

TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, Sept. 30th.
By recent successes the French around Paris the circle of the German investment has been shattered at two points, and repelled to a distance varying from three to six miles, and the French have occupied positions taken in strong force.

Experiments over the wall-like attitude assumed by Russia increase.

The Prussians have not yet arrived at Orleans.

They have desisted from their westward march, and seem concentrating around Paris. Reported movements on Lyons is also untrue.

The French say that the Prussian losses since the war began, and particularly at the investment of Paris, have been so immense that the German authorities have taken care to conceal the facts from the newspapers.

Last Tuesday, southwest of Paris, the French forces attacked a portion of the army of Crown Prince, and after a desperate engagement utterly defeated it.

They captured five thousand prisoners, including some of the Prince's staff, and 50 guns. A remarkable incident of the battle was the mutiny of the Baden troops in the face of the enemy.

The Crown Prince retired from Versailles, retreating across the Seine.

The final decision arrived at in the Cabinet was that nothing could now be done, so it was not expedient to recognize the only Government which any relations could be at present established in France.

The result has caused great excitement in London, and now demonstrations are being held for a more warlike character than those already chronicled.

New York, Sept. 30.
Gold 113 1/2.

KING WILLIAM'S ACCOUNT OF OPERATIONS AT PARIS.

LONDON, Oct. 1.
The reported battle and French victory near Paris Wednesday and Thursday is false. Advances by balloons are up to 2 p.m. yesterday; all is quiet, and the city is defended by over half a million men.

There is neither butter nor fruit to be had anywhere in the city, and fresh meat will soon be scarce. There is, however, no lack of salted provisions and of flour there is a supply for six months.

It is thought that the Prussians are preparing for a grand attack on Paris, from the North.

King William, yesterday, forwarded the following from his headquarters at Versailles: "This morning the French attacked 5th Prussian corps; while the 6th corps was attacked by three battalions. At the same time a brigade made a demonstration against the corps. At the end of two hours the French took shelter under the guns of the fort."

The Crown Prince commanded the Prussians.

LONDON, Oct. 2.
Tintin advises report that the Chinese have refused the ultimatum of the French and are preparing for war.

The French are awaiting orders from their Government before proceeding to extermination.

A dispatch received in this city today from Bombay, mentions the death of Lord Mayo, Viceroy of India.

Madrid, Oct. 1.
The ravages of the vomito are increasing in the Mediterranean coast.

Upwards of 120,000 persons have left Barcelona.

Rome, Oct. 2.
Pope declines to quit Rome, and will remain at the Castle of St. Angelo with an Italian guard. His health is excellent.

New York, Oct. 2.
The great fire in Virginia has destroyed over two millions of property, made two hundred families homeless, and caused the loss of over fifty lives.

London, Oct. 3rd.
Accounts from Paris say that the French lost in the engagement of the 30th ult., 12,000 killed and wounded. Among the wounded was General Guillaume; 300 prisoners were also taken.

People are flocking from all parts of Italy to Rome.

Vineta, Oct. 3.
The "Revier" this morning says that the alarming news about the Russian war preparations is untrue. It is still at Constantinople. Russia makes no war movements whatever. The relations between Russia and Austria leave nothing to be desired.

New York, Oct. 3.
Gold 113 1/2.

HARTFORD, Ct., Sept. 20. Edward T. Wells, formerly Chief Clerk of the Navy Department, and a son of Hon. Gideon Wells, ex-Secretary of the Navy, and Alice Brainerd Colt, daughter of Charles H. Brainerd, President of the State Bank of this city, were married today at the residence of the bride's father by Rev. Mr. Mills of St. John's Church, in the presence of a few personal friends.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 29. The National Loan under the gold note law is to be established here with a capital of \$1,000,000.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 29. The number of deaths from yellow fever for the 24 hours ending yesterday, was 22.

FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITES.

A peculiar characteristic of Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is its power of decomposing the food in the stomach, rendering digestion and assimilation more perfect. This partly accounts for the rapidity with which patients take on flesh while using the article.

Mr. Caldwell M. P., for Restigouche, died at his residence on Wednesday last.

GERMAN ARMY SUPPLIES.—The necessity of providing supplies for an army of four hundred thousand must tax the resources of Germany. Bread and meat they extracted from the country through which they passed, but the source of supply has been dried up; and vegetables have been consumed or destroyed. The country suffered from drought, and the Carlsberg Gazette speaks of a desert of sand and stones. The Germans will find no difficulty in collecting supplies from provinces which the war has left untouched; that is, if the population offer no resistance. They have a huge cavalry force and active resolute leaders—they have spread like a fan for a long distance round Paris—but now will come into play the Garde Mobile and the Franc Tireurs. The population appears resolved on a desperate resistance, and unless M. Jules Favre succeeds in patching up a peace, the next six weeks will be signalized by incessant fighting.

The mourning dealers are having a good time of it in Europe. English houses have received from Germany very heavy orders, and France, too, is a sadly good customer in the same way. No doubt absolute fortunes are being made now by the purveyors of trappings of war. It was by a lucky stroke in grapes that Mr. Morrison, of the famous firm, Morrison, Dillon & Co., who left behind him the greatest estate ever known in England, made the germ of his colossal fortunes.

He speculated on the probable demise of the late King of the Belgians—who died in childhood. No royal death, not even that of the late Prince Consort, ever caused such universal lamentation in England; and the whole nation went into mourning. Every one was demanding trappings and Morrison found himself in the same enviable condition with that commodity as Joseph with the grain in Egypt.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, OCT. 3, 1870.

WAR NEWS.

Telegrams and private dispatches received during the last few days have been of such a contradictory nature, that we are almost at a loss to know how to separate the wheat from the chaff. One day we are informed of the capture of Strasbourg and capitulation of Metz even to the minutest details, the number of officers and men captured or surrendered, together with vast quantities of guns, ammunition, &c., only to be informed in the next series of telegrams, that the foregoing is all false. That all this kind of manufactured news is paying "copy" to the different Telegraph Companies, there can be no doubt, but it does not give to us on this side of the Atlantic, a clear insight of what is doing on the other. So far, however, as we are to judge from the reports such as we receive them, the Prussians seem to be entirely masters of the situation, and the want of unanimity amongst the French themselves, serves to give strength to the Boegers.

It may perhaps be owing to the difficulty of having correct news transmitted from the different departments of France, otherwise it seems somewhat strange we hear nothing of the grand army of the Loire said to be in formation, and ready to march to the relief of Strasbourg—the whole of the south of France from the Loire to the foot of the Pyrenees, embracing the thickly populated districts of Bordeaux, Tours, Orleans, and the different towns and villages scattered on each side of the Canal du Midi.

One would be led to suppose that from amongst these millions of inhabitants, that an army might be raised to co-operate with those already under arms, and prevent at least the destruction of Paris, and obtain better terms of peace than King William or Bismarck seem at present disposed to accord.

The loss of life has already been something too terrible to contemplate, for does it seem advisable to present to any of the European powers to offer to mediate between them. The feeling in England seems to turn in favor of France, thinking that the Prussians are now pushing matters too far. But as King William seems to be determined if possible to dictate peace from the Tuilleries, supposing that building to be left standing, we fear we shall yet have to recount the loss of more lives before we can write—Peace has been proclaimed.

Two FACTS we have learned to-day from most reliable sources.—That the amount of money deposited in the St. Andrews Savings Bank during the past three months, exceeds the deposit for any similar period at this Bank since the institution of Savings Banks.—Also that the attempt made by the Christian Association to establish a Library and Reading Room, with a most liberal supply of the best description of reading matter—has proved a failure, only seventeen tickets having been sold. These two facts are seemingly irreconcilable. A plethora of money, but not one cent for such a cause! In a Christian land too! The original, total, and everlasting depravity of man alone could account for such a state of things. Or is this one of the evil effects of our Temperance Lodges—Have those whom these institutions taught to save, turned pennywise. Have their pockets fallen heir to the guzzling quality their stomachs had in the rum drinking days, hourly crying more, more, and never enough. If this be the case, we cannot complain, the change is for the better.—How much? Sorry we are that the attempt to establish a Reading Room has proved unsuccessful. A matter of no great importance in itself, some say. But the deductions legitimately to be drawn from this and other occurrences of a similar nature which have lately happened, must tend to make men of progress ashamed of their

town. A town in which money can be saved but not spent, unless for more than an equivalent of tangible realities. We believe that Saint Andrews can do better than this, and recommend Perseverance, feeling sure that success must follow. A Z. Clipman on a small scale, would be a most useful institution in these latitudes at present.

AMERICAN SYMPATHY FOR FRANCE.

Why don't the Yankees interfere and stop the ravage? Christendom demands an answer. The dearest friend of your youth who loved and fondly cherished Brother Jonathan when a suckling to whom he owes his existence, and with whom he has been swearing eternal and everlasting friendship these many years. This friend cornered, driven to the wall, crying for mercy from his savage foe, imploring bystanders to help, or make him quit; and never a word from Jonathan, nor a blow. Oh Jonathan does you eternal friendship then all end in blowing. How is it. Can this state of matters be explained. Yes. They ain't able, and it don't pay. No contracts for junk. The stock of old horses ain't renewed yet.

Want-d at St. George's Hotel where travellers can get their grub at reasonable hours, and with a stable where horses can get their oats. Great complaints are made by travellers of the Hotel accommodation at this village. A little opposition would probably mend matters. The field is a good one. Our "devil" tells us that some Americans are about starting a hotel. If such be the case, travellers may now find things more to their taste, and the village no longer deserve the character given to it by a celebrated Canadian some six weeks ago—"A good place to leave, but a poor one to stay at." The inhabitants are a quiet hospitable people; but travellers who are not known to them, must put up at par excellence—the Hotel.

DEATH OF JUDGE CHANDLER.—We learn by telegram that James Watson Chandler, Judge of the County Court for Westmorland, Albert and Kent, died at Mon ton, on Sunday last, in the 62nd year of his age. Mr. Chandler resided in St. Andrews from 1829 to 1857 a period of 28 years, and represented this County in the Legislature from 1841 to 1844, and from 1856 to 1867. He leaves a wife, one daughter and three sons with numerous friends to lament their loss.

THE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION was opened yesterday noon, at Fredericton. Owing to the heavy rain the attendance was not large. The Lieut. Governor was presented with an Address, to which he made a reply, and declared the Exhibition open to the public.

ENTERTAINMENT.—Dr. Russell will give his interesting Microscopic Entertainment this evening, in the Superior School Room. We trust that there will be a large audience, as a large amount of information and amusement will be afforded.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH has been painted and much improved inside. We learn that a Clergyman will be engaged, and officiate during the next or following week. The Church has been without a stated minister since the departure of the Rev. Mr. Bill.

LARGE POTATOES AND TOMATOES.—Mr. Thomas Hipwell, who patronizes the Press, not alone of the Dominion, but of his "Dear Old England," has kindly presented us with a basket of the finest and largest "Moss Ross" potatoes we have ever seen; and as if the gift was not sufficient, supplemented it with a lot of choice tomatoes, of large size and thoroughly ripe, grown in his garden, for which he will please accept our thanks. Mr. Hipwell's garden is a choice specimen of good soil, well cultivated, and nicely laid out. Several of the potatoes weighed a pound each, and when boiled were floury and of excellent quality. He informed us that he planted 47 lbs. of the "Moss Ross" potatoes the first week in May, and raised from them six barrels and one bushel, or 16 bushels in all. The first he used were dug just eight weeks after being planted.

The Barque "Argo," which arrived at Charlton on the 29th Sept., reports having experienced a heavy gale on the 18th, and on the 22d fell in with two boats bottom up, supposed from being to be a man of war's launch and cutter. It is supposed they belonged to the ill-fated turret ship "Captain."

At the siege of Strasbourg, M. Camille St. Marie, a captain of artillery, was upon observation duty, posted on the platform of the Strasbourg cathedral. Of a sudden he sees a shell describes its beautiful curve; watching his flight, what was his horror at seeing it fall upon the roof of his own house, and, passing from garret to cellar, then explode. The brave officer remains at his post; but what must have been his anguish of mind! On his helmet he had been hit, and he had left the house a few minutes before he fell the messenger of destruction.

At St. George's, from the account given by a resident, it is prevalent here at present

SUMMARY.

SALE OF PROPERTY.—We are informed that Mr. Aymar has sold his store and wharf property adjoining Mr. Street's store, to R. Robinson, Esq.

Photographs of the "Tyné Crew" are advertised for 10 cents in St. John papers. Packed down here would give 25cts for photographs of the "Paris Crew" who are still, and will continue to be "favorites." There is no lack of confidence in them.

The Legislature of Oregon is determined to persecute the Chinese workmen. It has passed a law by which it is made a felony for any male inhabitant of the State to wear his queue, or show his head without first obtaining a licence therefor at the rate of \$10 a month.

There appears to be a great discrepancy between the French and Prussian accounts of the attacks at Paris. The facts have turned up in favor of the Prussians, which proves to be hard for Paris.

The Canadian Illustrated News of the 1st instant, is by far the best number yet issued. It is printed on white paper, and the illustrations are equal to the best wood cuts. The "News" is fast becoming a favorite with the public, and is deserving of extensive patronage.

The New Dominion Monthly for October has been received and fully sustains the high character of a literary Magazine.

Oats are selling in Prince Edward Island for 45cts, and potatoes 20 cents per bushel. Butter is sold at from 18 to 20 cents. Beef, mutton, lamb, &c., are also low.

On Saturday and also from Sunday night till Monday evening rain fell, making a sufficient head of water to set the mills in operation, and replenishing the wells.

The annual Pic Nic of the Scotch Church Sabbath School, was held in Mowat's Grove, on Wednesday last. The day was fine, and the scholars enjoyed themselves.

MURDER.—A man named Togue, living at Lake George, York County, was shot dead by Robert Davis, on the 3d inst.

PIANO TUNING.—Mr. H. Laurillard, of St. John, Piano, Organ and Melodion Tuner, we are desired to state will visit St. Andrews shortly, for the purpose of tuning the above named instruments. Persons requiring his services can leave their names at the "Standard" Office.

NEW SCHOOL.—Mr. James McBride, for several years a successful teacher at St. Stephen, having removed to St. Andrews, will open a School in Holliswood's building, at the lower end of Water Street, for instruction in the usual English branches, &c. Mr. McBride holds a First Class Licence, his system of teaching Navigation has met with universal approval from Mariners. The School will be opened on the 1st of October, and during the winter months he proposes opening an Evening School of which notice will be given hereafter.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.—An Ottawa dispatch states that the Dominion Privy Council have passed a regulation that all franking in departments hereafter will be done solely by the head Deputy, who will be responsible that there is no abuse of the privilege.

ACCIDENT.—A man named Lippin was killed on the 27th inst., by the fall of a bank of earth on the Intercolonial Railway works, near Dalhousie, N.B.

There are thirty two dailies in New York City—six in German, two in French, one in Scandinavian, and the rest in English. These dailies print two million sheets annually, and their receipts are about \$8,700,000.

"I say, Jones, how is it that your wife dresses so magnificently, and you always appear out at the elbows?" "You see, Thompson, my wife dresses according to the Gazette of Fashion, and I dress according to my ledger."

The order of the day at Paris and Metz is "Up in a balloon, boys!"

A Georgian editor has had his pistol stolen. He advertises to give the thief the contents, and no questions asked, if he will return it.

The Detroit women wear the "V-L-D Cloud hats," and it is said that the men are preparing to come out in Spotted Tail coats.

Plugged water melons, with tartar emetic in them, are distressing the youth of Michigan beyond measure. There isn't half so much fun stealing them as the other kind.

A thief who lately broke open a grocer's warehouse, excused himself on the plea that he only went to take tea.

King William is like Jerrold, who, when interrogated with, "What's going on?" moved rapidly along, remarking, "I am."

The European & North American Railway is of great benefit to lumber dealers, as, owing to the low stage of water it is impossible to run rafts, many of which are now hung up between Bangor and "Cratworks" and all the lumber brought down from above has to come by rail. The company have had an examination surveyed, which they propose to build immediately, running from the Maine Central track near the station, down in front of High Head to Crosby Flats, so that lumber can be unloaded directly from the cars to vessels lying at the deep water wharves now in course of construction.

NEVER NEGLECT A COLD.—From gross congestion of this very simple advice, thousands of persons contract pulmonary complaints, which might altogether be prevented

by the use of Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam, the most efficient and reliable remedy ever placed within the consumptive sufferer's reach. It is painful to hear of the so many now, we are sorry to say, fatal cases, which commenced with the ordinary symptoms of a common cold. Dr. Wilson's Balsam will prevent all disastrous consequences, if only allowed a fair trial. It soothes the inflamed lining of the throat and chest, and after a few doses the cough becomes hoarse and less frequent, the phlegm is expectorated with less difficulty, till the lungs become free, and the respiration natural.

COSTIVENESS.—The bowels become torpid and power is under continual purgation. Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-Bilious Pills, regulate the nucleus of the disease and restore it. They evacuate the bowels and vitiated particles from the system, by a mild, aperient operation, and recuperate their exhausted energy by restoring tone and vigor. They induce a healthy action and prevent a relapse of the malady. For piles, fistula, dyspepsia and all disorders of the viscera, they stand without a rival.

No other liniment combines, in so compact or concentrated form, the active and essential properties of an embrocation, or is so well adapted for the purpose, as Dr. Dow's Star-gem Oil Liniment. All external pains, rheumatic and gouty tumors and contracted sinews may be overcome by diligently rubbing this liniment, in contact with the skin.

Extract of a letter received by the agent of Clark's Derby Condition Powders from one who occasionally acts as a Veterinary Surgeon:—"Having ordered from one of our druggists Condition Powders I was not only disappointed in their effects but annoyed when I received a useless kind. I have been in the habit of using the Derby Powders with great advantage to my horses and stock. I may here remark it is the only powder of any benefit to meat stock. I have just sent a horse home, well, that was very bad with pneumonia. I found your Powders all sufficient."

The Baden troop claim the credit of the capture of Strasburg.

At Pennfield, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. W. L. Hopkins, Mr. J. L. Hanson of Boaboe, to Miss H. A. Poole of Pennfield.

On the 3rd inst., after a short illness, Mr. John Bradford, aged 56 years, leaving a wife and two daughters to mourn their loss. Mr. Bradford was well known for 25 years as proprietor of "Bradford Hotel," and leaves a numerous relatives and friends who sympathize with his family in their bereavement.

At Kingston, K. C., of Paralytic, John C. Vail, Esq., aged 81 years.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.
ARRIVED.
Sept. 28. Sear Jane, Clark, Boston, ballast, J. Watson.

20. Ellen McLeod, Cogswell, Boston, ballast, master.

CLEARED.
Sept. 28. Sear Esther, Mahoney, Lepreux, ballast.

Public Notice.

ES hereby Given, that the following Non Resident Property, in the Parish of St. George, has been assessed as duties for the year 1869 and 1870, and unless paid, together with the cost of advertising &c., we paid within three months from this date, the same will be sold according to law.

Elizabeth Gillmor for the year 1869 \$1 25
1870 0 34
RONALD CAMPBELL,
St. George, Sept. 20, 1870. Collector.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any demands against the Estate of Wm. Simpson, late of the Parish of St. Andrews, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from this date; and all those indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to

SARAH SIMPSON, Executrix,
St. Andrews, Sept. 14, 1870.

Inland and Revenue Department.

Ottawa, 2d Sep. 1870.
NOTICE.—Goods liable to excise duties may be removed in Bond to the Port of Montreal or St. Andrews, in New Brunswick, and there warehoused under the warehousing regulations now in force.

THOS. WORTHINGTON,
sep 14 11
COMMISSIONER.

NOTICE.

TO be sold at Public Auction, for payment of the debts due by the Estate of William Greenlaw, late of the Parish of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, farmer, deceased: All the right, title and interest of the said William Greenlaw at the time of his death in the undermentioned Real Estate, to-wit: Lot number Seven, granted by the Crown to the late Ebenezer Greenlaw, in September 1839, situated and being upon the Frye Road, so called, in the Parish of St. Andrews, and containing by estimation Fifty Acres more or less, together with the buildings and erections thereon.

Also, 10 acres adjoining the same, on the North side, granted by the Crown to the said William Greenlaw, on the 11th December, A. D. 1868.

Also, the personal property of the deceased.—To be sold on the premises at 2 o'clock P. M., on Saturday, the 30th day of October next.

ELIZABETH GREENLAW,
Administratrix.
And, S. S. 3, 1870.

Insolvent A.

In the matter of JOHN T. O. to be sold at Public A. M., on Saturday next, in front of the store of George N. B. At the small debts due to him under the said Act, such as being paid to the Hon. Judge, Street, section of the said Act. Dated this 5th of Sep 30

FOURTH PROVINCIAL

THE TRIENNIAL P. TION under the agreement of the Province will be held in the E. A. and on the grounds of the Mutual Society, in the City TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY

October 4th, 5th, 6th

Upwards of \$4,000 Diplomas

Open to Competition

No charge made for Art. and For by the

CATTLE SHOW on Friday, the 5th of October, in the Exhibition on Wednesday at 10 o'clock

Grand Procession on Friday, 5th October, in the Exhibition on Wednesday at 10 o'clock

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PROGRAMME FIRST DAY—The Exhibition Ball at 8 p.m. Address of the Mayor.

SECOND DAY—Exhibition opens at 10 a.m. till 5 p.m. take 10 o'clock train.

THIRD DAY—Exhibition opens at 10 a.m. till 5 p.m. take 10 o'clock train.

FOURTH DAY—Exhibition opens at 10 a.m. till 5 p.m. take 10 o'clock train.

CATTLE The grounds will be open on Thursday, Friday

Arrangements have been made for the Cattle Show on Thursday, Friday

Exhibitors must not forget to send in their entries by the 1st of September

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