Canadian Independent.

"ONE IS YOUR MASTER, EVEN CHRIST, AND ALL YE ARE BRETHREN."

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Mopics of the My eek.

THE "Advance" calls for a Congregational House in Chicago, and we hope it may get it, but not with so heavy a debt as the one in which we write, says the Beston "Congregationalist."

THAT man who has been putting fifty cents into the plate for missions, and spending \$5,000 a year on himself, failed the other day. What wonder? Robbing God always was a losing business.

A COUNTRY church, which pays this year a salary of \$1,200 to its pastor, gave last year to all benevolent purposes the munificent sum of fifty dollars. A pastor or some great disaster would seem to be needed there to rouse them to the privilege and duty of doing something for others.

THE bill proposing to tax church property in New York, has been rejected in the Senate by a decided vote. As it is proposed to exempt the amount of ten thousand dollars on any church, there seems to have been needless alarm as to any great harm that might have resulted had the bill passed.

THE Scotch established Church obtains from Teinds upwards of £230,000 a year; also out of the Consolidated Fund £17,039 in augmentation of stipends; £2,000 to Lord High Commissioner to the General Assemby; £3,000 for other purposes—in all upwards of £252,000 per annum from strictly national funds.

THE "Aurora," the Pope's new official organ at Rome, has become the victim of an April fooi deception. The editor received, just before going to press, a note officially signed and stamped, announcing a number of promotions and transfers of eminent dignitaries in the Papal Church. They were published, of course, and made a great stir, but they all proved to be sells.

THE temperance party in Britain claim that there are 315 members of the new Parliament favourable to "local option." Of these 148 voted or paired in favour of Sir Wilfrid Lawson's resolution; fifty-seven, whilst declining to commit themselves to details, have expressed themselves as favourable to the principle of popular control over the issue of licenses. This list includes Mr. Wm. E. Gladstone and the Marquis of Hartington.

THE Bishop of Carlisle, in the "Nineteenth Century" says that science, when it works strictly within the field of observed facts, is, if he may coin a word, atheous, or without recognition of God. When it leaves this field to deny God and His attributes, then it becomes atheistic. The word atheous is not new. Milton speaks of the "hypocrite or atheous priest." The Bishop of Carlisle would revive it with a new sense to emphasize a distinction worth observing.

We read in the "Pall Mall Budget" that on the Sunday after the recent election of Mr. Gladstone for Midlothian the following text was used in a number of British churches: "And Samuel said to Saul, Thou hast done foolishly; thou hast not kept the commandment of the Lord thy God which He commanded thee; for now would the Lord have established thy kingdom upon Israel forever, but now thy kingdom shall not continue. The Lord hath sought Him a man after His own heart, and the Lord hath commanded him to be captain over His people, because thou hast not kept that which the Lord com-

Gladstone himself happened to hear one of the ser-, book ever printed in that longue. He returned to mons on it.

A GERMAN physician (Dr. Treichter) has recently been raising a note of alarm with regard to the inpuries which he alleges to be inflicted upon school children by ill-directed or excessive brain work. He asserts that habitual headache has increased among both boys and girls; that this headache not only destroys much of the happiness and cheerfulness of life, but that it produces impoverishment of the blood and loss of intellectual tone, and reduces many a highly gifted and poetic soul to the level of a discontented!

THE Bishop of Rochester, speaking at a meeting of the Church of England Temperance Society, mentioned that he is a total abstainer, and his regret is that he did not connect himself with the society at an earlier stage of his career. He spoke very earnestly on the evils of intemperance, remarking that drunkenness was the great standing evil that "filled our gaols, i our workhouses and our lunatic asylums with men and women who otherwise might be honest, useful, and religious members of the community." Moreover, he said drunkenness was the great sin of the land, and it was the pressing duty of citizens, and, above all, of Christians, to grapple with it.

THE English revisers of the authorized version of the New Testament met on the 13th ult., in the Jerusalem! Chamber, for their ninety-eighth session, and sat for seven hours. There were present: the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, who presided; the Deans of Rochester, Lincoln, and Lichfield; the master of the temple; Archdeacons Lea and Palmer; Canon Westcott; Principals Brown and Newth; Professors Hort, Milligan, and Moulton, Dr. Vance Smith, and Prebendery Scrivener; fifteen members in all, with Mr. Troutbeck, the secretary. The company were engaged in the consideration of proposals made with a view of securing harmony of rendering.

THE Episcopal diocese of Wellington, in New Zealand, is about to try a bold experiment. It has committed itself to the principle of a general Sustentation 1st of July the clergy are to receive guaranteed stipends from a common fund, to be maintained by subscription, and the seat-rents payable in the various parishes which are to become part of the common stock, the offertories alone being retained by the parish officers for their general expenses. The Bishop of Wellington has zealously advocated the plan, and the archdeacon of the diocese is to be released from parochial duties to devote to it his whole time.

THE death is announced of the Rev. Alfred Saker, for many years a missionary of the Baptist Society in the Cameroons, and the pioneer of missionary enterprise on the West Coast of Africa. Mr. Saker was originally employed in the dockyard of Chatham. He sailed some thirty years ago in the Baptist Missionary whose best interests he has sacrificed his life. He how to erect houses and other buildings, and how to manufacture clothes and other articles of wearing manded thee." Another journal states that Mr. the Du .lia language into writing, and issued the first, ward Ismailia.

England two or three years since in broken health, but continued to labour. His age was sixty-five.

A 11 FIFR from the Rev. Joel Osgood, of the Methodist Mission at Bopora, Africa, gives an interesting account of his return journey from a visit to the Muhlenberg Mission. Bopora is about ninety miles from the coast. The journey is through forests, by rapids, over hills, and through valleys, and the route strikes few towns, most of which are kept in a constant state of alarm by the terrible incursions of King Zoolah, who lives on one of the most lonely hills. Mr. Osgood says: "The whole country is in hard case. Many are complaining for want of food. Farming is mostly suspended and everything is about eaten up." He saw the head of a warrior exposed along his path, who had fallen a victim to Zoolah and who had been treated with the utmost cruelty, being tortured to death by women. Of the mission at Bopora, Mr. Osgood writes: "Our mission in the interior is being founded with very good prospects. To the north-east of us are the Pessah people; to the west are the Bopora people, consisting of the Mandingoes and Mamboomahs or Bundies; south or south-west are the Golahs. Our school has been very successful thus far. You would be surprised to hear them (the children) relate the most prominent events of the Old Testament and of the Gospel. I can ask them questions for four or five hours, and they will scarcely fail to answer one. Three months ago they knew nothing but what they had learned as savages in the wilds of a heathen land. I have fifty children engaged; but fear to take them before hearing from the Board about their support. The school will be composed of Golah and Pessah children, our mission being situated about on a dividing line between these tribes."

M. DE LESSEPS, of Sucz Canal celebrity, has recently made a communication to the French Academy of Science on the topic of the passage of the children of Israel through the Red Sea, to the following effect: About the time the Israelites, under the direction of Moses, left Egypt, the waves of the Red Sea broke at the base of the Serapeum, in the vicinity of Lake Fund for the maintenance of the clergy. From the Timsah-this Temple of Serapis being, after the capitol at Rome, the most beautiful building of Roman antiquity. The Bitter Lakes were filled with salt water, for not more than eleven hundred years ago they periodically received their water from the Red Sea. But, as in the course of time the waters of the Bitter Lakes received supplies only at the equinoctial seasons, or even at longer periods, the deposits of salt began to be made. Now the latter are seen to be composed of horizontal strata, whose thickness varies from two to ten inches, and whose separation is easily discernible by layers of sand occurring between. The whole deposit reaches a depth of thirty feet or more. All of which points to a previously existing marshy region in this locality, overflowed at times and difficult to cross. Indeed, even to the present day this condition remains, for on one occasion M. de Lesseps Society's vessel, the "Dove," for Western Africa, to once riding on horseback in this quarter, became involved in a morass, and escaped with his life only by laboured with his own hands in shewing the people great exertion. Accordingly at the time of the exodus the head of the Red Sea stretched far toward the north-much farther than at the present time; and apparel, until, becoming interested in these things, as the Hebrews, in their passage, crossed not at the presan obvious path to comfort and prosperity they were ent head of the Red Sea, but at a point lying either drawn to Mr. Saker as their true benefactor and north of the Bitter Lakes or, according to the refriend, and were every ready to afford him opportuni-ties for imparting that spiritual instrcution to which of these lakes. On this theory, Baal-zephon would he ever made all things else subservient. He reduced be assigned to the senil, or entrance of Scrapeum, to-