

Miscellaneous.

SEA-DUST. People laughed at the man who said that the fish he had hooked picked up such a diet in the water? Perhaps they will laugh at the heading to this article; but they will still be "sea-dust," nevertheless. We have heard of water-spouts, of showers of fish, of salt rain, and many other curiosities which present themselves in the atmosphere, but to assert that there is such a thing as sea-dust is to transcend reasonable bounds. The evidence, however, in favor of its existence is exceedingly powerful—indisputable, in fact—and this is the story told by eye-witnesses. They say that in certain parts of the world, notably about the Cape de Verde Islands, there are constantly met at sea, several hundred miles away from land, thick, yellowish-red fogs, not unlike London fogs in November. These fogs obscure the atmosphere, and are very injurious to navigation, but they have not the baleful odor of their London prototype, reach to the surface, and do not descend in the same way. Whilst sailing through them, it is found that the ship, sails, and rigging are covered with a fine, impalpable powder, which falls as dry rain within some distance of the surface on which it falls, sometimes to the depth of two inches. In color, it is of a brick-dust hue, sometimes of a light yellow, and it feels between the fingers like fine grit, such as might be blown into the mouth on a windy day in March. No place is free from its presence, its fineness giving it power to permeate everywhere. The sea, while the fogs are falling, looks as though it had been peppered, and is discolored for some distance down. Sometimes the dust comes in a shower, and passes off again. The fogs are not only in but vast quantities of the dust suspended in the air. It is not only in the vicinity of the Cape de Verde that this wonderful dust is seen. In the Mediterranean, in the northern parts of Africa, in the middle of the Atlantic, it has been reported. It is invariably the same in kind and appearance, and examined under microscopic lenses has proved the identity of sea Cape de Verde sea-dust with Mediterranean sea-dust. All this is very remarkable; dust falling in clouds, no less within some hundreds of miles, nothing visible which could possibly account for the curious phenomenon. Sand-spouts there are in sandy deserts, and showers of sand taken originally from spots where the carrier wind has left its mark; but here there is no desert from which the sand can be rapt, and the wind, so far from being boisterous, is disposed to be calm. The dust is light and steady, blowing ships along at a rapid five knots an hour.—The World of Wonders.

HOW BRITANNIA RULES THE WAVES.

There was scarcely any one who did not express regret when it was announced, recently, that the steamer which was carrying Cleopatra's needle from Egypt to London, had been obliged to abandon it off the coast of Spain. It seems really too bad that this monument of ancient Egyptian civilization, which was proposed to re-erect in the great business centre of the modern world, should, after all the care that had been taken to insure its safe removal, be lost to the world. It is a pity that it was disposed to be so. The steamer, which was in some deep ocean bay beyond the sight of any human eye. No doubt the men who had it in charge resented to abandon it until the last moment, and the terrible character of the storm in which they perished with it is well attested by the fact that six men were lost in the rescue of the crew of the steamer on which the needle was floated. But part the sequel. The shattered "Albatross" bark from her trophy and toilsomely makes her laborious way through the tempest to a safe anchorage. The bad news that Cleopatra's needle is lost is flashed all over the civilized world. But scarcely has this story been told before another message comes flashing over the wires that another English steamer, the "Pittman," has picked up the drifting obelisk and is bringing it into port. Nothing could more thoroughly illustrate the rule of Britain on the seas than this incident. The steamships of England cover the seas so completely that scarcely a lost boat can escape their vigilance, much less a distinguished obelisk, as this Egyptian stranger. One British vessel abandons her prize in the hurricane and the whole world mourns over a lost monument of ancient art; but the tempest subsides, another British steamer heaves in sight, the strange looking caisson is unhesitatingly taken in tow and is well on its way to the coast of England before the loss is even announced. And so when they erect Cleopatra's needle in the midst of that modern Babel, London, and hail it as a monument of the past age, we should also as a monument of the British enterprise and skill which formed and executed the design of bringing it so far and likewise as an imperishable memorial of that other great fact that "Britannia rules the waves."—St. John Telegraph.

HOT BATH FOR A SHARK.

Looking over the bulwarks of the schooner, says a writer, I saw one of those wretched monsters winding lazily backward and forward like a long motor, sometimes rising till no more than a dark arch and a gushing sound like a deep breath arose from beneath the breakers; at others, resting motionless on the water, as if listening to our voices, and resting for our blood. As we were watching the motions of the monster, the cook suggested the possibility of destroying it. This was briefly to heat a fire brick in the stove, wrap it quickly in greasy clothes, as a sort of disguise, and then heave it overboard. This was the work of a few moments, and the effect was triumphant. The monster followed after the missing prey. We saw it dart for the brick like a flash of lightning, and gorge it instantly. The shark rose to the surface almost immediately, and his uneasy motion soon betrayed the success of the trick. His agonies became terrible, the water seemed to be disturbed as if by a violent squall, and the spray was driven over the taffrail where we stood, while the gleaming body of the fish repeatedly burst through the dark waves, as if with furious and mad terrible convulsions. Sometimes we heard a hoarse and shrill and bellowing cry, as if indicative of anguish and rage, rising through the gurgling waters. His fury, however, was soon exhausted in a short while, and the monster broke away in the distance and the agitation of the sea subsided. The shark had given himself up to the tides as unable to struggle against the approach of death, and they were carrying his body unresistingly to the beach.

—Miss Jurrett, of Maryboro', Ont., was so overtaken with sleep about five weeks ago that she is still sleeping. She only wakes for a few minutes now and then and nothing can do more to thoroughly awaken her.

Time is an herb that cures all diseases.

ORIGIN OF THE NAMES OF STATES.

Maine takes its name from the Province of Maine, in France, and was so called in honor of the queen of Charles I., Henrietta, its owner. New Hampshire—first called Laconia—from Hampshire, England. Vermont from the Green Mountains (French, vert mont). Massachusetts, from the Indian language, signifying the country about the great hills. Rhode Island gets its name from the fancied resemblance of the island to that of Rhodes in the Aegean Levant. Connecticut was Mohegan, spelled originally Quon-chit-cut, signifying "a long river." New York was so named as a compliment to the Duke of York, whose brother, Charles II., granted to him that territory. New Jersey was named by one of its original proprietors, Sir George Carter, after the island of Jersey in the British Channel, of which he was governor. Pennsylvania, as is generally known, takes its name from William Penn, and the word "sylvania," meaning woods. Delaware derives its name from Thomas West, Lord De la Ware, Governor of Virginia. Maryland receives its name from the queen of Charles I., Henrietta Maria. Virginia got its name from Queen Elizabeth, unmarried, or Virgin Queen. The Carolinas were named in honor of Charles I., and Georgia in honor of George II. Florida gets its name from the Kasnas de Flores, or "Feast of the Flowers." Louisiana comes from the Greek word, signifying "The Land of rest." Louisiana was so named in honor of Louis XIV. Kentucky derived its name from that of the great river, which is in the Natchez tongue, "The Father of Waters." Arkansas is derived from the Indian word Kasas, "smoky waters," with the French prefix of "ark," a bow. Tennessee is an Indian name, meaning "The river with a big bend." Kentucky also is an Indian name, "Kain-tuk-um," signifying "at the head of the river." Ohio is the Shawnee name for "The beautiful river." Michigan's name was derived from that of the lake, the Indian name for fish weir, or trap, which the shape of the lake suggested. Indiana's name came from that of the Indians. Illinois is derived from the Indian word "Illini" (men) and the French suffix "ois," making "Tribes of men." Wisconsin's name is said to be that of a Missouri for a wild, rushing channel. Missouri is also an Indian name for medicine, having reference to the mudliness of the Missouri river. Kansas is an Indian word for smoky water. Iowa signifies, in the Indian language, "The drooping ones," and Minnesota, "a cloudy water."

THE MAGNIFICENCE OF MOSCOW.

Correspondence of the Newark Advertiser.] This is one of the richest and most beautiful cities in the world. It seems especially so as you approach it in the distance. Standing on elevated ground, it is seen from afar in every direction. Its numerous towers—every church having several bell-towers—the steeples—with hundreds of domes and cupolas, either gilded or painted green and spangled with stars, together with many gables and turrets, and the mansions of the houses, give it quite an Oriental appearance, and fill the traveller with wonder and admiration when it first breaks upon his view. The tower of the Moscow spire at the base of the hill on which the Kremlin is built. The Kremlin is a vast citadel, or city within a city, inclosed by a wall from twelve to sixteen feet thick, and from thirty to fifty high, with many towers, embattlements and beautiful gates. It contains many magnificent churches, also the Great Palace and the Little Palace. We enter with uncovered heads, as every one is required to do, from the highest official to the lowest serf, through the Gate of the Redeemer, over which hangs a picture of the Saviour; I would like to tell you of the cathedrals, and the great bell, which weighs 10,000 pounds or 360,000 English pounds, now standing with its broken pieces on a pedestal, placed there by the Emperor Nicholas; the Romanoff Palace with its ancient obelisk; the crooked streets and mixed houses, elegant Government offices in close contact with huts and cottages; the tolerably wide street, three miles long, leading from the walls of the Kremlin to the St. Petersburg gate and thence to the park or review ground; also to the Treasury, the Public Museum and Library, together with modern improvements in gas pipes, letter boxes, etc.

A MOCK MARRIAGE PROVES GENUINE.

A curious case of folly in the shape of a mock marriage has just come to light. Clara Manning, residing at Williamsburg, spent the summer in Orange county, a State among the mountains. Her mother unpacked Clara's trunk a few days since and discovered a marriage certificate signed by Rev. Dr. Williams of Unionville, joining the young woman to John Bundage of Catekill. Clara says people in the best society in Catekill play at marriage. The ceremony took place at a crowded dancing room, the evening of the 25th of August last. The bridegroom declared it all real, and that it could only be severed by the Courts. Clara's mother took the document to the Brooklyn City Court and the Clerk told her it was a real marriage certificate. She communicated immediately with Bundage and he replied that he would rather have the ceremony considered real. Clara is only sixteen, so her mother says, and the mother will consent if the young man will wait three years.

In Russia the would be editor must obtain a certificate of character from twelve house-holders, who thereafter become his condonors and are called on to pay the government censor of the press from time to time inflicts on him. His police record must also be clear, and his moral character sound; he has to deposit five thousand rubles as security for his good behaviour, and, lastly, he has to make oath that he will not infringe the press laws.

It is proposed to erect a small chapel to the memory of those lost in the fatal collision between the "Avalanche" and the "Forest." The site will be, probably, somewhere near the spot where the few survivors first landed after the accident. A marble tablet containing the names of all those who perished is to be placed in the church.

PIANOFORTE & ORGAN DEPOT.

COR. UNION AND CHARLOTTE STS., ST. JOHN, N. B. We take much pleasure in informing our friends in Nova Scotia that WE escaped the terrible conflagration which recently destroyed the greater part of our city, and that we are prepared to supply them with MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, on our usual favorable terms. We have a large stock of STANDARD PIANOFORTES and are receiving every week new and beautiful styles of CABINET ORGANS. Parties applying to us in person, or by direct correspondence will be supplied at WHOLESALE PRICES. McCARTHY & COOK, CORNER UNION & CHARLOTTE STS., ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE PETRIFYING SILICATE PAINTS.

As supplied to the Admiralty, Board of Works, Austrian Lloyd's, Woolwich Arsenal, Cunard Company, &c., &c. For House, Ship and General Use, Indoors and Out. Manufactured by the SILICATE PAINT COMPANY, Liverpool, having no chemical action on Iron and other Metals; will stand any degree of heat without blistering—cost being equal in bulk, and doing the work of 2wt. Lead Paints. Artificial Stone Paint, For preserving Wood, Zinc, and other Buildings, giving them the appearance of White or Bath Stone, &c. TO PREVENT WHITE ANTI, IN WOODEN SHIPS, RAILWAY SLEEPERS, SHIPS' BOTTOMS, BEAMS AND TRUCKS, DAMPS OF HOUSING TRUCKS, AND GENERAL IRON AND WOOD WORK. GRIFFITH'S PAT. ENAMELLED PAINTS. Agents for Nova Scotia—HUGH FRASER, BRIDGETOWN.

Refined Scotch and Swedish IRON.

BLISTER, CAULKING, TYRE, CAST DRILL STEEL. ALSO—Canada Horse Shoe Nails. Boiled and Raw Paint Oil, Best Quality. A Quantity of the Silicate Paints, (Different Colors) prepared for all kinds of House and Ship Painting, also for all kinds of Iron Work and Machinery. The Anti-Fouling Paint, for Ships' Bottoms, is an article highly recommended as a complete protection against Worms, &c., and will not foul. It leaves a Hard, Smooth Surface like Glass. All orders promptly attended to, and every information given on application to the agent.

W. WHYTAL & CO., LEATHERERS.

Manufacturers of Sole, Harness, Grain, Wax, Buff, Polish, Oil Pebble, Well, Rigging and Split. Importers and Dealers in French Calfs, C. D. Fronts, English Fitted Uppers, Shoe Findings, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools, Rubber and Leather Binding, Loose Leather, &c. Being the Oldest Established Leather and Findings Business in the City. We are enabled to offer Cash Customers the most LIBERAL DISCOUNT. The highest cash price paid for Hides. 228 Hollis Street, Halifax. Tannery, Three-mile House, Bedford Road.

White & Titus, WILL RESUME BUSINESS IN A FEW DAYS, AT 222 SOUTH SIDE UNION STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

GOODS ARRIVING DAILY June 22nd, '77. LONDON HOUSE, RETAIL. The following NEW GOODS opened to-day: COLORED Hamburgs and Laces for Draping, Grass Cloth Dress Materials, New Bravies, Trimmings and Wool Fringes, New Umbrellas and Sunshades, New Frillings for the neck in enormous varieties, New Slipper Patterns and Working Canvas, New Regalia and Prints, and a large variety of other Goods, making the largest and most complete assortment in the city.

G. W. STUART, Produce Commission Merchant, HALIFAX, N. S.

THIS old and well-known stand is situated in the most favorable part of the city for the sale of produce of all kinds, being large and commodious having ample room for storage, if necessary. The subscriber with past experience and strict attention to business, feels confident he cannot fail to give satisfaction to all who favor him with their patronage. All goods are carefully handled and carried on spring wagons. All charges moderate—in no case more than 5 per cent, commission charged. Prompt returns. Any reference required, given. All correspondence promptly answered. The smallest consignments receive a full share of attention. G. W. STUART, Colonial Market, Halifax, N. S.

ADAM YOUNG, 38, 40 & 42 WATER ST.

Manufacture of Cooking, Hall and Parlor Stoves, Ranges, Furnaces, &c. Marbleized Slate Mantle Pieces, Register Grates. A large assortment of the above Goods always on hand, at the lowest possible prices. Catalogues on application. August 2nd, 1876. n17 y

NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS having any legal claims against the late THOMAS JOHNSON, of Wilmet, Annapolis Co., deceased, must render their accounts, duly attested, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to HIRAM JOHNSON, Administrator. Wilmet, Sept. 18th, 1877. 3m 135

L. H. DEVEBER & SONS, Wholesale Merchants, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Dry Goods Department 93 & 95 PRINCE WILLIAM ST. Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, from the English Markets, suitable for the Wholesale Trade. AMERICAN GOODS, such as Prizs, Grey & White Cottons, Cotton Flannel, and Roll Linings, sold by the case or small quantity. Canadian and Domestic Goods.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT, 34 & 36 WATER ST.

A full stock kept constantly on hand, of Tea, Sugar, Molasses, Tobacco, Rice, Soda, Cream Tartar, Nuts, and an assortment of Spices, for sale in bulk or at retail prices. August 2nd, 1876. n17 y

Valuable Property FOR SALE!

The subscriber is in possession of a valuable property known as The Alexander Troop Homestead. Now in the possession of the widow of the late Hon. J. C. Troop. There are eight acres of land under a high state of cultivation, and a comfortable dwelling house, with several other outbuildings in good repair. Well water close to house. There are about 100 APPLE TREES in bearing condition, also, PLUM, PEAR and CHERRY TREES. THE GARDEN attached is one of the finest in the town, and has abundant crops of Gooseberries and Raspberries of the choicest varieties. Any further information can be obtained of GEORGE J. TROOP, Esq., Halifax, or EDWARD BENT, Agent, June 6th [n76].

Granulated Sugar.

B. E. S. Granulated Sugar. Land of the "Overseas." GEORGE S. DR. FOREST, 11 South wharf. St. John, July 18, 1877.

ALMON & MacINTOSH, BANKERS & BROKERS.

INVESTMENTS Made in Best Securities, Stocks, Bonds, &c., Interest allowed on deposits subject to cheque. Exchange bought and sold. 166 Hollis Street, HALIFAX, N. S.

JUST RECEIVED from one of the Best Clothing Establishments in the Dominion, a large stock of MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING, Consisting of Overcoats & Suits, in Black, Blue, Green, and Brown. STAYS, SUITS of the most FASHIONABLE MAKE and MATERIAL, DRESS COATS, RAIN COATS, &c. in great variety. Heavy Working Pants. Customers will find the above stock as well assorted in style, make and size, as any in the County. All of which will be sold at the smallest possible profit. TERMS:—Positively 3 months. J. W. TOMLINSON, Lawrenceston, August 27th, 1877.

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NOTICE TO SHOE DEALERS.

WE beg to announce that owing to the large increase in our business, we have been compelled to lease the large and commodious Brick Building of Wm. Peter's, 240 Upper street, where with increased facilities for manufacturing purposes, we will in future be better prepared to meet the wants of our customers and the trade generally in the manufacture of Mens' Luggage and Shoe Pads, Ladies' Gents', Misses' and Children's Slippers of all kinds—a specialty; also, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Newport Ties, buttoned and buckled, Walking Shoes in various qualities and finish. WYCHEN & McPATE, 240 Upper Street, St. John, N. B.

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The sting of a reproach is the truth of it. Deceit and falsehood, whatever conveniences they may for a time promise or procure are, in the sum of life, obstacles to happiness.

The English arctic exploring vessel "Pandora" is to undertake another expedition next Spring, and an attempt to reach the pole by way of the Spitzbergen, instead of by the Smith's Sound route, will be made.

Mr. Daniel Ward, of Stickleyville Virginia, has just died, at the age of one hundred and ten. He was a wealthy farmer, and himself superintended his business during a part of every day up to the time of his death.

The bakers and pastry cooks of Paris have been forbidden to burn in their ovens wood which has been painted or impregnated with any metallic salt, as it is believed that the articles of food may be rendered deleterious through the agency of the same.

Mr. Cochrane has sold another of his Dutchess short-horn heifers, 10 months old, for \$12,000, to Col. Cannon of Burlington. A good story is told in connection with Mr. Cochrane's last shipment of stock to England. A valuable cargo was in charge of Betty, the well-known stock man, and when the vessel was nearing the coast of England, a valuable steer, worth \$2,000, took sick. Betty, fearing that the animal's sickness might cause the whole lot to be quarantined, asked the captain to be allowed to throw the beast overboard. The captain refused positively to take the responsibility of throwing over such a valuable animal. Betty watched his opportunity, and when the captain was down at dinner, he struck the sick steer with a hammer and killed it, and with the assistance of his men, threw the carcass over board for the captain came back. Betty's presence of mind saved Mr. Cochrane about \$40,000 on his venture.

Operations connected with the submarine tunnel have already been commenced on the other side of the Channel, several pits having been sunk to a depth of about 110 yards. At the same time the French and English committees have definitely drawn up the conditions of working for the route. The property of the tunnel is to be divided in half by the length: that is to say, each company is to possess half of the line, reckoning the distance from coast to coast at low tide. Each company will cover the expenses of its portion. The general work of excavation will be done, on the one hand, by the Great Northern of France, and on the other by the Chatham and South-Eastern companies, the two latter having each a direct route from London to Dover. All the materials of the French and English lines will pass through the tunnel in order to prevent unnecessary expenses and delay of transhipment, as in England and in France railway companies use each other's line, and goods can pass from one line to another without changing vans. It is understood that an arrangement will be established for a similar exchange of lines between all the English and continental railway companies when the tunnel is completed. The tunnel will belong to its founders. At the expiration of thirty years the government will be able to take possession of the tunnel upon certain conditions.—Mining Journal.

THE ENGLISH CHANNEL TUNNEL.

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the book entitled SELF-PRESERVATION OR HOW TO LIVE IN THE FUTURE, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries of the present, may be cured by the most effective and probably the most skillful practitioner of the art. Address GEORGE J. TROOP, Esq., Halifax, or EDWARD BENT, Agent, June 6th [n76].

KNOW THYSELF

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THE BANKRUPT STOCK

Estate of Lansdowne & Martin. HAVING been purchased by MAGEE & BROTHERS is now being sold at BANKRUPT PRICES! and will be continued until May 1st, 1877, at the IMPERIAL BUILDINGS, Cor. King & Prince William Sts. Visitors to St. John will find superior advantages offered for procuring CHEAP DRY GOODS at this establishment. Fresh importations are being constantly received from Europe and the United States to keep the stock well assorted, and are sold at COST PRICES. MAGEE BROTHERS, St. John, N. B., May 1st, 1876.

BEARD & VENNING, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Importers and Dealers, have now completed their stock of Spring and Summer DRY GOODS, which are placed on the MOST FAVORABLE TERMS, and to which they invite the inspection of buyers. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Beard & Venning, (NEXT TO J. & J. HERBES), Prince William St., ST. JOHN, N. B. May 21st '77.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

WE have recently published a new edition of Dr. Cutler's celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excess. Price, in sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practice, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture sheet will be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Address: The Culverwell Medical Co., 41 Ann Street, St. Y. Post Office Box, 4268.

Important to Butter Workers.

One Soon Active Agent Wanted in every town to introduce the Victor Butter Works. Sample Machine free to Agents. Price \$4.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 each. One Million to be sold in the Dominion. Apply early with stamp, for agents circular, to the VICTOR WRINER & Co., Brookville, Ont.

Bill-Heads Different sizes and styles promptly and neatly printed at this office. Call and inspect samples.

Joker's Corner.

A SPIRITED ADVENTURE.

"Who's there?" "There was no answer and the queer noise stopped." "Anybody there?" "No answer." "I must have been a spirit," he said to himself, "I must be medium, I will try."

"If there is a spirit in the room, it will signify the same by saying 'yes'—noisy's not waking me up, I found a spirit in the room, it will please rap three times."

"Three very distinct raps were given in the direction of the bureau?" "No answer."

"Is it the spirit of my mother?" "Three raps."

"Are you happy?" "Five raps."

"Do you want anything?" "A succession of very loud raps."

"Will you give me any communication if I get up?" "No answer."

Raps very loud in the direction of the door.

"Then I ever see you?" "No answer. Then raps came from outside of the door."

He waited long for an answer to his last question, but none came, and after thinking about the extraordinary visit, he turned over and fell asleep. On getting up in the morning he found that the spirit of his mother had carried off his watch and purse, his trousers, and his great coat down stairs in the hall.

A PARROT STORY.

The negro minstrel, Thatcher, the other evening told a ludicrous story to a large audience at the Grand Opera House here, and put a catch phrase in the mouth of Indianpolitans that has kept them laughing ever since. Two sailors, who had a parrot with them, went into a magician's show, in an upper room in some foreign city. The three constituted the audience. After each feat of the magician's, one of the sailors would remark: "That's pretty good. Wonder what they will do next?"

Finally one of the sailors asked permission to smoke, which the magician granted, forgetting that in the room beneath was an immense quantity of gunpowder. The Jack-tars and the parrot continued to enjoy the show, one sailor adding the pleasure of his pipe, and the other remarking, after each trick: "That's pretty good—wonder what they will do next?"

A spark from the smoker's pipe chanced to drop through a crack in the floor into the powder, and something suddenly occurred.

Sailors and magicians, parrot and all, "rose above party prejudices," and were all blown to kingdom come, in a million fragments, all except the parrot. He landed in a heap of bruised flesh and burnt feathers, in a potato patch three miles away. He was utterly demoralized. It took some moments to collect himself, and when he had partially done so he hopped upon a fence rail, and remarked: "That's pretty good—wonder what they will do next?"—Cin. Com.

A PERSEVERING TENANT.

The Detroit "Free Press" reporter of Justice Courts says that, a few days ago Commissioner Randall decided that Mrs. McKinney must leave the house on Seventh Street for which she refused to pay rent, she blandly replied: "I am a lone widow, your Honor, who can leave that house before the bells strike noon." But she didn't. She was there the next day, and the next, and when the nooner went to see why she hadn't folded her tent, she explained: "I was sitting up every night with a sick neighbor, and so she couldn't go, but I'll be out to-morrow."

When morning came she hadn't lifted a chair towards changing quarters, but explained: "I was waiting to see if I come down with my smooch, but the rising sun will see my drays at the door."

The third time he called he said he should give her only four hours more. She agreed to be out in two, and at once began taking down the cook stove. He returned at the end of four hours and she was baking bread, patching paper on the wall, and singing:

"I have come to put your goods outside the fence!" interrupted the bounce.

"If you touch one of these things I shall fall dead of heart disease!" she answered, backing down the cook stove.

He returned at the end of four hours and she was baking bread, patching paper on the wall, and singing:

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