November, December were named from octo, eight; novem, nine; and decem, ten, as they stood in that order in the old Roman Calendar.

The Saxons used the following names to designate the months; January the Wolf month; February the Springwort month, because young cabbages then began to sprout; March the lengthening month; April the Easter; May the Three Milkings, as cows were milked three times a day; June the meadow month; July the Hay month; August the Barn; September the Grist, and October the Wine month; November the Windy, and December the Winter, and afterwards the Holy month, on account of the Birth of our Saviour.

## FIXED AND MOVEABLE FEASTS OR FESTIVALS, ANNIVERSARIES &c., &c.

N V I D W	1100 5 010	
New Year's Day*	January	1
Epiphany*		6
Septuagesima Sunday		28
Shrove Tuesday		13
Ash Wednesday*	"	14
Quadragesima, 1st Sunday in Lent	"	18
St. David	March	1
St. Patrick	"	17
Palm Sunday	66	24
Annunciation, Lady Day*	66	25
Good Friday*	66	29
EASTER SUNDAY	44	31
St. George	pril	23
Rogation Sunday	lav	5
Ascension Day, Holy Thursday*	"	8
Pentecost, Whit Sunday	"	19
Trinity Sunday	"	26
Birth of Queen Victoria*	"	24
	"	30
Corpus Christi*	TOTAL ROOM	20
Accession of Queen victoria*	une "	
St. John Baptist	and" mant	24
St. Peter and St. Paul*		29
DOMINION DAY		1
St. Michael		29
All Saints Day	Vovember	1
Birth Prince of Wales	""	9
St. Andrew	44	30