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TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

Dr. J. L. Duval Dies in Hospital in London

St. John Physician Succumbs After Relapse—Had Been Convalescing After Wound Received at Ypres When in Gallant Action

Sincere sorrow will be expressed today by many friends in St. John and in other places at the news which was received in an official telegram from Ottawa this morning, telling of the death of Major Joseph Lewis Duval, M. D., in London, England. Wounded while pluckily endeavoring to give first aid to others who had been struck along the line of the famous battle-front at Ypres, Doctor Duval held bravely to his post until he was forced to leave the scene because of the severity of his injuries.

For his gallantry in this action, which was entirely of a voluntary nature, he was awarded the Distinguished Service decoration, winning special mention for his daring attendance in the service of the Red Cross in action.

That was several months ago. Just a short while prior to that he had received his promotion from a captaincy to the rank of major, commanding No. 1 Canadian Field Hospital. He was removed to hospital and later invalided to England, where he lay seriously ill for several weeks. His wife and their two little children, Madeline, aged eleven years, and Neville, a boy of seven, went to England in June, when he was fairly well recovered, and the joy of all at being together again was unbounded.

Major Duval met his loved ones in London and they had a most happy reunion. Then there seemed no doubt as to his recovery, but a few weeks ago he contracted a cold and suffering a relapse, was again placed in hospital. He sank slowly day by day, until Thursday last when death overcame him. The cause being acute gastro enteritis. The death occurred at a private hospital, 29 Wimpool street, London.

Major Duval was a native of St. John, Quebec, where his mother is still living, though seriously ill. Two sisters also reside there. Mrs. G. G. Corbett, wife of Captain Corbett, now serving in France, received the sad tidings of the death of her home, 64 Coburg street, this morning. She is a sister of Mrs. Duval, who was formerly Miss Maud B. Byrd, of Montreal. His early education was received by the late officer at St. John's, following which he studied at McGill University and received his degree from that institution when about twenty-one years. He was in Montreal for a time before coming to St. John.

Major Duval had been an active militiaman all his life. He belonged to units in Upper Canada before coming here but when the 25th N. B. Dragoons were organized in this province he joined as medical officer. At the time of the call for volunteers last fall, he was prepared to go with "his" regiment if it were called out about 11 o'clock one night he received a call asking him if he would go to command No. 8 Field Ambulance leaving next day. Although the appointment was of a hurried nature he consented to his wife, and accepted.

Since then his record is familiar in all homes in St. John, and in Red Cross units elsewhere. Letters from his men have extolled his kindness and bravery. He was an exemplary officer cheerful, kindly and courageous, unwilling that others should bear any burden without he himself having a share, and very capable in surgical attendance upon those injured in battle. His loss will be regretted at the front, at home, and heartfelt sympathy will go across the ocean to his wife and children in their bereavement—strangers in a land of strangers with the one they loved as husband and father taken from them and their only solace being that he died a martyr to his country's cause, making the supreme sacrifice—for the honor of the empire.

Major Duval has a host of friends in this city and other places where he has resided. He was a member of the N.B. Medical Society, and also belonged to the Masonic fraternity.

HEIR TO THRONE OF SAVOYS A BOY SCOUT



This picture shows the eldest son of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy and the heir to the Italian throne in his uniform of boy scout, in which he leads every train returning to Rome with wounded soldiers from the front.

SHELL CRISIS IS OVER FOR RUSSIA

London, Aug. 23.—The shell crisis in Russia is over, according to an announcement made by Chairman Shingarev, of the Duma Defence Committee, to the Daily Chronicle's Petrograd correspondent.

The quantity of munitions, the statement continues, has been more than doubled and all necessary supplies are going forward promptly. The Russian army now is in splendid fighting condition, and the munitions of the internal administration is gradually being adapted to the new conditions.

"The word 'crisis,'" says the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, "is losing its terror in the minds of the people, who are beginning to regard the idea of somewhat protracted mobility as a feasible military scheme."

The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent also telegraphs in an optimistic vein: "The crisis is now beginning in which the Russians will have two useful allies—namely, autumn mist and autumn mud."

"Already," says the correspondent, "seven Russian armies in many places are floundering through marshy districts where there is a thick fog in the morning and the roads into deep mud. Amid the lakes and bogs where the operations must now take place the Germans will often be obliged to move in narrow causeways under the concentrated fire of the Russian artillery, which thus will be able to inflict terrible losses at small cost. The foggy weather will prevent the German army feeling out the Russian positions."

An indication of what the Russians will do next is given in an official announcement that the time has come for the Russian army to select a suitable position upon which to remain until it can be made to serve as a point of departure for a decisive advance. In other words, the Russians now plan to dig themselves into a fortified defensive front such as exists in the west."

Grand Forks, N. D., Aug. 23.—Three hundred and fifty armed Canadian guards are patrolling the international boundary along Northern Minnesota and North Dakota, as the result of threats that attempts will be made to destroy the Canadian grain crop by fire.

Threats against Canadian farmers are said to have been made principally by Austrian and Hungarian laborers. The Manitoba elevators are said to be closely guarded.

DIED TODAY.
Mrs. Mary Corneley, a well known resident of Moore street, died this morning. She was a life long resident of the North End, and was well known and highly respected. The following relatives survive: Mrs. Margaret Donnelly, John, Joseph M., Francis J., William L. and Russell H. Donnelly, and Mrs. G. N. Comeau, of Montreal, and Mrs. J. J. Heagerty, of Grosse Ile, Quebec. Her funeral will take place from her late residence Tuesday morning.

LEUTENANT-GOVERNOR BETTER
Lieutenant-Governor Wood, who has been indisposed for several days, is now recovering and has sent word to Mayor Frink that he will be in St. John about the middle of next week to arrange plans for the campaign of the patriotic fund, in which he is deeply interested.

FOURTEEN DEATHS
At the board of health offices this week fourteen deaths were recorded. The causes were: One each from intestinal obstruction, broncho pneumonia, cancer of stomach, premature birth, heart disease, meningitis and scurvy, two each from pulmonary tuberculosis, and gastro enteritis, and three from cholera infantum.

THE MARKET
There was an abundance of country produce in the city market this morning. Vegetables remained about the same in price and quality, while butter and eggs were somewhat firmer. Poultry was fairly plentiful. Chickens sold from \$1.25 to \$2.

THE RUSSIAN LLOYD GEORGE



General Polivanoff, the new Russian War Minister, who is charged specially with the speeding up of the munition factories' output.

GIANT CANNON COVER METZ

Formidable Artillery Behind The French Lines
SOMETHING NEW IN GUNS

High Pieces of Mechanism, Built Into Great Excavation, Silently Await Joffre's Word to Demolish Great German Fortress

(From a New York Times Staff Correspondent)

Paris, Aug. 23.—On a hill commanding a valley that stretches away towards the line is a dense pine forest. There is a dense pine forest. There is a dense pine forest. There is a dense pine forest.

From a little clearing a French artillery major came to meet me and my guide. After that we walked for miles, it seemed, through dense shade over paths heavy with pine needles, until we came upon an artillery emplacement.

From the conversation between my guide—a captain of the general staff—and the artillery major, I learned that we were about to see something new in the way of cannon. I am always eager to see something new in cannon. Since my trip to the great factories at Le Creusot last May, when I was permitted to cable carefully censored descriptions of the new giant guns France was preparing against Germany, I have always been looking for the gun in operation.

So when I saw that this was no ordinary battery, I began thinking of phrases to use in calling my impressions. I could not realize then that, instead of sending any such descriptions, I should now be attempting to show by the most poignant illustration I have had since the war began, what a mighty fundamental difference really exists between the Russian and Latin civilizations.

On a gentle slope, for the tops of the pine trees from below came up level with the brow of the hill, there was a great excavation, such as might have been dug for the foundations of a chateau. The front part, facing the valley, was all screened with barbed wire and covered with evergreen. We entered the excavation from the rear, down winding steps, lined on either side with concrete, as was also the entire bottom of the excavation. The air was very fresh and cool as we descended. Up above, the breeze was gently swaying the trees, which closed over us so densely that the daylight was very unobtrusive. I was reminded of a dairy I knew on an upstate farm in New York. I almost caught myself looking for jars of butter. In the dim recesses of the cool concrete cellar, I could almost catch the odor of fresh milk.

Terrible War Weapon
But in the centre of our cavern was a huge piece of mechanism that I recognized as the "something new in cannon."

Above the great steel base the long, ugly barrel stretched many yards through an aperture in the front and was covered over with evergreen. The major described the gun in detail—its size, its range, and the weight of its projectiles—none of which matter for, even though this article is primarily about guns, my censor will not let me name them. No more will he let me say whether it is one of the great guns I saw at Le Creusot.

I walked to the front of the aperture to look at the barrel lying horizontal on the tops of the pine trees growing on the slope below. The branches had been carefully cut from the higher trees in order to give a view over the valley. I got out my field-glasses and fixed them on the horizontal many miles away—just how many miles away I am

WANT TO BOOST COST OF LIVING

Retail Jewellers' Convention Want Jewels to Change With The Seasons—A \$2,000,000 Exhibition

New York, Aug. 23.—Jewellers are to change with the seasons; henceforth it will be as unobtainable to wear last year's style lavallieres as to drive last year's automobiles. Jewellers' earnings will change differently from this year's necessities will shift their size and shape, and in the ring department long engagements will take on a fresh emphasis.

President T. L. Combs, of Omaha, Neb., told the 1,200 delegates that jewelry was not a luxury, but a necessity of higher civilization, shaping loves, hates, sympathies and passions from the first jeweled trinket that pleases baby in its cradle to the silver plate atop one's coffin. He said the time had come for fashions in jewelry.

Experts in the employ of the association completed an inventory of the exhibits when it was found their value would run over \$2,000,000. The exhibits cover an acre of space and form what is said to be the "richest array of jewels ever shown in New York. The exhibition will not be opened to the public, the officials of the association having decided that the risk would be too great. The jewels and silversware will be seen only by members of the association, jobbers and manufacturers.

Also not allowed to say. For a long time I studied that horizon just where it melted into mist. Then, the sun's rays brightened it, and I could see more clearly.

"Looks like a city out there," I said aloud.

"It is," said the artillery major before I looked again and could dimly make out what appeared to be the spires of churches.

Look a little to the right; you can see a much larger building over there," the major said.

I looked, and a huge grey mass loomed out of the mist.

"That's a cathedral," he said. I put the glasses down and walked around to the open breach at the giant cannon, the mechanism of which another officer was explaining. He gave a lever a twist and the huge barrel slowly moved from right to left over the tops of the pine trees. The officer was saying in answer to a question:

"No, we are quiet now; we are just waiting."

"Waiting for what?" I asked.

"Oh, just waiting until everything is ready."

"Then what will you do?"

"Oh, destroy the forts, I hope. This fellow ought to account for several," and he patted the side of the barrel.

"Will you destroy the city?" I asked.

"What for?" he asked.

"What good would that do? If we expect to occupy a city we do not want it destroyed. Besides, he shrugged his shoulders expressively—we are not Germans."

I walked up to the gun matter for, even though this article is primarily about guns, my censor will not let me name them. No more will he let me say whether it is one of the great guns I saw at Le Creusot.

I walked to the front of the aperture to look at the barrel lying horizontal on the tops of the pine trees growing on the slope below. The branches had been carefully cut from the higher trees in order to give a view over the valley. I got out my field-glasses and fixed them on the horizontal many miles away—just how many miles away I am

RUSSIANS DO NOT FEAR FOR NATIONAL CAPITAL

Confident of Ability to Safeguard Petrograd—New Army of Two Million Men Ready in Spring

London, Aug. 23.—The Petrograd correspondent of the Times quotes General Polivanoff, Russian minister of war, as follows:—

"We are confident of our ability to safeguard Petrograd. Our armies can stand the winter without inconvenience. Everything is ready for that purpose. A new force of 2,000,000 men will be trained far behind the fighting line, and will be ready to take the field in the spring. General Ruzsky is commander-in-chief of the Petrograd front, with several armies at his immediate disposal. It is my settled purpose to do everything in my power to work in harmony with the Duma and public opinion."

General Polivanoff, says the correspondent, characterized the suggestion that the allies were not helping Russia to the utmost of their powers as "senseless gossip."

BREST-LITOVSK

Petrograd, Aug. 23.—A Russian official statement concerning the Austro-German occupation of Brest-Litovsk is given out as follows:—

"General headquarters declares that the German report that Brest-Litovsk fell after an assault by Austro-German troops is incorrect. For some time it had been decided that to retain a garrison of 100,000 men in this fortress was not conformable with the Russian plans. Hence, war material useful to the enemy was removed in time, and resistance was maintained on the left bank of the Bug solely to enable the army operating in this region to retire eastward. When this retirement was completed, the fortifications and bridges were destroyed and the garrison rejoined the army in the field."

CHINA TO BUY 100 SUBMARINES IN UNITED STATES?

New York, Aug. 23.—Financial circles here were interested yesterday in a rumor that the Chinese commission of naval experts recently sent to this country were negotiating for the purchase of 100 submarines at a cost of \$75,000,000. While the representative of one New England submarine building company admitted that some of the Chinese had inspected his plant, he denied that any contract had as yet been signed.

It was reported that Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, had been authorized by the Chinese government to place orders with American submarine builders. It was said that Mr. Schwab has also been given charge of the manufacturing end in this country, of China's vast naval programme.

PERSONALS
Miss Mollie Sweeney, of Yarmouth, who has been visiting Mrs. P. F. Killen here, has returned to her home after a pleasant vacation.

Mrs. Jennie Myers, of Victoria street, and daughter, Bessie, arrived home yesterday from Yarmouth, N. S., where they were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Murray Churchill.

Mrs. A. Hillman of Toronto, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. O. Leahy, of West St. John, has returned home.

Mrs. William Swan and two children, Donald and Joseph, of New Bedford, Mass., and her sister, Miss Gladys Fanjoy of Somerville, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. George E. Fanjoy, Champlain street, West St. John.

Mrs. A. H. Withers have returned home from Halifax after spending a few days with their son, Frank, who is leaving for overseas duty with the Regimental Scouts, R.C.M.

Miss Connie Perkins and Miss May MacNeil left for the States last evening after spending six weeks as the guests of Mrs. H. P. Hayes.

Miss Alice G. Duff has returned home after spending a vacation with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Duff, West Scotch Settlement, Kings county, N.B.

F. N. McIntosh and W. J. Scribner of the C. P. R. staff, West St. John, will leave on the Montreal train on Sunday night for a three weeks' vacation trip to Montreal, Toronto and Buffalo.

Rev. A. D. Dewdney, a former rector of St. James church, Broad street, has arrived in the city on a visit.

Charles McKell of Chicago, formerly of this city, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles Parker, 131 Victoria street. It is twenty-five years since Mr. McKell saw his home town and during that space he says he has seen many improvements. He will return to Chicago on September 6.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Parker of Boston are to return home on the Calvin Austin this evening, after spending the summer at Public Landing on the St. John river.

P. E. L. DROWNING ACCIDENT
Charlottetown, P.E.I., Aug. 23.—James Jarvis, aged 23, was drowned yesterday at North Lake. He and Joseph O'Hanley went out in a small boat to bring in a large one anchored twenty-five yards from the shore. Their small craft was capsized by a heavy sea. They succeeded in righting it and getting on board, when she was overturned the second time. O'Hanley got into the boat, but Jarvis perished. He leaves a wife and one child.

BALL PLAYER HURT IN MONCTON GAME
Moncton, N. B., Aug. 23.—Tremaine Kennedy, of Portland, Me., formerly of Moncton, had an ankle broken in a ball game here last evening. A collision occurred at third base.

HARDY WORK FOR ITALY'S SOLDIERS

Fight on Rugged Peaks of Adamello Range

AUSTRIANS ARE BEATEN
Make Desperate Resistance But Are Forced Back and Pursued—Fierce Artillery Duel—Enemy Bombard Military Hospital

Rome, Aug. 23.—The following official statement from Italian headquarters of the Italian army, dated August 27, was given out last night:

"New and hardy operations were carried out during the day of August 25, on the rugged peaks of Adamello range. While our advancing troops made a demonstration on the small tonale plateau and behind Monticello, mountainous detachments after crossing Vedrette di Pasagna pass, attacked the position of Lagoscuro pass—8,500 feet high—and Corra Di Bedole—9,000 feet high—which were strongly held by the enemy. The latter opposed a desperate resistance, but was finally forced back and pursued. Our troops established themselves firmly on the peaks.

"On the evening of the same day, favored by a full moon, our airplanes threw bombs on the fortifications of Riva (at the northern end of Lake Garda), and avoiding the fire of the enemy's anti-aircraft batteries returned unscathed to our lines.

"In Valsugana enemy artillery bombarded Borgo, although our troops in their recent victorious advance purposely abstained from occupying that populous locality, keeping on the surrounding mountains.

"On the upper Cordevole, the artillery duel is becoming more fierce, enemy artillery again bombarded the military hospital at Pieve Di Livinallongo, causing further serious damage. Our batteries then bombarded the Arbia and Chers, where active movements of troops and wagons were perceptible and where artillery was reported in position.

"On the Carso yesterday, the enemy, having seen that our troops had taken possession of a small wood opened a heavy artillery fire on it, and then sent troops to attack. A violent struggle followed, which ended in the flight of the enemy."

A TURKISH REPORT FROM DARDANELLES
Constantinople, Aug. 23.—An official report from the Dardanelles front, under date of August 24, says:

"Nothing has occurred except now and then artillery and infantry fighting at Anafarta. At Seddul-Bahr the artillery of our left wing destroyed part of the enemy's trenches.

Front on Nashwak
Fredericton, Aug. 23.—Earl Grant, aged sixteen, died at the Victoria Hospital last night after a few days' illness from diphtheria.

There was quite a heavy frost last night along the Nashwak and in other sections and some damage to crops is reported.

IT IS EXPECTED that the proceeds of a patriotic concert last night will be close to \$400.

STILL GROWING
The Overseas Tobacco fund now totals \$314,520. Subscriptions acknowledged today by Postmaster Sears were Frank S. White, Prince William street, \$2; F. C. Beattie, Douglas avenue, \$5; J. S. Seaton, Queen street, \$1; C. W. DeForest, Sydney street and Miss Ada Kirtley, Welsford, 50 cents.

RED CROSS FUND
Mayor Frink has received contributions for the Red Cross Society as follows: Mrs. E. A. Northrup, Belle Isle Creek, \$22; Sprout Lodge, L.O.A., Collins, \$20.