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Official Organ of the Toronto District Labor Council

THE TOILER

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TORONTO, OCT. 7th, 1904

If the workers desire to accomplish early, safe, the divided house must be united.

◆ ◆

When union men strike they are said to be "stubborn." When bosses lock out they are said to be "firm."

◆ ◆

The only difference between the Grits and Tories today is the difference between the "ins" and the "outs."

◆ ◆

If the industries of the country were co-operatively owned, there would be a few less millionaires and a whole lot less paupers.

◆ ◆

You have voted the Grit and Tory tickets, and the farther you go the worse it gets. Don't you think Mr. Workingman, it is about time you broke off, and voted your own ticket.

◆ ◆

Mayor Urquhart, with his public ownership ideas, will not fit very well in the party which throws away a grand opportunity to make a name for itself by building and running the Grand Trunk Pacific.

◆ ◆

Borden comes out flat-footed for Government ownership of the Grand Trunk Pacific. We don't know how he is going to line up the crowd at his back, but must applaud his efforts to have the people own a road which they pay for.

◆ ◆

How the workers and those who have no work swell with pride and satisfaction as they read the reports of the prosperity of the country; the figures—millions—dividends, profits, and paid-up stock, while the figures for them remain 000.

◆ ◆

W. F. Maclean has the satisfaction of knowing that he more than any other man forced the issue of public ownership upon the Conservative party. We trust he will again be seen in the House, for it is a foregone conclusion that if he is seen he will be heard.

◆ ◆

We're in the same boat as our neighbors to the south of us. The political pot is boiling in both countries, and the workingmen will again go to the polls and cast a divided vote. Whether he votes Grit or Tory it is all the same to his cause—he gets it in the neck both ways.

◆ ◆

Brock dare not face the workers in the Federal field, but says he will do so in the municipal field. Well, there are some of them just itching for him to take a chance, and he will then hear from the "cowards who shoot from ambush and are afraid to fight in the light."

◆ ◆

If the workers fail to stir themselves and be up and doing something in the political field, they will find out when too late their mistake. Get a party of your own, it matters not how small, and you will find it better protection than depending upon the good will of either of the old parties for your wants.

◆ ◆

Evolution in methods will determine what is the full product of a man's toil. Our good friends who want it figured out now will do well to recognise the right of the worker to the full product, and leave the future to decide just how it will be figured out. Co-operation will do the trick, and give to the people the full benefit of their labor, instead of as now having part of their due side-tracked for the benefit of some fellow who has appropriated a few dollars which of right belong to someone else.

REPORT OF LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE.

Your committee met at The Toiler office on the evening of Friday, September 16th. The secretary reported progress on the question of assisted emigration of orphans and friendless children from the United Kingdom. As there is more information to come, we are not yet prepared to bring in a recommendation. In discussing the interests of labor and the immense difficulty of making any impression on the combined and solid ranks of the Employers and Manufacturers' Association for an increase of wages or shortening of hours, the attention of the committee was called to the subject of the present high rents that manual toilers have to pay for a decent house in Toronto. Surely the home is the most important place on earth to a workingman. After the exhausting, sweating toil of a hot summer's day it is to the home he turns at night for rest and refreshment. In the winter time, tired and cold and wet with rain or snow, the warm, cheerful home, with the loving hearts that gather there, is about the only thing that makes life worth living. Yet for this home many a workingman in Toronto to-day has to pay the whole of one week's wages in every month for house rent, at the time expired to a landlord's notice to quit or raise of rent. If he can relieve him of half this burden of rent, it would be equal to raising the wage from 10 to 15 per cent. Suppose we grant that many workingmen have a desire or purpose of buying a home, yet we may safely say that 25 per cent. of the trades unionists of Toronto would endeavor to do so if they had reasonable encouragement; and if one-quarter of the 15,000 trades unionists of Toronto were living in their own freehold homes, it would wonderfully shift the rents of labor. Our secretary has written a pamphlet on this subject and he applied to our committee for a recommendation to this Council to endorse the pamphlet, as was recently similarly done to a pamphlet written by W. A. Douglass. After hearing and listening to a pamphlet on house rent, we, knowing that our unions need educating on these questions, knowing also that the circulation of literature is the most powerful means of reaching the intelligence of thinking men, recommend that this pamphlet be endorsed by the Council on condition that Delegate Reeks pays for the printing of it. All of which is humbly submitted by your Legislative Committee.

John Gardiner, Chairman.
J. H. Reeks, Secretary.

REV. J. L. GORDON COMMENDED.

Editor Toiler: In the present issue of The Toiler (Sept. 30th) I notice "Gem Thoughts" from the Bond street pulpit. To my mind they are thoughtfully fresh and worthy of attention. It is not the first time that I have seen such gems in The Toiler, thus showing that your heart is inclined to worthy thoughts from this source. Of course, being a hearer of the word coming from the Bond street pulpit, some of your readers may think I am prejudiced favorably, if I say "Yea" and "Amen" to them. Not so; I am not exactly prejudiced. I like a palatable thing even if it does not come from Bond street. I am not particularly inclined to church worship, yet I must say that Rev. J. L. Gordon does say some things palatable, hence it is due to one to say a kind word in his behalf. Tradition and the church have grown out of my notice with my experience, for my experience of church worship means money worship in the interest of the pulpit occupier. I have the recollection of Rev. J. L. Gordon saying that he did not blame a man (minister, of course) taking the higher salary if offered it. Of course it applied to the humble supplicant of the pew as well, for the labor question was in his mind at the time. When the pulpit is fair in dealing with important questions in the interest of the common people, it should be accepted in good part by those chiefly interested. But can it be said that the ministry of our churches in general desire to see the common people clothed and in their right minds rather than under tutelage that the soul's salvation is the only requisite to get all worldly need from a kind Providence?

Now, sir, I am beyond the three score years and ten, and of the near thirty years of this period I have on occasions trusted in this kind Providence without the success, from a worldly point of view, that the faithful are supposed to attain. You will hear with me if I say that it is time that our old-fashioned ministers should be morally and spiritually rejuvenated into thinking human beings, who see that there is the very important question that the soul must first be made healthful as well as being saved. Of course, all wise and good men who occupy the pulpits see that to build up a healthful soul a healthful, well-fed body is the first requisite; hence it will be seen, as the saying says, the man will be "clothed and in his right mind."

By all means give us pulpit gems and healthful spiritual food coming from the pulpits of earnest, good men, who truly sympathize with the "poor fishermen's" descendants. Yours truly,

W. H. Stevens.

P.S.—I would like to say something about a closer unity of the churches from a workingman's standpoint, if permitted. —W.H.S.

THE PERFECT STATE.

Where is the perfect State?
'Tis where no palace stands
Trembling on shifting sands,
Morning and night;
'Tis where the soil is free,
Where, far as eye may see,
Scattered o'er hill and lea,
Homesteads abound;
Where clean and broad and sweet
(Market, square, lane and street,
Belted by leagues of wheat)
Cities are found.

Where is the perfect State?
'Tis where no lives are seen
Huddled in lanes unclean,
Crying for food;
'Tis where the home is pure,
'Tis where the bread is sure,
'Tis where the wants are fewer,
And each want fed;
Where plenty and peace abide,
Where health dwells heavenly-eyed,
Where, in nooks beautified,
Slumber the dead.

—Robert Buchanan.

Organized labor goes into politics to keep organized labor out of politics.

◆ ◆

There are two kinds of tramps—one rides first-class, the other rides on the backs of the working class.

◆ ◆

If the present conditions of life are right the poor are in the wrong but if the present conditions are not right the poor are wronged.

◆ ◆

Many men and women can only see truth in the guise of what, from their viewpoint, is respectable. Truth in overalls makes no impression on this class of people, truth to gain admittance must wear good clothes when it knocks at their doors.

Socialism

(This column is supplied by Local Toronto, of the Ontario Socialist Party, who are responsible for the views expressed in it.)

IS THE STRIKE A FAILURE? IF SO, WHAT NEXT?

The year that is rapidly drawing to a close has been a year full of lessons to the workers that use their intelligence for the uplifting and betterment of themselves and fellow-men. We see the slow but sure increase in price of all the necessities of life—food, clothing, firing and shelter—and the average worker, not thinking of the other essentials that help to make life worth living, namely, luxuries and education, has from time to time endeavored to increase his wages so as to be able to keep his standard of living up to the mark of recent years. If he has kept up the standard he has not bettered his condition, but very little, for whatever means have been taken to increase his wages so as to keep up with the price of commodities whether strikes, demands, appeals, arbitration or change of employment, and whatever has been endured or sacrificed, either in lost wages, mental worry or in starving economy, we find the condition of the average worker ever remains the same, namely, the bare level of subsistence, or in other words, one day's work to pay for the necessities. And as the plain, hard fact is being forced upon him that as a weapon in modern industrial warfare the strike is an ancient and obsolete weapon.

Eugene Debs has said that the strike is merely a fight between a hungry stomach and a steel lined vault filled with gold, and the vault generally wins out.

If then after trying to raise the standard of life by every method as proposed by our conservative leaders, we find we are enjoying no better food, that our clothes are worn shabby by us just as long, that we live in no better homes and that it is just as hard a problem to solve, how shall we keep our young children out of the factory and give them something of a proper education? If all has failed, what next?

President Donnelly, who led the recent Meat Packers' strike in Chicago, said that conditions are proving conclusively that the only hope for the workers of this continent, "organized or unorganized," was in their adoption of the Socialist philosophy. And why, because its propaganda teaches us that by its adoption alone can the workers procure the full returns from their toil and shows that so long as one part of society, the minority, own and control all land, mines, railway shipping and manufactories, just so long will the other part of society, the majority, be in a position of servitude and dependency.

How long will the majority allow most of the land that has been made valuable by industry and settlement in towns and cities be owned by a small minority; all the mines to be owned by a very small minority, every railway, steam and electric, that human toil and skill have made possible, all the shipping that the workers have built and navigate and the manufactories that the toilers by every phase of labor, mental and physical, have made and keep in operation? How long will a few of the people own and control that which all people have made and must use when the mass of toilers are educated up to that standard of economics that they shall know and understand that labor, mental and physical, applied to nature's resources, produces all wealth? Then will they demand what they themselves have produced; then will they unite as a body of workers, intelligent, educated and thorough, first in the political field and then in the industrial field, putting aside petty jealousies and difference of opinions that mostly belong to the days that are past and gone for ever.

To gain political control is the advice of all students of present economic conditions. To gain control of the law-making power is the aim of Socialists who have always recognized that to change or alter the present capitalistic conditions the workers must organize into a political body composed entirely and exclusively of themselves, agitating, educating and advancing their own class interests as a working class party until such time that they gain control of the law-making power, and once and for all end this present system of society, this industrial war, this anarchist method of production and distribution, this system that breeds and legalizes such unjust and unequal conditions for men, women and children as are to-day exemplified in the extremes of poverty and riches, mansions and shacks, silks and coarse clothing, lunch basket and costly dinners, child labor and gilded youth.

To gain political control is what the workers of the world are at the present day directing their intelligent efforts. Years and years of patient agitation was necessary to gain for themselves manhood suffrage; up to the present time that vast voting power has been manipulated for the benefit of a possessing class, a class composed of those that by their unjust ownership of all the people's land were thus a master class; and later, after the invention of the steam engine and the consequent institution of the present era of production by machinery, those that own this modern machinery of production and distribution, manufactories, railway and shipping, there in combination form the possessing class who have, down through all law-making and legislation, controlled, either by force of circumstances or stronger influences, the votes of the non-possessing classes, "the toilers," and thus kept themselves generation after generation in the usurped position as the law-making part of the whole people; and now the Socialist party comes with the only proposition or programme for intelligently and deliberately organizing the workers of the world for the common good of all its citizens.

It is the first time the mind of man has ever been directed toward the conscious organization of society.

Socialism means that all those things upon which the people in common depend shall by the people in common be owned and administered. It means that the tools of employment shall belong to their creators and users, that all production shall be for the direct use of the producers, that the making of goods for profit shall come to an end, that we shall one and all be workers together and that opportunities shall be open and equal to all men.

The Socialist movement is a world movement, it knows of no conflict between the workers of one nation and the workers of another; it stands for the freedom of all the workers of all nations and in so standing makes for the full freedom of humanity.

Conditions and education go hand in hand; in a very few years all will recognize the utter uselessness of prolonging the present industrial war with its ancient strikes, lockouts, etc., and the workers of this grand and magnificent continent will march together in fellowship with their comrades across the seas, casting their votes as one man for the dawn of a brighter and better day, when instead of being merely wage slaves they shall stand erect as free and independent men and women, citizens of the Co-operate Commonwealth.

The capitalists easily keep the workers divided on the economic field by the simple arrangement of keeping a million of them hunting for jobs all the time.

◆ ◆

Teddy Roosevelt, who is a firm believer in the human slaughter called war, wrote in one of his books that "in the long run a Quaker might be as undesirable a citizen as a duellist." Roosevelt is a man of dangerous ideals.

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PUBLIC NOTICE

BUILDING BY-LAW.

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The observance of these regulations will materially assist the Department in the proper and effective administration of the Building By-Law, and will also save a deal of inconvenience and possible heavy loss to those whose neglect of such constitutes a contravention of By-Law No. 3465.

ROBERT J. FLEMING,
Commissioner of Assessment and Property

City Hall, June 28th, 1904.

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"THE LABOR BUREAU" ONTARIO

By an Act passed at the 1900-1901 Session of the Ontario Legislature, a Bureau of Labor has been established for the purpose of collecting, assorting and publishing information relating to Employment, Wages, Hours of Labor throughout the Province, Co-operation, Strikes or other labor difficulties, Trades Unions, Labor Organizations, the relations between Labor and Capital and other subjects intended to enlighten together with such information relating to the commercial, industrial and sanitary conditions of wage workers, and the permanent prosperity of the industries of the Province, as the Bureau may be able to gather.

For which purpose the co-operation of the Labor Organizations and others interested in the general prosperity of the Province is invited.

F. R. LATCHFORD,
Commissioner of Public Works
ROBT. GLOCKLING,
Secretary The Labor Bureau

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Directory of Union Meetings

Unless otherwise stated all meetings take place at 8 p.m.

Where only one name is given it is that of the Secretary.

Organizations changing secretaries are requested to notify this office at once.

TORONTO DISTRICT LABOR COUNCIL—President, Alf. Rayner, 424 College st.; vice-President, [illegible]; financial secretary, John Gardiner, 592 Queen west; corresponding secretary, R. W. Kennedy, 29 Dundas st. Meets every Thursday, Richmond Hall.

LABOR SECTION—Chairman, W. Walsh; secretary, Chas. Lavoie, 221 Parliament st. Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, Trades Office.

BUILDING TRADES

BUILDING TRADES SECTION—Chairman, D. Hanlon; vice-chairman, D. Carey; secretary, John Keith, Deer Park P.O. Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays in Richmond Hall.

CERAMIC, MOSAIC AND ENCAUSTIC TILE LAYERS, No. 41, W. J. McLean, 152 Huron st. Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays, Richmond Hall.

BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS, No. 211, 108 St. Patrick st. Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays, Richmond Hall.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS, No. 353, A. Davis, 29 Davenport rd. Meets every Monday, Temple Building.

BROTHERHOOD CARPENTERS, No. 27, John Tweed, 240 Palmerston ave. Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, Richmond Hall.

AMALGAMATED CARPENTERS, Branch No. 1, Geo. H. Wilson, secretary, 18 Yorkville ave.

AMALGAMATED CARPENTERS, Branch No. 2, A. J. Moore, secretary, 49 Lisgar st.

AMALGAMATED CARPENTERS, Branch No. 3, Wm. H. Young, 348 Spadina ave.

AMALGAMATED CARPENTERS, Branch No. 4, W. G. Grimes, 220 Munro st.

GRANITE CUTTERS, No. 18, A. E. Fredenburg, 152 Sherbourne ave.

BOILER MAKERS AND IRON SHIPBUILDERS, No. 1, Thos. Robertson, 152 Richmond st. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Temple Building.

BRICK, TILE AND TERRA COTTA WORKERS, No. 79, Geo. Roberts, 229 Keele st., Toronto Junction. Meets Heydon House, Toronto Junction.

BRICK, TILE AND TERRA COTTA WORKERS, No. 114, A. H. Chesnutt, 173 Queen east. Meets Bolton Hall.

MARBLE WORKERS, No. 12, William Davis, 235 Concord ave. Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Strathcona Chambers.

SHEET METAL WORKERS, No. 30, H. J. Mequillan, 93 Esther st. Meets Foresting secretary, J. S. Chapman, 78 Foxley st.; treasurer, J. Dow, 265 Bathurst st.; president, W. C. Brace, 210 Adelaide st. west; vice-president, Sam Cox; financial secretary, R. Russell; treasurer, J. Martin; conductor, George Welch; warden, [illegible]. Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays, Temple Building.

CONCRETE FINISHERS (general), No. 19, 709 Frank Reeve, 98 Euclid ave. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday, Society Hall.

AMALGAMATED GLASS WORKERS, No. 1, Wm. E. Swain, 52 Arnold ave.

PLASTERERS' LABORERS, W. Kierstead, 590 Parliament st.

PLASTERERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 48, Jas. Ward, 4 Norfolk place.

BRICKLAYERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 2, John Murphy, 81 Czolbey st. Meets every Tuesday, Richmond Hall.

STEAM FITTERS' UNION, John B. Cross, 779 Hamburg ave.

ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 13, Theo. Alathorpe, 419 King st. west. Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays, Pythian Hall.

WOOD, WIRE AND METAL LATHERS, No. 9, Geo. Collins, 73 Trafalgar st.

ORNAMENTAL IRON AND WIRE WORKERS, No. 13, P. Jerrard, 249 Sumach st.

THEATRICAL STAGE EMPLOYES, No. 34, W. E. Meredith, 17 Adelaide st. west.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS, No. 1405, Toronto Junction, A. F. McLellan, 242 Delaware ave., city.

METAL TRADES

METAL TRADES SECTION, Chairman, W. Boland; vice-chairman, N. Gurney; secretary, S. C. Morrison, 362 1/2 Queen west. Meets in Cameron Hall on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays.

SILVER AND BRITANNIA METAL WORKERS, No. 394, Alf. Randall, 44 Scollard st.

METAL POLISHERS, No. 21, Jno. Ackerman, 1 Bruce st. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Cameron Hall.

BROTHERHOOD OF BLACKSMITHS, No. 172, A. J. Smith, 157 Dufferin st. Meets 1st and 3rd Fridays, Richmond Hall.

MACHINISTS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 235, D. T. Montgomery, 154 Shaw st. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Temple Building.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF ENGINEERS, No. 120, J. M. Clements, 39 Denison ave. Meets alternate Mondays, Temple Building.

Dominion Hall.

BOILER MAKERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 42, H. J. Campbell, 133 Esther st. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Strathcona Chambers.

BROTHERHOOD OF BOILERMAKERS, 128 R. Woodward, 105 Adelaide west.

BRASS WORKERS, No. 53, Geo. N. Dunlop, 291 Crawford st. Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, 10 Mand st.

PATTERN MAKERS' ASSOCIATION, Fred Bancroft, 197 Simcoe st. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays.

BRASS MOULDERS, No. 23, Wm. Lewis, 30 St. David's place. Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Occident Hall.

STOVE MOUNTERS, No. 14, J. J. Bayliss, Mount Dennis P.O.

IRON MOULDERS, John Barnett, 19 Bolyat st. Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, Richmond Hall.

MACHINISTS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 211, R. M. Mills, Box 208, Toronto Junction. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, James Hall.

MARINE ENGINEERS' ASSOCIATION, Geo. Clarkson, 24 Wellesley st. Meets every Tuesday, Forum Hall.

STEAM ENGINEERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 152, John Lawrenson, 133 River st. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 40 Victoria st.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF ENGINEERS (Toronto Junction), Thos. Colling, 198 Campbell st., city.

MARINE FIREMEN, Local [illegible], J. H. Johnston, 25 Wedsley st.

BOILER MAKERS AND IRON SHIP BUILDERS' HELPERS, No. 161, C. Franklin Kirk, 77 Berkeley st.

INSIDE BRIDGE AND STRUCTURAL IRON WORKERS, No. 44, Fred Boyd, Davenport P.O.

WOODWORKING TRADES

WOODWORKING TRADES SECTION, Chairman, C. L. Wilson; vice-chairman, A. Teasdale; secretary-treasurer, Wm. Annis, 12 Windsor st. Meets 2nd Monday, Richmond Hall.

PIANO MAKERS, No. 34, Wm. West, 237 Lippincott st. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Richmond Hall.

PIANO AND ORGAN WORKERS, No. 41, F. W. Roebell, 59 Camden st.

PIANO AND ORGAN WORKERS, No. 39, Geo. Johnson, 256 Bathurst st.

CABINET MAKERS, No. 127, W. Jamieson, 68 Alexander st. Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays, Richmond Hall.

BROOM AND BRUSH MAKERS, No. 35, Chas. Swanton, Davenport P.O.

GLUERS' PROTECTIVE, No. 8360, J. Johnston, 4 Home place.

PICTURE FRAME WORKERS, No. 114, A. S. Lane, 346 Queen st. west. Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, Richmond Hall.

WOOD WORKING MACHINISTS, No. 118, W. F. Pels, 72 Manning ave.

WOOD CARVERS' ASSOCIATION, Gus. Missmond, 422 Church st.

COOPERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 180, John Parker, 11 Schmidt place.

PRINTING TRADES

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS, No. 21, Jas. Lovett, 71 Tecumseth st. Meets 1st Thursday in Strathcona Chambers.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION, NO. 91, John Chinn, 65 Albany Ave. President, E. M. Meehan; Vice-President, James Simpson; Treasurer, E. J. How; Financial Secretary, T. C. Vodden; Chairman Board of Relief, William Churchill. All officers' address, Box 543. Union room, 11 Richmond st. west. Room 18. Union meets 1st Saturday in Richmond Hall.

PRINTING PRESSMEN, No. 10, Ed. H. Randall, 25 Oak st. Meets 1st Monday, Temple Building.

BROTHERHOOD OF BOOKBINDERS, No. 28, Secretary, Wm. Glockling, 6 Ottawa st.; President, C. B. Hurst, vice-president, Geo. Legler; financial secretary, Thos. Barber; treasurer, Robt. Glockling; guide, A. McLean; inspector, E. Thomas; statistician, D. West; sergeant-at-arms, Wm. Wilson. Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, Strathcona Chambers.

MAILERS' UNION, No. 6, W. S. Chagon, 378 Lippincott st.

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS, James Egan, 249 Sumach st.

PRINTING PRESS FEEDERS, No. 1, F. S. Attrell, 187 Marlborough Ave. Meets 2nd Wednesday in Strathcona Chambers.

BINDERY WOMEN, No. 34, Miss Jessie Robin, 412 Dupont st. Meets 4th Monday, Temple Building.

WEB PRESSMEN, No. 1, Joseph Leake, 191 St. Patrick st.

CLOTHING TRADES

CLOTHING TRADES SECTION, George Sangster, chairman; Chas. Clarke, 1 Afrey st., secretary. Meets 2nd Tuesday, Richmond Hall.

GARMENT PRESSERS, No. 188, Frank Geary, 192 Ontario st.

CLOTHING CUTTERS, No. 186, Edward Pelton, 192 Simcoe st. Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays, Forum Hall.

GARMENT OPERATORS, No. 202, W. Arnold, 5 St. Vincent st.

TAILORS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 18, Geo. Sangster, Toiler Office. Meets 2nd and 4th Monday, Richmond Hall.

TAILORS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 186, W. E. Coleman, Toronto Junction.

MISCELLANEOUS

MISCELLANEOUS TRADES SECTION, Chairman, I. H. Sanderson; vice-chairman, W. Y. Tobi; secretary, John Gardiner, 592 Queen west. Meets in Richmond Hall on the 3rd Friday.

TOBACCO WORKERS' UNION, Charles Lavoie, 127 Dalhousie st.

WAITERS' ALLIANCE, No. 747, Jas. J. Thompson, 47 Nelson st.

BROTHERHOOD OF LEATHER WORKERS, No. 31, Geo. Bunnett, 56 Lippincott st. Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Richmond Hall.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS, No. 233, Carl Rand, 27 Grange ave. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Room 5, Leader Lane Chambers.

GLASS BOTTLE BLOWERS' ASSOCIATION, No. 9, Joseph Williams, 17 Beaconsfield ave.

BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS, No. 419, W. J. Hughes, 62 Kensington ave.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON WORKERS, No. 83, Robert Hungerford, 209 St. Clarens ave.

MAYFLOWER ASSEMBLY, K. of L., 6254, D. S. McArthur, 127 George st.

PRIMROSE ASSEMBLY, K. of L., 7494, Edwin Brown, 87 Wilton ave.

VICTORIA ASSEMBLY, K. of L., 2152, R. H. Cox, 172 Matilda st. Meets 3rd Thursday, Richmond Hall.

EXCELSIOR ASSEMBLY, K. of L., 2305, Wm. Gilmour, 293 Simcoe st.

BREAD SALESMEN, FEDERAL, No. 35, Walter Iddis, 412 Lansdowne ave. Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Occident Hall.

CIGARMAKERS, No. 27, R. Hagerstock, 81 McGill st. Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, Richmond Hall. Executive Board, every Monday, Richmond Hall.

WOMEN'S UNION LABEL LEAGUE, No. 96, Mrs. A. Dobie, 89 Trinity sq.

MEAT CUTTERS AND BUTCHER WORKMEN, Business agent and cor. secretary, J. Letts, 73 Foxley st.; president, A. Burns, 241 Carlaw ave.; financial secretary, C. A. Longmuir, 21 Augusta ave. Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, Occident Hall.

BAKERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 204, J. W. Gibbons, 109 Elm st. Meets 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Richmond Hall.

TORONTO RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' UNION, No. 113, President, J. H. Pickler; vice-president, H. Cook, 148 Pearson st.; cor. secretary, T. O'Neill, 68 Howard ave.; financial secretary, Geo. Cowan, 167 Spadina ave.; treasurer, J. W. Williamson, 74 Scollard st.; business agent, Jas. McDonald, room 12, 11½ Richmond west. Meets 2nd and 4th Sundays at 2.30, Richmond Hall.

UPHOLSTERERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 26, A. H. Lee, 156 Brunswick st. Meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Richmond Hall.

BARTENDERS' LEAGUE, No. 280, J. Beaumont, 4 Kepp st. Meets 2nd and 4th Sundays at 2 p.m., Forum Hall.

BARBERS' INTERNATIONAL, No. 376, A. M. McKay, 259 St. James sq.

BREWERY WORKMEN, No. 304, Geo. W. Haines, 14 Thompson st.

CAB AND EXPRESS ASSOCIATION, J. Beatty, 128 Adelaide west. Meets 3rd Monday, Strathcona Chambers.

CIVIC EMPLOYES, No. 1, Thos. Hilton, 113 Booth ave.

CIVIC EMPLOYES, No. 2, Wm. Hill, 82 Stafford st. Meets 2nd Wednesday, Occident Hall.

CORK WORKERS' FEDERAL, No. 9665, Wm. Hogard, 38 Wyatt ave. Meets 4th Friday, Strathcona Chambers.

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF FIREMEN, Local No. 3, A. V. McCormack, 66 Sussex ave. Meets 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Strathcona Chambers.

MUSICAL PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION, No. 149, J. W. Wiggins, 209 Palmerston ave. Meets 1st Sunday at 2.30 p.m., Richmond Hall.

MALSTERS' UNION, No. 317, Adam Wright, 24 St. Paul st.

TRAVELLERS' GOODS AND LEATHER NOVELTY WORKERS, No. 5, A. H. McBride, 311 Sherbourne. Meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Occident Hall.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS (LINEMEN), No. 353, J. S. Pyle, 32 Mansfield ave. Meets 1st and 3rd Mondays, Occident Hall.

STATIONARY FIREMEN, No. 183, John Lynch, 115 Parliament st.

AMALGAMATED LEATHER WORKERS, No. 38, Nathan Stafford, 58 Taylor st.

RAILWAY FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE HANDLERS, No. 61, Jas. C. Jaffary, 67 Tecumseth st.

RAILROAD TRAINMEN, No. 104, S. Griffin, East Toronto.

RAILROAD TRAINMEN, No. 523, R. C. Meredith, 283 Crawford st.

JEWELRY WORKERS, No. 7, Jas. H. Tombs, 395 Yonge st.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARMEN, No. 219, F. H. Wallace, 37 Murray ave., Toronto Junction. Meets 2nd and 4th Mondays, Shaftesbury Hall.

LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS, Div. 295, Fred A. Speckle, Toronto Junction. Meets 1st and 3rd Sundays at 2.30 p.m., B. of L. E. Hall, Toronto Junction.

COMMERCIAL TELEGRAPHERS, No. 42, Jas. A. Mellon, 97 Grenville st.

PRINTERS AND COLOR MIXERS' Union, R. G. Forsey, 27 Herrick st.

NOTICE

The following are the Factory Inspectors for the Province of Ontario:

JOS. T. BURKE, Parliament Buildings, Toronto; THOS. KELLY, Parliament Buildings, Toronto; ARTHUR W. HOLMES, Parliament Buildings, Toronto; MARGARET CARLYLE, Parliament Buildings, Toronto; MRS. J. S. BROWN, Parliament Buildings, Toronto; A. BOCQUE, Orillia, Ont.

Persons having business with any of the Inspectors will find them at the above address.

JOHN DRYDEN,
Minister of Agriculture
PHONE NORTH 3430