

# Pays

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## FOR YOUR COUNTRY SAVE FOR THE HUN VICTORY BONDS

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FORTY SEVENTH YEAR

THE COURIER

NOV. 1, 1918

TWO CENTS

# TEUTONIC EMPIRE OF ALLIES

## REVOLT IN BUDAPEST; HUNGARIAN NATIONAL COUNCIL IN CONTROL

### Government Overthrown, Military And Police Powerless; Count Tisza, Former Hungarian Premier, And Ardent Pro-German Assassinated

By Courier Leased Wire.  
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 1.—By the Associated Press.—A successful revolution has taken place in Budapest and the Hungarian national council has taken over the government, according to a message sent by Count Michael Karolyi to The Berlin Tageblatt.

The messages from Count Karolyi, who is head of the Hungarian Independent Party, reads: "Revolution in Budapest and national council look over government. Military and police acknowledge national council completely. Inhabitants rejoicing."

Signed: Karolyi, President National Council.

LONDON, Nov. 1.—After the proclamation of a republic in Budapest, Archduke Joseph, the representative of the Emperor, left the city, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Zurich.

Emperor Charles, the dispatch adds, before leaving Vienna, personally gave orders that all conflict with the population be avoided. He instructed the authorities to yield without resistance to the new power.

**COUNT TISZA ASSASSINATED**  
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 1.—Count Tisza, the former Hungarian premier, has been killed by a soldier, according to a Budapest telegram today. The Count fell victim to a revolver shot while he was out walking.

ROME, Nov. 1.—In their offensive against the Austrians on the Monte Grappa front in northern Italy, the Italians have pressed the enemy so strongly that his front has collapsed, the War Office announced today. The Italians have forced the Gorge of Quero, have passed beyond the spur east of Monte Resen, and are advancing in the Piave valley.

Count Tisza, whose life is reported ended by assassination, has long been one of the storm centres of Hungarian politics. It has been charged that Count Tisza was one of the four men responsible for the war, and the accusation has been made that he instigated the assassination of Archduke Ferdinand.

A Magyar and Hungarian to the core, Count Tisza was pro-German and aimed constantly at the supremacy of Hungary over Austria within the dual monarchy.

Count Tisza was twice premier of Hungary, from 1902 to 1905 and from June 4, 1912 to May 22, 1917. He was the centre of many riotous scenes in the Hungarian parliament during his leadership, and in 1913 fought at least three duels with political opponents. In January of that year he wounded Count Michael Karolyi, a life-long and bitter opponent, in a duel at Budapest. Up to his retirement from the premiership he was opposed to the pacifists in Hungary.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Delegates of thirteen commissions representing

the Alsace-Lorrainers in Switzerland declared in formal resolutions adopted at a recent meeting at Bern that the needy populations of those provinces "do not wish now, any more than they did 45 years ago, to belong to the German confederation and making use of the right of free disposal, they demand the purse and simple rejoicing of Alsace-Lorraine to France."

The resolutions, which have been received in Washington by cable, (Continued on Page Two.)

## WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Nov. 1.—The low area which was in the lower St. Lawrence valley yesterday has passed to the eastward and a pronounced high area is now approaching the Great Lakes and the middle states from the westward. The weather there is showing in the Maritime Provinces and in other parts of the Dominion.

Forecast:—Fresh west and northwest winds, fair and cooler, Saturday.—Moderate winds, fair and cool.



## SHATTERING OF ENEMY NATIONS IS HEARD ABOVE ROAR OF ALLIED GUNS ON BATTLE FRONT

By Courier Leased Wire.  
New York, Nov. 1.—The Associated Press issues the following:—The great Teutonic alliance which, for four years, has carried on the greatest war in history, and often seemed to have almost achieved success, is tumbling to pieces. Bulgaria and Turkey have surrendered, Austria, with anarchy reigning throughout the kingdom, is begging for peace, and Germany is anxiously awaiting the terms of the Allied nations.

In fact, the news of the breaking up of the enemy nations on their home fronts, is more momentous than even reports of tremendous events on the theatres of actual battle.

Turkey has apparently given up everything, agreed to opening of the Dardanelles, and the Bosphorus and thrown herself upon the mercy of the Allies arrayed against her. In this phase of the war, the United States is not an active participant. This country has not been at war with the Ottoman Empire. Entry of the Allies into the Turkish and Italian warships may be announced at any time, with the final act of the drama in that region of the world.

Assistance in Roumania and intervention in southern Russia is probably a matter of but a brief period.

Austrian armies fighting on

Italian soil, face a great military disaster, for the rush of troops commanded by General Diaz has not been halted by Austrian appeals. Proposals made by plenipotentiaries from Vienna have been referred to the Inter-Allied War Council by the Italian command, but the work of wiping out the stigma of the defeat of Caporetto has not been stopped. Fifteen Austrian divisions are reported to be trapped in the mountain sector between the Brenta and Piave Rivers, while the Austrian forces between the sea and Bolzano are in direct peril of being annihilated. Over 50,000 prisoners have been captured by the Allies since the drive began.

## SACILE IS CAPTURED BY BRITISH

### Town on Livensia River Taken—Enemy is Falling Back Rapidly

By Courier Leased Wire.  
Bulletin, London, Nov. 1.—The British troops on the Italian front have occupied the town of Sacile, on the Livensia, fifteen miles west of the Piave, the War Office announces. The enemy is falling back rapidly in the Grappa sector.

The text of the statement reads: "The battle is progressing successfully. British infantry and mounted troops have occupied Sacile. The troops of the 4th army have reached the town of Sacile, and the German troops holding the canal from Eclio to Zeebrugge, running to the northwest of Ghent. If the advance continues, the Germans may soon be compelled to abandon their (Continued on Page Two.)"

## BRITISH RESUMED OFFENSIVE IN FRANCE THIS MORNING

### Satisfactory Progress Being Made, Haig Reports—Violent Artillery Battles in Progress on French Sectors—Germans Removing the Civilians in Advance of Their Retreat

By Courier Leased Wire.  
London, Nov. 1.—The British troops resumed the offensive south of Valenciennes this morning. Field Marshal Haig, in his report to-day, says "good progress is being made."

British troops in minor enterprises near Le Quesnoy Thursday captured a number of prisoners. The statement reads: "A successful minor enterprise carried out by small parties of our troops in the neighborhood of Le Quesnoy yesterday we captured a number of prisoners."

**ARTILLERY BATTLES.**  
Paris, Nov. 1.—Violent artillery battles were in progress during last night on the French front along the Oise near Guise and in the Alsace region near St. Fergus, northwest of Chateau Porcien, according to to-day's War Office announcement. The text of the statement reads: "During the night there were violent artillery actions in the region of Guise and west of St. Fergus."

## \$45,700 FOR VICTORY LOAN ON THURSDAY

### Returns Are Still Incomplete And Will Probably Swell That Total

Yesterday proved an off day with canvassers for the Victory Loan campaign, as up to noon to-day only the sum of \$45,700 had been reported to headquarters. These returns were incomplete, however, and when all reports are in, a higher total is anticipated. The city canvassers yesterday raised \$35,650, the county workers \$7,450, and the sum of \$2,600 was subscribed through the banks.

In the first four days of the campaign approximately \$364,000 has been raised, this being a little over one-third of the total objective. A better showing will have to be made before the district can be sure of its honor flag, but every individual canvasser is out to-day to swell the total.

McL. W. Champion, the indefatigable secretary of the local organization, went home ill at noon to-day as a result of overwork during the past few weeks. Fear was expressed that he might have influenza, but this is not believed probable.

A Fordson tractor rattling through the streets of the city attracted considerable attention. The tractor drew a daisy built up with Victory Loan posters, and on it rode a mysterious man in black, who this morning threatened the Courier with all sorts of dire penalties if his name were divulged. This individual, through a misspoken call, the main fact is that now there is none.

REMOVE CIVILIANS.  
With the American Army in France, Nov. 1.—(By the Associated Press).—The Germans now are removing the civil population in advance of the retreat of their armies from French soil. A document captured by American soldiers contains instructions for rounding up the male population capable of bearing arms and all cattle. The document says that this has been done only in part up to this time, but the passive resistance of the population had reduced the forces at the disposal of the local commandants.

PARIS IMPRESSIONS  
By Courier Leased Wire.  
Paris, Nov. 1.—The capitulation of Turkey, although anticipated, has made, nevertheless, a profound impression in France. Newspapers declare it to be an event of supreme importance.

The convention is of a purely military character," says The Matin, "and in no way affects the peace which will be eventually signed with the Turkish Empire. What is interesting, however, is the immediate effect of the armistice. First of all the greater part of the British armies in Syria, Palestine and Mesopotamia will be released. The army of the Orient which will soon be the army of the Save and the Danube, will be, perhaps, called upon to play a great role for which its reinforcement by seasoned elements will be desirable at an early date. When the Dardanelles are opened, the Allied fleet will restore direct communication with Roumania, as it is hardly probable that the Gt. Britain, the Breslau and the Russian fleet sold to Germany by the Bolsheviks, will offer resistance.

"The Allies will then have the Mediterranean outlets of Ukraine and Greater Russia."

Altred Capus, in The Figaro, writes: "How much longer can isolated Germany withstand the formidable results of the war and called. The main fact is that now there is none."

## DESERTED BY FORMER ALLIES, GERMANY IS COMPLETELY ISOLATED

### Surrender of Turkey And Austrian Capitulation Leaves Teuton Empire In Dire Straits; Germany Must Soon Accept Any Terms Set By Allies

By Courier Leased Wire.  
LONDON, Nov. 1.—The complete isolation of Germany as a result of the desertion and surrender of her Allies is commented upon as the outstanding feature of the latest developments in the colossal drama of victory. The effect of this isolation upon her armies, coupled with the desperate internal conditions in Germany is regarded almost everywhere as bringing the end of the war very near, although in some quarters warning is raised that the German army and navy is still in existence, and, in the hands of desperate men, are formidable and dangerous.

The general tenor of comment, however, indicates a belief that Germany must sooner or later accept virtually any terms the Allies impose. There is considerable speculation as to the extent to which Germany will be able to oppose the carrying out of the terms Turkey has accepted. It is unknown whether German garrisons still hold the Dardanelles forts and other defences of Constantinople, while resistance by the German and the Russian Black Sea fleet is regarded as a serious possibility. Even if the forts are evacuated, the passage of the straits may not, as is suggested, be without danger, as it is assumed they are still mined and must, in any event be swept before ships can pass through. The Express, however, learns that the location of all mines is known to the Turks, and the paper believes that when they undertook to open the straits the Turks also agreed to help the British clear the mine fields.

The immense possibilities following the Turkish collapse are discussed by all the newspapers, among the hopeful auguries being the rescue of Roumania and the end of Bolshevik tyranny in Russia.

**HUN LINES SMASHED**  
East of Central, in Flanders, British and French forces have torn through the German lines and have advanced on a wide front toward the Scheldt. This morning the German troops holding the canal from Eclio to Zeebrugge, running to the northwest of Ghent. If the advance continues, the Germans may soon be compelled to abandon their (Continued on Page Two.)"

## COUNTY COUNCIL VOTED TO PURCHASE PARIS ROAD

### Would Have Local Highways Established as Provincial County Roads

MEETING LAST NIGHT  
The purchase of the Brantford Paris toll road was unanimously decided upon at a special meeting of the County Council held in the chambers at the Court House last night. This decision was reached with practically no opposition or discussion and action will be taken immediately for the necessary negotiations. The price of \$4,000, of which the city has agreed to pay one-quarter, is the figure at which the purchase will be made. As soon as the transaction is made steps will be taken to put the road into condition, as at present in places a very poor road is evident. The following motion was passed unanimously:

Moved by J. B. Scott, seconded by A. J. McCann:—

That, whereas a chain of public highways running from the boundary between the County of Norfolk and the County of Brant, commencing in the said boundary line between lots six and seven in the first concession of the Township of Oakland, thence northerly between lots six and seven in the first, second and third concessions of the said Township of Oakland, thence easterly along the road between the third and fourth concessions of the Township of Oakland to the road in the Township of Brantford, known as the Mount Pleasant Road, and the Mount Pleasant Road to the city of Brantford, and after passing through the city of Brantford in a north-westerly direction to the south-easterly limit of the Brantford and Paris toll road and the Brantford and Paris toll road and the extensions thereof to the town of Paris, thence after passing through the town of Paris, the road known as the Paris and Oak Road (Continued on Page Two.)

## VICTORY VICTORY LOAN

By Courier Leased Wire.  
Victoria, Nov. 1.—Total subscriptions to the Victory Loan last night reached \$1,900,900.

## Salvation from Damnation—The Victory Bond

Share in Victory—Buy a Bond.