

WOLCOTT'S CROW PIE

Colorado's Junior Senator Begs Pardon for Brusqueness.

CERTAIN REMARKS MADE YESTERDAY

Senator Proctor Pokes Fun at the Humble Penitent.

He Proposes to Coin Maple Sugar—The Senate Highly Amused—Silver Men Quite Satisfied—Analysis of the Baiting Leaves Them Nothing at Which to Grumble.

Washington, Sept. 8.—In the senate today the resolution offered by Wolcott calling for information as to the bounty paid on maple sugar was laid before the house.

Wolcott expressed regret for the brusqueness of his response to Gallinger yesterday, and said he was now to modify his resolution in accordance with Gallinger's suggestion, to cover all kinds of sugar. He modified his resolution accordingly, and it was agreed to, but not before Proctor had discharged some shafts of ridicule at the junior senator from Colorado.

An analysis of the votes cast in the house on the 28th ult., together with statements made by members of speakers who voted for the repeal of the silver purchase clause of the Sherman law, have led some friends of silver to assert that so far as the house is concerned the question of the free coinage of silver is settled, and certainly not on the negative side of the proposition to renew the act of 1876.

The president to-day sent the senate the following nominations: Theodore Tilton, New Jersey, ambassador extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Germany; Albert S. Willis, Kentucky, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the Hawaiian islands; Henry M. Smythe, Virginia, minister and consul-general of the United States to Hayti; Ellis Mills, Virginia, consul-general at Honolulu; Wm. S. Carroll, Maryland, consul-general at Dresden, Germany.

There were offered for sale to the treasury today \$115,000 ounces of silver, prices varying from 75 to 76 cents an ounce. The whole amount was declined at the prices asked, and a counter offer of 74 1/2 cents was made.

Proctor among other things suggested that the Colorado senator might desire to have the whole product of maple sugar coined into suitable cakes and put up in subsidiary packages which would not require to have stamped upon them "In God we trust," and would not be legal tender but would pass current for its intrinsic value. These remarks were received with much laughter. At 12:30 the repeal bill was taken up without objection.

Secretary Gresham sent a message to U. S. Minister Thompson at Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, instructing him to concur in the general diplomatic remonstrance against burdensome interference with foreign commerce which the navy department has not yet taken action in regard to sending vessels to Brazilian waters.

Cleveland Hanged in 26 My.

Tom's River, N. J., Sept. 8.—The reward offered for information that would lead to the identity of the persons who hanged President Cleveland in effigy does not seem to have frightened the perpetrators of the insult. The town avowedly claims the property of the effigy from the flag pole at the school house grounds another effigy. The grand jury is now in session, and this matter will probably be touched upon in its indictments.

Vocal Music Contest.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—The Harmon tabernacle choir, numbering 205 members, and escorted by 200 prominent Mormons of Utah, including President Wilford Woodruff, ex-Congressman George D. Cannon, Joseph Smith, and Bishop Hiram B. Chase, reached a rest here yesterday morning on reaching the World's Fair grounds today. The hospitalities of nearly every one of the state buildings have been proffered the Utah visitors. This afternoon their choir will participate in the competition for the \$5000 prize offered by the World's Fair authorities. Besides the tabernacle choir, two Welsh choirs from Scranton, Pa., and the Western Reserve choir from Cleveland, O., will participate in the competition. The event has attracted a great crowd of lovers of vocal music to the fair grounds.

Suffering Sailors.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—The schooner Jonathan May, Capt. J. M. Cook, from Charleston Aug. 25th for New York with a cargo of lumber, capsized during the gale of Aug. 27, 30 miles south of the Flying Pan lightship. The masts and rigging were cast away and the vessel righted. On the 28th she went to pieces and early Tuesday morning all hands took to a raft as the boats were lost. On Sept. 2nd, about midnight, the crew of seven men were picked up by the schooner Ann P. Valentine and were subsequently transferred to the tug Pilot of the Delaware and brought to Philadelphia, landing yesterday. Shortly after taking to the raft, which was a portion of the deck 40 feet long and eight feet wide, the men saw a wrecked crew being transferred to a vessel three miles away. Handkerchiefs were fastened to a pole and waved frantically, but the signal was not seen. The sufferings of the men while on the raft were intense. A ship was seen every day, but their signals were either not seen or not heeded. They were without water until the day they were rescued, when some rain water was caught in a flying fish, which weighed a pound, fell on the raft after days of hunger had been experienced and was

YOUNG TUPPER

Glorification of the Precocious Bluenose by Royalty.

SUPPOSED TO HAVE WON HIS SPURS

At the Great Battle of Seals, and Made a Belted Knight.

His Title is Sir Charles Hilbert Tupper—He Travels With Him—Also a Knight of St. Michael and St. George—His Great Services the Excuse—Hon. Mac-enzie-Bowell on Route.

Ottawa, Sept. 8.—A customs regulation provides on imported Indian corn, kiln dried and ground in Canada for human food, that a drawback of 90 per cent of the duty be given.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell left last night for Victoria en route to Australia. Sandford Fleming and daughter will leave on Saturday, sailing on the steamer with Mr. Bowell.

A gentleman who has just reached the city from the township of lower Ottawa county says the people of that lonesome district are again organizing to resist the payment of taxes, which for the past twenty years they have defied the authorities to collect. The taxes have accumulated to the extent of thousands of dollars, and although the government sent the bailiffs to enforce the law they have always returned with broken heads. A short time ago a company of militia was ordered to go into the township to back up the bailiffs, but because of the raid that was to be made upon them the people organized with shotguns and pitchforks and so on, and secreting themselves on the main road waited in ambush for the soldiers. The latter learned of the trap and did not proceed into the township, which is about thirty miles from the Ottawa river. There are several hundred settlers who are willing to pay their taxes, but they are largely out-numbered, and would be driven out of the settlement if they did so. Another attempt, however, is to be made by sending up a large force of militia to carry out the law.

Gen. Montgomery Moore, the administrator of affairs in Canada, received a cable dispatch today from Lord Ripon, secretary for the colonies, stating that Her Majesty the Queen had been pleased to confer on the Hon. C. H. Tupper, minister of marine and fisheries, the order of K. C. M. J., for services rendered Great Britain in connection with the Behring Sea arbitration. Mr. Tupper was the British agent. When seen by a reporter Sir Charles Hilbert Tupper, as he forthwith will be known, said that he was gratified to know that he had received the title, since it showed that the work which he had done was well performed and had been appreciated. Sir Charles Hilbert Tupper is the second son of the Hon. Sir Charles Tupper, high commissioner for Canada in London, Eng. He was born at Amherst, N. S., in August, 1855, and is therefore 38. He was called to the bar in 1878 and first returned to parliament in 1882. He entered the government as minister of marine and fisheries in 1887 and has held the position ever since.

Political McGillivray's Disappearance.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 8.—A sensation prevails in provincial political circles over the disappearance of William W. McGillivray, member of the legislative council, formerly member of the government representing Antigonish county, and who twice unsuccessfully contested the county for the federal parliament with Sir John Thompson, premier of Canada. Mr. McGillivray has, it is stated, been victimized by friends who secured his endorsement. His liabilities are placed at \$15,000. He has made an assignment and left the province, and his affairs are said to be in a very bad position.

Lawrence Barrett's Will.

Dedham, Mass., Sept. 8.—A decree was made today granting H. Fairchild, Harry Burnett and William W. Blackman, executors of the will of Lawrence Barrett, the well-known actor, late of Cobasset, leave to compromise and settle for \$19,000 the claim of William Nelson Cromwell, the assignee of the American Exchange in Europe, limited, which he made against the estate of the deceased. The original amount of the debt, secured by the mortgage on the real estate of the widow of the dead actor, and also by assignment of certain life insurance policies, was about \$35,000, but the executors produced vouchers, and certain set-offs reduced it to about \$30,000. The executors in their petition set up the claim that Cromwell was willing to compromise and settle his claim against the estate for \$19,000, and by the court's decree to-day they are empowered to settle the claim on the terms set forth in their petition.

Good Times Come Again.

Troy, N.Y., Sept. 8.—The Curtis company, collar manufacturers, resumed business to-day, putting 400 hands at work on full time. The Diamond knitting mill, Waterford, will resume on Monday, and the collar factory of Miller, Hall & Hartwell, this city, will start on the same day. The Orkney knitting mill, 100 hands, and the Hames knitting mill, 200 hands, will be started on Monday.

Blount's Successor.

Washington, Sept. 8.—It is understood that the president will nominate ex-Congressman Albert C. Willis, of Louisville, Ky., minister to Hawaii to succeed Mr. Blount.

Her Common Law Husband.

New York, Sept. 8.—Richard Goldsmith, a dressmaker, aged 29, summoned Max Schlossberg to appear in the Essex market police court yesterday. In July Rachael went to Schlossberg's ice cream saloon in Jefferson street and ordered a plate of ice cream. She was served by Schlossberg, with whom she fell in love at first sight. She consulted a fortune-teller named Baccarat upon the prospects of Schlossberg returning her affection. Baccarat told her that for \$25 he could make her man love her. She paid the money, and the fortune-teller, handing her a ring, said that henceforth she could consider the man her husband.

Damaged by Lightning.

Toronto, Sept. 8.—Lightning did much damage throughout the province yesterday at Fort Hill, Midland, Colborne and Markham. Barnes and other buildings were struck and damage done aggregating about \$10,000.

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AMERICAN FINANCE.

Review of the Situation by a Noted Authority.

New York, Sept. 8.—Broadstreets tomorrow will say: For the first time on record American as well as European wheat stocks decreased during August. Stocks here, in Canada and abroad, and in Europe, aggregated 150,000,000 bushels, on September 1; about double the quantity so held in 1889, 1890 or in 1891, and more than one-third heavier than such supplies in 1892. European supplies increased slightly last week, while here they fell away. Exports of wheat from both coasts of the United States this week (four included) and from Montreal were 4,902,000 bushels, against 5,062,000 last week, 3,567,000 one year ago, 4,726,000 bushels two years ago, and less than 1,500,000 in the like weeks respectively in 1890 and 1888. At Toronto trade is very active, visitors to the Industrial Fair being few buyers. Relatively less improvement in wholesale lines is reported from Montreal. Dealers in groceries are very cautious, fearing the depression in trade in the United States may affect trade in Canada. Bank clearings at Hamilton, Montreal, Toronto and Halifax (where trade is quiet) aggregated \$18,636,000, a gain of 3 per cent. over the week before, and of less than 2 per cent. as compared with the like week in 1892.

During the first half hour of business on the stock exchange to-day the bears were in full possession of the market. The announcement of an issue of \$10,000,000 bonds by one of the controlled companies of the Chicago Gas Company having led to a general selling movement, Chicago Gas was the greatest sufferer in the decline which followed, the stock breaking 3/8 to 3/4 in the first few minutes of business. Outside of this stock the loss was equal to 1 per cent. Rock Island, General Electric and Union Pacific being prominent in the downward movement; the bears for the remainder of the day were unable to make the slightest impression in values after 11 a. m. The market was strengthened during the afternoon by the cancellation of \$55,000 clearing house certificates, a reduction in sterling exchange, the prospect of easier money and a rumor that the Senate will shortly vote on the silver repeal bill. The total sales were 266,028 shares. Closing bids: Canada Southern, 47 1/2; Canadian Pacific, 74; Central Pacific, 21 1/2; Wells Fargo, 139; Missouri Pacific, 26 3/4; North American, 5 3/4; N. P. S. N. P., preferred, 24 1/2; Oregon Navigation, 40; Oregon Improvement, 12; Pacific Mail, 14; Southern Pacific, 20 1/2; St. Paul, 74 1/2; Western Union, Telegraph, 83 1/4.

ROBBED BY PIRATES.

An Old Man's Life Savings Stolen by River Rats.

New York, Sept. 9.—Robert Day, an old Bergen Point, N. J., junk man, was attacked by river pirates on Wednesday evening and robbed of the accumulations of many years' toil and privation. "Old Bob" is a familiar character in Bergen Point. He has lived for 48 years in a little shanty on an old canal boat, a vessel long stowed between 7 and 8 o'clock last Wednesday evening; the wind blew with cyclonic force, the sky became black and the rain fell in torrents. "Old Bob" went to his window to look out. He is bent under the weight of nearly 80 years; his wife, who is about the same age, was sitting within. When he opened the door some men who had been standing a few feet away, jumped toward him and one of them raised a heavy weapon, probably a slingshot or heavy cane and struck him on the head. He staggered back and the men pressed forward. There were six of them, marked.

Overboard by the Millits.

London, Sept. 9.—The colliery districts in Yorkshire and Derbyshire are quiet this morning, but troops and police are on an alert at all pits to prevent the strikers from reassembling. Apparently the military have overruled the strikers and no trouble is expected to-day.

American Battleship Monadnock.

Vallejo, Cal., Sept. 9.—Orders have been received at Mare Island that three inches be taken off the present height of the Monadnock's turret frames. The armor plates for her sides have arrived and are being placed in place with all dispatch. Constructor Taylor is confident it will be ready for commission within six months.

Baby Ruth's Nose.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Dr. Bryant, the Cleveland family physician, and Dr. O'Reilly, of the army, who has often been called into consultation by the president's family, were frequent callers at the White House to-day, and both were on duty to-night in anticipation of an important event now hourly expected to occur.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 9.—Mrs. Cleveland gave birth to a girl at 2 o'clock to-day.

British Wheat Imports.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—The Empire to-day publishes the following special cable from London: A new estimate of the wheat crop for 1893 was published to-day. It puts the crop in round numbers at 54,000,000 bushels, which is slightly under the last estimate given out. The imports continue larger, and the receipts from Canada are expected to be greater, with a British consumption of