

INDIAN RESERVE COMMISSION,
VICTORIA, 4th February, 1882.

The Right Honorable
The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to enclose sketch maps, and minutes of decision of the lands reserved by me on the 4th August last, for the Indians residing at the foot of Pavilion Mountain, near the 22 mile post, on the Lillooet Clinton Waggon Road.

The tribe numbers 71, viz: 20 men, 21 women, and 30 children. Tim-ti-kin is the chief, and they possess 140 horses, nine cattle and 52 pigs.

As a tribe they are not well behaved, and do not stand well with their white neighbors, being addicted to drinking and gambling, and are accredited with horse stealing; the chief possesses but little influence over them. A few are industrious, and farm successfully, but the greater number make their living by hunting, fishing, and mining for gold.

These Indians have never had a reserve made for them, consequently the most suitable land has been purchased by white settlers.

After a careful examination of the country I made the following reserves.

No. 1.

Contains 2,300 acres situated on the left bank of Pavilion Creek, which streams form its western and southern boundaries; on the east are claims of Captain Martly, and Mr. R. Carson, and on the north are the unsold Government lands of little or no value.

This reserve includes the Indian village, church and scattered fields; its principal value lies in the range it affords horses and cattle during winter. There are at present near the village and at intervals on the bank of Pavilion Creek, about 51 acres under crop, mostly wheat; Indian corn, melons, tomatoes and beans are raised here to perfection. The remainder of this reserve, though a good range for horses, is of the roughest description and incapable of cultivation.

One hundred (100) inches of the water of Pavilion Creek are set apart for the use of this reserve, and there is an abundance of timber for all purposes.

No. 2.

A reserve situated on the right bank of Fraser River, includes both sides of Leon Creek, and contains 1,500 acres approximately.

On this reserve about 200 acres of land may be cultivated, there being a good supply of water from Leon Creek, and from a small creek a mile lower down the river; the water of these creeks is set apart for the use of the Indians.

There is excellent feed on this reserve, but not much timber.

No. 3.

Is on the trail from Pavilion to Hat Creek, and is situated in what is known as the Marble Canon; perpendicular mountains enclose it on the north and south. It contains 650 acres, 12 have been fenced and cropped, and 60 more are cultivable for oats, barley, potatoes and hay.

The waters of two small creeks are reserved, one on the north, and the other on the south of the land.

The fishery, as reserved for this tribe, extends from Leon Creek down stream to one-fourth of a mile above Eleven Mile Creek on the Lillooet Road, a distance of 15 miles.