

Mr. John G. Diefenbaker, the Prime Minister of Canada with his host, Mr. Nehru, the Prime Minister of India.

political and economic ties. I found both Mr. Menzies, and Mr. Nash of New Zeland, hopeful about the prospects for expanding the two-way trade between our countries. I wish I had time to tell you of the fine relations Australia and New Zeland are developing with the new Asian nations. Quite recently Australia concluded trade agreements with Ceylon, Malaya and Japan, practical examples of that kind of mutual co-operation between East and West which must come quickly if the free world is to survive.

And now, finally, it is proper to ask: "What has been gained for Canada?" My predecessor in office, Mr. St-Laurent, when he returned from a similar visit around the world, outlined the many advantages of his experience and I feel sure that they are as valid today as then. The average Canadian derives a third of his income from our export trade. He has therefore a more direct and personal interest in our relations abroad than the citizens of other countries.

The leaders of many states whose activities are of vital concern to Canada have been met, and have themselves now met the new leader of the Government of Canada, which has a deep-rooted tradition of international responsibility. The Canadian viewpoint on many matters has been put before them—and they, in turn, have had an opportunity to express their own views and opinions.

But I would like to think that there are more lasting consequences than even these personal contacts, important though they are. I would

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