DOMINION NEWS.

A Record of the Week's Events in Canada.

ONTARIO. .

Another sult of the National Policy. The Merritton cotton mills recently turned out their first bale of cotton cloth.

The bonus by-law giving a manufacturing company of Essex Centre \$10,000, was voted on Monday and carried by a large majority. The Dominion license inspector has received 64 applications for licenses in Elgin county, about thirty of which are from St. Thoma The Salvation Army, who commenced operations in St. Catharines a few weeks ago, claim to have 130 converts, and have

crowded houses every night. An order was granted on the 6th for withdrawal, without costs, of the petition against Mr. O'Brien, the Conservative member for Muskoka in the Dominion House.

The sheriff of Peel on Monday presented Mr. Justice Cameron with the customary pair of white gloves on the opening of the assizes, there being no criminal cases on the docket. Miss Ida Joy, of Tilsonburg, who is prose-uting her art studies in Paris, has been awarded a gold medal for the superiority her work over seventy other competing ar-

A petition is being circulated on Pelee island asking the Postmaster-General to establish two more post-offices on the Island, one to be called North Pelee Post-office, the other

South Pelee Post-office.

All the hotel-keepers of South Wellington have applied for a renewal of their licenses under the Crooks Act. It is understood that all but five of them have applied to the Don commissioners also. Mr. Douglass has been elected Reeve of

Onondaga township by a majority of twenty over Mr. Hunter, his opponent. The former ection between these two gentlemen was declared void, hence the election

Friday night J. Foster had between forty and fifty sheer killed by dogs. The sheep were in an inclosure just outside the corporation of Windsor. In the morning dead and dying sheep were found strewn all over the field An exodus of families living in London

West took place on Tuesday, in apprehension of a flood being caused by the thaw. The water in the river has fallen considerably during the past week, and the ice still re-

Belleville City Council on Monday night voted \$500 for the opening of another ferry route between that city and Prince Edward. A by-law has been passed by the Council se-parating lawns and parks from dwellings for ment purposes It is estimated that about five million feet

f cottonwood, sycamore, basswood, and elm as been cut this winter in Essex county along the shore of Lake St. Clair for manufacture into hoops and heading. It will be rafted next summer to Detroit and Trenton mills. On Tuesday week it was stated that Mayor Bate, of Ottawa, had had a vote of censure passed upon him by the City Council for wearing his chain of office at a ball given by himself. It is authoritatively denied that any such vote was ever passed by the Ottawa

There died at the residence of her son, Mr. Robert Turnbull, Beverley, on Friday last, a lady who had attained the advanced age of 94 years and 9 months. The deceased was one of the early settlers of Beverley, and was the widow of the late Andrew Turnbull, of Aberfoyle, Ont.

The alleged shortage in the accounts of the tor of Customs at Fort Erie is now bebelieved to be more apparent than real, and to be simply the result of irregular book-keeping. In any case neither the Government nor

The cabmen of the Limestone city have presented a remarkable petition to the City Council, asking that the city repair their rigs, soolish licenses, and grant exemption from taxes for ten years, on the ground that they are a public necessity, and that their claim for exemption is quite as strong as that of the atreet railway.

Lyons and Marks, of Beaverton, who were other day, only committed a breach of trust, The owners of the horses appeared in Wind-sor police court Saturday morning, when they stated they had only a chattel mortgage on the animals, and accepted the amount, \$325, for which the horses were sold, and allowed

Over thirty deserters from the American army are in Windsor. A reward of \$30 induces a number of persons to act as detectives, who get the deserter intoxicated, induce him to cross the river, and then hand him over to authorities. The deserters are now up the dodge, and intend to keep a watch both the Windsor and Walkerville ferry at both the Windsor and Walkerville ferry landings and stop brother deserters from falling victims to these detectives.

nomination for candidates for East Grey to fill the vacancy in the Local Legisla-ture caused by the death of Mr. Lauder, took place at Flesherton on Tuesday. The Conservatives nominated Mr. McColman, the servatives nominated Mr. McColman, the choice of their convention, and the Reformers Mr. Myles, who poses as an Independent, the nominee of their convention, Mr. Cameron, having discoursed the convention. the agminee of their convention, Mr. Cameron, having discovered that he was disqualified.

A writ of habeas corpus was granted last week by Chancellor Boyd for the purpose of obtaining the custody of a child named Elizabeth Beauty McCue. The applicant is Mrs. Lockwood, of the township of Bastard, County of Leeds, who claims she was appointed guardian of the child by the will of its father. Mrs. John Horton, of the village of Delta, au aunt of little Beauty's, has now got possession, and refuses to listen to the demands of the testamentary guardian. The case will be argued aext Chursday.

Mr. Huson Murray, for one Peterson, moved last week at Osgoode hall before Mr. Dalton to set aside the election of Mr. H. C. Odette as a councillor for the township of Anderdon, in the county of Essex, on the ground that he has not the necessary property qualification. Mr. Solomon White, of Windsor, opposed the motion. The learned Master held that the qualification was insufficient, and made an order unseating Mr. Odette, and directing a new election without

A case has came before the Police Magistrate in London, in which the decision will trate in London, in which the decision will turn on the point whether standard time is legal or not. A hotel keeper was charged with keeping his bar open after twelve midnight. The defence showed that the time at which the police entered the place was 12.20 standard time, and that, therefore, according to the old time there was no offence. As there has been no legislation on the subject, it is probable that this plea will be held good. Mr. Mowat stated in the House the other day that the Government were making enday that the Government were making en-quiries with a view to such legislation. It should have been introduced ere this.

r. McMillan, of Orangeville, on behalf of se Murray, moved recently before Mr. ice Cameron for an order nisi calling upon

was granted, which will be argued next week. The learned judge said that the people of Toroute by vote had expressed their approval of a similar by-law. Counsel remarked that the liquor was good in Orange-ville, and two stores were not enough to

The next Civil Service entrance examination will commence Tuesday, May 13th, and applications will be received until the first of April, when the necessary forms will be forwarded, which must be returned properly filled by the 15th. Notice of the place of examination will be published in due course.

The promotion examination will commence on Monday, the 19th, and eligible candidates will have to give their names to the deputy heads of their respective departments, who will report them to the examination hoard.

Harbour of Refure for Port Stanley. Harbour of Refuse for Port Stanley.

PORT STANLEY, March 7.—A large and influential meeting was held in Capt. Pollock's hotel this evening to discuss the matter of a harbour of refuge at Port Stanley. The meeting was attended by merchants, vessel owners, master mariners, farmers, and others in and around this port, St. Thomas, Detroit, London, and other cities. The desirability of this place being made a good and safe harbour was the upanimous verdict of the meeting and Mr. Thomas Arkell, ex. M. P., of St. Thomas, and Alex. Pollock. of this place, were elected to proceed to Ottawa at once and lay the matter before the Government.

The Conservative Candidate for East Grey,
Mr. Neil McColman was unanimously
selected last week as the Conservative candidate in East Grey for the vacancy in the Loual
House caused by the death of Mr. Lauder.
The gentleman selected has been engaged
in farming for a great many years in Grey;
has had large municipal experience, having
been for many years reeve of the important
township of Collingwood, and in the County
Council his ability and practical common
sense always placed him high in the estimation of his fellow members. Besides being
president of the East Grey Conservative Association for several years, he is well and
favourably known throughout the riding.
The game of the Grits in East Grey has always been to try and cause a split in the Con-The Conservative Candidate for East Grev. ways been to try and cause a split in the Con-servative ranks, and they are at it again, but our friends on this occasion are thoroughly united, and are determined to stamp out any sham "Independent" candidate who may present himself, and teach him the lesson that they are not to be caught by such a trans-

London, March 7.—About two o'clock yes-Narrow Escape from a Burning-House. terday morning Wm. O. Lefer, who resides on the 9th concession, London township, was awakened by smoke and flames, and hastily aroused his family, consisting of Mrs. Lefer and four children. ey all made their escape. Mr. Lefer returned to the house to secure a sum of money which he had cape. Mr. Lefer returned to the house to secure a sum of money which he had there, but found it gone. The day previous Mr. Lefer sold a valuable bull and had the money in the house. During the evening he fancied he heard someone around the house, and becoming suspicious carried his vest containing the money to the cellar and hung it in one corner. After coming from the burning house he returned to the cellar, but the vest and money were gone. There is an outside entrance to the cellar, and There is an outside entrance to the cellar, and Mr. Lefer thinks the house was robbed and the burglars then set fire to it. Another reason assigned for this suspicion is the fact that the flames came from the rear building, where there had been no fire during the day. The loss on building and its contents amounts to about \$1,500; insured in the London Mutual

Remarkable Faith Cure by a Salvation Army Officer, Kingston, March 10 .- Late last night prayed earnestly for some time, and when they arose to their feet he told her that she would be well in a month. He was prompted to make that statement to her, in fact, it was forced out of him. The woman is now hale and hearty, and has every present of remaining the prospect of remaining so. He has a letter from the woman which will bear testimony to the truth of his remarks. The captain prayed in the same manner with a sick man, but flas not yet heard of the result. During the day Steacy created a sensation by dancing a few steps on the stage,

Terribly Frostbitten. An employe of the Grand Trunk railway shops, while crossing Queen's park, in Lon-don East, on Monday, on his way to work, discovered a coloured man lying upon the snow in an insensible condition. He summoned assistance and the unfortunate man was conveyed to Dr. Gordon's office, where it was found that his hands and feet were badly frozen. An order was obtained from Mayor Lilley and the unfortunate mulatto was re Lilley and the unfortunate mulatto was removed to the hospital for treatment. He appeared well-dressed, but it was ascertained that his hands and feet were frozen solid, and after some degree of animation had been restored, and the man become conscious, he appeared to be delirious. The manner in which the poor fellow came to be lying in the park on such a cold night was at first a mystery, but a person claiming to be a relative subsequently made his appearance and vouchsafed the information that the coloured sufferer, who was recognized as George M. Cook, had come from Hamilton, and that he has been of unsound mind for some time. It is supposed he must have windlered around until he became utterly benumbed and fell asleep on the snow in the place where he was found.

Provincial Appointments. His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments, viz.:—
Edward Guss Porter, of the City of Belle-

Edward Guss Porter, of the City of Belleville, in the county of Hastings, Esquire, barrister-at-law; John Carruthers, the younger, and Ferguson James Dunbar, both of the city of Toronto, in the county of York, gentlemen, solicitors of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, and Alfred T. Gurd, of the village of Oil Springs, in the county of Lambton, Esquire, to be Notaries Public in and for the province of Ontario.

Archibald Miles McKinnon, of the city of Guelph, in the county of Wellington, Esquire, barrister-at-law, to be Local Master in and for the said county of Wellington, of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, in the room and stead of James Watson Hall, Eaquire, deceased.

George K. Matheson, of the town of Mit-George K. Matheson, of the town of Mitchell, in the county of Perth, gentleman, to be clerk of the Second Division Court of the said county of Perth, in the room and stead of Thomas Matheson, deceased.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen Commissioners under the provisions of "The License Act of 1876," in and for the madermational districts viz.

undermentioned districts, viz.:—
Middlesex (West)—Thomas Gordon, Thos.
Northcott, David Gibb.
Simcoe (West)—Geo. Watson, John Laird,
Neil Harkin.

A Partisan Returning Officer.

Justice Cameron and a jury, when a verdict for the full amount was awarded to the plaintiff, it being clearly proven that five voters had presented themselves at Appichn's polling booth and, claiming the right to vote, he had refused to administer the oath, and rejected their tendered votes on the pretence that he would allow no man to vote who had not a house upon his property. The defendant appealed to the Q. B. Divisional Court, moving against the verdict on eight or ten different grounds. Judgment was delivered on Saturday by that court sustaining the verdict in full; and dismissing the appeal. The court held that a returning officer is a ministerial and not a judicial officer, and that he has no right to enquire into a voter's right to vote, but must if he doubt the elector's status administer to him the oath, and, if he take it, receive his vote. These are the first legally proven corrupt acts at the election, but there are more to follow. Messrs. Osler, Q. C., and E. Meek appeared for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Maclennan, Q. C., and Proctor for the defendant.

QUEBEC.

The debt of the City of Montreal reaches to within a fraction of the enormous amount of twelve million dollars. Customs officers at Montreal have saized

and confiscated a large quantity of jewellery which had been smuggled into the city without paying duty.

An amicable arrarangement of the diffi-culty among the Board of Directors of the Sun Insurance Company, of Montreal, has been effected, whereby the threatened resignation of the managing director is averted Mayor Beaudry, of Montreal, appears to have a life lease of office. His frien ever, realizing that one can have too much of even a good thing, have signified to him that he had better resign at the end of this year's

During the past week seventy-eight horse and twenty-four brood mares were exported from Montreal to the Eastern States. They cost an aggregate of \$13,000, and the greater number came from Ontario. There is a lively demand by American buyers on the spot for good stock

The Recorder of Montreal rejected the evilence of a carter named Charette in an assault, on the ground that several witnesses testified that he was notoriously profane. The court in giving judgment severely lectured Charette on the enormity of the sin of blasphemy, and said that neither he nor any other magistrate could accept contradictory evidence from a witness who was proved to have been a persistent blasphemer, as a man who is in the habit of making light use of the name of our Saviour and couples it with disgusting oaths is not the person to be impressed with the sacredness and binding character of an oath, an oath taken on the gospel of our Saviour. He therefore accepted the evidence of the complainant and the other evidence taken to sustain this. He found the prisoner guilty and sentenced him to a fine of \$5 or fifteen

MONTREAL, March 11 .- Rev. Father L. combe is engaged here on the suggestion of the president of the Canadian Pacific rail-way in promoting a colonizing scheme for French Canadians in the North-West. To ach settler a grant of 160 acres will be given by the Government at the nominal price of ten dollars. The intending settlers are to understand that they must have means to travel to their destination and commence operations there. A priest will be provided for the new parish by Archbishop Taché,

A strange case of attempted suicide by three women through starvation was dis-covered in Montreal by a detective in time to save their lives. Some months ago Mrs. C. M. Fitte, Miss Ellen Jones, sisters, and Alice Fitte, daughter of the first named, came here Collector of Customs at Fort Erie is now believed to be more apparent than real, and to
be simply the result of irregular book-keeping. In any case neither the Government nor
the sureties will lose anything should a deficiency exist, which is considered doubtial,

Mr. Mowat's nominee was badly defauld
last week in South Oxford, in the election to
fill the vacancy caused by Hon. Mr. Crooks'
fill the vacancy caused by Hon. Mr. Crooks'
retitement. Mr. Cook, the Independent candidate, was returned by one hundred and
seventeen majority in a constituency which
at the last election returned Mr. Croeks by
acclamation.

Kingston, March 10.—Late last night
Capt. W. Steacey, of the London Salvation
Army, stated in the meeting here that while
at Orillia he heard that a woman who had
been sick for fifteen years, during the latter
two of which she was confined to her bed,
was coming to that town, to see the Army.
He went to the station to meet her. She was
carried into the waiting room, where he held
a conversation with her, and asked her if she
believed that. God had power to
cure her. She said she did. "Then,"
said he, "let us kneel and ask Him
about the matter." They knelt together and
prayed earnestly for some time, and when were so weak they could not speak. They were removed to the hospital, but it is doubtful if Mrs. Fitte and her sister will survive. They are natives of Barbadoes, W.I., and had been well off, but lost their money from eccentricity and history for their state. eccentricity and religious fanaticism

MARITIME PROVINCES Information has been sent from Ottawa o the Lieutenaut-Governor of Nova Scotia of the renewal of Fenian attempts to destroy Government property at Halifax. Extra pre-cautions are being taken day and night to

rustrate the design. Hon. David McLellan, Provincial Secre tary, delivered his budget speech in the New Brunswick House of Assembly last week. The estimated receipts of the current year are \$644,106; estimated expenditure, \$610.-131. The provincial debt, Dominion, bonded, and floating, amounts to \$1,109,960.

A pretty row has been raised in Moncton, N. B., through the action of the police magistrate in dismissing all the constables and policemen of the town. He claims the power to do this under the Canada Temperance Act of 1878, known as the Scott Act. on the ground that they have been neglecting their duties. The mayor and chairman of the Police Committee have instructed the officers to attend to their duties as usual, holding that the Act only gives the magistrate such power where he has jurisdiction over such officers, as in Fredericton. A legal storm will probably result.

Mr. John A. Cameron, who has great ex-perience in gold mining in California and British Columbia, where he made a great fortune, is in Montreal with specimens of gold quartz from Mount Uniacke, Nova Scotia. The result of two analyses in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and the Gallihar Gold Mining Company of Nova Scotia show from one hundred and sixty-five to one hundred and sixty-eight dollars to the ton. The samples were taken out as this ton. The samples were taken out at thirty feet from the surface. Mr. Cameron con-siders the prospects of the new mines most

THE NORTH-WEST. The Manitoba Legislature will meet about

the 20th inst. Indications of great mineral wealth in the North-West are being discovered almost daily. The Rabbit Mountain silver mine—twenty miles from Port Arthur—has just yielded some extraordinarily rich specimens of silver. A large number of solid nuggets, weighing from five to ten pounds each, have recently been taken from it. The mine was sold on Saturday last for \$200,000 to a company of St. Paul capitalists, who propose working it shoroughly during the coming

A petition, signed by the whole bar of Winnipeg, is to be forwarded to the Minister of Justice, praying for an increase in the number of judges of the Province of Manitoba. It sets out that the autumn assize began at Winnipeg on October 16th with a list of over 400 cases, 153 being jury cases. There was also a larger amount of criminal business. Owing to the absence of two of there was also a larger amount of criminal business. Owing to the absence of two of the judges at outside assizes, for three weeks one judge alone took up the Winnipeg list, having to take Chamber work also every morning. With two short intermissions for morning. With two short intermissions for Michaelmas term and Christmas the Winnipeg assizes have since continued uninterruptedly. Many cases still stand for judgment. The spring assizes begin on March 4th, and there will be over 100 remanets to be added to the

laid upon the people of Manitobs are so great that agricultural operations cannot be made to yield a fair profit, that immigration before the removal of these burdens will benefit neither the province nor the immigrant, and that the province cannot advise immigrants to settle in it until full redress of the grievances complained of by the convention shall have been obtained."

A set of resolutions, of which the following is the most important, was also presented, and after being fully discussed, was finally withdrawn.

"Therefore be it resolved, that this convention humbly petition Premier Norquay at once by resolution of the House of Assembly once by resolution of the House of Assembly of Manitoba to declare that the province shall no longer continue as a member of the Federal Union, unless accorded equal privilege with other partners of the Confederation, and a modification of these duties which press to heavily on the agricultural interests. And further, that an appeal be made to her Majesty Queen Victoria and her Privy Council to amend the British North America act so as to allow of Manitoba withdrawing from the Confederation, and graciously to allow this country being a colony of Great Britain, with a separate constitution, separate laws, and with a Government of its own. And that this convention further pledges itself to sustain the Premier in this course of action by every means in its power, and feels sure that the people of the province will support him in securing that people of the province will support him in securing that independence and freedom so dear to every British subject."

CRIMES. Pauzé, the Montreal forger, has been sent to penitentiary for four years. James McDenald has been arrested in Kingston for a Fobbery committed in Brock-ville.

George and Charles Barber, about 8 and 10 years old, have been arrested for breaking windows and stealing goods therefrom in Brantford. Nicholas Hodgins and Daniel Martin, To-ronto Arabs about 14 years old, were sent to the Penetanguishene Reformatory on Monday for three years for stealing.

John Mainboosh, an Indian mail-carrier employed in carrying the mails between Parry Sound and Little Current, has been sent to Kingston, for five years for robbing the mail bags,

Jennie Giles stabbed her uncle, Wm. Giles, at the Humber on Friday night. The girl was arrested and fined \$7.30, or sixty days imprisonment. It is possible that the matter will be further investigated, as the wound will be further investigated, as the wound inflicted was a serious one.

A Hamilton man named F. Booth, while passing down St. Paul street, St. Catharines, was attacked by two men who gave him a brutal beating, breaking his jaw-bone in addition to inflicting other injuries. It is supposed the men mistook Booth for a whiskey detective.

CASUALTIES.

Robert McKenzie, of Campbellford, Ont., was killed by a Grand Junction railway train last week. He leaves a young wife. Rev. Mr. McCuaig, of Kingston, while going down Fort hill on a toboggan with his son broke his wrist and sustained other injuries.

A seven-year old son of Almon Reynolds, of Hollowell, Ont., was killed some days ago by the overturning of by the overturning of a sleigh laden with William Featherstonhaugh, bursar of the

William Featherstonhaugh, bursar of the Central Prison, Toronto, fell down the shaft in McMaster's store on Monday and broke several ribs. As he was badly shaken up by the fall serious results are anticipated.

A man named Smith has been arrested and remanded for a week for setting fire to Mr. Telfer's premises in Lendon township. Smith is a neighbour of Telfer's, and the latter claims to have tracked Smith to his home.

A brakesman on the Canadian Pacific railway named T. Harrigan was killed at Ottawa on Monday. Decisaed belonged to Pembroke, but was going to Prescott to see his wife, whom he had tally matried a few months ago.

The boller of Reynolds & Co.'s flour mill at Stayner exploded on the afternoon of the 5th, shattering the building and burying three persons in the ruins. Mr. John Reynolds died immediately after being resuced, and the fireman was so seriously injured that his life is despaired of to a third man also received severe but not ascessarily fatal injuries.

vere but not necessarily fatal injuries. METHODIST UNION.

The Bill Before the Legislature Passes the The Private Bills Committee met, Mr. Sibson (Hamilton) presiding.

The bill relating to the union of the Metho-

There were present in support of the bill Mr. J. J. Maclaren, Q.C., Mr. G. F. Shepley, Revs. Dr. Rice, Dr. Carman, Dr. Nelles, Dr. Dewart, Dr. Burwash, Dr. Stone, and Geo.

The . Chairman laid before the committee a The Charrman laid before the committee a large number of petitions against the passage of the bill, sent in by members and adherents of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The principal objection was that the basis of union had done away with the episcopacy, in contravention of the requirements of the discipline. One was also read from the Horton street Bible Christian church, Loudon asking that their rights shall be pro-Horton street Bible Christian church, London, asking that their rights shall be protected. There was also one from Rev. J. H. Johnson relating to superannuation. There was no representative of petitioners present. Mr. Morris pointed out that there was no organized opposition to the bill. If there had been a real, strong, united opposition to the union it would have taken shape. When the Presbyterian union was being carried out the opponents met together and organized. In the present case he felt that no injustice would be done by passing the bill.

would be done by passing the bill.

The preamble was then put and carried by a vote of 19 yeas to 1 may; Mr. Phelps being the only opponent.

The sections of the bill were then taken up. Section 6 provided that devises should not be limited by the statutes of Mortmain.

Mr. Morais pointed out that the power asked for in that section was extraordinary, and he thought should not be granted unless good reasons were given.

This point was discussed for some time, the general feeling being unfavourable to grant-ing the power. The promoters, without press-ing strongly for the power, pointed out the exceptional circumstances in which they were placed by reason of all their property being connexional and the body being a large one.

Mr. Frankr suggested that the section should be struck out. The promoters could confer with the Attorney-General and draw up a section which would apply to their pe-

up a section which would apply to their peculiar circumstances.

The section was struck out.
Section 7 provided that all deeds of conveyance executed before the passing of the Act should be valid as if registered within twelve months after execution, and imposed a penalty of five dollars upon the trustees for every year the same were not registered.

Mr. Fraser objected strongly to this section, and it was also struck out, the promoters to conter with the Attorney General on this point also regarding their exceptional circumstances.

circumstances.

Section 8, which provided that county registrars, upon notification of the Act coming into force, should enter a note as to bonds affected by the Act, was struck out.

It was provided that the Act should come into force on the first of June next, other minor amendments were made, and the bill was reported. was reported.

The committee then adjourned. Consumption Cured.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to hissurfering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering. I will send free of charge, to all who desire, this receipt, in German, French, or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sant, by math by addresses and managery than the paper. W. A

EVIDENCE IN CRIMINAL CASES.

Sir ALEXANDER CAMPBELL moved that the Canada Pacific Amendment Act be read a third time.

Mr. POWER moved that the bill be refor the purpose of inserting before the twolfth clause an amendment to the effect "That so long as any part of the loan or interest thereon remains unpaid, the company shall not be allowed to expend any part of its resources towards acquiring an Atlantic terminus in the United States territory."

The amendment was lost on division.

The bill was then read a third time on division.

division.

Mr. PLUMB proved that the assertion which had been made that the resources of the country were not equal to the loan was the country were not equal to the loan was not correct. He dwelt upon the advantages of the early completion of the road, and said that when finished it would be unequalled by any other railway in the world, in regard to the magnitude of the work, thoroughness of construction, or completeness of equipment. The bill was then passed without amendment.

FIFTH PARLIAMENT---SECOND SESSION.

THE SENATE.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY LOAN

OTTAWA, March 5.

At 5.30 Chief Justice Sir William Ritchie deputy of the Governor-General, came to the Senate and summoned the members of the House of Commons, and on their arrival gave, his assent

OTTAWA, March 10. BRITISH COLUMBIA COAL. Mr. McINNES (British Columbia) enquire whether the Imperial Government, the British Admiralty, or the Canadian Pacific railway syndicate have been consulted about the pro-posal to hand over all productive coal mea-sures in British Columbia to Mr. Dunsmur and his American associates; if so, did they approve or disapprove of the proposition?
Sir ALEXANDER CAMPBELL said neither the Imperial Government nor the British Admiralty had been consulted, but that the admiral of that station and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company were aware of the proposition. NANAIMO AND ESQUIMALT RAIL

MANAIMO AND ESQUIMALT RAIL-WAY.

Mr. McINNES also inquired whether advertisements were published in the Dominion, Great Britain, or other countries, inviting tenders for the construction of the Nanaimo and Esquimalt railway, and if so, whether the attention of capitalists was called either to the quantity of land, two million acres, to be given in aid of the said railway, or to the reports of Mr. Richardson, of the Dominion Geological Survey, as to the value of said lands, especially as to the value of the productive coal measures, extending from Nanaimo to Seymour narrows; also, why the established system of alternate sections in aid of the railway has been departed from in the contract entered into with Mr. Duns-

in the contract entered into with Mr. Duns-muir and his foreign associates? Sir ALEXANDER CAMPBELL replied Sir ALEXANDER CAMPBELL replied that such advertisements had not been published. He said that the offer had been made to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, who declined it: afterwards to a company of which Mr. Clements was the head. They were unable to go on with it, and it was then given to Mr. Dunsmuir. He did not know why the system of alternate sec-tions had been departed from, but considered it was a matter for the Legislature of British Columbia and not for the Dominion Govern-

The House adjourned at 4.40 o'clock. HOUSE OF COMMONS. OTTAWA, March 5. PROHIBITION.

Mr. FOSTER moved the tollowing resolu-tion:—"That the object of good Governments is to promote the general welfare of the peo-ple, by a careful encouragement and protec-tion of whatever makes for the public good, and by an equally careful discouragement and suppression of whatever tends to the public disadvantage. That the traffic in alcoholic ge. That the traffic in al injury to the moral, social, and industrial welfare of the people of Canada. That despite all preceding legislation the evils of intemperance remain so vast in magnitude so wide in extent and so destructive in effect so wide in extent and so destructive in effect, as to constitute a serious evil and a national disgrace. That this House is of the opinion, for the reasons hereinbefore set forth, that the right and most effectual legislative remedy for these evils is to be found in the enactment and enforcement of a law prohibiting the importation, manufacture, and sale of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes." In support of the motion he stated that the feeling in favour of prohibition was growing in Canada and this was not surprising. The liquor traffic had caused the loss of millions to this country. It had hardened the condition of labour and had rendered useless almost as much brains and muscle in this country as was utilized within it. Liquor had gone farther to sow the germs of discontent and trouble in this country of discontent and trouble in this country In view of this it was the duty of Parlia-thent to deal with and mitigate the evils of the traffic. He was sure that a large portion of the community in Canada was in favour of these resolutions. These resolutions had to do only with the resoluwas in favour of these resolutions. These resolutions had to do only with the use of intoxicants as beverages. It did not deal with them all for other and scientific purposes. It might be asked why he proposed to adopt a different plan in dealing with the traffic in intoxicating liquore than that adopted in regulating any other industry. The answer was that he did so because experience and the open expression of all enlightened and progressive Governments demonstrated that there was something wrong in the liquor traffic calling for the most severe restrictions being placed upon it. This feeling was generally shared in by the people as well. No Government or party could now afford the loss of prestige that would follow an open support of the trade in intoxicants, so general had the feeling of repugnance and hostility to the liquor become.

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY BILL.

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY BILL. The Usher of the Black Rod here summoned Mr. Speaker and the Commons to the Senate Chamber, where the Deputy-Governor, Sir Wm. Ritchie, in the name of the Governor General, assented to the bill granting a loan to the Canada Pacific Railway Company.

THE DIVORCE BILL. Mr. JAMIESON moved the second reading of the bill for the relief of John Graham.

The House divided, and the motion was carried—Yeas 85, nays 65.

SEDUCTION BILL.
Mr. CHARLTON moved that the bill to provide for the punishment of seduction be referred back to the Committee of the House referred back to the Committee of the House with instruction to insert as a first clause the following words:—"Any man who shall under promise of marriage seduce an unmarried female of previously chaste character, and not more than 21 years of age, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and shall be punished as hereinafter provided." Under this amendment his bill would be considerably modified, but he would prefer that it should pass in a modified form than that the main feature of it should be lost altogether.

A division was taken, and the amendment A division was taken, and the amendment was carried—Yeas, 79; nays. 70.

Mr. FOSTER then moved the House into ommittee to insert a clause providing for the punishment of a person seducing by means of a mock marriage, and a number of other clauses dealing with the evidence required in such cases.
Sir JOHN MACDONALD moved the ad-

journment of the debate.

A division was demanded, and the motion to adjourn the debate was carried. Yeas, 964 maye 63 FERTILIZERS

prevent fraud in the manufacture of agri-pultural fertilizers was read a third time.

The House again resolved itself into a committee on the bill of Mr. Cameron (Huron) further to amend the law of evidence in oriminal cases.

The committee, after debate, rose without reporting the bill.

The House adjourned at 11.10.

OTTAWA. March 6. WAYS AND MEANS. WAYS AND MEANS.

On motion the House went into Committee of Ways and Means, when Mesers, Casey, Vail, and Armstrong attacked the National Policy, the assertion being made that it acted injuriously to the farming community.

Mr. TAYLOR said that the testimony of farmers was not that the National Policy had injured them. On the contrary, in their statement to the Agricultural Committee in 1880, they had said that it had materially helped prices, (Hear, hear.) It was true that the price of barley was low, but if any Government had helped to make the price of that cereal low it was the Ontario Government, (Hear, hear.) Everyone knew ment, (Hear, hear.) Everyone knew that it had been the practice of the brewers and maltsters of the United States brewers and maissters of the United States to send their ageuts out to make enquiry as to the probable crop of barley. Upon the reports of these agents, to a certain extent, the price of barley depended. If the crop was large the price would go down. If it was small the price would go up; but in 1882 the paternal Government of Ontario said to the American breams and maintains (actilities).

the American brewers and maltsters : Gentle men, you need not send out your agents, we will furnish you with the information which governs the price of the product you have to buy. So the Bureau of Industries was established at the beginning of the season. This bureau estimated the barley crop of Ontario at twenty-three and a half millions of bushels, and in November it reported that the return would exceed twenty-four millions of bushels. The brewers, on receiving this report, calculated that as we require six millions for our own use, there would be eighteen millions of bushels for export. As this was a far larger export of barley than it was the practice of Ontario to export, the brewers decided to hold back their orders and wait till the growers of barley were knocking at their doors, asking them to purchase. As a result it was very difficult to sell and prices ranged low. He knew this himself, for he was in the business; but how did the crop turn out? The United States, instead of crop turn out? The United States, instead of buying eighteen millions of bushels from us in 1882, imported 11,095,470 bushels. There were used in Canada for brewing purposes one million bushels, for seed one and a half million bushels, so that the total crop was sixten and

and a hair million bushels, so that the total crop was sixteen and a half millions of bushels. The bureau therefore had over-estimated the yield by more than eight millions of bushels. Having done so badly in 1882, it might have been expected that the Ontario authorities would have tried, in the interests of the farmers, to the better the part ways but they did not do better the next year, but they did not. They estimated the barley crop in May at twenty millions of bushels, and in the fall at nearly nineteen millions, reporting at the same time that there would be twelve millions of bushels for exportation. He (Mr. Taylor) believed it would be found that the total ex-

believed it would be found that the total export last year was not more than six million bushels, and that again the Ontario Bureau had largely misrepresented the yield. The effect of these reports upon the price of barley was very damaging. He believed the object of Ontario in publishing these shares was to depress prices, in order that its party friends might point to the low prices as an evidence that the National Policy was an injury. Thus, in order to make a political point, they wilfully sacrificed the farmer. The conduct of the Local Government of Ontario in this respect was worthy of the severest condemnation. (Hear, hear.)

(Hear, hear.)
The House then resolved itself into a Com mittee of Ways and Means, when several resolutions were adopted.

Ab the suggestion of Hon. Mr. Bowelled the duty on labels, printed or painted, was made 10 cents per pound and 10 per cent. ad

The Committee then rose.

The House adjourned at 12.40 a.m., OTTAWA March 7 TORONTO BOARD OF TRADE. Mr. SPEAKER informed the House that had received a message from the Senate stating that that body has passed a bill to amalgamate the Board of Trade and the Corn Exchange of Toronto.

WAYS AND MEANS. On motion of Sir LEONARD TILLEY that e House resolve itself into a committee on Ways and Means,
After passing a number of resolutions, th

ommittee rose and reported progress.

The House adjourned at 12.45 a.m. OTTAWA, March 10. PUBLIC DEBT.

Sir LEONARD TILLEY, in answer to Mr Charlton, said the net public debt of Canada on January 1st, 1884, was \$163,578,402. MAJOR-GENERAL LUARD, Mr. MULOCK, in aving for copies of all letters of complaint respecting the conduct of Major-General Luard at Cobourg or elsewhere sent by Lieut.-Col. A. T. Williams, M.P., or any person or persons, to the Government or any member thereof, referred to the reporter in the press of certain circumstances connected with the encompment of the 3rd military district at Cobourg on the 20th September last. On that occasion Major-General Luard was present in his official capacity, inspecting the troops, and it was charged against him that during the inspection and at mess, he acted in an indecent and insulting manner towards his officers, and especially towards the gentleman mentioned in the motion, the hon, member for East Durham, who was presented. n the press of certain circumstan ember for East Durham, who was present officially as Lieut.-Colonel of the

A general debate followed, resulting in the adoption, with a slight amendment, of Mr. Mulock's motion.

DECRYING CANADA Mr. McDONALD (Cape Breton), for Mr. Mitchell, moved for copies of all correspondence between the Government of Canada, of any of its members and Sir John Rose, or between either of them, and Messrs. Baring and Glynn, financial agents of the Dominion, or either of them, in the year 1875, in relation to the conduct of Mr. Potter, president of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, in de-crying the credit of Canada, also the credit of the Province of Quebec, in relation to the effort of the latter to effect a loan in Lon-

The motion was carried. The House adjourned at 11.30.

OTTAWA, March 11. MASTERS AND MATES. Mr. McLELAN moved the House into committee on the resolution, "That it is expedient so to amend 'The Seamen's Act, 1873,' and 'The Act respecting certificates to masters and mates of ships, 1874, as to apply certain provisions thereof to Canadian foreign-going ships over one hundred tons register instead of over one hundred and fifty tons register." He explained that under the Act of last session coasting vessels of a hundred tons and over were required to have certificated officers, but the Act of 1873 per certificated officers, but the Act of 1075 per-mitted foreign-going vessels up to 150 tons to go without certificated masters and mates. Under this resolution foreign-going vessels would be placed in the same position as coast-

Committee of the Whole on his resolution declaring it is expedient to amend "the Act respecting enquiries and investigations into shipwrecks and other matters," as to the power of the Minister of Marine and Fishpower of the Minister of Marine and Fish-eries in certain cases reported to him under it. Under the present law an officer making investigation into a wreck had to make his decision in open court immediately that he

had heard the evidence. It was proposed to alter the law so as to provide that the officer should not deslare his decision in public, but that he should report to the Minister of

Marine.

The resolution was adopted and a bill founded upon it introduced.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATIONS. Sir LEONARD TILLEY moved the House into committee on the resolution declaring, "that it is expedient to amend the Consoli-"that it is expedient to amend the Consoli-dated Insurance Act of 1877 with respect to companies transacting the business of life assurance under the titles of 'Co-operative Life Insurance Companies,' 'Mutual Benefit Associations,' and the like." It was pro-posed to make the following require-ments regarding the various companies: First—The directors should be known to the people and shown to be men who could be people and shown to be men who could be relied upon. This would be secured by requiring the company to be incorporated in Canada. Secondly—They should be required to give a statement of their accounts. If these were satisfactory the Minister of Finance should be empowered to exempt the company from the operations of the Insurance At. from the operations of the Insurance Act as regarded the deposit. Thirdly—The financial statements should be published in the annual report of the Superintendent of Insurance as an additional safeguard. The Government, by these provisions, accepted no responsibi-lity but that of refusing to exempt where the company appeared to be badly mismanaged or attended with fraud. The resolution was passed in committee,

and a bill founded upon it was introduced. COAL MEASURES. Hon. Mr. COSTIGAN introduced a resolution declaring it expedient to provide that all contracts for the sale and delivery of coal shall be made for such sale and delivery weight, and that all sales of coal shall be by weight. He explained that the object was to meet the difficulty in the Maritime Provinces meet the difficulty in the Maritime Provinces where in some places coal was sold by mea sure, and where in consequence a pur

Continued on Fifth Page.

"Six Months' Trial Free." To convince the public and prove to the sceptical that the spirometer is the best in-strument ever invented for the treatment of diseases of the air passages, and that it is all I have ever claimed for it, any one suffering from bronchitis, cataerb, catarrhal deafne asthma, or consumption, who will call at 173 Church street this week and consult the surgeens of the International Throat and Lung Institute, can have a spirometer on trial, to be paid for at the end of six months or soontions, advice, and spirometer free—the medi-cine alone to be pard for. I do this to show the confidence I have in the treatment and to the confidence I have in the treatment and to convince the medical profession and others who are still sceptical (netwithstanding the thousands of testimonials I have published), that the spirometer which I have invented, and the medicines and treatment prescribed by the surgeons of the International Throat and Lung Institute, are curing and will cure a larger per cent. of these diseases than any other treatment in the world. This offer holds good for this week. Dr. M. Sourielle and the second for this week. good for this week. Dr. M. Souvielle, ex-Aide Surgeon of the French Army.

TORONTO

We, the undersigned Druggists, take pleasure in certifying that we have sold Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY for many years, and know it to be one of the oldest as well as one of the most reliable preparations in the market for the cure of COUCHS, COLDS, and THROAT and LUNG it, and we do not hesitate to recommend it,

TORONTO, June, 1882.

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D. L. THOMPSON, 237 King st, East. J. R. LEE, 339 King st. East, KING STREET PHARMACY, J. H. Barfass, Manager. E. G. LEMAITRE, 232 Queen st. west. ALBERT HARVARD, 316 Queen st. West. MAY & COMPANY, 372 Queen st. West. HARRY SHERRIS, 444 Queen st. West. WRIGHT & CO., cor. Queen and Eliza beth sts. STEWART W. JOHNSTON, 670 Queen st.

FISHER MEDICINE CO., 38 and 514 Queen st. West. J. OGDEN, 526 Queen st. West. JOSIAH GREEN, 382 and 630 Queen st.

West.
W. HEARN, 974 Queen st. West.
WM. H. SCRIPTURE, 462 Queen st. West.
CHAS. A. MITCHELL, cor. Church and Queen sts. E. NEVILLE, 108 Queen st. East. R. ROBINSON, 218 Queen st. East. J. R. LEE, cor. Queen and Seaton sts. JAS. A. BRODIE, 229 Parliament st.

A. V. DeLAPORTE, jr., 346 Church st. WM. HALDENBY, cor. Carlton and Jarvis sts. W. R. STEWARD, Spadina avenue and College st. H. SCHOFIELD, 154 Chestnut st. C. A. McBRIDE, cor. Dundas and Argylests. J. C. LANDER, Yorkville, Ont. W.M. H. COX. Yorkville, Ont. W. S. ROBINSON, Yorkville, Ont.

W. S. ROBINSON, PORVINE, Ont.
E. H. BAULD, Yorkville, Ont.
G. A. DEVLIN, Parkdale, Ont.
W. GAYNOR, Parkdale, Ont.
W. H. COULSON, Stouffville, Ont.
R. E. LAW, Richmond Hill, Ont. H. SANDERSON & SONS, Rachmond Hill. Ont

ALFRED EASTWOOD, Schomberg, Ont. JACOB ZIELINSKIE, M.D., Kleinburg, Ont. WM. MILLER & CO., Markham, Ont. W. M. MILLER & CO., Markham, Ont.
JAMES KELMAN, Newmarket, Ont.
W. H. BENTLEY, Newmarket, Ont.
J. HIGGINBOTHAM & SON, Oshawa, Ont.
WILLIAM WOON, Oshawa, Ont. Under this resolution foreign-going vessels would be placed in the same position as coastmg vessels.

The resolution was adopted in committee, and a bill founded upon it was introduced.

INVESTIGATIONS INTO WRECKS.

Mr. McLelan moved the House into Committee of the Whole on his resolution declaring it is expedient to amend "the Act is the Act is expedient to amend "the Act is the Act is expedient to amend "the Act is expedient t C. W. PEARCE & CO., Oakville, Ont. ROBERT C. BALMER, Oakville, Ont.

Bomething that Suffer Should

BRANTFORD, Ont., No lo Whom it may Conc certify that I have been catarrh, nervous debility, and kidney disease, and my voice so that I could above a whisper. I had of dollars without any replied to Drs. K. & K., wi my troubles so far that anything wrong, and I an shall soon be well. GEORGE B.

D. Whom it may Conce ago I was attacked wit spinal anæmia, and was n In fact several of my nei tacked with the same disea was thought to be beyon J. D. Kergan was called city, and with character responded to our call, thand, and after making the and by following carefu directions I was restore health. I have been acquintimately with Dr. J. as a gentleman and a phiskill I most heartily reany and all who may need the state of the state of the same and a phiskill I most heartily reany and all who may need the same and all who may need the same

rs. K. & K. cured me of which I had been trouble had been declared incurate doctors of London, Chath My symptoms were;—stomach after eating, con eructations and belching of liver, pain under shoulde ish skin and whites of ey with red centre and crack in stomach which attack and were followed by m ache, cold feet and han nervous, was troubled dreams, and awoke in hausted and unrefreshed a hypochondriac, const imaginary evil, and wa that my friends often fer take my own life. At take my own life. At treatment by the Drs. cured, and am now perfect in the morning and wond from pain, and after each shed that I remain con I am cured, and any dyst

TS. K. & K. have cured n which made my life un feel like singing and dand My unfortunate stomach all my aches and pains the time. Sometimes at at other times loathed t Had intense pain betwee and in liver, and was co wind. I was always could not for the life thoughts. I was also general debility and inte top of my head, and wit caused a constant dro throat. That is four mo ready, thanks to Drs. K. really, truly well. I a thanks to them, look happy life, for I am just ried. I weigh 137 pour pounds more than when eatment, and am, I they have but half a cha

PRESCOTT, Ont. press my gratitude to yo benefits I received from medicines, convinced that ing of God, I owe my l Being in a most pitiable broken down, nervous s unable to do the least wor my friends thought I w consumption, a constant the back and limbs, chills and exhaustion, foretold a After trying several local any benefit, but getting to try your skill; and months' treatment, I strong man again, aged work hard on the tarm. the afflicted everywhere and not give up hope, doctors fail to cure. Wit doctors fail to cure. to publish this, I am,

Life Looks Briel Iv. I. D. Boardman, ed burgh (Mich.) Bulletin, having become undermi for the Union. I was consumption in its wors vere pains in the left bree cough, night sweats, dai consumption in its quent violent bleeding fralso suffered from it disease, and general greatly emaciated. In I must soon die by all th and in despair applied to month's treatment set m four months I was cure good health, life looks bri fair to live and work for all this to Drs. K. & K."

From the Action (Ont.) Fr

6th, 1884:-

Yours, &c.,

Jur readers doubtless reme Galbrath, once publish as whole-souled and he ever "shoved" a pencil, in every man he met, a enemy in the world. The man Steve has seen muchis capacity of "newspa been as near to getting a mysteries of the future a the lot of a mortal. was manager of the Fl crat, one of the leading the States. Overwork he had undergone duri life brought on consumman, 1882, Steve was a He was given up by all "dying of consumption told him he had "a w was reduced to a skelet spit blood, while coug and night, In this ext to the "Drs. K. & K." a strong. Three months set him on his feet, an tame active man he was the Acton Free Press. "a walking advertisem K." and the land is full the skill of these there is a lot of foolish their way of doing bush we can see the most in "Do they cure?" If the right to let people know "do cure where others in