America, what is the actual state of our Products at once to proceed to the north. These rumors drew of British North America, what is their government vested? In what hands is their government vested? In what hands is their government vested? The proceed to the terminus of the railway at Euston of British North America, what is their government vested? The proceed to the terminus of the railway at Euston of British Rorth America, what is their government vested? The proceed to the terminus of the railway at Euston of British Rorth America, what is their government vested? The proceed to the terminus of the railway at Euston of British Rorth America, what is their government vested? The proceed to the proceed to the north. large bodies of people to the terminus of the railway at Euston grove, and at the time of writing this (a quarter past eight testant Colleges? In what hands is their government vested? Are they fitted to inspire equal confidence in all classes and denominations of Her Majesty's loyal subjects? Is there no o'clock,) there cannot be less than from 500 to 600 present."

The latest accounts from the disturbed districts are given in the Morning Post of the 19th, as follows.

matery placards.

"Some of the factories at Manchester, and the whole of those and military force. At Blackburn most of the mills continue working, and the town was quiet, after an examination by the magistrates of about ninety prisoners and the committal of a great number of them for trial.

"The magistrates at Burslem, in Staffordshire, had suggested in re-establishing their authority; and in the pottery district a great number of the rioters had been apprehended and safely conveyed to Stafford goal.

by conveyed to Stafford gaol.

Birmingham remained free from riot, and Conventry, although the latter had been invaded by a numerous body fractory colliers. of refractory colliers.

"At Leeds, the mills are at work as usual, and our correspondent adds, 'There is little fear of their being stopped.'

"At Bradford, the master manufacturers had met and unanjustic intermediate in the conduct of our most important tain an undue influence in the conduct of our most important institutions, we must feel it our imperative duty to watch them

> erty, and the still more sacred rights of labor, a single moment, to be spared."
>
> country and the still more sacred rights of labor, a single moment, to be spared."
>
> country we are called once more to unite and co-operate, in order to enforce the practical and impartial carrying out, in the framework and administration of all our public Institutions, of those principles of equal rights and liberty, and of that virtual responsibility to public opinion, which are the only sure guarantee of our future peace, freedom, and prosperity.
>
> Under this persuasion, we conclude by recommending that

Of the undersigned Ministers of the City of Montreal, to the people of Canada, on the present state and prospects of the University. party and sectarian spirit, which, if it be not now sternly and vigorously opposed, will not stop in its career, until it shall have perverted into merely party and sectarian schools, our Universities and Colleges, which if not immediately and effectively put down, will revive unhappy dissensions from which we have just emerged, and obscure the fair prospects that are now opening to our country.

Is it too much to hope, that those who are now so blindly and precipitately urging this matter, may be induced by this

danger, if they are to be established and conducted under such auspices as the present, of the introduction of a sectarian spirit prove to them more injurious than defeat; for we are persuaded, prove to them more injurious than defeat; for we are persuaded, that if these institutions are established upon a narrow basis, That their system of government and discipline.

We regard the subject of our present Appeal as one of paramount importance to this, and indeed to all the Colonies of Great Britain.

The their system of government and discipline.

That if these institutions are established upon a narrow oasis, that if these institutions are established upon a narrow oasis, and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfeit and governed in the spirit of a sect or party, they will forfe

appeared to have been happily set at rest.

We shall now submit with the utmost candour and frankness, without any reserve or extenuation, the grounds of our dissatisfaction and alarm at the control of lingness, in all respects, to concede to the members of that

We rejoice in the fact that that Church includes many

and interests of a sect or party; that it is due to this great and enlightened country, and indispensably necessary to the credit and prosperity of these institutions, that they be commenced under the most of the commenced under the most favourable auspices, and if possible, without even the appearance of suspicion of a party or secturian bias, that they may command the general confidence and approbation of the community, whose property they are, for whose benefit they have been professedly founded and endowed, and by whom they have been professedly founded and endowed, and by whom they must in future he appropriate.

**Congregational Church; Benjamin Davies, Fh. D., Fresident Congregational Church; Benjamin Davies, Fh. D., Fresident Church; J. Davies, Fh. Davies, Fh. D., Fresident Church; J. Davies, Fh. D Congregational Theological Professor.

Montreal, August 23, 1842.

(From the Hamilton Gazette.)

The control of the co

men of all other Protestant denominations? While the Clergymen of all other Protestant denominations and the public at large are, at this moment, in profound ignorance of what has been done, or of what is devised, who shall wonder that we hesitate to give a blind and implicit confidence to the measures, which such Governors may see fit to adopt, measures, too, which may produce lasting, and, it may be, very injurious consequences? Are two or three individuals, however respectable, sufficient to fulfil so high a trust, as the organization of great public institutions, which ought to be rendered equally open, acceptable and serviceable to all sects and parties?

Are we not all as much interested and as well entitled, as the members of the Church of England, to be consulted as to the constitution and modelling of them; and shall we not be permitted without the imputation of intrusiveness, to crave that the voice and the will of the great majority of Protestants in this Colony shall not be treated, as if it were of no account.

We have published an address from a parcel of Clergymen [Dissenting Ministers] to the Governor General, on the subject of McGill College. The public will form their own opinion ject of McGill College. The public will form their own opinion be fet seat extended as expressed in the document itself: for our own part we do for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled this ado for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled the for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen who compiled the for the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen the document itself: for our own part we do fet the sentiments of the Rev. gentlemen a

Fence neutralize, in the opinion of such judges, the highest litefary merits? Do the Governors not shrink from the responsibility which they must incur, and the unsparing scrutiny and
censorship to which their present proceedings will most justly
be subjected in the Colony and in the parent country?

Indeed we cannot allow ourselves to believe that the enLightened and liberal portion of our brethren who adhere to the lightened and liberal portion of our brethren who adhere to the had Universities up and down, equal in number to the variety Church of England will approve of such partial proceedings, of their different sects. We claim, and hope to preserve the because we cannot imagine them so blind and miscalculating, because we cannot imagine them so blind and miscalculating, right to do as we will with our own, and to attempt to interfere as to deem that the temporary possession of such exclusive with us, says little for the modesty and fairness of our oppositions. power and influence, would not be bought at far too dear a nents. Why, indeed, do not these gentlemen whine and comprice by setting them in a hostile attitude to the great body of plain of the Roman Catholics, who have Colleges and Semi-

liscipline, to leave them any hope of success in that quarter.
They let them alone, because their object is a selfish and not a religious one, and they know that they might as well rail at the moon as hope to shake the Papist establishment with their

addresses and political sermons. rdresses and pointical sermons. The Church of England has a right to establish Universities as well as other religious communities, and claims no more. I trust that her friends will adhere firmly to their right. They have already in the matter of the Clergy Reserves given away their coat; I warn them to be vigilant and mind that the Protestant Dissenting gentlemen do not wheedle them out of their (Signed) A CHURCHMAN.

Montreal, August 29, 1842. (From the Montreal Herald.)

We have perused with a feeling of pity, mixed up with a we have perused with a teening of pity, maker up with a good deal of inclination to laugh, at the long "appeal" of certain religious teachers in this city against King's College of Toronto, and M'Gill College of Montreal. The style is one that cannot be mistaken, a regular specimen of genuine buzz-fuzz, delivered without any other eartily occasion, that we can perceive, except that the leading gentlemen connected with those Universities are members of the Church of England; and those Universities are members of the Universities are members of the Church of England; and for all we see to the contrary in the document, it might with equal propriety have been let off, if they had belonged to any other church, or to no church,—so perfectly incoherent is the declamation. To be sure, the very meek Christians, who sign the document, would not have had the same reason for denounties in the contract and the presidents been cing these infant establishments, had the Presidents been Atheists, because their hatred of Atheists is not so vigorous as Atheists, because their harred of Atheists is not so vigorous as their harred of members of the Church of England; but as the their harred of members of the Church, there is no hope for "these noble institutions." Had an Atheist or a Deist, or a sectarian of the peculiar creed of any of the believers whose names are of the peculiar creed of any of the believers whose names are of the peculiar creed of any of the believers whose names are of the great and good of our father-land;—honours and courtesies which have left an impression of gratitude and place. their hatred of members of the Church of England; but as the so courageously given to the world, been the happy man, he would not, of course, have belonged to the Church, and these "great public institutions," would certainly have flourished "like a green bay tree," in his non-sectarian hands. What a capital idea, that because the President of M'Gill College, for estance, is not a Moslem nor a Brahmin, nor any thing else but a plain communicant of the Church of England, the whole of the Protestant Colleges in North America, these "glorious," noble institutions," are all "cast in a party or sectariar mould." When our reverend friends talk about Protestant Colleges, they should previously give people to understand what they mean by the expression. If they mean by it Colleges of which the government, discipline and universal control leges of which the government, discipline and universal control must be in the hands of Protestants, they are surely not so ignorant as not to know, that neither M'Gill College, nor King's College, can be called one of the "Protestant Colleges."

They are, in truth, the only two Colleges in Capada which They are; in truth, the only two Colleges in Canada which have no "sectarian bias" whatever. Jew, Tark or Infidel may be appointed professor in either of them, without challenge may be appointed professor in either of them, without channed ge and without "appeal" by any Protestant sect of any denomination, and surely; if so, the charitable gentlemen will admit, that the accident of a professor being a Churchman or a Baptist, a Presbyterian or a Methodist, is no positive disqualification: But we faucy, that the reverend gentlemen, finding their pre-But we faucy, that the reverend gentlemen, finding their pre-vious memorial to be too pointedly against exclusive institu-vious memorial to be too pointedly against every Roman tions in general, and therefore totally against every Roman Catholic one in particular, have seen fit in their zeal for the Catholic one in particular, have seen fit in their zeal for the Protestant faith to restrict their denunciations now to Protes-Protestant faith to restrict their denunciations now to Protes-point of view, that no doubt exists of the intention of the Go-tpan of the Go-But we fancy; that the reverend gentlemen; finding their pre the fulminators, is the learned and respected President. These are the Protestant exclusive institutions to which the "Appeal" the fulminators, is the learned and respected President. These are the Protestant exclusive institutions to which the "Appeal" can slote apply, and we suppose, that as none of them are under the control of Churchmen, they are the only ones which, in the opinion of the representatives of "so many Christian communities," ought to be excepted. But the public will ask why munities," ought to be excepted. But the public will ask why

ch intolerant, haughty, inveterate hate of the Church?-The Presbyterians have a College to themselves exclusively; in themeasures which relate to them. No mode, in my quaranteed to them by law, the Methodists have the same, the nion, is so certain of producing large annual emigrations for Roman Catholics have the same, but the Church of England the pirent state as that of providing the honest and industrious has not one. Do the reverend gentlemen dare to promulgate from that fact, expressed or understood, that a Churchman ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College? ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College?—
can le no doubt that a valuable class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College?—
can le no doubt that a valuable class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College?—
can le no doubt that a valuable class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College?—
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can le no doubt that a valuable class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from a professorship in an open College?—
can le no doubt that a valuable class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from the college from the college from the class of settlers will find their ought to be driven from the college from t where is it in your present feelings, or your present conduct? Let the exclusive colleges remain exclusive; let them look to their discipline so that their exclusiveness may be perpetual, if

gious enthusiasts, or designing politicians, to create religious animosities among the population of Lower Canada, have sig-nally and entirely failed, and we have no doubt that the present one will share the fate of the others.

* [This is a mistake. The Professors of King's College must subscribe to their belief in the Trinity, and the divine inspiration of the Scriptures.—Ed. Ch.]

SIR ALLAY MACNAB'S RETURN TO THE GORE DISTRICT. And why it may be asked, have you not confidence in them?

And why it may be asked, have you not confidence in them?

Our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address to His Excellency the Goverloyalty and his exertions in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, will far exceed our opinion in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, will far exceed our opinion in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade in the cause of his country, inseparably our opinion, impertinent address, and the grade i And why it may be asked, have you not considence in them?

And why it may be asked, have you not considence in them?

And why it may be asked, have you not considence in them?

And why it may be asked, have you not considence in them?

And a sawer with equal franknes, because some of them, at least, have avowed principles which must utterly deprive them of the contendence of all Protestants who do not hold that the Church of England has very peculiar and exclusive ship and they are pleased to term 'Sectarian views' in apconfidence of all Protestants who do not hold that the Church of England has very peculiarly unorthy of the several professor and the professor of them and they are pleased to term 'Sectarian views' in apcomplete which districts and exclusive ship and they are pleased to term 'Sectarian views' in apcomplete which districts and certains views' in apcomplete which districts and certain views' in apcomplete which districts and certains views' in apcomplete which districts and certains views' in apcomplete which districts and certains views' in apcomplete which districts and certain views' in apcomplete which districts and view of the consecutions.

And who are in the principles which they profess, and in any of
the England is hence the horror of Mr. Henry Encourage of the Church of
the professor of the proof of the investment of the
complete which districts and view of the connections of the consecutions, and
they are well as of the liberal and catholic middle
protestants of their own communion.

We emphatically proclaim our conviction, that men of this
supplies and protection of the communion of the proof of the communion

From the subjoined note,* it will be seen that the Governors of King's College, in Canada West, and of M'Gill College in Canada East, are men of whom some, and those too holding very prominent and influential places in their government, have forfeited the confidence of this community, a few of their own seet excepted, and though there may be among their assessors men of more enlarged and catholic spirit and principles, they are too few to be regarded as sufficient guarantees for the protection of our interests, and perhaps there is not one among them that any of us, had the privilege of such election been vouchsafed to the Congregationalists unsectarianise their School at Touring and hearty cheers from the subjoined note,* it will be seen that the Governors determined the congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations and neighbourhood, in carriages and in waggons—on horseback and the congratulations which he received. From all parts of the town congratulations and neighbourhood, in carriages and in waggons—on horseback and n pression. Sir Allan read his answer in a tone of voice by no means weakened by the fatigues of his voyage and by his subsequent journey, and with an energy of feeling which was responded to by long and hearty cheers from the assembled numbers. Shortly alterwards Sir Allan was conducted with the same enthusiasm through the principal streets of the town, the Band playing "Auld lang syne," to his own house, there to find, in the bosom of his own, family that renose which, after his warting "Auld lang syne," to his own house, there to find, in the boson of his own family, that repose which, after his untiring exertions in England for the good of this his native country, he so much requires. The procession left him at the entrance of his mansion, the Band playing—"There's nac luck about the house." The following is the Address with 817 signatures attached

you our hearty congratulations on your safereturn to your native Province, and to the bosom of your family.

"We beg to assure you, Sir, that during your absence in England, you have not been forgotten by us. England, you have not been forgotten by us.

"We have from time to time, learned with the highest gratification the reception with which you have been honoured at the Court of our beloved Sovereign, and the courtesies you have met with from all classes of the great and good of our Father land.

SHERIFF OF THE MIDLAND DISTRICT.—This office has been conferred on Thomas A. Corbett, Esq.—Ib.

"Your high-minded avowal of the unafterable determination of Her Majesty's Colonial subjects to maintain inviolate the supremacy of the Crown, and the permanent connection of Canada as an integral portion of the British Empire,—your tural Protection" were adopted. energetic labours in promoting Immigration,—and especially your exertions in upholding the financial credit of the Province, and thereby leading to the investment in Canada of British capital.

into speedy and practical effect the plans, which in concert with ads in England, you have so auspiciously formed. "Whilst thus offering to you on public grounds our congra-

tulations on the occasion of your visit to the Mother Country, and of your safe return amongst us, we cannot refrain from their Protestant brethren in this Colony. | plant of the Roman Cathories, who have Coneges and Semi-joining with you in the feelings of satisfaction which that visit

must have inspired in your mind. We well know that no loya colonist can contemplate for the first time the grandeur of Great Britain, whether it be the proud domains of England, the vales of Ireland, or the blue mountains of Scotland, the the vales of Ireland, or the blue mountains of Scotland, the land of your brave ancestors, without feeling his heart swell within him with pride, that he is the subject of an Empire on which the sun never sets, and whose meteor flag, wherever it floats on the breeze, is the emblem of Christian hope, and of

all the blessings of well regulated freedom. "We will not longer detain you, Sir, with this very imper-fect expression of our feelings on the present occasion, but will conclude by conveying to you our warmest assurances of the espect which we entertain for your person and character, and our prayer that you may be long spared to the Colony, and enjoy in the bosom of your amiable family all the blessing

domestic life." After a few very complimentary remarks to Mr. Gunn, Si

To the Inhabitants of Hamilton and its vicinity; "Gentlemen,-The Address with which you have been eased to honour me, on my return to my native country, and to the bosom of my family, contains congratulations and assurances of respect and attachment, which I receive with feelings of the warmest gratitude; they are such indeed as I know not of the warmest gratitude; they are such indeed as I know not well how to receive, nor in what terms to acknowledge. Permit me, however, to say, that I am deeply sensible of your kind recollection of me during my absence, and of the convincing proof of regard you have shewn in thus assembling yourselves together to do honour to my return. For if it is true, as a general rule, that a public man is seldom honoured in his own country, your kind and considerate conduct on this occasion, leads to the restain conclusion, that my case is a your flattening. leads to the certain conclusion, that my case is a very flattering

"Far away from the beloved circle that surrounded my doweaken or efface. mestic hearth, and the friends of my youth and manhood, these more than friendly attentions have cheered and sustained me through many an anxious hour, and enabled me to overcome difficulties, and effect objects, which must otherwise have

proved insurmountable.
"You have most truly expressed my own sentiments in stating, that in the marks of respect I have received, a high com-

nourable marks of regard.
"During the whole period of my stay in England, my most serious aid earnest attention has been given to many subjects serious aid earnest attention has been given to many subjects of deep inportance to the future prosperity of this country.

If they should hereafter prove advantageous to its welfare, that

If they sloud hereafter prove advantageous to its welfare, that circumstance, with your approbation of my conduct, will be my greatest and best reward.

"One reat object of improvement in this country, T have ever felt it to be the completion of the navigation from the shores of Lake Huron and Erie, through the entire course of that M'Gill College and King's College ought to be taken from the anathema altogether, because their Protestantism is purely accidental. An amended "Appeal" would include the exclusive Presbyterian College at Kingston, the exclusive Methodist College at Cobourg, and the exclusive Baptist Theological Institution at Montreal; of which Dr. Davies, one of logical Institution at Montreal; of which Dr. Davies, one of vernment to carry it into full execution. The financial condiauthoriy, that Her Majesty's Government have determined upon afording the guarantee of the Imperial Treasury, to the loss applied for, by the Provincial Legislature, during its last

> the prosperity of the country, that we are one and all interested in themeasures which relate to them. No mode, in my opiwill apidly bring our large tracts of fertile land into profitable

"It affords me the highest gratification to state that in my their discipline so that their exclusiveness may be perpetual, it so the country will it, but in the open colleges, let there be no such absurd "appeals" if a Churchman, or a Christian of any other denomination, happens to obtain a chair.

Fortunately, all the attempts that have been made by religious enthusiasts, or designing politicians, to create religious animosities among the population of Lower Canada, have signally and entirely failed, and we have no doubt that the prethat the people of England take the deepest interest in every THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, "Personal observations and intercourse have convinced me

thing relating to our civil and political relations, and it is mos unquestionably true, that by putting aside the bad feelings engendered by the spirit of party—by ceasing to agitate the mere abstract principles of new and untried forms of Government, and by maintaining the strictest honour and integrity in our (From the Hamilton Gazette, 5th September.)

The Men of Gore, with whom the gallant Knight is, from his ghest hopes and expectations.
"It is my earnest desire, that we may all firmly unite in

and security, whatever the Constitution admits to be consistent with the public good. In these blessings of wise and good government we participate, with all our fellow subjects in every country and clime; they are such as are not enjoyed by any other nation or people in the world; and for the use we make of them, we shall be highly responsible to Providence, to mankind in general, and to our own posterity in particular.

kind in general, and to our own posterity in particular.

"For the expressions of personal respect and esteem, with which you have so kindly honoured me, on this occasion, as well as your good wishes for my family, and my domestic happiness, I again request that you will accept my cordial acknowledgements, and that you may collectively and individually enjoy the choicest blessings that Heaven can bestow, is the fervent prayer of, Gentlemen, Your faithful friend and devoted servant, who have the honour of addressing you." who has now the honour of addressing you."

KINGSTON MARKET .- The Common Council have made their selection among the designs for the new Market, adjudging the first prize of 50l. to Mr. George Browne, Architect, Kingston; the second of 30l. to Mr. Alfred Brunel, Carpenter, Kingston; and the third of 20% to Mr. John G. Howard, Architect, Toronto. Kingston Herald.

MR. Benson. The Bar of this place gave a Dinner to

Mr. Benson.—The Bar of this place gave a Dinner to C. O. Benson Esq. on the occasion of his leaving this place for Kingston, where, in future he intends to practice. The usual toasts were given. In responding to the toast occasioned by the Meeting, Mr. Benson alluded in a very neat and feeling manner, to the early attachments and acquaintances he had formed in Ruleville, and felt harmy to believe that at the meeting that are the meeting that the meeting the same that the meeting that are the meeting that the meeting that are the meeting that the meeting that are the mee formed in Belleville, and felt happy to believe, that at the mo-ment of his parting with his old acquaintances and friends, that he had as many sincere friends as he had ever had in his life,

attached.

"To the Hon. Sir Allan N. MacNab, Kt. &c. &c. &c.

"Sir,—We, the inhabitants of Hamilton and its vicinity, cagerly avail ourselves of this the first opportunity of offering to cagerly avail ourselves of this the great opportunity of offering to persons, and we think the jury should have levied a heavy deodand on her.—Kingston Heruld.

AMERICAN BRIGANDS.—Some members of Congress have addressed the Government on behalf of the American prisoners

met with from all classes of the great and good of our Father land.

"Whilst rejoicing in the marks of respect thus paid to you, we have felt that in your person, a high compliment has been conferred upon the whole of the loyal inhabitants of this noble Province.

"We beg also to express our gratitude for the services which your visit to England has enabled you to render to the Colony at large.

"Your high-minded avowal of the unalterable determination of Her Majesty's Colonial subjects to maintain inviolate the

OFFICE OF HER MAJESTY'S CHIEF AGENT FOR EMIGRANTS IN CANADA,
QUEBEC, 3rd September, 1842.

Number of Emigrants arrived at this Port, during the Week ending From England,

" Ireland,

" Scotland,

" Lower Ports, Cabin Passengers not included in the above, m the above, - - - 18
Previously reported, - - - 440 39,487

To corresponding period last year, - - 26,377 Increase in favour of 1842.

A. C. BUCHANAN, CHIEF AGENT.

TO THE MEMBERS OF THE MIDLAND CLERICAL ASSOCIATI to THE MANGES OF the very series of the toremind you that the next Meet weerend Brethren,—Permit me to remind you that the next Meet of the Association is appointed to be held (ib. V.) at Peterborousk Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th of September next.

SALTERN GIVINS, Sceretary. Mohawk Parsonage, 22d August, 1842

POST OFFICE NOTICE. MAILS FOR ENGLAND will be closed at this Office on the following days, viz:

Via Halifax, on Friday, the 9th instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Via Boston, on Monday, the 12th instant, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Post Office, Toronto, Sept. 3, 1849. CHAS. BERCZY, P. M.

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE. THE College will be re-opened, after the Summer Vacation,
Thursday, September 22nd, at the usual hour.
FOHN McCAUL, LL.D.,
Principal U. C. College

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE: THE Second Annual Public Examination of the Candidates for the Exhibitions, founded by the Council of King's College, will commence on Thursday, January 4th, 1843.

NUMBER OF VACANCIES, 1843. Four—tenable for three years; to two of which the 3rd and 4th) is tached exemption from College dues for Tuition—to one (the 2nd) addition to the above, the annual stipend of £10—and to one (the t) exemption from College dues for boilt Board and Tuition, with berty to commute the privilege of Boarding for an annual stipend of SUBJECTS OF EXAMINATION, 1843.

Greek: Valpy's Delectus. Latin: Extracts from Oyid's Fasti in. Electa ex Ovidio et Thullo." Eton. 1840, pp. 63 to 80—These are be considered as text-books, on which questions in Grammar rosody, History, Geography, and Mythology will be founded.—cometry: Euchd's Elements, Book I. Algebra: to Simple Equations and Arthundia. EXTRACT FROM THE REGULATIONS.

1. "All candidates to be eligible, who shall produce testintonials of good conduct and qualifications from the Principal or Head Master of any institution for education in Canada.

2. "The above testimonials to be lodged with the Collector of U.C. College one month before the first day of Examination.

3. "The nances of the successful candidates to be published, specifying the schools at which they were educated." es of the such they were educated.

s at which they were educated.

JOHN McCAUL, LL.D.,

Principal U. C. College.

270-

Benemoer 6, 1842.

Care Editors of the following papers are requested to insert the those advertisements twice, and send their accounts to Mr. Durry, Collector, U. C. College:—Toronto Patrfof, British Colonist, Cobourg Star, Kingston Chronicle, Montreal Gazette and Herald, Quebec Jazette and Mercury, Hamilton Gazette, and Sandwich Herald.

TENDERS FOR EXCHANGE. THE Receiver General of the Province of Canada, gives Not that SEALED TENDERS will be received at his Office. Lines SEALED TENDERS will be received at his office, kingston, until Thursday, the 15th day of September, at noon, tills of Exchange on London, at 60 days after sight, for any sum as shan £1000; and not exceeding £30,000 Sterling. The Tenders pspecify the highest rate of premium. The amount, or any larg am than herein stated, to be drawn for within ten days after the properties.

bove date.
The Tender must be endorsed, "Tender for Exchange,"
Editors of Newspapers in the Province, are requested to give this.
Editors of newspapers in the Province, are requested to give this
office one insertion, and present their Receipt in Triplicate for

Receiver General's Office, Kingston, 31st August, 1842.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

A CCOUNT shewing the whole amount of the Debts and Assets of the Bank of British North America, at the close of the year 1841, and shewing also the amount of the notes payable on demand, which had been in circulation during every month of that year together, with the amount of Specie and other Assets, distinguishing each kind immediately available on every such month for the discharge (Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.)

DEBTS. Total.....£711,337 18 ASSETS.

.....£ 137,611 13£1,581,044 11

By Order of the Court, GEO. DEBOSCO ATTWOOD,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

THIS long-established Institution, incorporated in 1810 with a Perpetual Charter, has an unimpaired Capital of \$150,000, with power of increasing the same to \$250,000. For more than thirty years it has conducted its effective business of the most just and liberal principles, paying its losses with honourable promptness. It insures against less or damage by fire, Public Buildings, Dwelling-houses, Warehouses, Merchandize, Household Furniture, and property generally, on terms very favourable to the assured. Owners of Property in Toronto and its vicinity are invited to apply to

THOMAS RIGNEY, Agent.

References, by permission, to—
THOMAS R.

References, by permission, to—
Thos. G. Ridder, Esq.,
Cashier, Bank of Upper Canada.
William Wilson, Esq.,
Cashier, Branch Bank of Montreal.
John Cameron, Esq.,
Cashier, Branch Commercial Bank, M. D.
Cashier, Branch Commercial Bank of British North America.

British North America.

RIDOUT BROTHERS & Co. IMPORTERS OF BRITISH HARDWARE,

BIRMINGHAM, SHEFFIELD, & WOOLVERHAMPTON WAREHOUSE; CORNER OF KING & YONGE STREETS, TORONTO,

NEW SUPPLIES OF Iron, Steel, and Shelf Hardware Goods, DIRECT from the Manufactories in England, which, with their Stock previously on hand, will comprise an assortment including every article usually forming a part of the Ironmongery business, and which they offer to Country Dealers at their old credit terms of six months, for approved paper, or in Retail at their customary low prices, Toronto, September, 1842.

BANK STOCK. FOR SALE, 116 Shares in the Bank of Upper Canada. Apply to MOFFATTS, MURRAY & Co. 270

THE TOBONTO PATRIOT IS PUBLISHED ON TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, AT CHEWETT'S BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO.

TERMS: FIVE DOLLARS A-YEAR, INCLUSIVE OF POSTAGE. TERMS: FIVE DOLLARS A-YEAR, INCLUSIVE OF FOSTAGE.

THE PATRIOT contains at all times the latest. Foreign and Domestic Intelligence; Imperial and Colonial Legislative Proceedings; and in its columns will be found all General and Local matters calculated to interest the Canadian reader. Arrangements are made with connexions at Kingston, for giving at the earliest possible period the fullest Debates and proceedings of the ensuing Parliament. Subscribers for the Session will have the Patriot continued to them after the closing of the House, until the publication of the Debates is ended. Price for the Session, 7s. 6d.

**BOOK AND JOB PRINTING, and every description of Work, executed in the neatest manner, and at the shortest notice.

All Letters addressed to the Editor or Proprietors of the Patriot, must be POST-PAID.

The Church Society of the Diocese of Quebec,

A CLERGYMAN is wanted, to act as Secretary to this Society.

A CLERGYMAN is wanted, to act as Secretary to this Society.

He will receive a stated Salary, but will not be allowed to derive any emolument from the performance of Clerical or other duties. It will be necessary for him to reside in Montreal, and he will be required to actuader the direction of the Central Board. Application is to be made to the Rev. WM. Dawes, (Secretary pro. tem.) St. John, Canada East.

26th July, 1842.

THE Premises in King Street, Kingston, at present occupied by H. & W. Rowsell, Booksellers and Stationers. It is a Stone House, and decidedly one of the best situations for business in Kingston. Possession can be given immediately. Apply to H. & W. Rowsell on the Premises, or at King Street, Toronto.

Sept 1, 1842.

TO LET, À LARGE THREE STORY NEW BRICK BUILDING,

WITH EXTENSIVE AND CONVENIENT CELLARAGE. HESE Premises are well adapted for a wholesale business, being in one of the most central situations in the city. They are situated in West Market Place,

They are situated in Applications of the Wholesale posite to the West side of the Market, adjoining to the Wholesale tores of Messrs. Thorne & Parsons, and within a short distance of the principal wharves of the city. The building will be finished and leady for occupation on the 1st of October next. Apply to W. DAVIS, Toronto, 22nd August, 1842.

The Montreal Herald will please copy the above four times, and send the account to this office. HOME DISTRICT GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE Pupils attending this Institution, will resume their studies, after the present recess, on Thursday the 15th instant. On re-opening the School, Elementary Classes in the English, Latin, and Greek languages,—also in Book-keeping, the Use of the Globes, and Algebra, will be formed. A few vacancies are open for in-door pupils. The business of Mrs. Cromble's Seminary will also be resumed on the same day. A French Master is wanted to give instruction in these Institutions. Application to be made (if by letter, post paid) to Mr. Cromble.

EDUCATION IN THE COUNTRY.

THE REV. W. H. NORRIS receives into the Parsonage-house, Scarborough, near Toronto twelve young gentlemen to be boarded and efficient of the family. Mr. Norris has at present three vacancies. Terms, under 14, £30; above that age, £40 per annum.

Scarborough, September 1ts, 1842.

A YOUNG LADY lately arrived in this country, is desirous of engaging as Governess in a respectable family. She is a member of the United Church of England and Ireland, and is highly acomprished.
Address (pos. paid) to A. B., care of Rev. W. Brethour, Ornstowits
268-ff

EDUCATION.

MRS. DICKSON begs to intimate to the inhabitants of Toronto and neighbourhood, that she has opened a Seminary in Newgate Screet, next door to Mr. Ketchum's, for instruction to the undermeneet, next door and the control of th

MRS. RANSOME is desirous of receiving a few young Ladies to educate with hier own daughters, who may be instructed in French. Italian, Music, Sc. For Terms, apply at her residence, Newwate Street, near Bishop's Buildings.

N.B.—A Haridsome Harp for sale, just received from England, Toronto, July, 1842.

WANTS A SITUATION, A S Book-keeper or Salesman, a person who can give every satisfactory reference. Apply to A. B., care of H. Rowsell Eq., Stationer, King Street.

N. B. Applicant has been accustomed to business generally for 10

Toronto, 23rd August, 1842. CHURCH ORGAN FOR SALE.

THE ORGAN now in use at St. George's Church, Kingston, will be for SALE as soon as the New one is built, which will be some time in the month of September next. It is well adapted for a Country Church, is of a sweet Tone, and of quite sufficient Power for a Church containing 500 People. For Terms, apply to either of the Churchwardens, Hon. John Accathax, or Charles Willard, Esq. Kingston, August 3rd, 1842.

FOR SALE.

A CAPITAL TONED SQUARE PIANO FORTE BY STODART, I MPORTED from London in November last by Messrs. H. & W. Rowsell, the property of Capt. Biscoo, Royal Engineers, under orders for England. Apply to

H. & W. ROWSELL, Toronto.

Apply 1 1842. August 4, 1842.

LIBRARY OF THE FATHERS. VOL. I. St. Augustine's Confessions.
11. St. Cyrfli

11. St. Organia.
11. St. Cyrili.
11. St. Cyrili.
11. St. Cyrili.
12. St. Chrysostom's Homilies on I Corinthians.
12. St. Chrysostom's Homilies on Galatians and Ephesians.
13. St. Chrysostom's Homilies on Romans.
14. St. Athanasius' Treatises against Arianism.
14. Translated by Members of the Church of England.
15. Price, £S.
16. § W. ROWSELL,
16. Toronto.

SPLENDID RUBRICATED PRAYER BOOKS. Adapted for Presents.

TWO copies in crimson Morocco extra, in old style of binding, inlaid with vellum and different coloured morocco leather, the binding and the edges very richly gilt, and each page (besides the rubries leing printed in red) surrounded with red lines, 18mo. each, £2 10s. Three copies, handsomely bound in morocco and gilt, and rubricated a above, 18mo. each, 17s. 6d. H. & W. ROWSELL,

For the use of Magistrates, Township Officers, &c., Price 7s. 6d., BECHER'S DIGEST,

JUST PUBLISHED,

CONTAINING the Criminal Laws, (including the Berling and Commitment of Prisoners, and the Petry Trespass and Summary Conviction Enactment,) the laws relating to Township Officers, Statute Labour, Highways, Inns and Innkeepers, Distilleries, &c., passed since 1835, with the late etically arranged-to which are added some Forms for the ise of Magistrates.

For sale at H. & W. ROWSELL'S, Toronto, and the principal

A PORTRAIT of the Hon. JOHN BEVERLEY ROBINSON A. Chief Justice of Western Canada, drawn by Mr. Hoppers Meyen, is now being exhibited at J. E. Pelli's Picture Shop, King Street, for the purpose of receiving the names of Subscribers to a highly finished Engraving therefrom. The opinions expressed by the Press, as to the Likeness, &c., have been extremely favourable. Toronto, June 3, 1842.

THE property of John Barwick, Esq., at Thornhill, Yongo Stress, in all respects one of the most desirable residences in Canada for a genteel family—A.SAW MILL, in full operation, shout the central with a quantity of Pine. Reference to Capt. Lkg, on the spot, or Messrs. GAMBLE & BOULTON King Street, Toron

Jime 3, 1842. A. V. BROWN, M.D. BURGEON DENTIST, No. 6, BAY STREET.

Toronto, December 31, 1841. ENGLISH BOOTS AND SHOES.

ENGLISH BOOTS AND SHOES.

**UST RECEIVED. by consignment, nearly 4,000 pairs of the above articles, made to order by some of the beat manufacturers in Europe, and which the Subscriber feels assured require only to be examined to be pronounced the largest, most varied and elegant assortment ever imported into Canada.

The stock consists, in part, as follows, vlz:—
Ladies' Boots, in Silk, Merino, Prunella, Cloth, Morocco, für trimmed and lined; Ladies' Shoes, in Morocco, Silk, Pruneha, Kid, Bronze and Black; together with a beautiful assortment of Victoria Slippers, of the latest fashion, Dressing Slippers, in Worsted, Velveu, Morocco, Carpet, Lamb Skin, &c. &c. Gentlemen's Dress Morocco Boots (patent fronts), Cloth ditto, Clarence Boots in great variety, Wellington ditto; Patent Dress Shoes, Albert's Dressing Slippers, and an elegant assortment of Children's Boots and Shoes. To be Sold WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

JAMES FOSTER,
4, City Buildings, Sign of the Golden Boot.
N.B.—A separate Ware-room is fitted up for the use of Ladies.
264-tf 1842. LAKE ONTARIO. THREE TIMES A-WEEK,

FROM TORONTO TO ROCHESTER. THE STEAMER AMERICA. CAPTAIN TWOHY,

Will, until further notice, leave Toronto for Rochester, touching at Port Hope and Cobourg, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Afternoon, at 1 o clock; and will leave Rochester for Toronto, touching at Cobourg and Port Hope, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Morning, at 8 o clock.

The Steamer Britannia, between Toronto and Hamilton, runs in connexton with the America.

Toronto, August 16, 1842. CAPTAIN TWOHY.

At Niagara, on the 30th ult., the lady of William Cayley, Esq., of daughter.
At Simcoe, on the 29th ult., the lady of W. M. Wilson, Esq., of a on and daughter.
At London, on the 31st August, the lady of Henry C. R. Becher?
Seq., Burrister-at-Law, of a daughter.
At Cornwall, on the 26th August, Mrs., Trew, of a son.

At Cornwall, on the 26th August, Mrs. Trew, or a son.

MARRIED.

On September 1st, at Brookdale, Vonge Street, by the Rev. George fortimer, M.A. Rector of Thornhill, Edward Kynaston Kynaston, Sq., of Trewyllan, North Wales, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of rancis Boyd, Esq.

At Galt, on the 31st ult., by the Rev. M. Boomer, Richard Miller, Esquire, Burrister-at-Law, Niagara, to Marietta, eldest daughter of

THE Subscribers beg to announce their intention of shortly closing their business at Kingston, and continuing it in future at Toronto only. In order to avoid the inconvenience of moving it, they for a few days only, offer the large and valuable stock of Books and Stationery, now at the Kingston Establishment, at very reduced prices.

H. S. W. ROWSELL.

Booksellers and Stationers,
Tronto and Kingston.

The Premises in King Street Kingston and continuing it in future at Toronto and Kingston.

At St. James' Cathedral, by the Rev. M. Boomer, Richard Miller, Esquire, Barrister-an-Law, Nagara, to Marietta, eldest daughter of Henry McCrum of Galt.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. M. Boomer, Richard Miller, Esquire, Barrister-an-Law, Nagara, to Marietta, eldest daughter of Henry McCrum of Galt.

On the 1st inst., at St. James' Cathedral, by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, William H. Lee, Esq., Acting Clerk of the Executive Councillation of the Government of the Province of Upper Canada.

At St. James' Cathedral, on Wednesday the 7th inst., by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, B.A., J. D. Hamphreys, Esq., 3rd Regt. I. M., to Caroline Amelia, youngest daughter of Samuel Ridout, Esq., of Toronto.

At Melbourne, on the 31st ult., by the Rev. M. Boomer, Richard Miller, Esquire, Bartister-an-Law, Nagara, to Marietta, eldest daughter of Henry McCrum of Galt.

On the 1st inst., at St. James' Cathedral, by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, William H. Lee, Esq., Acting Clerk of the Executive Councillation of the Henry McCrum of Galt.

On the 31st ult., by the Rev. M. Boomer, Richard Miller, Esquire, Bartlett, Law, at St. James' Cathedral, on Wednesday the 7th inst., by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, William H. Lee, Esq., Acting Clerk of the Executive Councillation of the Henry McCrum of Galt.

At St. James' Cathedral, on Wednesday the 7th inst., by the Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett, William H. Lee, Esq., Acting Clerk of the Executive Councillation of the Executive Councillation of the Executive Councillation of the Executive Councillation of the Executive Toronto.

At Melbourne, on the 22nd dit., by the Rev. C. B. Flewing, Mr. Darins Bacon, eldest son of E. Bacon, Esq., of Hatley, to Miss Sarah Jane, eldest daughter of John Wadleigh, Esq., of Kingsey.

At Amherst Island, on Thursday evening last, the 1st inst., by the Rev. William Agar Adamson, Mr. Charles Girven, Jr., to Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Hugh, Patterson—both of that place.

At Cobourg, on the 2nd inst., by the Rev. A. N. Bettune, William Porter, of Port Hope, to Martha, eldest daughter of Mr. John Mc-Chesney.

Chesney.

At Aberdeen, Scotland, on the 14th July, by the Right Rev. Dr. Skinner, Bishop of Aberdeen, William Skinner, Esq., to Emily Mary, youngest daughter of the late David Forsyth, Esq. DIED.

On the 22nd July, at Dunwich, at the house of her son-in-law, Mr. Stephen Backus, Mrs. Mary Storey, aged 84 years, after a short but severe Illieness. Mrs. Storey was a native of Ireland, and removed to America in the year 1801. She was a sincere and devoted member of the Church of England, the knowledge of whose principles site took every pains, during a long life, to extend. It was chiefly owing to her exertions that a Church was built at Dunwich. Besides giving ten acres of valuable laud on which to build it, she cantributed much of her means to complete it, and at her death left a liberal sum of money towards building a Parsonage, which is soon to be commenced. She rejoiced that she had lived to see established, in this Diocese. The Church Society, as the means by which the hitherto misguided liberality of Churchmen would be directed into the right channel.

At Montreal, on the 26th August, Edith Ann, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Bellome, aged 5 years.

THE Pupils attending this Institution, will resume their studies, after the present recess, on Thursday the 15th instant. On re-opening the School, Elementary Classes in the English, Latin, and Algebra, will be formed. A few vacancies are open for in-door pupils. The business of Mrs. Crombie's Seminary will also be resumed in the same day. A French Master is wanted to give instruction in these Institutions. Application to be made (if by letter, post paid) to Mr. Crombie.

M. C. CROMBIE,

Principal, H.D.G.S.

Principal, H.D.G.S.

Toronto, 2nd September, 1842.

LETTRUS received during the week ending Thursday, 8th Sept.:—

Lord Bishop of Montreal, [packet]; Rev. R. F. Uniacke; Captain Vrooman; Mr. F. Best and Mr. H. Frost, rem. per Rev. G. Street;

Rev. W.M. Shaw, add. sub. [rem. was received]; S. Hawley, Eaq. rem. in full Vol. 6; D. B. Stevenson, Eaq. add. sub. and rem.; J. Walton, Eaq. add. subs.; P. M. St. Catharines, and sub. and rem.; J. Walton, Eaq. add. subs.; P. M. St. Catharines, Institutions. Application to be made (if by letter, post paid) to Mr. Crombie.

M. C. CROMBIE,

Principal, H.D.G.S.

Principal, H.D.G.S.

Persons must pay their postages, or they cannot be attended to.