

## History of hatrid by Ryan Stanley

ke the name of a disease.

threaten to spark a wide outbreak, like today, do legions doctors, disguised as diplomats, scurry to help, armed wit assumptions but few helpful prescriptions. At times (again like today) the doctors' intervention has made matters we

Count Dracula legend, Adolf Eichmann, the First World W principal claims to fame are etymological: their name has be adaptresurrected 'genocide' as a household word.

Western observers to attempt an honest reappraisal of the tple and under our own histories." politics of the Balkans. And while he, too, carries his prejeces, his illy described and scoffed at the

trouble of Albanians, Croats, Balkan Ghosts: Greeks, Macedonians and their A Journey Throu neighbours. In doing so, he achieves the additional feat of writng a wonderfully readable book, Vintage Books yrical and reflective, reminding us

hat just as the subjects of his book deserve more respect people

books on the conflicts in Afghanistan and Ethiopia. His oks are given up the search for scapegoats and want only to turn the page. notable for being meticulously researched, and this mos ends with seven pages of bibliography. Kaplan travels wi his pack, especially old ones, and consults them frequentl lengthy passages of background material paraphrased

vomen in churches, petty bureaucrats, and directionless ouths, in demons

which he records the conflicting morass of historical lessons that make up Balkan truths. Some of these truths can, to Western eyes, be unfathomable. Franklin Roosevelt and George Bush, for example, are vilified for selling out Romania to the Russians, while Ronald Reagan Yugoslavia. It used to be the name of a country. Now pale say it is exalted for protecting the country. Croatian clerics who presided over the forced conversions and executions of hundreds of thousands The Balkans, however, are used to that. For centuries th condiion has been considered chronic and incurable, and only en they that Macedonia, a land with a historical pedigree of at least two thousand years, simply does not exist in any authentic way. An Albanian enty of blames his Serb neighbours for the rats in his garden.

In the Balkans, people know their medieval history as if it were current affairs. The Ottoman Empire blends into the Soviet, Modern The region in Europe's south-east corner that gave the edictators are identified with ancient saints. But if Kaplan's book has a Nicolae message, it is that knowing one's history is not the same as coming to Ceaucescu and the bloodiest and most enduring post-Coldar conterms with it, and that the Balkans suffer from a particularly nasty flict is accustomed to receiving the world's scorn. The Balns' two case of this sort of denial. Thus, one who credits the fascist Ustashe movement of Croatia with 60,000 murders is a Croat patriot, while ed into a synonym for political chaos, and their warriors, in 1990s, another who accuses them of 700,000 deaths is a Serb nationalist. Pitched street battles are still fought over the numbers. In the words of Robert Kaplan, in "Balkan Ghosts," is one of the I recent a Bulgarian Foreign Minister, "Here, we are completely submerged

Kaplan is at heart a liberal. He lays much of the blame for modernook paints a rich, complex and ultimately sympathetic strait of day ethnic cleansing on Tito, the Yugoslav Communist leader after uman existence in the region, and illustrates powerfully st how World War Two, who "kept the wounds fresh" with "systematized nsufficient are the facile formulas by which outsiders have dition- poverty." The suggestion, of course, is that money in one's pocket leads to love for one's neighbours, a premise not all students of war and peace, or Ireland, or 1930s Japan, would agree with. Such blind istory spots, however, don't hurt Kaplan's product much.

After reading "Balkan Ghosts", the Bosnian war doesn't seem any closer to ending. In many ways the obstacles to peace appear more daunting than before. What has evaporated, however, is the impenetrable darkness which suffocates the stereotypicalBalkans like a monk's blanket. Yes, Kaplan related enough tales of slaughters, masand cultures, so does good travel writing merit greater recoition as sacres and pogroms to turn the stomach and, when considered alongside today's headlines, to lead one to believe this region cursed with a Kaplan is no stranger to the world's trouble spots. He hapported particularly potent form of evil. The end result, however, is that we see from over forty countries for several magazines, and hapenned real people grappling with their pasts, a great many of whom have

"Balkan Ghosts" was first published in 1993, and this paperback ks in edition arrived in the spring of 1994, too late to be reviewed before the iding Gazette went to bed for the summer. This review is, therefore, not very other timely, but the book is. Those who seek to solve the Balkans' problems for them, in the treacherous quest for political credit, would do well to The essential fabric of "Balkan Ghosts," however, is thiuthor's read it, as would anyone who thinks their country, or whatever group interviews with nuns, artists, construction workers, journ'sts, old they identify with, has succeeded in exorcising all of its historical

## Redefining the dictionary

"A living language must keep pace with improvements in knowledge and the multiplication of ideas."

-Noah Webster, 1817

This quote from Mr. Webster is presented on the first page of this volume. It may seem ironic to some that the man who first began to publish words to make them accessible should be used to introduce a type of dictionary radically differing from his style. Some may even question the idea of publishing a different type of dictionary or that a different one is even necessary. Feminist dictionaries in general are created to either offer definitions of words used in reference to women or when describing women's life experiences, and/or to

present new definitions that reflect women's relationship to words.

naries. Instead, interspersed

Amazons, Bluestockings and Crones: a feminist dictionary The dictionary does not fol- Cheris Kraemore and low the format of regular dictio-Paula A. Treichler

Pandors Press, London throughout the dictionary are

feminist sayings, sexist sayings, stereotypical expressions and words explained through a collection of diverse quotes. Some words such as "mammy" are given an historical context, while others have a biting edge to their response, e.g. "humour" being a woman's "means of survival." Not all of the quotes are from people considered famous feminists or are used in a manner that is completely serious. My favourite example is Zsa Zsa Gabor in 1960 saying that husbands are "like fires. They go out when unattended."

I really enjoyed this volume. It is quick and funny, while providing definitions for words that I hear commonly but have been unable to define. My only two criticisms of "Amazons, Bluestockings and Crones" are that I think the spirit of the volume can only be captured through reading a large portion of definitions, and two, that some of the definitions are too abstract to be used as a regular resource. Nonetheless, I hope that all women and men students search for alternative perspectives and resources. This volume in particular is one of those choices.

This book is available for borrowing by the entire community from the library of the Dalhousie Women's Centre. It was donated to the DWC by the Dal Women's Studies Society in March 1994.

### If it's Itch, scratch it

If there is a Canadian rocker who has always been a half-step behind his peers, it's Kim Mitchell. We can all it doesn't measure up hum along to "Go for a to some of his past suc-Soda" and "Patio Lanterns", but how many of his albums can you boast of in your collection?

Mitchell's latest effort, "Itch", ranges



introspective ("Wonder Where and Why" and "The U.S. of Ache") to a cut with a definite Red Hot Chili Peppers edge ("Acrimony"). In between there is Kim's scratching, wailing guitar accompanied

by Kim's scratching.

wailing lyrics. Songs

like "Lemon Wedge"

and "Cheer Us On" are

reminiscent of Kim's

Canadian soulfulness. Perhaps the best tune, blue "Your Face or Mine" combines Mitchell's hard-rocking style with

a reality-check kind of

message. While I per-

sonally liked this song,

In fact, that is probably

the downfall of this

bounty of support

headliner tune that

songs, but it lacks the

would bring the album

those "stretching the

borders of my artistic

If you're not already a

big Kim Mitchell fan,

probably not convert

this collection will

of his older ones.

repertoire" kind of

together. This is one of



perhaps Ron Hynes new single "Atlantic Blue" might hold some promise. After hearing good things about this artist, my listening to the tune the CD.

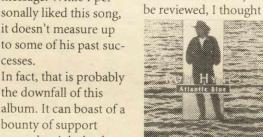
"Atlantic Blue" is a you. My advice is to let Kim "find himself" on this album and buy one cerity. The lyrics are

#### April whine

April Wine, of Def Leppard,

# Good and

After perusing the latest discs that came into the office ready to



was a make or break as to whether I would buy

maritime ballad sung with feeling and sinsuperb. A big thumbs up for Ron Hynes with "Atlantic Blue"; I will buy the disc next week.

Canada's own version

released their new album, Frigate, earlier this year. I figured some poor sap should review it, so I became

Perhaps this album would have been a big hit, if... it was released ten years ago. When these guys try their hard rock edge it sounds like a cheap Bon Jovi knock-off. They are at their peak when they sing ballads, but heck, they all way. This is a case of some aging rockers trying to squeeze some more dollars out of their name. They



should have just sat back and relived the glory days rather than throwing together this A big thumbs down

"Loud as Hell." That is how posters advertised Saturday night's gig at the Grawood featuring Big Sugar. And loud as hell they

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10:00 and was greeted with a line-up of anxious people waiting to get into the bar. This line was going nowhere, and the people at the front of the line told us that they had been waiting for an hour. The last time I (Jen) saw Big Sugar was at the Double Deuce (the old Double the Lowest of the Low. At the time I recall wondering who was opening for who. This time it was pure Big Sugar. Big Sugar is a power blues trio from Toronto (although they were a foursome on Saturday), whose first album came out in 1992 and have been gaining in popularity

ever since. Gordie Johnson

heads the band's

with powerful

blues. If you've

heard their

music on the

how good it is,

but it doesn't even come

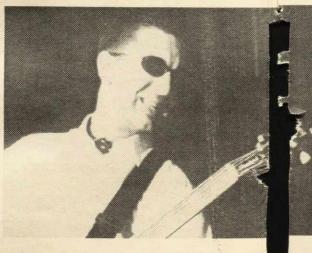
They stepped on-stage at

10:30 to cheers from the

Jefferson Rappell

excited crowd. When you see tening position was itside Gordie live, you realize that he is just 'too cool.' His slicked back hair and dark shades allow him to sink into his guitar and create a symbi-We arrived at the Grawood at otic relationship of pure power. His playing is an interesting blend of Stevie Ray Vaughan blues virtu-

in the line-up. The sic of Big Sugar is strong bugh that it doesn't need buried under volv These problems a show was amazin played all of their 3, a superb Neil Young ver, some unreleased merial,



ousity and Neil Young guitar and their standa wailing. He plays with almost played for about complete abandon, but is never indul-

up so that the optimum lis-

radio, you know not Lo

great, but the place was so was hard to breathe and see. However, it close to their presence live on was by no means difficult to hear the band. The P.A. system seemed to have been set

including a two so For five bucks it much better. The The music was incredible, and it Grawood can cor book such great a packed that it this will prove to year for live musi

Jen I Micha

