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A GREAT GAME OF GRAB

DEPUTATIONS AT OCTAWA AFTER

Why Was Mr. Monsseau Made a Judge ?— A Mo'don for Information Rejected— Gre re Charges Unrefuted. Special Despatch to The World.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6.-The house sat till 6 te-night. Most of the time was occupied in the discussion of the following motion by Mr. Laurier, seconded by Mr. Blake, tor a copy of the petition contesting the election of Mr. Mousseau in 1882 to the legislative assembly of Quebec for the electoral district of Jacques Cartier, and How He was Caught in the Meshes of the the particulars delivered in connection

In a neat speech Mr. Laurier pointed out the notorious facts connected with Mr. Mousser n's election dodges in Quebec and the "Levee," where Cronson has been stron by censured the government for appointing him to the bench with such a past. It is claimed by some of his friends oud of suspicion hanging over him. In that he has been disposing of diamonds

The motion being put, loud cries arose of "carried," "lost."

Mr. Blake demanded the yeas and nays. The members were called in, when a straight party division occurred, 47 voting yea and 89 nay.

The following bills were introduced and reed a first time: An act to incorporate the Dry-dock company of Owen Sound—Mr. Allan; an act respecting the Ontario and Quebec railway company—Mr. Wells; a bill giving power to wind up the affairs of the Spring Hill and Casgrain coal company—Mr. Tupper, jr.; an act incorporating the Atlantic Mutual marine insurance company—Mr. Daly; an act respecting the ing the Atlantic Mutual marine insurance company—Mr. Daly; an act respecting the International railway company—Mr. Hall; an act incorporating the Nova Scotia and Mutual marine insurance company—Mr. Daly; a bill to amend the charter of the Bell telephone company in Canada—Mr. Cameron (Victoria); an act to amend the consolidated railway act of 1879.

Renlying to Dr. Orton, Sir Hector

Langevin said the contract for the improvement of the harbor at Morpeth, Ont., had been let to Geo. E. Haskwith, Ottawa,

Carleton has sent circulars to all the lodges in the province asking that petitions be sent to the government praying for the passage of the orange incorporation bill.

Mr. Royal has charge of a petition, asking for incorporation of the San Francisco, Winnipeg and Hudson Bay railway. The promoters are Messrs. A. G. Bannatyne, H. Smith, A. Logan, A. W. Ross, J. Royal, W. Bodgate, T. Scott, Dr. Orton and Hon. Alex Mackenzie. They ask for a charter Alex. Mackenzie. They ask for a charter to connect with the American system of railways, and to build a line to Port Nelson on the east side of the Red river and

Mr. Houde, M.P., has a new railway scheme under consideration, and was in-dustriously engaged yesterday in obtaining the signatures of members of the house to a petition asking for government aid. It will run from Louisville (Riviere du Loup en haut) to Mattawa through the wilderness about a hundred miles north of the

carnival. Mr. W. W. Sullivan, premier of Prince

He Declares Manitoba is Acting Dishonestly in Asking so Much.

OTTAWA, Feb. 6 .- An incident occurred this morning which shows that the petulancy of old age is rapidly creeping on Sir John Macdonald. Mr. Norquay, accompanied by the Manitoba members and members of the legislature in Manitoba new in town, waited on Sir John this morning to urge the claims of Manitoba. When Mr. Norquay proposed that the government should hand over the government should hand over the public lands to Manitoba, Sir John purse of \$2000.

Teemer and Conley Matched.

Calcaeo, Feb. 6.—Articles of agreement and Conley Matched.

Calcaeo, Feb. 6.—Articles of agreement and Conley Matched.

Calcaeo, Feb. 6.—Articles of agreement and content of the legislature in Manitoba. Mrs. Esther Bailey of Norwich, Conn., diocess.

Mrs. Esther Bailey of Norwich, Conn., dreamer, diocess.

Mrs. Esther Bailey of Norwich, Conn., dreamer, diocess.

Mrs. Esther Bailey of Norwich that and ander a tank ear which had contained gasoline to inspect it. The lamp ignited the line to inspect it. The lamp ignited the line to inspect it. The lamp ignited the gas line to inspect it. The lamp ignition is a sufficient stank and contained gasolic in the gas line to inspect it. The lamp ignition is a sufficie

said so much had been given the Canadian Pacific railway and to assist other railways that it was scarcely worth while handing over the balance. Mr. Norquay then said Manitoba would demand a cash remuneration for the lands. At this Sir John became infuriated, and dashing Norquay's manifesto, which he held in his hand, on the floor, stamped on it and fussed about the office, excitedly exclaiming that it was dishonest to make such a demand. He told Mr. Norquay that he had already broken faith with the government, for he had promised last year when he obtained \$45,000 from the government in lieu of the lands not to come back for three years. Some rather high words ensued, but Senator Sutherland poured oil on the troubled waters and Sir John cooled down.

A DIAMOND EMBEZZIER'S DOINGS.

A DIAMOND EMBEZZLER'S DOINGS.

Police.
CHICAGO, Feb. 5. -The arrest in this city of Leon Cronson, the diamond embezzler, has caused a buzz of excitement along poir ating him to the bench with such a c' oud of suspicion hanging over him. In the opinion of thousands of Canadians Mr. Mousseau was hardly entitled to citizenship let alone a seat on the bench. It was scandalous to appoint him before he was declared innocent of the very grave charges against him. He was charged with promising to return liquor to certain saloon keepers convicted of selling without a license. If innocent, as the government and its followers claimed, what was the necessity to have appointed him? Mr. Laurier read extensively from the Montreal Star in corrobation of his charges.

Mr. Ouimet and Sir Mector Langevin defended Mr. Mousseau and charged Mr. Laurier with unfairness in not presenting the house with the exact state of the case.

The motion being put, loud cries arose of "carried," "flost."

Mr. Blake demanded the yeas and nays. The members were called in, when a straight party division occurred, 47 voting yea and 89 nay.

The following bills were introduced and reed a first time: An act to incorporate the fact to incorporate and some continue his debauch. Cyprians and male parasites clung to him affectionately and feasted on the fat of the land until, through that the has been disposing of diamonds every day and spending the money in different places as fast as he got it. His liberality drew about him a host of alleged friends, who stuck to him as close as possible, until lone of their number, whose name is given as Julius Edwin, sold him out to the New York detectives for \$5000. Edwin became cognizant of the fact that Cronson was the same man who embezzled \$30,000 worth of Goldsmith & Kuhn's diamonds, and caused that firm's failure. He communicated his knowledge to the New York detective force, and agreed to turn Cronson over for \$5000. It is alleged that the amount was paid to him, It is also claimed that Cronson disposed of his diamonds without regard to time or place, and the names of several prominent saloon keepers are mentioned among those who purchased the precious stones from th tinue his debauch. Cyprians and male parasites clung to him affectionately and feasted on the fat of the land until, through the treachest of one of his based on the fat of the land until, through the treachery of one of his beneficiaries, he was handed over to the police, who had been "looking high and low" for the "carefully-concealed" embezzler. Wine is said to have flowed freely, and restaurant kitchens were taxed for the most costly delicacies by the New York drummer and his friends.

MR. MORRISON'S TARIFF BILLS. Many Additions Made to the Pree List and

A somewhat inadequate idea of the new tariff bill proposed by Mr. Morrison and nown a sum would be found appropriated

down a sum would be found appropriated to send an expedition to explore the Hudson bay and straits to ascertain the feasibility of navigation.

In answer to Mr. Jackson, Sir Hector the importance of the send of One provision prevents any reduction to a rate lower than in the Morrill act of 1861. The bill provides:

a rate lower than in the Morrill act of 1861. The bill provides:

Parliamentary Points.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.— The Trent Valley deputation had an extended interview with Sir Charles Tupper and presented a petition signed by the residents of twelve counties urging the opening of the Trent Valley canal between Georgian bay and Trenton. Sir Chas. Tupper said Engineer Burbridge was making a survey of the work. When the report was presented he would lay the case before his colleagues in the most favorable light and urge the completion of the government to arrange with the C. P. R. to construct next season under new terms 300 miles of the Manitoba Southwestern railway, which recently passed into the hands of the C. P. R. As the new arrangement only applies to the main line the government is powerless. Mr. Scott interviewed the C. P. R. magnates, who promised to permit the construction of one hundred miles next season.—

Mr. Dalton McCarthy sails for England on Saturday to watch the streams bill case before the privy council.

The grand orange lodge of the county of Carleton has sent circulars to all the lodges in the province asking, that petitions be sent to the government praving for the sent to the government praving for the sent to the government praving for the sent to the government raving for the sent to the government of the duties move the duties now imposed on the schedules of the duties now imposed on the senting of the duties now imposed on the senting of the duties now imposed on the sent sent low of the duties now imposed on the senting of the duties now imposed on the sentiles:

Cotton and cotton goods, shemp, jute and fax goods wood and woodlens, metals other than ores, books, papers, etc., sugar, tobacco, wood and woodlens, metals other than ores, books, papers, etc., sugar, tobacco, on the sentiles:

Cotton and cotton goods, shemp, jute and the more senti

AT PEACE WITH THE WORLD.

Granary Burying Ground at Boston. Boston, Feb. 6.—The funeral services over the remains of Wendell Phillips were held to-day. The church was crowded, thousands being unable to gain an admit-tance. Committees from the legislature, the common council, woman suffrage associations, labor organizations, temperance societies, Irish societies, freethinkers' asso-ciation, American free soil society, young men's congress and many reform organiza-tions with which Phillips was identified were present. Theservices were conducted by the Rev. Samuel Longfellow. The body was taken to Fancuil hall, where it lies in

ness about a hundred miles north of the Ottawa river.

The government immigration returns for January show a large falling off compared with figures for the same month last year. The total number arriving for the month is said to have been 5266, against 5930 in January, 1883. Of last month's arrivals 2982 remained in Canada, compared with 3357 in the same month last year.

A number of members' seats are vacant, their usual occupants having gone by special train this afternoon to attend the Montreal carnival. After the public had viewed the remains a cast of the head was taken at the request of the family. The casket was then borne to the Old Granary burying ground and placed in the family tomb, which is near the graves of John Hancock, Samuel Adams and Crispus Altocks. The latter was a colored victim of the Boston mas-

Edward Island, is here for better terms.

A deputation from Emerson is here again about procuring aid from the government for the Red river bridge between that place and West Lynne. They had an interview with Sir John. Nothing was done but they will see the premier again.

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The police are looking for him.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.-The surgeon-general of the marine hospital service has been

informed that smallpox is epidemic in Louisville. Seven deaths occurred in the marine hospital last week. Smallpox is also raging among the Indians of Alaska. Teemer and Couley Matched.

curred yesterday afternoon. Mr. McVittie has been for years well and favorably known in connectien with the cartage business of Messrs. Wm. Hendrie & Co., having been some years ago raised from the position of driver to that of foreman. He has always discharged his duties in a manner highly satisfactory to his employers, and he was the last man whom any one would suspect of such rascality as is now laid to his charge.

Yesterday morning McVittie entered upon his duties as usual, and worked up to 12 o'clock. Before going to dinner he informed Mr. Thos. McBride, the superintendent, that there was a meeting of Wentworth county orange lodge in the afternoon which, from his connection with the order, it would be imperative for him to attend. He said he would only be away an hour, and of course was given leave of absence. While the doctor was in attendance upon his sick child and wife he sneaked into his house and carried off the best of his wearing apparel, and a hack with his trunk on board was subsequently seen going in the direction of the railway station. It is needless to say that McVittie did not pay a visit to the county lodge during the afternoon, and its members, after waiting for him for some time, proceeded with their business in his absence. He was a prominent orangeman. He was county master until yesterday; he was past district master; he was treasurer of Hamilton benefit loyal orange lodge No. 286, and at the last audit of this institution (Dec. 31, 1883) there was in his hands \$575 of lodge funds. This money he has stolen, besides the dues from members which have been paid in since that date. Every year the grand lodge sends \$40 to the county master to be handed to the Protestant orphans' aslyum of this city. It is alleged that McVittie received the money and failed to hand it over to the poor little ones it was intended to assist. The members of the orange order in the city naturally enough feel very sore about the matter, as they had unbounded confidence in his integrity.

The heartless desertion of

dest features of the affair, while the man whom McVittie has so grossly wronged in alienating the affections of his wife from him has the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community. A more hardworking, industrious man and better husband than Archie White it would be hard to find. He Vittle, and never suspected that there was anything wrong between him and his wife.

Mrs. White, as well as the man with whom she eloped, leaves four little children.

TWO STORES WIPED OUT.

Great Blaze in the Village of Wyoming WYOMING, Feb. 6.—About 3 o'clock this orning a fire was discovered in the exensive general store of Messrs. J. & J. tensive general store of Messrs. J. & J.
Thompson, the occupants of McGarvey's old stand. The two stores fronting on Broadway, the warehouse, stables and sheds were speedily consumed. A small quantity of goods was saved and nearly all the household furniture that was got out of the second story was very badly damaged. No fire or light had been used for some hours near the place where the fire appears to have originated. The firm have been but three months in business and a few weeks ago met with considerable loss and inconvenience by the ceiling of a room up-stairs taking fire from a defective chimney. The loss will be between \$15,000 and \$20,000, but will be pretty well covered by insurance.

Moccasin Train on the Grand Trunk Railway Collides with a Cutter. LANCASTER, Ont., Feb. 6.—The moccasin rain, due here at 7 p.m., struck a cutter at Wesley's crossing, three miles east of this place, in which were two young men, instantly killing Alex. Richardson and very badly, if not fatally, injuring Wm. Agnos, also killing the horse they were Agnos, also kning the horse they were driving. The injured man says that there were three of them in the cutter. A party has gone off to search for the third. People driving on the crossing from the north cannot tell until they are right on the track whether there is a train coming or not.

Burglaries at Guelph. GUELPH, Feb. 6. - The safes in the officer of Solomon Myers' cigar factory and Tolton Bros'. agricultural works here were blown open Monday. From Mr. Myers' place about \$50 was stolen and from Tolton Bros. \$58. Geo. Murton's coal office was also entered, but the key hanging from the safe knob was taken as an indication that nothing of value was inside, and it was left undisturbed.

UNITED STATES NEWS. New Jersey has passed a bill abolishing

the convict labor system.

City Treasurer Smith of Bayonne, N. ., is a defaulter to the extent of \$36,000. Thirteen mills at Fall River, Mass., are now idle, owing to a strike of the opera-

A prohibition meeting at Boston, Mass., yesterday resolved to raise \$100,000 to aid the work.

Ohio has passed a civil rights law cor-responding with that disallowed by the U. supreme court. The senate committee on agriculture at Washington has ordered a favorable report on the pleuro pneumonia bill. The Ohio legislature by 55 to 38 has re-

solved to resolved to repeal the local op-tion clause of the Scott act.

The grand lodge of the junior American protestant association in session at Reading, Pa., has decided to exclude colored people from the order. The decision is

final.

At the synod of the Albany, N. Y., diocese at the provincial seminary to-day Bishop McBeirney will be presented with \$5000 in cash by the clergymen of the

BAKER PASHA'S DEFEAT.

Disgusting Cowardice of the Egyptian

London, Feb. 6.-The Post this morning bitterly condemns the government for allowing the Indian troops to lie idle at Aden for weeks within sight of the Soudan when their presence might have averted the disaster to Baker's army. It declare that Mr. Gladstone is guilty of grave mismanagement in connection with Egyptian

A special cabinet council was held this morning for discussion of the disaster to Baker Pasha. Mr. Gladstone presided. Egyptian shares have greatly declined It is agreed that Tokar and Sinkat are hopelessly lost. The rebels secured an mense amount of ammunition, besides five guns and three thousand rifles. The Times, commenting upon the situa-

tion in the Soudan, says that the repeated

The Times, commenting upon the situation in the Soudan, says that the repeated disasters arising from the cowardice and defection of the Egyptian troops prove incontestibly that the government must use English troops principally if it expects to preserve the Red sea ports and the control of the Nile to Khartoum.

The Standard has a despatch announcing that its correspondent, Mr. Cameron, who accompanied Baker's expedition, has escaped in safety.

Baker Pasha has telegraphed that the force by which he way attacked was less than 1000 strong, but the Egyptians threw away their arms and fled.

According to later reports giving details of the fight near Tokar, the Egyptian cavalry threw away their saidles and turned their horses loose, effecting a retreat on foot that they might not be sent back to fight again. Earl Derby in a speech to night said the government would not engage the honor and resources of England in the task of recovering the Soudan. The government had no intention of converting the occupation of Egypt into annexation.

The scene at Suakim is described as a painful one. The wives of many of the dead soldiers were bewailing their loss, tearing their hair and clothes in anguish. A thousand sailors on board the transport Orontes, now at Snez, have been ordered to Suakim. The government have received advices confirming the report of the massacre of Tewfik Bey and his followers.

New and strong entrenchments are be-

New and strong entrenchments are being made here. There are 3000 men, including the survivers in the recent battle, available for the defence of the town, but they are in a demoralized condition. Morice Bey and Dr. Leslie fell together after a desperate resistance. desperate resistance.

The tribes beyond the Korosko are in full revolt. Gen. Gordon, who has arrived at Korosks, is unable to proceed on his jour

at Kerosks, is unable to proceed on its jour-ney to Khartoum.

SUAKIM, Feb. 6.—The enemy have sur-rounded and destroyed Tewfik Bey and 400 followers between Sinkat and the coast.

rounded and destroyed Lewik Bey and AD followers between Sinkat and the coast. Tewfik had been maintaining an obstinate resistance in Sinkat, where he was closely beset by the enemy. Word was received from him last Thursday that if relief did not arrive by Saturday he should make a desperate effort to cut his way to the coast. The effort was futile.

The slaughter of Baker Pasha's forces continued all the way back to Trinkitat. The Egyptians were panic-stricken and fell upon their knees, but their appeals for mercy were truitless. The Arabs seized them by the neck, thrust the spears into their backs and cut their throats. The English missing are Morice Bey, Surgeon Leslie, Captains Forester and Walker, Lieuts. Carroll, Smith and Watkins.

There has been intense excitement all day at Suakim, where Baker Pasha, Col. Sartoris and his comrades are now quartered. An attack of the enemy is expected. The forts are occupied by English marines. The French agent has telegraphed for a man of war.

for a man of war.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—It was rumored in London last night that a large force of British troops would be immediately sent to Egypt. The Times, however, says no orders have been received at any of the garrisons in regard to the dispatch of troops. Many officers, it adds, have volunteered for service in Egypt.

Unwelcome Sympathy.
BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Tho Kreuz Zeitung says the United States congress was quite entitled to pass an opinion on the politica and economic condition of the Germans, but that it might have spared the legis-lature of which Lasker was a member from

The Imprisoned Invincibles. LONDON, Feb. 6 .- It is stated that the mprisoned invincibles are to be removed to England, because in attack is feared upon the jail where they are confined. The Dublin authorities for some time have been in possession of the information that finally led to the removal of the imprisoned invincibles to England.

Indian Massacre in Mexico. MATAMORAS, Feb. 6.—The Indians at mitlan have risen against the whites.

Seven of the principal merchants have been killed and their bodies kicked about the streets by the mob. Many buildings have On Their Last Journey.

Hamburg, Feb. 6.—At 10 o'clock this

have decided to address a note to the different powers pointing out the consequences to the church from the conversion of the real property of the propaganda into Italian rentes as ordered by the courts.

Prince Leopold Pelted With Beer. LONDON, Feb. 6 .- As the duke of Albany was leaving a public hall at Dorking last night a man in the crowd threw a quart of beer at him. Only a little of it fell on the duke. The man escaped.

The Jews in Hungary.
PESTH, Feb. 6.—The lower house of the Hungarian diet to-day adopted a resolution that the bill to legalize marriages between Jews and christians be removed from the orders of the day.

LINDALE. Ohio, Feb. 6 .- John Kramer,

A DEVASTATING DELUGE

OFERFLOW OF THE ONIO AND OTHER RIVERS.

Millions of Dollars Worth of Property De

stroyed—Hundreds of People Home less—Trame Greatly Interrupted. Pittsburg, Feb. 6.—The river stands 31 eet 6 inches, the highest since 1852. Both ivers are still rising. Miles of property on the south side and in Alleghany are submerged. Hundreds of families have been compelled to evacuate their houses. All mills and factories on the banks are stopped. Connection between Pittsburg Alleghany by street cars is cut off. The schools in the First and Fourth wards are closed. Traffic is greatly impeded and entirely suspended on several railroads.

At 9.30 this evening it was still raining, with no immediate prospect of clearing weather. A large part of the city is submerged. Some portions are under water from one to ten feet. It is impossible now to estimate the loss, but it is safe to say it

to estimate the loss, but it is safe to say it will not fall short of a million, and may greatly exceed that amount. The loss in some instances will reach \$50,000, while a few hundred will cover others? Fully 5000 families have been rendered homeless by the flood. An unknown man was drowned at Mononghela.

Thomas Kelly, grocer, trying to secure drift wood, fell into the Monnongahela and was drowned. Hundreds of women and children are quartered in the city hall tonight. Many were half starved, not having had anything to eat all day. A substantial supper was served, and everything done to relieve their sufferings.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 6.—Business in the lower part of the town is completely suspended on account of the flood. The Grand Central railroad depot was abandoned this morning. The warehouse of Duckworth's distillery being undermined fell into the water. The loss is large. Cattle pens capable of feeding a thousand cattle have been swept away. The cattle were removed.

were removed.
LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 6.—At 6 o'clock Louisville, Ky., Feb. 6.—At 6 o'clock the river is rising three inches an hour. The flood scenes of 1883 will doubtless be repeated. Over eight hundred people are driven out of their homes. Only one case of drowning has as yet been reported.

Wheeling island is almost entirely submerged, and the residents have abandoned their houses in many cases, and in others moved into the second story and reach their dwellings in skiffs. The railroads are under water in some places, and travel is altogether suspended. No mail has been received or delivered. At Bendone their houses in many cases, and travel is altogether suspended. No mail has been received or delivered. At Bendone their houses in many cases, and the received or delivered. At Bendone their houses in many cases, and the received or delivered. At Bendone their houses in many cases, and the received or delivered. At Bendone their houses in many cases, and the received or delivered. At Bendone the forty feet deep and was drowned. At Maynard, O., Mary Costs, aged 17, was on a foot-bridge, when somebody shouted it was falling. In her fright she fell from the government in the government and the government and taken measures to increase his forces to insure the safety of that city.

The conservatives intend to move an amendment on the report of the address in reply to the queen's speech which will more sharply challenge the government's Exyptian policy than did that offered by Mr. Bourke.

The LEGISLATURE

A STRONG GOVERNMENT.

There never was a stronger all-round government in Canada than that which Mr. Meredit has just failed to dislodge from control of the affairs of Ontario. There is not a weak member in it. They are anything but the imbedies that the Mail has tried to paint them. They are strong as a government whole; each man is strong in his department, and in deserval notices on the paper, chief among the bridge and was drowned.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Feb. 6.—The western containing all particulars in regard to the conservatives intended to the safety of that

and southern parts of the city are inundated. People go to and from their homes in boats. All the factories are shut down and schools mostly closed.

THE OLD WORLD IN BRIEF Measures are being taken to organize the range vote in England to oppose home rule. The English troops at Cairo have been nanoeuvering and holding Cairo against a imaginary attack.

The strike of the cotton operatives in ancashire has been terminated by the masters acceding to the proposals of the

It is reported that Blakeway, the absconding member of the firm of P. W. Thomas, Sons & Co.. London brokers, has een captured. A number of Irish convicts, including

imprisoned invincibles, are to be removed from English prisons by a man-of-war. The The academy of medicine at Paris has with one dissenting voice pronounced in favor of a repeal of the prohibition of the importation of American pork into France.

The establishment of a land mortgage

bank backed by the government is projected in the north of Ireland to assist ocupiers of the soil to become owners of The extensive alpaca and worsted mills belonging to the estate of the late Sir Titus Salt at Saltaire, Yorkshire, have been flooded out. Several thousand men are thus rendered idle.

Egyptian correspondence has been published confirming the report that England has no intention of employing British or Indian troops in the Soudan. The English government does not object to the employ-ment of Turkish troops in Egypt provided the porte pays the expenses.

AN ANTI-CHINESE ACT.

ringent Provisions Against Celestials Entering the States. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6 .- A bill was re-

ported from the senate committee of foreign relation to-day, as an amendment to the anti-Chinese act. It provides that any Chinese person, except a laborer entitled to enter the United States, must have a certificate from the government of HAMBURG, Feb. 6.—At 10 o'clock this morning the remains of Lieut. Commander DeLong and comrades were quietly placed on board the Frisia, where they occupy a special apartment. The Frisia has set sail for New York.

The Property of the Papacy.

ROME, Feb. 6.—The pope and cardinals have decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the decided to address a note to the different property of the country of which he is a citizen describing him, which certificate and such a citizen describing him, which certificate and such a citizen describing him, which certificate must have the endorsement of the representative of the United States to the said government or the United States consular agent whence the person comes. The penalty is \$100 fine or imprisonment for six months or both if the Chinese person knowingly enters the United States to the said government or the Unit

out such certificate and then to be removed from the country. Provision of a similar character is made for the return of Chinese laborers who left the United States between Nov. 18, 1880, and Aug. 4, Inspection of Pork. NEW YORK, Feb. 6 .- The pork dealers

of the produce exchange to-day adopted a resolution unanimously that hereafter all mess pork coming here from Chicago shall be reinspected upon its arrival previous to being exported. The exporters complain that the inspection in Chicago is not thorough enough, and to its laxity is attributed the action of foreign goevrnments in forbidding the entrance of American pork.

Washington, Feb. 6. The naval appropriation bill as agreed upon by the

MUCH-TROUBLED TORIES MICHOLAS FLOODS THE TOWN. the Eloquent Irishman Down From the

Northwest—Winnipeg Millionaires to Watt on Him.

Och, love is the loife of a nate Irishman, He loves all that's lovely, he loves all he can. Wid his sprig av shellaleh and shamrock or green.

bid you notice yesterday afternoon that he weather grew suddenly colder; so nuch so indeed, people said to one another It's a cold day, sir." Well, about that time Nicholas Flood Davin and D. L. Scott, the delegation of two from the

Northwest, struck the town. Mr. Davin called upon The World. He wore a cap with a muskrat's tail in it for a plume and was enveloped in a vast coon skin overcoat, the very sight of which caused the thermometer to drop below zero. The Khan had put on his bull buffalo coat in honor of the occasion and when they met they fell on each others necks and wept. Mr. Davin was too touched to utter but he slowly relieved himself of his great coat and stood revealed as the typical Irishman. He was dressed "in the

typical Irishman. He was dressed "in the foinest av cordheroy," with knee breeches, black stockings, a red neckerchief and a shillalah. When he stepped out of his coat he looked like Johnny Ward about to sing Good-bye Biddy Dear.

"How are you getting on?"

"Foine, foine!" said Mr. Davin as he sat erect in his chair with a hand on each knee and smiled a patronizing smile; "foine. Och, but it's a great counthry, and no mistake. Oive got a Winnipeg millionaire to tind to me harse and the woife ov another millionaire milks me cow for me. A millionaire from Brandon named John Collins comes to see me every morning."

"We heard you had been elected a chief among the Indians," said the Khan.
"Thrue for you," said Mr. Davin, "I was elected at the last big talk with the

on it."

"Have you got your flask with you?"

"Divil a flashk have oi. The sphalpeens ov police tuk id from me, bud the Winnipeg millinaire that oive got to carry me loonch has got a permit from the government.

MEADVILLE, Pa., Feb. 6.—The western

PECULIAR PHENOMENA. Sands that Bark Like a Dog When Dis-

turbed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The superintendents of the various life-saving stations have been instructed to furnish for scienhave been instructed to furnish for scientific purposes samples of the so-called "singing sands" wherever found. These sands get their name from a peculiar sound resembling somewhat the barking of a dog which they give forth when walked upon and disturbed in any way. Already twenty-six samples of this sand have been received, indicating their existence in as many different localities in this country. Heretofore "singing" beaches have only been known to exist in two places—one in this country and the other in Europe.

Big Suit Against the Grand Trunk. MILWAUKEE, Feb. 6 .- The case of the Northern Transit company v. the Grand Trunk railway company of Canada, in a Trunk railway company of Canada, in a suit for \$300,000 damages, is before the United States courts here. The damages claimed are said to have been suffered by plaintiffs through a failure of defendant company to promptly handle freight in accordance with certain traffic agreements between the two companies. In their answer the defendants claim \$50,000 on their part. The case was tried in the same swer the defendants claim \$50,000 on their part. The case was tried in the same court here two years ago, when plaintiffs were given damages to the amount of \$114,000.

STREETSVILLE, Feb. 6 .- Thomas Gill, ontractor for carrying the mails between here and the Credit Valley railway station, was instantly killed at the latter place this evening. It is supposed that he slipped off the platform under the engine which passed over him. Death was instantaneous. SLIGHTLY COLDER WITH SNOW.

Lakes—Moderate to fresh north to north vest winds; cloudy to fair, slightly colder yeather with a few flurries of snow. SAFE OVER THE SEA.

New York. Liverpool
New York. Antwerp
Antwerp... New York
Queenstown New York
New York. London

EXCITEMENT IN THE HOUSE AT WESTMINSTER.

Threatened Assaults on the Government's Position — Parnell's Intentions — Mr. Gladstone's Egyptian Policy. London, Feb. 6.-Mr. Gladstone stated in the commons to-day that the government did not feel called upon to adopt any

Lord Churchill gave notice that he would introduce an amendment to the address, asking for the removal of the ministers and the substitution of others who were

The speaker ruled the amendment out of order. Lord Churchill moved that the house adjourn for the purpose of calling attention to urgent public business. All the conservatives rose in support of the motion. Great excitement prevailed.

Mr. Harry Chaplin seconded the motion, and violently attacked the government.

Sir Stafford Northcote declared that the abrupt termination of the debate was conduct unworthy of the government.

Mr. Gladstone replied that the government.

Mr. motion was responsible.

The motion was negatived without a

division.

Parnell has announced his intention of moving an amendment to the address in reply, to the queen's speech in reference to the recent conduct of the government's policy in Ireland. The tendency, he says, has not been to tranquillize the people. He especially deplores the wanton prohibition of legal and constitutional meetings, whereby free speech has been practically

whereby free speech has been practically quenched in Ireland.

Mr. Gladstone stated in the house of commons to day that Admiral Hewett had decided to strengthen the forts at Suakim, and the government had taken measures to increase his forces to insure the safety

the number being one calling for a return containing all particulars in regard to mining lands in his constituency. He complained that the local government had, after several individuals had gone to much expense in prospecting for iron mines, allotted the claims to persons whom they styled previous applicants. Mr. Pardee stated that there was nothing in the complaint worthy of notice and promised all the returns with one exception.

Mr. Mowat brought down a despatch from the lieut. governor transmitting the interim estimates for \$232,000, being the mount required for carrying on the various departments of the government until the regular estimates shall have been passed. He also moved the sponiument of a committee to strike the standing committees and a committee to assist Mr. Speaker in the control and maintenance of the library. Mr. Meredith enquired of the treasurer as to when the public acts would be laid on the table, which elicited from the latter gentleman a reply that they would be brought down as soon as possible, and probably in the coming week.

Mr. Meredith against Mr. Mowat? Mr. Lauder against Mr. Hardy? What three of the remainder are equal to Mr. Fraser? They don't compare—they only contrast. As to their political morative, amount required for carrying on the various departments of the government until the regular estimates shall have been passed. He also moved the sponiument of a committee to strike the standing committees and a committee to assist Mr. Season as the construction of public affairs, the legislation they have introduced, the blunders they have committed: those are things that can be left out of the present consideration: what it is desired to here emphasize is their skill in running the political machine; and until the conservatives come to admit this and put forward better men to oppose them, it will be along while before they occupy the treasury benches.

SO KIND OF HIM.

"Your wortship," said a drunk in insinuating accents yesterday, as he leaned over the rail at the police cour

kurnel kindly.
"Your wortship I want you to let me off. I want to go down to Montreal and have it to say to me family that I have been inside the say to me ramily that I have been insue the ice palace. D'ye understand me now?"
"I don't know," said the kurnel thoughtfully.
"whether I can give you an opportunity of seeing the ice palace, but, bye-the-bye, I tell you what I can do, I can put you in the cooler

THE BABY'S SICK.

He's a daily laborer in the east end, Hard, coarse and gruff; His hair and beard are grizzley, and his heart

comrades fear him, for his mighty hand Is heavy, when His savage temper rises in a fray He's dang rous then, Full of unfeeling tricks, his comrades keep

From him apart, derneath his shaggy breast there beats A father's heart. To-day his face was sad, a tear oft fell

On spade and pick; His comrades asked him why, he answered

They worked in silence and they whispered each,
"Don't bother Mick." ne tried to cheer him but he shook his head, "The baby's sick."

and thus that little babe in some poor room Had far more power than all the world be All faint and sick.

To soften Mick.

A LITTLE TOO COOL. I had a dream the other night

When everything was still; I thought I was in Montreal A sliding down a hill; Twas very, very cold indeed, The tear was in my eye; I saw the icy palace

As I went scooting by. I struck a snag and wakened My feet were nearly froze:
An icicle six inches long
Was fastened to my nose; My window it was open.

Left open by my pal,

And that is how I dreampt I saw

The wondrous parnival.